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G. M. FISK. JAS. M'LAUGHLIN.


## The Unknown Painter.

Murillo, the celebrated artist of Saville, often found upon the canvas of some of his pupils sketches and specimens of drawing, imperfect and unfinished, but bearing the rich impress of genius. They were executed during the night, and he was utterly unable to conjecture the author. One morning the pupils had arrived at the studio before him, and were grouped before an easel, uttering exclamation of delighted surprise, when Murillo entered. His astonishment was quite equal to their own, on finding an unfinished head of the virgin, of exquisite outline, with many touches of surpassing beauty. He appealed first to one and then to another of the young gentlemen to see if they could lay claim to the choice hut mysterions production, hut they returned a sorrowful negative. "He who has left this tracery will one day be master of all Sabastian," said he—a youthful slave stood trembling before him—"who occupies this studio at night?"

"No one but myself, senor."

"Well, take your station here to-night. and if you do not inform me of the mysterious visitant to this room, thirty lashes shall be your reward to-morrow."

He bowed in quiet submission and retired. That night he threw his mattress before the easel and slept soundly till the clock struck three. He then sprang from his couch and exclaimed 'Three hours are my own; the rest are my masters.' He then seized a pallet and took his seat at the frame, to erase the work of the preceeding night. With brush in hand to make the oblivious siroke, he paused; 'Oh those eyes,' said he, 'they pierce me through! that blood will run from those purple veins, I cannot, O, I cannot erase it; rather let me finish it.'

He went to work, and soon the slave, the darkened brow, the child of toil and suffering, are merged in a youthful spirit, rising from the impetus of his own deathless energies, into a sphere of liberty and bright beauty.

A little coloring here, a touch there, a soft shade here, and thus three hours rolled unheeded by. 'O those beaming eyes! those lips, they will speak and bless me! my beautiful! O, my beautiful!'—a slight noise caused him to look up. Murillo with his pupils stood arround; the sunshine was peering brightly through the casement, while yet the unextinguished taper burned. Again he was a slave, and the spirit's folded wing scarce seemed to flutter, His eyes fell beneath their eager gaze.

"Who is your master, Sabastian?"

"You, senor."

"Your drawing master, I mean."

"You, senor."

"I have never given you lessons."

"No, but you gave them to these young gentlemen, and I heard them."

"Yes, you have done better—you have profited by them. Does this boy deserve punishment or reward, my dear pupils?"

"Reward, senor," was the quick response.

"What shall it be?"

One suggested a suit of cloths, another a sum of money, but no chord was touched in the captive's bosom. Another said:

"The master feels kindly to-day: ask your freedom, Sabastian."

He sunk on his knees, and a groan of anguish burst from him; he lifted his burning eyes to his masters's face; "the freedom of my father."

The death chill passed from his heart, and he breathed. Murillo folded him to his bosom. "Your pencil shows that you have talent, and your request that you have a heart. You are no longer my slave, but my son! Happy Murillo! I have not painted, but made a painter."

There are still to be seen in classic Italy many beautiful specimens from the pencils of Murillo and Sebastian.

JEWISH FUNERALS IN THE EAST.—The funerals of the Jews are attended with marks of the deepest apparent grief, and much respect is paid to the remains of their friends. The female relatives of the deceased assemble around the corpse as soon as ever the breath of life has left it, and utter bitter lamentations, tearing their faces and their hair in the most woeful manner. They lacerate themselves in such a manner that blood flows profusely; and, at the same time, they keep up a constant stamping or motion, as if they were beating time, with their feet. This lasts until the body of the deceased is carried away for interment, which generally takes place the same day on which he died, or the day after at furthest. The mourners then regale themselves with *mahaya*, or African brandy, and seem soon to forget all their grief.

A COURT SCENE.—"You say, Mr. Spriggins, that Mr. Jacob was your tutor?"

"Yes, sir."

"Does the court understand from that, that you received your education from him, Mr. Spriggins?"

"No, sir."

"Then explain yourself at once, sir."

"Yes, sir. By tutor, I mean that he learnt me to play on the French horn. He taught me to toot; hence I call him my tutor."

"Ah! indeed! The court understood you differently."

☞ In one of the New York churches, recently, the clergyman concluded his discourse as follows:—"but I hear the rustling of silks in the pews, as if some of the ladies were impatient to leave; I will therefore say, God bless you."

☞ As it is man's destiny to be ruled by woman, he should, for his own sake, render her as fit for the task as possible.

☞ Many a woman would rather have a foul ulcer in her soul than a pimple on her nose.

## ORIGINAL POETRY.

### Reminiscence.

BY MRS. L. J. HODGES.

Leave me to weep—I would not break
The spell of witching power,
That bids sweet memories awake,
Of childhood's gladsome hour.

Leave me to weep—'tis sweet relief
To this world-weary brain;
Such feeling but resembles grief,
As dew resembles rain.

I would not join the festive throng,
And mingle with the gay;—
I cannot chant the careless song,
While heart is far away.

Dear memories throng my mind to-night,
And o'er my spirits fling
Their mantling robes of viewless light,
And voiceless whispering.

I see again my childhood's home—
The same dear home of old;
And one by one stray memories come,
Long wanderers from the fold.

Glad voices of its youthful band,
In echo comes again,
As zephyrs from the "Lotus-land."
Upon my fevered brain.

My mother's voice upon mine ears,
In its soft cadence falls,
Lifting from far receding years,
Oblivion's scanty palls.

Oh, let me weep!—as April showers,
Melts Winter's lingering snow,
And crown the smiling Spring with flowers—
E'en so my tear-drops flow.

Stafford, Ct., October, 1863.

## MADALINE GRAY.

BY LUCY VERONA.

The sun had gone quite beyond the hills. It was growing dark in the valley, and the river had lost the silvery look it wore when Madaline first came down. She stood beside it, though, with one hand resting upon a shelving rock, and the other holding her parasol, still upon, just as she had stood for the last half hour. I do not suppose she saw the water, or the mountain either, though both were before her eyes—one, calm, grand, moving on its eternal flow towards the ocean, an incontestible power; the other, towering in sublime beauty towards the sky—fit subjects for contemplation, indeed, but it was plain that Madaline had other thoughts. Her eyes were thrown out far over the river and the mountain, and far over all that you or I might have looked upon had we stood beside her there. The present seemed to have vanished from her sight, and, like a necromancer, she stood, searching, searching, into the mysteries of the dim, shut-up future. What she beheld I cannot say. Perhaps what the rest of us do, sometimes, when we dare send our souls out groping into the Unknown. I wish you could have seen her as she stood there. Such large questioning eyes she had! So much of thought lay in their mysterious depths that, if you had once looked into them, you would have called her beautiful from that moment; and yet, she was very far from being that. Had she been sightless, everybody would have said, pityingly, "So homely!" but her eyes truly made a heaven of her face—made one feel, who saw them, that, if once they could gain admittance to her heart, there was rest and peace furever more.

I suppose Ally Steerforth thought so too. He might have been thinking of her now as he walked back and forth before the gate at her father's house, every once in a while casting his eyes towards the river where he knew she was; or he might have been thinking of his patients. How can I tell? At any rate, a heavy frown darkened his brow when he saw Madaline approaching, leaning upon the arm of Mr. Lee, the young minister of the parish. He had overtaken her as she was returning, and accompanied her home. Allyn Steerforth need not have knitted his brow so angrily at that, for no one had a better right to walk beside Mr. Lee than Madaline. Surely her father's partner in business had no authority over her actions. They came up slowly toward the house, Mr. Lee talking to Madaline in a low voice, and she answering calmly enough. There was nothing in their actions that would lead one to suppose they were lovers; and yet, Dr. Steerforth did suppose so. Once, and only once, he saw Madaline turn her face full into his, and what might not have gone with that look! Ah, what indeed! Perhaps everybody did not think her eyes the entrance to heaven.

When they reached the gate Allyn still walked there. He would not have gone in on any account. That would look as if he tried to avoid them. Mr. Lee stopped a moment to speak with him, and then they all went into the house together. Dr. Steerforth sat down by the window, the stern look still upon his face, and began talking with Madaline's father, and Madaline and Mr. Lee sat at another window on the opposite side of the room. No matter if they were nothing to each other, it was terribly aggravating to Allyn to see them sit there. They might have been betrothed for all that he knew, for he had been in Hinsdale only four months; and, during that time, Mr. Lee had been a constant visitor there. But he had watched Madaline closely, and, if she loved him, her actions did not show it. She was calm and self-possessed before him; never embarrassed or thrown off her guard. Cold and unimpassioned she was toward every one; and, for that reason, she could not love. So Dr. Steerforth thought, and yet he felt singularly ill at ease that night. He did not know how it was, but an impassable barrier seemed to have arisen between them from the first.—Madaline might have placed it there intentionally, he thought; but no matter how it came—it was there.

At last he would bear it no longer. He drew out his watch and looked at the time.—It was eight o'clock. He had yet to go over the mountain and visit patients; and, saying so, he left the room. Just as he was getting into his carriage to drive off, Madaline came out with his overcoat on her arm.

"You are not used to our mountain roads yet. You will need this before you return."

"Thank you. You were so much engaged, I hardly supposed you knew that I was going."

"I am never so much engaged as to forget my friends."

"As to forget your duty, you mean."

"Well, my duty, then, if the other word is disagreeable to you. In truth, we seem never likely to be that;" and she turned and went in.

"Confound it!" he muttered to himself as he drove off. "The distance between us was not wide enough before; I must needs increase it. I might have spoken pleasantly to her, though I don't feel so, either. Let her marry the priest, if she wants to. In my soul, I believe she will."

That very night, Mr. Lee proposed and was accepted. Oh, Madaline, Madaline! there will come a day when the memory of this night, of the words which your lips have just now uttered, shall be a knife in your heart. There shall come a day when the sleep which chains your soul now shall be broken by one mighty stroke; but woe to you if the awakening comes too late!

The doctor thought they were betrothed—was almost sure of it; but he watched her as closely as ever. She knew he did, and, therefore, grew more and more impenetrable. She thought he hated her, and, in return, more than half hated him. Fate dealt strangely enough, and seemed to take it for granted they were firm friends, throwing them together at all times and places, and it was awkward for them both as matters stood; for neither would be the first to throw down the barrier which each accused the other of raising.

Once, a little child was sick over the mountain, at the same place he went the night Madaline was betrothed, and Madaline's father insisted that she should go with Allyn and take some things to the poor little sufferer. She could give no reason for refusing, and therefore went. It was a cold, bitter night, and, before starting, Allyn had taken up the buffalo and commenced tucking it around Madaline; but she took it from him, saying haughtily, "Make yourself comfortable; there is no danger of my freezing."

"No; you are ice already," he retorted.

"Perhaps so; but there could not be ice without Arctic winds, you know."

Neither spoke again until they reached the house. Madaline went in first. There was no need for help there. The angel that helps us all at last had come there too, and the little child was dying. The poor mother held it in her arms, all the agony of separation stamped upon her face, and upon each side of her another child stood staring, horror-stricken, at the dying one. All at once, and just as Allyn was entering, it was seized with convulsions.

"Oh, God! have mercy!" shrieked the poor mother.

Madaline threw off her shawl and took it from her arms, for it was terrible to witness its agony.

"Save it, doctor! save my child! It must not die!" and she sank, with a groan, upon the floor, beside Madaline. The child threw up its arms and gasped for breath.

"Pray, doctor!" said Madaline; and he did pray. Not for life. He knew that was fast slipping away; but for comfort for the stricken ones; for Christ's help and blessing; and such a prayer Madaline never heard before. She had not known, indeed, that he did pray until now, and hardly knew what she said when she asked it. But after the child was dead, and when the mother went about the room like one distracted, then Dr. Steerforth took her hands and quieted her, pointing beyond the grave to the christian's hope, and speaking such blessed words of comfort that Madaline looked upon him and wondered if he indeed could be the same she had supposed him but an hour ago. She was amazed, almost stupefied. She had been with Mr. Lee among the sick and afflicted, but he had never talked thus, and, mentally, she placed them side by side. Ah, Madaline!—Not that she did not think Mr. Lee a sincere christian; not that his heart was not in his work; but his mind was narrow and contracted beside Dr. Steerforth's. His sympathies took in those of his own church; Dr. Steerforth's those of all humanity. He felt for the few; Dr. Steerforth for the many.—Mr. Lee would never be more than he was now, a country pastor; Dr. Steerforth must either rise higher or die. He would do the first, for energy and perseverance were written upon his brow; he was made to conquer.

The ride home was a silent one. They found Mr. Lee awaiting them; but Madaline was in no humor for listening to him to-night. She excused herself upon a plea of headache, and went to her own room. Time passed on, and still Madaline and Dr. Steerforth were far from being friends. They could never be, for that matter. Either they must be something more or nothing, and, as from necessity, they avoided each other. Mr. Lee came as usual. Madaline endured him simply because she must, and he had such perfect confidence in him that he neither noticed or suspected any change. He was not jealous in the least. But Madaline felt that she was changing. The cause of this she did not try to find. She only knew that she was discontented and restless, and that Mr. Lee was—she stopped here, and did not dare to think any further. Still Dr. Steerforth watched her, watched her afar off but constantly.

One evening she came home from riding with Mr. Lee, and, without going to her room, threw her hat off in the parlor and sat down. She was evidently in one of her peculiar moods, for her eyes had that distant, far-reaching look which they sometimes wore, only the quiet was entirely gone from them now, and a mute excitement seemed to hold possession of her soul. Dr. Steerforth came in, shut the door after him, and stood against it. She did not turn her head, though she must have known he was there.

"Madaline!"

"I hear you."

"I supposed you did, but I want you to look at me."

She turned and faced him.

"How much longer is this to go on?"

"*This!* this what? Are you my master?"

"No matter what I am. This is not the question. I say, how much longer is this to go on?"

She looked into the fire and made no reply.

"Will you look at me?"

"Yes;" and she turned her eyes full upon his.

"You told Mr. Lee that you would be his wife?"

"Yes."

"You were betrothed the night I went over the mountain, when you brought the overcoat to me?"

"Yes."

"I knew it. Will you marry him?"

She sat deathly still a moment, duty, reason, and love, all striving for the mastery in her face. He had turned his eyes away from her, and stood awaiting her reply.

"No!"

It came out from her lips sharp and quick, and, as she spoke, she sprang to her feet.

"Madaline!"

With a great cry, she sprang towards him. "Yours or death'!"

An hour later, they were walking towards the parsonage. Dr. Steerforth left Madaline at the door, and he turned back. I do not know what passed between her and the minister, but I do know that to-day Madaline is Dr. Steerforth's wife, and a meek-eyed woman walks by Mr. Lee's side. He is still at Hinsdale, and is likely to live and die there for aught that I know; but Dr. Steerforth left the country village far behind years ago. What he has accomplished I cannot say. I only know that he is confessedly "great and good."

### Prosperity of Fools.

I have always maintained that the one important phenomena presented by society is—the enormous prosperity of fools. Show me an individual fool, and I will show you an aggregate society which gives that highly favored personage nine chances out of ten, and grudges the tenth to the wisest man in existence. Look where you will, in every high place there sits an ass, settled beyond the reach of all the greatest intellects in this world to pull him down. Here is the perfectly hopeless booby, Frank: he has never done anything in his life to help himself, and, as a necessary consequence, society is in a conspiracy to carry him to the top of the tree. He has hardly had time to throw away that chance you gave him before this letter comes and puts the ball at his foot for the second time. My rich cousin (who is intellectually fit to be at the tail of the family, and who is therefore as a matter of course, at the head of it) has been good enough to remember my existence, and has offered his influence to serve my eldest boy. Read this letter and then observe the sequence of events. My rich cousin is a booby, who thrives on landed property; he has done something for another booby who thrives on politics, who knows a third booby who thrives on commerce, who can do something for a fourth booby thriving at present on nothing, whose name is Frank. So goes the mill. So the cream of all human rewards is supped in endless succession by the fools.—*Wilkie Collins.*

### Squeezing the Wrong Hand.

Two young men met one evening, at the house of an acquaintance, some young ladies, for one of whom both gentlemen entertained tender feelings. In a spirit of frolic, one of the ladies turned off the gas, and the young men, thinking it a favorable moment to make known the state of their feelings to the fair object of their regard, moved seats at the same instant, and placed themselves, as they supposed, by the fair lady's side; but she had also moved, and the gentlemen were in reality seated next to each other. As the young men could not whisper without betraying their whereabouts, they both gently took, as they thought, the soft little hand of the charmer; and when, after a while, they ventured to give a gentle pressure, each was surprised to find it returned by an unmistakeable squeeze. It may well be imagined that the moments flew rapidly in this silent mutual interchange of affections; but one of the girls, wondering at the unusual silence of the gentlemen, stepped noiselessly out, and suddenly returned with a light; and there sat the young men, most lovingly squeezing each other's hands, and supreme delight beaming in their eyes. Their consternation and the ecstacy of the ladies may be imagined, but cannot be described. One of the young men was afterwards heard to say that "he thought all the while that his friend's hand felt a *leetle* hard!"

THE WORLD OF FLOWERS.—If it were for me to direct how little boys and girls should be led to think of the wisdom and goodness and power of God, I think I should say, make them acquainted with the world of flowers. Let them be taught, even while little children, to tell the common names of flowers. Let them have little spots of ground or boxes of dirt in which to plant flowers and take care of them. Let them gather wild flowers on the hills, in the valleys over the meadows, in the woods, and along the brook. When old enough, give them a cheap magnifying glass, and let them see the exquisite delicacy of form and structure and tints, and the dependence of each part upon the other, and all upon the soil and the shower and the sun, and so trace the whole to the wisdom and benevolence of Him who formed and produces them all.

☞ A lady, walking in the streets of Washington with her husband, persisted in mistaking every good-looking soldier they met for her brother. Her husband had begun to get nervous, and remarked to her that she had already kissed six young fellows whom she said were her brothers. "Suppose I did make a mistake, and kiss the dear, brave fellows; don't they all deserve it?"

WHAT PAGE?—A declamatory counsel, who despised all technicalities, and tried to storm the court of the East India Company by the force of eloquence, was once uttering these words, "in the book of nature, my lord it is written——" when he was stopped by this question from the Ceief Justice (Lord Ellenborough): "Will you have the goodness to mention the page, sir, if you please."

☞ An Irish physician was called to examine the corpse of another Irishman, who had been assassinated by some of his countrymen. "This person," said he, after inspecting the body, "was so ill that, if he had not been murdered, he would have died half an hour before."

☞ Love is to domestic life what butter is to bread—it possesses little nourishment in itself, but gives substantials a grand relish, without which they would be hard to swallow.

### Cavalry Horses.

A great many of the horses for the Eastern divisions of the army are purchased in New York. Perhaps some of our readers would like to have a peep into the closed yard where the business is conducted, and learn how the thing is done. The location is in Twenty-eighth street, near Eighth avenue. The horses arrive in squads of from three to six—as many as one boy can ride and lead—and enter by a gate, which is closed and locked as soon as the horses are through.—The men, those only who have business, enter through an office. The yard has an area of about two city lots, clear of buildings, with a smooth earth floor, for exercise. The horses that enter at one time, say fifty in number, are tied to a rail upon one side, and brought forward, one at a time, to the inspector, under a small shed, where he examines their mouths, eyes, and legs, minutely. If he finds no blemishes, he orders the horse bridled, and a boy mounts and puts him through his paces, including leaping a bar as he goes down the yard at a gallop. Of course, some of the horses are exceedingly awkward, and may be rejected for no other reason. Perhaps the poor brute would show well in a wagon; but, never having been ridden, and never having been taught to leap a fence, he makes a poor show. Some horses are alarmed at the novel situation, and cannot well act their part before such an assembly. Upon one side is a long line of horses to be inspected; upon the other are a hundred or two which have already passed, been branded, and are now having the shoes taken off the hind feet preparatory to going on ship-board. Some of the horses are very much alarmed when the hot iron is applied to mark U. S. upon their flank. The owner of the horse is generally present, but there is no chaffering as in ordinary horse trades. The animal is ordered up to the stand; and, although the owner may know positively that he is the best horse in the lot, he hears the peremptory order, "Lead him off!" without offering remonstrance. Perhaps, after passing the first examination, he may shy, or stumble, or do something that he never did before, and perhaps never would again if received into the service of the country; but the inexorable, "Don't want him!" has closed the door against his vaulting ambition, and doomed him to the plow-field instead of the battle-field.

We have seen horses rejected for a wind-gall not bigger than a finger, or for a splint that never would be seen or felt again, or for refusing to leap the bar, or for some cause that we could not see. In one case, a strong-winded horse, which had been repeatedly on the course as a racer, was offered, and rejected because he was "a whistler." In several instances, we thought the rejected list better than those accepted. For instance; "red tape" fixes the height of a cavalry horse at fifteen hands. We have seen a spindle-shanked animal, which was up to standard, accepted, and the next rejected because an inch or two too low; yet, if tried on the scales, the rejected one would make the other "kick the beam" by two hundred pounds, and in service he would make him "kick the bucket."

The hardiest race of horses in this market are the "Canucks." These are rejected because too low. For all light work, with hard fare and exposure, a strong Canadian horse is worth more than many a one that would bring the price of half a dozen, of the other sort.

### A Nation of Pigmies.

In the Bay of Bengal, on the very high road of commerce, is a group of islands thickly covered with impenetrable jungle, and swarming with leeches in the rainy, and ticks in the dry season. Except a species of pigs, until recently unknown to science, there are no wild animals that offer any molestation to man; but, to make up for this deficiency, the human inhabitants are among the most savage and hostile that voyagers have ever encountered. They may truly be termed a nation of pigmies, being, on an average, only four feet five inches in height, and weighing but seventy or seventy-five pounds; but they are well proportioned, and display an agility and nimbleness truly wonderful. Their skin is dark, though not so black as that of the negro, and their faces are decidedly ugly.—They go entirely naked, and shave the hair off their head with pieces of bamboo or broken bottle; and further increase their unsightly appearance by daubing themselves all over with a mixture of red ochre and oil, or covering their persons, toward nightfall, with a thick coating of soft mud, to serve as a protection against the mosquitoes, with which, in addition to the leeches and ticks, they seem to be tormented the whole year round. They are excellent swimmers, taking to the water almost before they can walk; and they rely upon the sea for the principal supply of their food—turtles, oysters, and fish.

### The Chimes in Germany.

We know precious little about chimes in America. To be sure, they have a set of bells on Trinity spire, New York; but no one ever hears them at the proper time for hearing chimes—that is, after dark. Then, they do not sound every day, but are reserved for holidays and festivals, when Mr. Ayliffe plays a few patriotic airs, to which nobody listens, and which are quite drowned by the omnibuses of Broadway and Wall street. Far different is it in these quiet Belgian towns.—Here, every quarter of an hour, and, in some cases, every five minutes, the chimes sound. Every year they are set to fresh tunes, selected by the municipality; and programmes of the music thus played, for a century back, are kept in the church archives. The taste displayed, it must be confessed, is dubious. For instance, the bells which sound—divine from Louvian Cathedral at quarter and half hours, perform, when the hour strikes, the last page of that ugly yet popular dance, 'The Lancers,' the hands all round movement; and yet, the music is so transfigured by the bells that it sounds solemn!—*Letter from Belgium.*

☞ A Yankee doctor has recently got up a remedy for hard times. It consists of ten hours' hard labor, well worked in.

☞ A negro, undergoing an examination in the United States, when asked if his master was a Christian, replied, "No, sir; he is a Member of Congress."

### Died of a Broken Heart.

At the time the subject of the draft was being agitated in Washington, a young man employed at the navy yard, in order to avoid being drafted, came to New York and enlisted in the naval service, and was assigned to the United States brig Bainbridge. He had not long been married to a young woman who loved him intensely. The Bainbridge sailed; and, after a time, the news came that she had been lost, with all on board. The young lady, whose husband was among the devoted crew, was immediately prostrated by the shock which the intelligence produced, and she betook herself to her bed and utterly refused all consolation that could be offered. She refused to partake of nourishment, and it was necessary to administer it to her by force. At length, a report came that the ill-fated vessel was not lost. So the story came, and the glad news was imparted to the young wife. She arose from her bed, arrayed herself as usual, and was rapidly regaining her health and cheerfulness, when the counter report came—the terrible confirmation that the Bainbridge was really lost, with all her crew. Again she was prostrated, took to her bed, and refused to be comforted. Her friends dispair of her recovery, and she will probably die a victim to her affection for him whose love to her was more than life.

### Editors.

A cotemporary lets off as follows:

Editing a paper now is a very pleasant business. If it contains too much political matter people wont have it.

If it contains too little they wont have it

If the type is little they can't read it.

If we publish telegraph reports folks say they are nothing but lies.

If we omit them they say we have no enterprise, or suppress them for political effect.

If we have in a few jokes, folks say we are nothing hut a rattle head.

If we omit jokes they say we are an old fossil.

If we publish original matter they censure us for not giving selections.

If we publish selections, folks say we are lazy for not writing more, and giving them what they have not read in some other paper.

If we give a man complimentary notices we are censured for being partial.

If we do not, all hand agree we are a greedy hog.

If we speak well of any act of the President, folks say we dare not do otherwise.

If we censure they will call us a traitor.

If we remain in our office and attend to our business, folks say we are too proud to mingle with our fellows.

If we go out, they say we never attend to business.

If we don't pay all bills promptly, folks say we are not to be trusted.

If we do pay promptly they say we steal the money.

If we wear poor clothes, they say our business is poor.

If we wear good ones, they say we are a spendthrift.

Now what is a poor fellow to do?

### Benjamin Franklin in His Gig.

It is now but a century since Benjamin Franklin, Postmaster General of the American colonies, by appointment of the crown, set out, in his gig, to make an official inspection of the principal routes. It is about eighty years since he held the same office under the authority of Congress, when a small folio (now preserved in the department at Washington) containing three quires of paper lasted as his account book for two years. Instead of a small folio with its three quires of paper, the post office accounts consume, every two years, 3,000 of the largest sized ledgers, keeping not less than one hundred clerks constantly employed in recording transactions with 30,000 contractors and other persons.

WORK FOR DRUNKARDS.—In Russia it is the custom to force persons arrested for drunkenness to clean the streets—a very excellent use to put them to, since by this means they have fewer drunkards and cleaner streets. Something like this seems to have been adopted in one of our western cities. An exchange says: "The streets of Cairo a few days ago presented an interesting spectacle. They were being cleaned by a squad of gamblers, whom the provost marshal had arrested and set to work as scavengers."

STREETS PAVED WITH SILVER.—The Virginia (Nevada) Bulletin says it is absolutely no figure of speech to say that the streets of that place are paved with silver, for it is a literal fact that they are. Thousands of tons of rock, from which, in other countries, it would be thought to pay well to extract the silver, are used to level and macadamize the streets. Rock that will not pass through the screens at the quartz mills is carried on to the roads, though some of it would be considered rich in any other locality.

☞ A young lady informs us that an acquaintance of hers was out upon the street the other day, and, on her return, narrated the sights she saw, about as follows:—"And she had on—and she had on—and she had on!"

☞ Jupiter made a wound upon his head, to let Minerva, the goddess of wisdom, find her way out; and, ever since, many mortals have thought it necessary to scratch their heads to enable a wise idea to escape.

☞ "How rapidly they build houses now-a-days," said Sam as he pointed to a three story brick house; "they commenced that building last week, and they are already putting in the lights," "yes," replied his friend, "and next week they will probably put in the livers."

☞ Envy, if surrounded on all sides by the brightness of another's prosperity, like the scorpion, confined within a circle of fire, will sting itself to death.

☞ "I, say, mister," said one Yankee to another, "how came your eyes so crooked?" "My eyes? Why, by setting between two girls, and trying to make love to both at the same time."

☞ "I am surprised, wife, at your ignorance," said a pompous fellow. "Have you never seen any books at all?" "Oh, yes," she replied, "in a number of cases!"

# Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, NOV. 7, 1863.


## MASSACHUSETTS ELECTION.

The election on Tuesday last resulted as everybody expected, and yet it more than equalled the most sanguine expectations of the friends of the administration. Governor Andrew is re-elected by over 41,000 majority over Dalton, the democratic copperhead candidate, who received about 27,000 votes. The total vote for Andrew in 310 towns is 69,357; for Paine 27,901. Andrew has gained about 21,000 over last year, which must be quite satisfactory to him and the republican party.—The election places the republicans in a good position for next year's work, when the Presidential election occurs. The council is all republican, and so is the senate, with perhaps one exception, and that one, Martin Griffin, of Boston, elected by the republicans. The house so far as heard from stands 215 republicans to 16 democrats. The other seven districts will add to the republican majority. The following is the vote for Guvernor in Hampden and Hampshire counties:

HAMPDEN COUNTY.

| *Towns.* | *Andrew.* | *Paine.* |
|---|---|---|
| Agawam, | 105 | 97 |
| Blandford, | 90 | 128 |
| Brimfield, | 110 | 34 |
| Chester, | 104 | 71 |
| Chicopee, | 317 | 102 |
| Granville, | 91 | 79 |
| Holland, | 30 | 20 |
| Holyoke, | 193 | 117 |
| Longmeadow, | 115 | 11 |
| Ludlow, | 62 | 24 |
| Monson, | 186 | 68 |
| Montgomery, | 24 | 40 |
| Palmer, | 168 | 46 |
| Russell, | 41 | 55 |
| Southwick, | 77 | 147 |
| Springfield, | 1091 | 443 |
| Westfield, | 476 | 407 |
| West Springfield, | 150 | 28 |
| Wilbraham, | 126 | 12 |
| 19 towns, | 3225 | 1724 |

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amherst, | 231 | 15 |
| Belchertown, | 163 | 46 |
| Chesterfield, | 83 | 30 |
| Cummington, | 111 | 5 |
| Enfield, | 85 | 6 |
| Easthampton, | 110 | 19 |
| Goshen, | 58 | 4 |
| Granby, | 72 | 4 |
| Greenwich, | 62 | 30 |
| Hadley, | 126 | 14 |
| Hatfield, | 70 | 20 |
| Huntington, | 82 | 46 |
| Middlefield, | 68 | 4 |
| Northampton, | 338 | 95 |
| Plainfield, | 68 | 1 |
| Pelham, | 45 | 11 |
| Prescott, | 31 | 42 |
| South Hadley, | 138 | 8 |
| Southampton, | 118 | 11 |
| Ware, | 219 | 55 |
| Worthington, | 141 | 18 |
| Williamsburg, | 95 | 10 |
| Westhampton, | 63 | |
| 23 towns, | 2665 | 490 |

SENATORS.

Districts. HAMPDEN COUNTY.

Eastern—Dr. Thomas L. Chapman of Longmeadow, rep.
Western—William B. C. Pearsons of Holyoke, rep.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

North—Edwin F. Jenks of Adams, republican.
South—Jonathan E. Field of Stockbridge, rep.

HAMPSHIRE AND FRANKLIN COUNTIES.

Hampshire—Lewis J. Dudley of Northampton, rep.
Franklin—William H. Sanborn of Greenfield, rep.
H. and F. united—Admiral A. Ward of Orange, rep.

WORCESTER COUNTY.

Central—E. B. Stoddard of Worcester, republican.
Southeast—Winslow Battles of Milford, republican.
Southwest—John D. Coggswell of Leicester, rep.
West—George Whitney of Royalston, republican.
Northeast—Solon S. Hastings of Princeton, rep.
East—William Bassett of Collin, rep.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Districts. HAMPDEN COUNTY.

First—T. F. Packard of Monson, rep.
Second—Jacob Stever of Palmer, republican.
Third—Walter Hitchcock of Wilbraham, republican.
Fourth—(Wards 1 and 2 of Springfield)—no choice—a vote lost between William C. Shurtevant republican, and Ephraim W. Bond, democrat.
Fifth—*Daniel L. Harris of Springfield, republican.
Sixth—Titus Amadon of Springfield, republican.
Seventh—Lafayette Temple of Chicopee, rep.
Moses W. Chapin of Chicopee, rep.
Eighth—Nathan Loomis of West Springfield, rep.
Ninth—John Boyle of Southwick, democrat.
Tenth—Thomas Kneil of Westfield, republican.
Eleventh—Roland Parks of Russell, democrat.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.

First—*Erastus Hopkins of Northampton, republican.
Edson Hammon of Southampton, republican.
Second—Charles H. Kirkland of Huntington, rep.
Third—Rev. John H. Bisbee of Worthington, independent republican.
Fourth—Horace S. Dickinson of Hadley, republican.
Fifth—Col. William S. Clark of Amherst, republican.
Sixth—E. A. Thomas of Prescott, republican.

WORCESTER COUNTY.

John M. Fales of Warren, republican.
Capt. Ira J. Russell of North Brookfield, rep.

*Members of the last legislature.

### A Good Day's Work.

Massachusetts was not the only State that did well for the country last Tuesday. New York, which last year elected Seymour, has elected a republican State ticket by more than 25,000 majority. In the city alone, the democratic majority of last year is cut down more than 13,000 votes. The victory is complete. Many soldiers from the army went home to New York to vote, at which the copperheads are very much chagrined. Wisconsin, Missouri and Minnesota also elected full republican State tickets, while Illinois did well in the election of republican county officers. Missouri went radical to the core, which must be a solid argument against secession and slavery in that State. New Jersey, as was expected, gave a small democratic majority, but the republicans made large gains over the vote of last year, leaving the opposition but a small majority in the legislature. On the whole, the country never did better at the ballot box towards sustaining the Government.

### Extra Session of the Legislature.

Governor Andrew has called an extra session of the legislature, to meet next Wednesday. The reason for this is to take action in regard to offering bounties to volunteers. The last session of the legislature imposed a fine of $2000 on town or city officers who should disburse money for bounties; but, as the state of affairs has considerably changed since then, it is believed that it will be good policy for the towns to pay bounties for the next quota.—Several towns have already voted to do so; yet they can pay no money to volunteers unless the legislature repeals the act of last winter. The session need not last more than a week; but, as all such bodies deliberate slowly, a fortnight will probably be consumed in legislating for the soldiers.

☞The English Register-General's recent report shows that nearly one in eleven deaths in London occur in workhouses, and that every sixth person dies either a pauper or a criminal. ~~London now covers~~ 120 square miles. The population, which increases 1,000 a week, is now 3,000,000.

## THE LATEST WAR NEWS!

As cold weather approaches, winter quarters are talked of among our soldiers. There are, however, indications that something will be done in the way of fighting before frost and snow fairly take possession of the country.—It is reported that Gen. Meade has been ordered to hunt up Lee and fight him, or lose his place as the commander of the Army of the Potomac. Gen. Foster has been superceded by Gen. Butler, who has gone to Fortress Monroe. There are intimations that Foster will supercede Meade unless the latter wins a victory soon. Some of the Federal troops in North Carolina have been returned to Virginia, among which is the Mass. 27th, now at Newport News. Richmond papers say that the gathering of troops at Newport News means a demonstration against Richmond by way of the south side of the James River.—Our cavalry have been sent to the front, which means active employment.

—Fighting Joe Hooker has captured Lookout Mountain, in Georgia, winning a decided victory over the rebels. This opens the river to our boats and secures our source of supplies. It is said there will be little more fighting in that section at present, as the army contemplates going into winter quarters. Holding the vantage ground, it will be safe for Grant to put his army into the best of shape before advancing into the heart of rebeldom.

There is danger to Burnside, as he is far down in East Tennessee, and the rebels are marching a strong force to attack him. They feel the loss of East Tennessee more than anything else, and say they must regain it at all hazards. Gen. Burnside has reinforcements hastening to his aid.

From Corinth, Miss., information is received to the 29th ult. An expedition, composed of the 1st (loyal) Alabama cavalry, 800 strong, which had been sent to destroy railroad communications near Tolanda, was surrounded by a largely superior force and most of them captured.

The recent expedition of McPherson's command, from Vicksburg to Canton and other points in Mississippi, resulted in the destruction of a number of rebel mills and factories, and the defeat and dispersion of a band of rebel cavalry.

An expedition of 130 men, under Major Osband, has returned from the Yazoo country to Vicksburg, having routed, during their advance, a superior force of the enemy, and taken a considerable number of prisoners. A part of the Major's force were negro cavalry, who fought with much courage.

A special dispatch from Des Moines says that the Indian troubles on the Upper Missouri, notwithstanding the victory of Gen. Sully, are far from being quieted. Recent advices say that Fort Union has been taken by the Indians and burned. The force of the Indians is represented to be from 4,000 to 5,000.

Gen. Gilmore commenced pounding away at Fort Sumter again on the 26th ult. The monitors have assisted, and the structure is likely to become uninhabitable. The bombardment is kept up daily. When we get possession of the fort, it is said the monitors will move straight up to the city. Several shells have been sent into the city, one of which exploded in a bank.

General Banks is making his way through Louisiana to Texas.

Starvation is reported as staring the people of Richmond in the face, but these stories come so frequently it is not well to believe them.

EXPIRATION OF SERVICE.—The terms of service of the Massachusetts regiments, batteries, and detached companies, now in the service, expire as follows:

1st regiment, Potomac army, May, 1864; 2d, in Mississippi, May, 1864; 7th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, Potomac, June; 13th, 15th, Potomac, July; 16th, Potomac, June; 17th, North Carolina, 18th, 19th, 20th, Potomac, 21st, Mississippi, July; 22d, Potomac, October; 23d, North Carolina, 24th, South Carolina, December; 25th, North Carolina, October; 27th, Virginia, November; 29th, Mississippi, six companies in 1864; 26th, Gulf, February, 1865; 28th, Potomac, January; 1st heavy artillery, Washington, July, 1864; 2d, July; 3d and 4th, September; 5th, October; 7th, 1864; 1st company sharpshooters, September, 1864; 2d, October; the other regiments, batteries, and companies, in 1865 and 1866.

JEFF DAVIS KISSED.—Jeff Davis arrived at Selma, Ala., on the 17th ult., and the Dispatch, of that city, giving some notes of his trip, says:—

A lady here, intent on seeing the President, awaited his arrival most anxiously at the depot, and, upon seeing him, rushed frantically to where he was, exclaiming, in pathetic accents, "Oh, Mr. President, will you let the Yankees come to Selma?" "I assure you, my dear madam, they shall not," replied the dignified Mr. Davis; and thereupon, the overjoyed female smacked his lips. No dainty "buss" it was either, but a regular "suckdoluger," that sounded like the report of a small pistol.

ARMY RUMORS.—A correspondent, writing from the Army of the Potomac, says:

There are all kinds of rumors in the army, showing that the rebels are intending another advance. They are too good to be true, for that is just what our army wants. If street talk ever has any truth, it doubtless has stated it in declaring that the President has told Gen. Meade, in effect, that he must fight or resign; and you may rest assured that, if he ever catches Lee across the Rappahannock again, he will give him battle.

KILLED BY A RAM.—A ram on the farm of Edmund Johnson, at Charlestown, R. I., broke the skull of Miss Sally Hall, when she went to a spring for water one day last week. Her mother went to call her, when the ram attacked her; but she seized him by the horns, and her cries brought assistance. Miss Hall died in a few hours, and her mother is not likely to recover.

DEATH FROM THE GAS OF A SPRING.—A soldier by the name of Charles Welsh was recently suffocated by the gas from Pavilion Spring, at Saratoga. He inhaled the gas while dipping up the water. A chicken was held over the curb soon after, and it died in half a minute. Water containing such gas must be delicious to take.

DEATH FROM FRIGHT.—Mr. Grover, a resident of South Malden, was tipped over a few days ago, in his carriage, and so badly frightened that he died immediately.

## What is to be Done?

A year ago there was a tremendous advance in prices of all the necessaries of life. For a moment people were startled at the prospect, and began to cast about for a remedy. Economy was the only thing that could meet the exegiency. But somehow or other, in most cases, one advance has been met by another, so that people found it no harder to pay high prices than they formerly did to pay low ones. There was one class of people however, who had no remedy for this advance. It was the poor man with a family, who depended on his daily earnings for a living. His wages may have been increased a quarter of a dollar a day, and in some instances half a dollar, but when three dollars will go no further than one formerly did, the position of the laborer is indeed a hard one. What adds to this hardship is another advance in prices the present autumn. The scarcity of labor not being as great as in the spring and summer, wages cannot rise to correspond. Hence arise the strikes which are of daily occurrence in our cities. The single article of fuel has taken an enormous rise. Coal has gone up four or five dollars on a ton, and wood in the same proportion. Family groceries are almost beyond the reach of some families, and respectable wearing apparel is a luxury to be enjoyed by those whose means will allow it. Men in business are not sufferers to any great extent. They manage to make money despite the rise in the necessaries of life. While many of them can indulge in almost unheard of extravagance, the day laborer must exercise rigid economy or allow his family to suffer. If this upward tendency is to continue, labor must advance, or the public will be taxed to keep many kitchen fires from going out. "The laborer is worthy of his hire" is a scriptural axiom which is true now if it never was before.

REBEL CRUELTY.—We have to add one other credible account to the horrible catalogue of rebel cruelties to Union prisoners. The recent reports of starvation and other sufferings which our men are compelled to endure in Richmond receive the most palpable and appalling confirmation in the arrival at Annapolis, on Thursday of last week, of 181 paroled prisoners, dying of hunger and exposure.—Eight died on the boat, coming up. More than a third of the rest, say the surgeons, are beyond help from nourishment or medicine—must helplessly die because they were denied food and shelter while prisoners of war in rebel hands; and the whole number of these men were in such a condition of weakness and disease that they had to be sent to the hospitals—every man of them. This barbarity calls for a protest from our Government; and, if not heeded, retaliation, though in a more civilized manner, should be resorted to. The poor Union men had been, for the most part, denuded of their clothing, shoes, hats, &c., by the rebels. Full half of them had to be removed from the steamer on stretchers, so weak were they under the barbarous starvation and nudity in the cold to which they had been subjected by the rebel authorities. Their daily allowance, when confined on Belle Island, was, so far as meat was concerned, ten pounds of meat and bone to one hundred men. Some of them, stripped to drawers and shirt, were kept so long lying on the bare sand, without covering of any kind, as that their bodies are full of sand sores.

A COPPERHEAD PLOT FRUSTRATED.—The copperheads of Ohio have just been detected in a plot to aid the rebel John Morgan and his men to escape from Camp Chase. The plan was as follows: When the prisoners saw a beacon light at a certain point, they were to be ready to take their leave. The prison guard was to be shot by outside parties, and axes were to be thrown over the walls to the prisoners. The prisoners, once out with their axes, were to be provided with arms; and then they were to storm the penitentiary, release John Morgan and other Confederate officers, and then the whole party was to start for the Ohio River, and cross near Maysville. Cathcart was to go along and receive a commission in the rebel army as a reward for his services. Cathcart was arrested at the house of the Rev. Sabin Hough. Hough is the Secessionist to whom Mr. Vallandigham wrote, in the year 1861, that the "Union was hopelessly divided."

WHAT THE REBELS HAVE LOST.—A late rebel paper, commenting upon Bragg's unprofitable victory at Chickamauga, confesses that the rebel losses in men were fearful to contemplate, especially in view of the fact that every man now lost to the cause diminishes the limited resources of the Confederacy. In this view, the advantages we have gained in the occupation of Kentucky, Tennessee, Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana, and a portion of Mississippi, cannot be too highly estimated. Here is a field which, under the rebel conscription laws, would furnish the Confederacy, even now, two hundred thousand fighting men, and nearly all this area was partially within the grasp of Jeff Davis at the beginning of the war. Thus, as our armies advance, they are strengthened and the enemy weakened.

ROMANTIC GIRLS.—Several respectable young girls recently disappeared from Zanesville, Ohio. Two were arrested, dressed in military clothes, at Putnam Depot. From letters in their possession, it appeared that they had been enticed away by advertisements from the army asking for "correspondence." The two girls were sent to their friends, but the others have not been found. Ohio has turned out a large number of female soldiers, who have enlisted in disguise or followed the army in order to be near their lovers. The "correspondent" advertisements in the papers, by soldiers, are on a par with the custom of advertising for a wife. The advertisers, in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred, are mean scamps who ought to be shunned by every decent girl.

FRENCH BLOCKADE.—The French are establishing a very stringent blockade of nearly all the Mexican coast which is not under their own control. They take great liberties with the empire of a foreign prince.

## A VARIETY OF THINGS.

HAVING passed the fall elections people have no other public matter on hand except to raise volunteers under the new call. Thanksgiving will be along towards the close of the month, but between now and then a good deal ought to be done towards raising recruits. With that business off our hands we could eat our turkey with a keener relish, and settle down in winter quarters feeling that our armies are not in danger of annihilation, and that the country is safe.

—Everywhere the copperhead party has suffered a severe bruising this fall. It is a just rebuke for the disloyalty of these northern secessionists, who belong in Dixie, rather than among us. Poor fellows. How sad and disconsolate they must feel about these days.

—Predictions are rife of a hard winter. Well, any winter is hard to those who have not the means of keeping want from the door. To others, cold and snow are no hardships.

—Springfield has been on the rampage this week over the election of representatives, and will soon be in a similar stew over the election of mayor. Wounds have been made that will be a long time in healing, and old sores have been opened that will bleed afresh. Great place, that Springfield.

THAT'S SO.

"Dull rogues affect the politician's part,
And learn to nod, and smile, and shrug with art;
Who nothing has to lose, the war bewails,
And he who nothing pays at taxes rails."

—Satan is helping his own. An English fleet has destroyed a Japanese town, Kagosimia, making it a mass of ruins. It is according to English, wrong to fire upon Charleston, but they think it right, it seems, to destroy Kagosimia.

—A jealous woman in Washington last week cowhided her husband for dancing with an old sweetheart, and was fined $5 and costs for disorderly conduct and threats of violence.

—Of sixty-three vessels engaged in blockade running during the past year, at least one half have been captured or destroyed.

—The Georgetown Church have refused to accept the resignation of their "heretic" pastor, Rev. Charles Beecher.

—Nearly five hundred barrels of cranberries have been harvested on the Island of Nantucket, this season, worth not less than $9 per bushel.

—Minerva Landt, a disreputable woman in Cincinnati, stabbed herself with a dirk, penetrating her heart, but lived five days thereafter, to the amazement of the surgeons who attended the post mortem examination.

—Blessed is the man and woman too, who minds his or her own business, leaving neighbors to enjoy themselves. The sleep of such an one is sweet, and the goodness of the heart is sweeter.

—Arrived at New Orleans—4000 bales of cotton in one day. This has a look like the restoration of business to the Crescent City. We hope it will not prove to be all moonshine.

—There is such a scarcity of small houses in Cincinnati, that if [illegible] sand were advertised "to rent," they would [illegible] all taken before sundown.

—The entire quota of the state of Ohio, under the late draft—8,000—has been raised, and all of them placed in old regiments of Ohio volunteers.

—The loyal majority in Iowa, including the soldiers' vote, is put at 25,000, which ought to satisfy everybody but the copperheads.

—Gen. Thomas, Rosecrans' successor, states that he was eighteen years in the army without being absent from his post.

Among the officers on Gen. Grant's staff is Capt. Eli S. Parker, a full blooded Indian, being the chief of the tribe known as the Six Nations.

—The demand in the large cities for extravagant luxuries in the way of costly and showy dry goods, is greater now than for twenty years past.

—Two Germans have been awarded the contract for removing the dead from the battle-field of Gettysburg. They get $1,50 per body.

—John Carter, of Concord, N. H., has been committed to jail at St. Albans, Vt., charged with attempting to hire substitutes for drafted men in another state.

—The Russian fleet will visit Portland. The English would like to send a fleet to that flourishing port, but not after the fashion that that of Russia is to enter it.

—The London Times says that England has every right to expect earthquakes. Let England have all her rights, by all means.

—President Lincoln has sent to the Great Northwestern Fair, for the benefit of the Sanitary Commission, the original draft of the Emancipation Proclamation.

—At a bull fight in Vittoria, the bulls could not be induced to attack a tame elephant that was sent into the arena.

—Colt's Armory in Hartford made a gun a minute for ten hours a day during the whole month of October.

—Government is going to build all the tow-boats it wants in the future, thereby saving a large outlay.

—Armstrong guns are pronounced a failure. English arming will have to be done over again.

—The fishing fleet, of Cohasset has been remarkably successful the present season. The crews will average from $150 to $200 per share.

—The procession at the opening of the great Northwestern Fair, at Chicago, was over three miles in length.

—The convicted gambler in Richmond is to receive forty-nine lashes at the whipping-post.

—Coal continues to go up which will cause many fires to go out.

—Jeff Davis sticks to Bragg, though that General appears to be unpopular.

—At the recent horse show in Waterville, Me., $20,000 changed hands in betting in one day.

CAMP STORY.—There are many stories current in camp as to what Gen. Rosecrans replied to Bragg when he appeared before Chattanooga on the morning of the Tuesday following the battle, demanding the surrender of Chattanooga. He accompanied the demand with the information that if not complied with he should shell the town. Rosecrans received the flag and messenger with great courtesy and returned for answer, "shell and be d—d, this is none of my town."

PRAIRIE FIRE.—It is said that the prairie fires during the high winds of Saturday, Oct. 17, did more damage in Kansas by burning fences, crops, and hay, than all the taxes levied in the state during the last year will amount to. The fences on the road between Big Spring and Lawrence are mostly destroyed. A large amount of corn in the fields, hay in the stacks, sheds, barns, etc., were burned up. Most of the farmers lost from $300 to $600.

INTERESTING TO AGRICULTURAL SOCIETIES.—The Supreme Court of this State has decided that an agricultural society has no right to set apart and occupy a part of the highway for the exhibition of horses, though they leave abundant room for public travel.

## PALMER AND VICINITY.

JAMES G. ALLEN, of this village, has been re-appointed Trial Justice for Hampden county.

DUCKVILLE.—Luther H. Arnold, of Duckville, has sold out his store to George F. Orcutt, who has been his clerk for several years. Mr. Arnold will come to this village to live.

LUDLOW.—At the election in Ludlow, last Tuesday, the town voted to pay volunteers $100 in addition to other bounties offered by the State and Government.

RECRUITING OFFICE.—Lieut. George H. Howe has opened a recruiting office at the Nassowanno House, for the 49th (veteran) Mass. Volunteers. The bounty is $452.—Lieut. Howe will remain here three or four weeks, and those who contemplate enlisting will do well to improve the present opportunity.

WILBRAHAM.—On Saturday last the members of two literary societies connected with the Wesleyan Academy played a match game of foot-ball lasting an hour and a half. The Young Men's Debating Club won seven games, and the Union Philosophical Society eight. A large gathering of spectators witnessed the sport.

FOR 1864.—The time is near at hand when the old diaries and almanacs must be closed, and new ones opened for 1864. Knox, at the post office, has foreseen this, and laid in a large stock in great variety of styles and prices. He has the Old Farmer's Almanac of course; also photographic albums, and fancy goods for the holidays.

THE picture business, under the pressure of competition, goes on briskly. It will be seen by Mr. Brakenridge's advertisement that he does not mean to be outdone, either in cheapness or excellence of work. His gallery is in the Strong block, which affords a superior sky light. His facilities for rapid and perfect work are equal to those of any other establishment in this vicinity.

THIEVES ABOUT.—When cotton cloth is worth from thirty to forty cents a yard, it is dangerous to risk it out over night. The experiment was tried by the family of G. M. Stacy, of this village, and the result was a disappearance of the cloth, which was in a tub of water, before 9 o'clock in the evening. The thieves, however, returned a portion that had been made up into sheets, the next night, showing that they had conscientious scruples about stealing the labor of the housewife.

ABOUT RUN OUT.—Democracy in Palmer has come to sorrow, and a sorrowful looking group were those who assembled at the polls on Tuesday. They hesitated to expose their weakness; and, had not a peremptory order from the county committee reached them to maintain their organization, they would not have shown their hard. Falstaff mustering his recruits finds a parallel in democracy gathering its votaries in Palmer.

SOMETHING TO BE DONE.—The selectmen propose trying their hand at recruiting. Palmer is called upon for 37 men, and something can and should be done towards getting them. It will not be so easy a matter to raise the quota as it was a year ago, when one of the board of selectmen raised the whole number; but there is material for recruits now, and a little effort timely put forth will help the recruiting business amazingly. At any rate, it will do no harm to make an attempt to fill the quota.

AGRICULTURAL ADDRESSES AND SUNDAY SERMONS.—The Boston Cultivator, in noticing the address of Rev. Dr. Vaill, at our recent cattle show, remarks:

The doctor makes the same complaint of agricultural addresses that farmers do of ministers' sermons, to wit: "*length, profundity, and gracity.*" As the doctor, who is a hale, hearty man at the age of three score years and ten, has set so praiseworthy an example to agricultural orators, it is hoped that his pulpit brethren will also remember and practice both the precept and the example of the genial, humorous, and learned doctor, whom age and experience have made sage. A long, grave, and profoundly dull sermon, of a hot summer day, is the most effective opiate that can be administered to a congregation, as it has often been our painful observation to note, both in city and country. Let sermons be short, and neither too grave nor profound, and congregations will be larger and wiser for the heeding of the agricultural doctor's precept and practice.

We presume the Doctor will not feel hit by the above, as he usually limits his sermons to thirty minutes—the same length as his agricultural address—and finds ample opportunity in that length of time to stir up the sinners pretty thoroughly.

ELECTION IN PALMER.—Election day, in Palmer, was one of the quietest known to the "oldest inhabitant." Visitors at the polls scattered along from 10½ a. m. to 2 p. m., when voting ceased, and the ballots were counted. The result showed that only 216 votes had been cast; and, of this number, the republicans had 170, leaving 46 as the strength of the democratic party. The smallness of the vote was occasioned by there being but one candidate for representative, an anomaly in politics that has never been known in Palmer for more than forty years. A large caucus on Saturday evening nominated JACOB STEVER for Representative, he receiving 123 votes to Calvin W. Hastings 32. The caucus was participated in by all parties, who seemed to forget partizanship in the selection of a man worthy to represent the town. Such unanimity silenced opposition, and the democrats made no nomination. Mr. Stever received 198 votes, and there were two scattering, one for "Josh Graves," headed "copperhead." The unanimous election of Mr. Stever shows the esteem in which he is held by his own townsmen, and we bespeak for him an honorable and successful legislative career.

☞At Yreka, lately, two men entered the cabin of eight Chinamen, tied their tails together, and cut them with knives till they delivered up their money.

### New Publications.

The twenty-seventh volume of Harper's Monthly Magazine closes with the number for the present month, forming, no doubt, the most enduring monument of periodical literature this country has yet produced. The next number will be the first of a volume, and it will be a good time to commence taking it.

The Atlantic for November is a capital number. It opens with a very interesting extract, entitled "The Spaniard and the Heretic."—Part third of Mrs. Lewis is given, and "Wet Weather Work," by Ike Marvel; but the most interesting article, at the present time, is "The French Struggle for Naval and Colonial Power." No doubt, this article furnishes, at this time, a better account of the relative situations of the leading powers than has lately been presented to the public.

The Continental for this month is fully up to the standard of any previous number, in point of merit. The first article is an elaborate one on the defence and evacuation of Winchester, under the command of Gens. Milroy, Buckley, and Draper; and the Law of Human Development is treated in a very good article by Edward B. Freeland. All the above magazines are for sale at the news-rooms.

THE NATIONAL FINANCES.—In magnificent contrast to the bankruptcy and financial lunacy which rule and ruin at Richmond, Secretary Chase's administration of the Treasury will show to the world a clean balance sheet on the 1st of November. It will show the filling of seventy-five millions of suspended requisitions. It will show the payment of every creditor of the Government whose claim was on that day audited and established! There is pay due to the brave men who, throughout the United States, are battling for the Union. Secretary Chase has *thirty millions* piled up ready for them. The Paymaster General's requisitions for September and October will be honored whenever presented. The Treasury vaults contain gold enough to meet all demands payable in coin for nine months to come. From the customs alone, the receipts are more than sufficient to pay the specie interest on the public debt as it accrues. During the month of October, the receipts from Internal Revenue amounted to $9,511,768.64.—an increase of three millions over the receipts of the previous month.

BOLTING.—Springfield has set the example of bolting, defeating two of its candidates who were regularly nominated by republican caucuses, viz: WM. C. Sturtevant and A. N. Merrick. Mr. Harris, last year's representative, was elected over Mr. Merrick, and there was a tie vote between Sturtevant and Ephraim M. Bond, democrat. Another election will take place Nov. 23 to fill the vacancy. The Republican says the nomination of the defeated republican candidates was effected through wire pulling and low trickery. That may be, but honest voters should not allow a public caucus to be managed by such men. Why, we have been given to understand that the politics of Springfield republicans was the very quintessence of purity.

SCANDAL IN SPRINGFIELD.—A widower from Suffield, Ct., has got into the meshes or machinations of a frail woman in Springfield. She has lived with him a year or so, and last spring obtained an abortion through a woman in Springfield. Quite recently, when the Suffield farmer called to see her, he was drugged with liquor, and a minister called in who married them. A friend of the victim came to his aid at the last moment, and compelled the minister to erase his name from the certificate. But the matter does not stop here, and the courts will be called upon to settle the thing.

REBELS IN FEDERAL UNIFORM.—At the recent battle at Cherukee Station, Ark., the advance of the enemy wore our uniform, making it difficult to distinguish between friends and foes. Some of the prisoners taken give an explanation of their blue uniforms, saying that the rebel government intends to clothe all their troops with blue overcoats. This statement may have been trumped up for the moment; but the fact that hundreds of their men appeared in the front rank of battle dressed in blue uniform, would seem to give it some color.

REBEL RAMS.—The Liverpool papers contradict the report that a guard of marines had been put on board one of the rams in the Mersey, to prevent her sailing. In the meantime, the work on one of the rams, El Tousson, is being rapidly pushed forward, and no attempt is made to conceal the warlike character of the vessel. The Levant Herald, of Constantinople, confirms the report that the Turkish Government has offered to buy the rams.

GOT CAUGHT.—A young man called at the provost marshal's office, at New Haven, Ct. a few days since, to see if the name of McMahon was on the list of deserters. He was recognized as Mr. McMahon himself, and locked up. His father had told him that Judge McCunn would get him off with a writ of habeas corpus—a little error which may cost him dear.

REVOLUTION IN ST. DOMINGO.—The Dominicans are likely to whip the Spaniards in their attempt to put down the rebellion, which has spread over several provinces. The insurgents are pillaging and burning towns and cities, and many of the inhabitants are fleeing to other islands.

HANGING.—James Callender, the negro who murdered Mrs. Jones and her two children at Otis, a year ago last August, the circumstances of which are familiar to the public, was hung at Lenox on Friday. He was entirely indifferent to his fate.

☞Mrs. Arnold of Beverley, Va., says of Stonewall Jackson, her brother, that "although it was with agony she said it, he had lived too long with the treasonable enemies of the best Government that God ever gave man."

BEECHER IN ENGLAND.—Mr. Beecher has spoken at several places, including Liverpool and London. His audiences were of the immense order, that at the London meeting being of unprecedented magnitude.

JUST SENTENCE.—Thomas Kane and William Nellis have been convicted of procuring the payment of fraudulent claims by the United States, in forging signatures certificates and obtaining pay for service, using the names of fictitious persons, and representing themselves entitled to the pay. They were both sentenced to the Alabany Penitentiary for five years each.

A PLACE FOR THE NEGRO.—The Mobile Register says: "The negro is no longer an object of small talk in the South. The people of the South have a place for them, and that is in the army. There should be no distinction in color when a man is willing to fight for his home and master."

REVIVAL IN A FORT.—In Fort Sumter there is a revival in progress, the effect, we may believe, of a sort of camp meeting operation.—The position of the garrison is one well calculated to make men think of their latter end.

A GOOD WHILE HENCE.—When Mrs Vallandigham left Dayton to join her husband, just before election, she told her friends that she never expected to return until she did so the wife of the Governor of Ohio.

☞Cigar smoking is now strictly forbidden at Constantinople either in or out doors, owing to the supposition that the practice has caused many fires.

CARPETS.—Those wanting to re-decorate their dwellings with Carpets, should read the advertisement in our paper of the New England Carpet Company.

ELEGANT CARPETS AT LOW PRICES.—Purchasers should read the advertisement in our paper, of the New England Carpet Company.

☞To the young or old, male or female—if you have been suffering from a habit indulged in by the youth of both sexes, which causes so many alarming symptoms; it unfits them for marriage, and is the greatest evil which can befall man or woman. See symptoms enumerated in advertisement, and if you are a sufferer cut out the advertisement and send for it at once. Delays are dangerous. Ask for Helmbold's—take no other.
Cures guaranteed. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. nl

[Communicated.]

**Pulmonary Consumption a Curable Disease.**
**A Card.—To Consumptives.**

The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them no thing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address, REV. EDWARD A. WILSON.
4ms19 Williamsburgh, Kings County, N. Y.

**To Horse Owners.**

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT FOR HORSES is unrivalled by any. In all cases of Lameness arising from sprains, bruises, or wrenching, its effect is magical and certain. Harness or saddle gall, scratches, mange, &c., it will also cure speedily. Spavin and ringbone may be easily prevented and cured in their incipient stages, but confirmed cases are beyond the possibilities of a radical cure. No case of the kind, however, is so desperate or hopeless but it may be alleviated by this Liniment, and its faithful application will always remove the lameness, and enable the horse to travel with comparative ease.

Every horse owner should have this remedy at hand, for its timely use at the first appearance of lameness will effectually prevent those formidable diseases mentioned, to which all horses are liable, and which render so many otherwise valuable horses nearly worthless.

Sold by all dealers.

☞A GENTLEMAN, cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay, and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it (free of charge) the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience—and possess a Valuable Remedy—will receive the same, by return mail, (carefully sealed,) by addressing
JOHN B. OGDEN, 60 Nassau st., New York.

*Sir James Clarke's Female Pills.*—Married ladies, whose health will not permit an increase of family, have here a safe remedy without the disagreeable necessity of consulting a physician. They will not injure the most delicate constitution.—Price one dollar. Sent by mail by all respectable druggists. See advertisement.

MR. EDITOR:—Dear Sir—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail to all who wish it, (free) a Recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than 30 days. All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
a15 3m No. 831 Broadway, New York

*The Confessions and Experience of a Nervous Invalid.*—Published for the benefit and as a caution to young men and others who suffer from nervous Debility, Early Decay, and their kindred ailments—supplying the means of self-cure. By one who has cured himself after being a victim of misplaced confidence in medical humbug and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid directed envelope, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., New York. j24

**Important to Females.**

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.—The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations removing all obstruction, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs &c., disturbed sleep which arise from interruption of nature.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of these irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the most effectual remedy ever known for all complaints peculiar to females. To all classes they are invaluable, inturing, with certainty, periodical regularity. They are known to thousands who have used them at different periods, throughout the country having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America

☞Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each box—the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills sent by mail, promptly, by remitting to the Proprietors. Sold by Druggists generally.

HUTCHINGS & HILLER, Proprietors, 81 Cedar st., New York. Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Agent, Palmer. 1yag29

GRACE, 'TIS A CHARMIG—not *sound* but *Salve*. We refer to Graces celebrated Salve, an invention of the 17th century, and the favorite domestic remedy of the nineteenth. The good old Dr, Grace, of King James' time, could he rise from his grave would rejoice to see the blessings his wonderful Salve has conferred on humanity. It cures burns, scalds, flesh wounds, old ulcers, abscesses, salt-rheum, ring-worms, felons, and all skin diseases. Every one is now keeping it by them 25 cts. a box only. See advertisement in another column.

V.L. **Dr. Tobias' Venetian Horse Liniment.** V.L.

Pint bottles at fifty cents each, for the cure of lameness, scratches, wind galls, sprains, bruises splints, cuts, colic, slipping stifle, over-heating, sore throat, nail in the foot, etc. It is warranted cheaper and better than any other article ever offered to the public. Thousands of animals have been cured of the colic and over-heating by this Liniment; and hundreds that were crippled and lame have been restored to their former vigor. It is used by all the first horsemen throughout the States. Orders are constantly received from the Racing Stables of England for fresh supplies of this invaluable article. Over 2,500 testimonials have been received. Remember, 50 cents laid out in time may save the life of your horse.
Sold by all druggists. Office, 56 Courtlandt street, New York. V.L. V.L.

**MARRIED.**

In Hastings, Min., Oct. 25th, by Rev. T. F. Thickstun, ABNER B. ALLEN, formerly of Palmer, and FLORA L. TRIPP of Hastings.

In Monson, Oct. 25th, WM. L. O. LOMBARD of Springfield, and SARAH E. FAY; 29th, OTIS A. FISK of Belchertown, and Mrs. HARRIET A. PUFFER.

In Stafford Springs, 3d, by Rev. A. W. Ide, J. D. FENTO and MARY M. CUTLER, both of S.

In Ware, Oct. 29th, by Rev. Wm. G. Tuttle, ORLO HRAKENRIDGE and MARY S. CROWELL, both of Ware.

**DIED.**

In Monson, Oct. 27th, LOVINA S., 2, daughter of Chandler Fenton.

In Fiskdale, Oct. 28th, ANNIE E., 17 months, daughter of Geo. N. Lombard.

In Ludlow, Aug. 14th, SENIE J., 6, daughter of Elisha H. Dotton.

In Belchertown, Oct. 27th, THEODORE BARTON, 59.

In South Wilbraham, 3d, FANNIE F., 28, wife of Wm. Bowers.

In Ware, Oct. 30th, JAMES WARBURTON, 76; Nov. 4th, FREDERIC WILLIAM, 10 weeks, son of Wm. Kershaw.

In Aurora, Nevada Ter., Sept. 21, JOHN GARDNER, 64, formerly of Ware.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

G. L. BRAKENRIDGE'S
## PHOTOGRAPH & AMBROTYPE ROOMS!
are situated three doors west of W. W. Cross' store,
STRONG'S BLOCK, PALMER,
where you can get
*GOOD PICTURES IN CASES FOR 25 CTS.*

Having the best light and new process, *I do* promise to take pictures, either
Photographs, Ambrotypes,
Gem Pictures, or Melaineotypes,
*Cheaper than any other Establishment in Palmer.*

☞All kinds of copying done.
GEO. L. BRAKENRIDGE.
Palmer, November 7, 1863.

A. M. TITUS,
Plain and Ornamental
## PAINTER.
Particular attention given to
SIGN & ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, AND LETTERING
of all kinds. I have hired a *Good, Practical House Painter*, and should be glad to get work enough to support us during the winter, and we will do our best to give satisfaction.
Shop near Squier's Foundry, Palmer. Nov. 7.

## BAGS! BAGS!
WILL those persons who have borrowed bags from our store, marked "... H. Allen," or "Newton & Converse," have the kindness to return them, and very much oblige
NEWTON & CONVERSE.
Palmer, Nov. 7, 1863.

## RECRUITING OFFICE!
57TH MASS INFANTRY (2d Veteran Regt.)
$452 PAID FOR VETERANS.
STATE AID TO FAMILIES.
*FALL IN, BOYS! FALL IN!*

A rare chance to enlist in a new regiment, to be commanded by that gallant soldier, COL. WM. F. BARTLETT, late of the 49th Mass. volunteers.

☞Let us rally again around the old flag, and be among the foremost to strike the death-blow to this accursed rebellion.

To Veterans enlisting,
$125.00 *WILL BE PAID IN ADVANCE,*
on being mustered into the service.

The regiment will go into comfortable barracks at Worcester.

For further information apply to
LIEUT. GEO. H. HOWE,
(Late of the 46th Mass. Vols.)
Office at the Nassowanno House, } Recruiting Officer.
Palmer, November, 7, 1863. 3w

## FROM NEW YORK, DIRECT.
*ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF WINTER GOODS*
AT H. T. SMALL & CO'S!

☞We have Goods on our shelves at less price than can now be purchased at wholesale in New York. Reason is they were bought before the rise in goods.

Now is the time to buy. At the present rates goods are advancing.

☞We can undersell any city house!
Stafford Springs, Nov. 4, 1863.

SAPONIFIER,
Or Concentrated
## LYE.
*THE FAMILY SOAP-MAKER.*
*Economy! Economy!*

Every Family can make its own Soap from waste kitchen grease, at a cost of only four cents per pound with Saponifier, which is three times the strength of Potash.

Full directions accompany each one-pound *iron* can.

NOTICE.—The genuine Saponifier is only put up in one-pound *iron* cans, by the
PENNSYLVANIA SALT-MANUFACTURING CO.,
Patentees and sole Manufacturers. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure you buy the *iron* can.
For sale by
CHAS. TOPPAN, 16 Blackstone st., Boston,
MERRILL BROS., 215 State st., "
n7. And Druggists and Grocers generally. 3m.

Apples! Apples! Apples!
500 BARRELS of Western Apples, comprising Baldwins, Greenings, Spitzenbergs, and other choice varieties, just received and for sale by NEWTON & CONVERSE.
Palmer, Oct. 31, 1863. tf.

JOSEPH H. BLAIR,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
[In office formerly occupied by D. Granger, Esq.]
PALMER, MASS.
*References*—Hon. E. D. Beach, E. W. Bond, Esq., Ex-Lieut.-Gov. Trask, Springfield, Mass.

I hereby give notice to the public that I have given up the practice of Law, and my office to J. H. Blair, Esq. D. GRANGER.

SOUTH SIDE
## PICTURE ROOMS.
OPPOSITE THE ANTIQUE HOUSE.

PICTURES taken in all the Latest Styles, from a Gem to a Life Size Portrait.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED, OR NO CHARGE MADE.

Cartes de Visites, Ambrotypes.
Vignettes, Melaiocotypes.
Imperial and Life Size Portrait.

☞Photographs colored if desired. By our new process of coloring Cartes de Visite Photographs, the
BEAUTY AND DURABILITY
of the Picture is very much improved. We cordially invite the public to
**Give us a Trial.**
We do not promise to work cheaper than others, but hope to please our patrons.
Rooms open from 7 to 12 A. M., and 1 to 5 P. M.
Palmer, Oct. 31. A. W. CLARK. J. M. BROWN, } Artists.

## GREAT BARGAINS!
FOR THE NEXT
SIXTY DAYS.
## $25,000.00
WORTH OF
## NEW
## FALL AND WINTER GOODS!
JUST OPENED AT
J. H. STORRS & Co's,
WARE, MASS.

LOOK AT OUR PRICES:

| | |
|---|---|
| New Fall DeLaines at | 25 cts. |
| Fine Brown Cottons, | 17 " |
| Heavy Brown Cottons, | 25 " |
| Fast Colored Prints, | 17 " |

Scotch Plaids,
French Poplins,
Empress Cloths,
Crape Alapaccas,
Plain Scarlet Merinos,
Small Figured Wool DeLaines,
&c., &c., &c.
BLACK SILKS, at old prices.
FAN[illegible] SILKS, "
SHAW[illegible] endless variety.
[illegible]

## Cloaks. Cloaks. Cloaks.
JUST OPENED, 100 Cloaks of NEW STYLES, to be sold at the
*LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.*
Also, CLOAKINGS of every description.

In our Millinery Department we are prepared to show our customers an *IMMENSE STOCK* of
## MILLINERY
Goods, including
100 *VELVET AND SILK BONNETS,*
To be sold at $2 each less than they can be purchased for in other places.
Bonnets worth $10 for $7.
" " 7 " 5.
New styles of Hats for Misses and Children.
" Ribbons,
" Wreaths.
" Trimmings.

FURS. FURS. FURS.
In this department we have the largest assortment that was ever exhibited in this county.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS,
in new styles, just opened, at low prices.

All those who wish to secure GOOD BARGAINS go to
J. H. STORRS & CO'S,
Ware Village, Mass.

## CARPETS.
☞ *The current of trade is sure to flow to that house which sells at the lowest prices.* Our best English Velvet, Brussels, and Tapestries, will be retailed during the season at importer's prices. Our customers will find our departments for fine goods very complete—comprising the newest and most desirable styles of foreign productions as well as the favorite home manufactures. NEW ENGLAND CARPET CO., 75 Hanover St., Boston. *One price and cash systems strictly adhered to.*

*A NEW CARPET.*

☞Crossley's Improved Electrotype, possessing the appearance and beauty of real Brussels, and quite as durable, for half the price now opening by the NEW ENGLAND CARPET COMPANY, 75 Hanover street Boston. *Our Customers are reminded that this invoice of Carpets comprises but 150 pieces, and in consequence of the low price they will last but a few days.*

*FINE CARPETS.*

☞GET THE MODERN STYLES. Now opening, 1000 pieces of the most splendid English Tapestries ever shown in this market, by the NEW ENGLAND CARPET COMPANY, 75 Hanover street, Boston. One price and cash system strictly adhered to.

*OIL CLOTH CARPETS,*

In wide sheets and narrow widths—in the beautiful enamelled finish, the most desirable and elegant goods made, for sale at manufacturers' prices by the NEW ENGLAND CARPET CO., 75 Hanover street, Boston. One price and cash systems strictly adhered to.

*CARPETS AT WHOLESALE.*

☞Cash purchasers are invited to examine our stock, which is very complete in all its varieties. NEW ENGLAND CARPET COMPANY, 75 Hanover street, Boston.

*CARPETS AT RETAIL.*

☞We shall continue to supply our customers who are about furnishing or redecorating the floors of their dwellings, with carpets from all our departments.

The most skilful upholsterers on hand to cut, sew, and fit Carpets when desired. NEW ENGLAND CARPET CO., 75 Hanover street, Boston.

*ROYAL VELVET*

AND MEDALION CARPET—the finest things out for Parlors and Drawing Rooms—for sale by the NEW ENGLAND CARPET CO.,
o31 3w 75 Hanover street, Boston.

BLACKSMITHING.—The subscriber has taken the shop at Tenneyville, and is now prepared to do all kinds of
**Horse Shoeing and Jobbing.**
in the best manner, and at reasonable prices. Having had 17 years' experience at the business,
ALL HORSES SHOD BY ME ARE WARRANTED NOT TO INTERFERE.
Please examine my work, and inquire of those who have employed me. PATR'K CONDRY.
Palmer, Oct. 24, 1863. 3w*

## CHEAPER!

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
## DRESS GOODS,
In variety of Styles, Colors, and Qualities.

STILL CHEAPER!

SEASONABLE
## PRINTS,
D'LAINES AND CHALLIES,
Bleached & Brown Cottons,
&c., &c., &c.

ALSO,
PRETTY STYLES OF
SUMMER SHAWLS, SUN UMBRELLAS
LIGHT BALMORALS, DRESS TRIMMINGS
HOOP SKIRTS,
BESIDES A GENERAL VARIETY OF
## HOSIERY, GLOVES, THREAD,
SILK,
AND SMALL WARES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
—AND—
## FLOUR, TEAS, COFFEE,
SUGAR, OILS, SPICES, &c.

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
M. W. FRENCH.

## THE INDEPENDENT.
THIS weekly Religious, Literary, and Family Journal,
EDITED BY
Rev. Henry Ward Beecher,
Rev. Joshua Leavitt, D. D., and Theodore Tilton,
is issued in the same form and at the same low price of
**Two Dollars per Annum,**
notwithstanding the great advance in white paper.
**It Affords its Readers,**

Fair and thoughtful editorial discussions of the most important facts and occurrences and interests of this nation and of the world.

A comprehensive record of facts, men and movements of the Religious World.

A full and careful weekly history of the progress of the Rebellion.

Ample chronicles of the important general news, home and foreign.

Fair and careful accounts of new books; made on the express principle of serving as a safe guide to buyers.

Interesting correspondence from Washington, from the West, from the Army, from Abroad.

Six columns a week of carefully selected matter for Family Reading; being prose and poetry, suited to interest both the Old and Young.

A full chronicle of the progress of business and of the current prices of merchandise, produce, and live stock in New York City.

A carefully prepared
COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL ARTICLE,
embracing the latest and most reliable information in regard to the money market, trade, commerce, and business generally. In this department The Independent has secured a valuable reputation for fairness, boldness, and for discussing all secular topics from the highest moral stand-point.

*One Sermon Every Week by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.*

The following eminent writers are special contributors to its columns:

| | |
|---|---|
| William Allen Butler. | Horace Greeley, |
| Rev. Theodore L. Cuyler. | Bayard Taylor. |
| Rev. Robert M. Hatfield. | John G. Whittier. |

TERMS—$2 per annum. Specimen numbers sent gratis. JOSEPH H. RICHARDS.
Publisher, 5 Beekman St., New York.
3w017 For sale by News Agents.

## STOVES! STOVES!
A GREAT VARIETY of Stoves at the old Stove Shop in Palmer, which will be sold LOWER THAN AT ANY OTHER SHOP IN THE COUNTY.

The Bay State, Harp, Pilot, Prize, Conquest, New Eogland, Empire State, American, &c., &c.

PARLOR COOK STOVES,
PARLOR CAST & SHEET IRON,
of a variety of sizes and patterns.

☞Any Stove not found in the shop will be furnished as low as at any other shop. A good stock of CLOTHES WRINGERS, CHAIN, COPPER & Iron Pumps, Pump Curbs, Farmers' Boilers, English and Russia Pipe, Sheet Zinc, Tin Japanned, and Wooden Ware, Sad Irons, Oven Mouths, Boiler Doors, &c.

Cash paid for Old Iron, Copper, Brass, Lead, Pewter, and Rags.

JOB WORK done to order, with promptness.
CALL AND EXAMINE. ELIJAH NICHOLS.
Palmer, Oct. 10, 1863. tf.

SELL YOUR OLD PAPERS!
THIS is just the time to dispose of your Old Newspapers and Paper Stock of all descriptions for the highest prices. Bring forward your
**Old Pamphlets, Newspapers, Books, &c.,**
for which the highest market price will be paid by
GEO. W. WHEELWRIGHT,
Paper Manufacturer, No. 26 Water st., Boston.

TOWN REPORTS printed neatly, cheaply and expeditiously at this office.

## NEW FALL GOODS!
—AT—
BERAN & HORNER'S,
No. 3 State st., 2d door from Main,
SPRINGFIELD . . . . . MASS.,
Which we offer
## CHEAP FOR CASH!
ALL OUR GOODS ARE MARKED WITH LAST YEAR'S PRICES.

PLEASE CALL EARLY,
And Secure Bargains.
Respectfully, BERAN & HORNER.
No 3, State st., 2d door from Main st. Springfield, Mass.

## NEW GROCERY STORE!
The undersigned, having purchased the stock of
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS
lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.

As we deal largely in
FLOUR AND GRAIN,
we are enabled to make purchases at
LOW FIGURES,
and sell in the same manner.

All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

☞Remember the place—
At the Palmer Steam Mill.
HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.
Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

MONSON
## PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY!
OVER E. B. MILES' STORE,
MONSON, MASS.
PHOTOGRAPHS
Of every description, both plain and colored.
AMBROTYPES,
MELAINOTYPES,
SPHEREOTYPES,
AND
GEM PICTURES,
Put up in the best manner, and at short notice,

A good assortment of
ALBUMS, FRAMES, CASES, &C.,
Constantly on hand and at the LOWEST PRICES.
Call and Judge for Yourselves.
H. G. CROSS.
Monson, Sept. 12, 1863. 2m*

## NEW GROCERY STORE!
HAVING purchased of S. W. SMITH his stock in trade, I shall continue the Grocery business at his old stand in the
PALMER HOUSE BLOCK,
where I shall be happy to wait on all the old customers of the store, and as many new ones as will give me a call, and show them
A GOOD ASSORTMENT
—OF—
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,
which I will sell
*At the Lowest Market Prices for Cash.*
☞BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS and Farmers' Produce wanted in exchange for Goods.
☞Call and see me.
LYMAN DIMOCK.
Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

## FALL BULLETIN, No. 1!

H. T. SMALL & CO.
Stafford Springs, Ct.
Have the LARGEST STOCK of READY-MADE CLOTHING,
HATS AND CAPS,
FURS, for men, and
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
Received from New York the past week, ever exhibited in this vicinity. To enumerate all is impossible.

A SPLENDID STOCK
—OF—
## CLOTHING,
*Gloves, Mittens, Hosiery,*
Suspenders, Ties, Scarfs, Cravats, Stocks, Shirts, Bosoms, Collars, Buttons, Brushes—all kinds, Cutlery, Knives, Razors, Scissors, and all kinds of
*YANKEE NOTIONS.*
MEN AND BOYS'
Boots, Shoes, and Rubbers,
Good Stock of CHILDREN'S SHOES.
## HATS & CAPS,
A large stock of Fashionable Goods, At Low Prices.

DOUBLE KNIT COATS,
And a good assortment of
UNDER CLOTHING.
Fur Collars, Fur Gloves,
Fur Capes,
## DRUGS & MEDICINES,
Pure and reliable, Trusses, Supporters, Leeches, Breast Pumps, all kinds of Syringes,
*FANCY SOAPS, PERFUMERY,*
Dye-Stuffs, Potash, and all goods usually sold by Druggists.
H. T. SMALL & Co.
Stafford Springs, Sept, 1863.

E. C. RICHARDSON, M. D.,
EXAMINING SURGEON
FOR PENSIONS,
6ms19 WARE, Mass.

AUCTION BILLS, Circulars, Ball Tickets and other kinds of Printing, executed as neat as wax, and cheap as one could wish, at this office.

## $100 REWARD!
For a medicine that will cure
COUGHS, INFLUENZA,
TICKLING IN THE THROAT,
WHOOPING COUGH,
Or relieve CONSUMPTIVE COUGH, as quick as
## COE'S COUGH BALSAM.
Over 6,000 bottles have been sold in its native town, and not a single instance of its failure is known.

We have in our possession any quantity of certificates, some of them from eminent physicians, who have used it in their practice, and given it the pre-eminence over any other compound.

IT DOES NOT DRY UP A COUGH, but loosens it, so as to enable the patient to expectorate freely.

Two or three doses will invariably cure tickling in the throat.

A half bottle has completely cured the most
STUBBORN COUGH,
and yet, though it is so sure and speedy in its operation, it is perfectly harmless, being purely vegetable. It is very agreable to the taste, and may be administered to children of any age.

☞In cases of CROUP we will guarantee a cure if taken in season.

No family should be without it. It is within the reach of all, the price being ONLY 25 CENTS, and if an investment and thorough trial does not "back up" the above statement, the money will be refunded. We say this, knowing its merits, and feel confident that one trial will secure for it a home in every household.

Do not waste away with Coughing, when so small an investment will cure you. It may be had of any respectable druggist in town, who will furnish you with a circular of genuine certificates of cures it has made. C. G. CLARK & Co., Proprietors,
Wholesale Druggists, New Haven, Ct.

For sale by Druggists in city, country, and everywhere.

For sale at wholesale by D. S. BARNES & Co., New York, and GEO. C. GOODWIN & Co., Boston.
6ms19

## THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.
SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.
Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D.
Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the femal constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price $1, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION.—These Pills should not be taken by females during the first three months of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sole Agent for the United States and Canada,
JOB MOSES, 27 Courtlandt st., New York

N. B.—$1 and 6 postage stamps, enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing 50 Pills, by return mail. 1y31

Sold in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.

## BOOTS & SHOES.

The only Boot and Shoe store between Springfield and Worcester is at Palmer depot,
IN THE PALMER JOURNAL BLOCK.

The subscriber has over **$2,500 worth of Boots and Shoes** in his store, for sale at one-half of the profits usually made by retailers. His Men's, Boys', Youth's, and Children's Thick Boots were made expressly for him by the best manufacturers in the state, of the
BEST QUALITY OF STOCK,
Consisting of the celebrated "Monitor Boot," double sole and tap, double sole, and one-half double sole—great assortment. The greatest improvement is
THE RUBBER SOLE
water proof boots and shoes. Every man, woman, and child should have a pair. The very best men's, boys', and youth's
CALF BOOTS
may be found at this store. Women's, misses,' and children's pebble calf and serge, double sole,
TIP BALMORALS AND GAITERS,
in fact every variety, quality, and style may be had. A full assortment of
RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES.
Everybody will find it to their pecuniary interest to buy their fall and winter supply of boots and shoes of the subscriber.
Please Give Him a Call.
D. GRANGER.
Palmer, Oct. 10, 1863. 1y.

I AM RECEIVING THIS WEEK
A FRESH SUPPLY OF
## GROCERIES,
LAMPS AND FIXTURES
Of all kinds, also a full
Assortment of Flower Pots.
NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY!
At the OLD STAND OF S. W. SMITH,
PALMER HOUSE BLOCK.
LYMAN DIMOCK.
Palmer, Sept. 19, 1863.

LAUGHING GAS!
TEETH EXTRACTED without pain or risk, by the use of Nitrous Oxide, or Laughing Gas.
Also DECAYED TEETH Filled, or new ones set on Gold, Silver, or Rubber, by
D. HOLDEN, DENTIST.
Office at the old Drug Store, formerly occupied by W. S. Brakenridge. Ware, Mass.
Ware, Oct. 3, 1863.

AUCTION.—A FARM containing about 225 acres is offered for sale at auction, Tuesday, Nov. 17th, at 10 o'clock A. M. Said farm is situated in the west part of the town of Union, Ct., being the farm lately owned by Thos. Ruby, deceased, and is well covered with timber and wood, has a dwelling-house, wood-shed, 2 barns, &c., good orcharding, is 3 miles from flourishing manufacturing villages, and 5 miles from RR. depot. There are two saw-mills in the immediate vicinity. Said farm is considered a first-rate investment for any one who wishes to invest in real estate. For particulars inquire of W. Sibley, near the premises, or of S. W. Moore. Union, Ct., Oct. 24, 1863.*

REMOVAL.
THE subscriber has removed his Marble Shop from his old stand to the building south of McGilvray Block, lately occupied by Mr. Jerrold as a shoemaker's shop. N. PIPER.
Palmer, Oct. 2, 1863.

MURDERER ARRESTED.—Fred F. Streeter, formerly n barber in Bellows Falls and Brattleboro, has been arrested in Ohio, charged with murdering the Coy family in Medina, consisting of a man, his wife, and their boy nbout seven years old. The circumstances are said to be very strong against him.

SHE MUST PAY.—The Supreme Court has decided that Miss Sarah E. Wall, of Worcester, must pay her taxes. She had refused to pay taxes on the ground that she is not allowed to vote, holding it unjust to tax woman, either in property or person, while her right to vote is denied.

☞A large part of the wealthy population of Nashville, who joined Bragg'a army, were killed in the late battle.

☞It costs Uncle Sam over $50,000 per month to feed his starving enemies in Mississippi.

☞ A country editor, praising a successful politician, called him, "one of the cleverest fellows that ever lifted a hat to a lady or a boot to a blackguard."

☞There are two classes of disappointed lovers—those who are disappointed before marriage, and the more unhappy ones who are disappointed after it.

☞ Where there's a red sky it is a sign of wind, but where there's a red nose it is a sign of wet.

☞If an allegation is made against you, consider the character of the allegator.

## WARE BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

A. SANDFORD, denler in Dry Goods, Crockery, Flour, and Family Groceries.

BYRNS & Co., Staple and Fancy Bakera, opposite the Hotel, Main street

D. HOLDEN, Dentist, dealer in Drugs, Medicines, and Fancy Articles.

E. F. HITCHCOCK, dealer in Stoves, and manufacturer of Tin Ware, &c.

ELI SMITH, Boots and Shoes made to order. Over D. P. Billings' store, opposite the Hotel.

F. A. BROOKS, manuf. of Spruce Beer, and dealer iu Bottled Ale, Porter, Champagne Cider.

F. L. CHAPIN, Job and Card Printer, at the Post Office. Agent for all kinds of Engraving and Lithographing. Subscriptions and advertisements received for Ware Standard

FRANKLIN D. RICHARDS, Counsellor and Attorney at Law.

G. C. HOLDEN, dealer in Fruit, Confeetionery, Pies, Cake, &c , Oysters and Ice Cream.

GEO. ROBINSON, dealer in Hardware, Agricultural and Mechanic Tools, Paints, Oils, and Glass, Furniture and Wooden Ware. Especial attention given to Framing Pictures.

G. K. CUTLER, dealer in Books, Stationery, Periodicals, Music, Paper Hangings, &c.

HOLDEN & SNOW, dealer in Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Ely's Block.

H. S. PARSONS, dealer in Fine Watches, and Jewelry. Agt. for Florence Sewing Machine.

L. C. WHITE & Co., manufacturers of Monuments, Tombstones, and other Marble Works

MRS. A. F. STRICKLAND, Dress and Cloak Maker, Rooms, opposite Bank, up stairs.

P. D. WILLIS, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots, Shoes, Flour, Fish, Crockery, &c.

P. H. SAGENDORPH, dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, and Silver Ware.

S. B. WITHERELL, dealer in Furnaces and Stoves, and Tin. Iron, and Copper Work.

S. R. FLETCHER, mauf. and dealer in all kinds of Harness Work, Bank St.

WARE HOTEL, W. W. PIERCE, proprietor. Main street, corner of North street.

W. C. SHELDON, dealer in all kinds of Meat, Nenameseck Square.

WM. McKINSTRY, Merchant Tailor, and manufacturer of Custom Clothing, opp Bank.

WM. O. GOULD, dealer in Millinery of all kinds, Demond's Block, Main st., up stairs

## CAUTION

TO Females in Delicate Health. DR. DOW, Physician and Surgeon, No. 7 Endicott street, Boston, is consulted daily for all diseases incident to the female system. Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Fluor Albus, Suppression, and other Menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed in a very few days. So invariably certain is the new mode of treatment, that most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the most afflicted person soon rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of diseases of women than any other physician in Boston.

Boarding accommodations for patients who may wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treatment.

Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole attention to an office practice for the cure of Private Diseases, and Female Complaints, acknowledges no superior in the United States.

N. B.—All letters must contain one dollar, or they will not be answered.

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.
Boston, July 25, 1863. 1y.

IT IS A WONDER that every business man don't have a Pack of Business Cards printed when he can get them so handsomely done at this office.

LAWRENCE & Co. will pay the *highest market price* for HIDES and SKINS delivered at their market. Palmer, Jan. 24, 1863.

## INSURANCE AGENCY!

At the Office of F. D. RICHARDS, Ware, Mass. for the following companies:

| | |
|---|---|
| Atlantic Fire and Marine Ins. Co. | Providence, R. I. |
| American Life and Trust Ins. Co., | New Haven, Ct. |
| Bay State Insurance Co., | Worcester, Mass. |
| Equitable Life Assurance Society, | New York City. |
| Home Insurance Co., | " |
| Hartford Fire Insurance Co. | Hartford, Ct. |
| Hampshire Mutual Insurance Co., | Northampton, Ms. |
| Merchants' and Farmers' Ins Co , | Worcester, Mass |
| People's Mutual Insurance Co , | " |
| State Mutual Life Insurance Co., | " |
| Thames Insurance Co., | Norwich, Ct. |
| Western Massachusetts Ins Co , | Pittsfield, Mass. |

Ware: Aug. 1, 1863. F. D. RICHARDS, Agt.

AMHERST, BELCHERTOWN, & PALMER RAILROAD.—On and after Sept. 1, 1863, trains will run daily as follows:

Leave Amherst at 9.15 a. m., and 4.00 p. m.
Leave Palmer at 2.15 and 5.45 p. m.

Passengers taking the mail trains from Albany or New York for Springfield, will not fail to connect at Palmer with cars for Amherst. Stage accommodations at Belchertown for Enfield, Greenwich, and Dana; at Amherst for Northampton, North Hadley, Hadley, and Sunderland, j7. o3'63. J. H. M. LELAND, Secretary.

## SASHES, DOORS, AND BLINDS.

The subscriber makes to order all kinds of SASHES, DOORS, AND BLINDS, at short notice.

J. R. PARKHURST.
Palmer, Aug. 8, 1863. tf.

OLMSTEAD & DICKINSON,

## UPHOLSTERERS,

And Manufacturers of and Dealers in

## FASHIONABLE FURNITURE,

MATTRASSES,

*CURTAINS AND SHADES.*

ALSO,

COMMON FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS.

UNION BLOCK - - - - - - MAIN STREET,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

H. OLMSTEAD. E. W. DICKINSON.

## GRAND OPENING!

## NEWTON & CONVERSE,

Have bought the stock of GROCERIES of K. H. ALLEN, and will keep

A FULL STOCK

on hand of

FLOUR, MEAL, SALT,

LIME, OILS, FLUID, BUTTER, CHEESE

*Fish, Crockery,*

GLASS, STONE, AND WOODEN WARE,

and will sell

At Wholesale and Retail,

AS LOW, if not LOWER, than any other place in town.

☞We are receiving fresh goods from market every week.

☞CALL AND SEE.☜

NEWTON & CONVERSE.

Palmer, Dec. 27, 1862.

## GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE,

A SURE RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERER.

This Salve is a vegetable preparation, invented in the 17th century, by DR. WM. GRACE, surgeon in King James's army. Through its agency he cured thousands of most serious sores and wounds that baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians of his day, and was regarded by all who knew him as a public benefactor.

Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Burns.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Scalds.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Flesh Wounds.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Corns.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Felons.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Frozen Limbs.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Wens.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Callouses.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Salt Rheum.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Chilblains.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Sore Breast.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Sore Lips.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Erysipelas Sores.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Abscesses.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Ulcers.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Chapped Hands.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Ringworms.

And from Sores and Wounds of the most serious nature down to a common Pimple. It eradicates Pimples from the face, and beautifies the skin. There is no preparation before the public that can equal this Salve in prompt and energetic action for the speedy cure of external diseases, as those who have tried its virtues testify. Soldiers, Sailors, and Fishermen, will find this Salve their best friend.

It has none of the irritating, heating properties of other remedies, but cools, cleanses, and heals the most serious Sores and Wounds. Every family, and especially those containing children, should keep a box on hand in case of accident, for it will save them much trouble, suffering, and money. All it wants is a fair trial to cure old and inveterate Sores.

MANUFACTURED BY

WILLIAM GRACE,

AMESBURY, MASS.

Weeks & Potter, 170 Washington st., Boston, wholesale agents.

Grace's Salve is for sale by all druggists and dealers in every city and town. jy18 1y.

TERRIBLE DISCLOSURES — SECRETS FOR THE MILLION!

A most valuable and wonderful publication. A work of 400 pages, and 30 colored engravings.

Dr. HUNTER'S VADE MECUM,

An original and popular treatise on Man and Woman, their Physiology, Functions, and Sexual disorders of every kind, with Never-Failing Remedies for their speedy cure. The practice of Dr. Hunter long has been, and still is unbounded, but at the earnest solicitation of numerous persons he has been induced to extend his medical usefulness through the medium of his "Vade Mecum." It is a volume that should be in the hands of every family in the land, as a preventive of secret vices, or as a guide for the alleviation of one of the most awful and destructive scourges ever visited mankind. One copy, securely enveloped, will be forwarded free of postage, to any part of the United States, for 50 cents in P.O. stamps, or 3 copies for $1. Address, post-paid, Dr. HUNTER, No. 3 Division st., New York. 1yje6.

"COSTAR'S" VERMIN

## EXTERMINATORS.

*For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in furs, woolens, &c., Insects on plants, fowls, animals, &c.*

Put up in 25c., 50c., and $1 boxes, bottles, and flasks, $3 and $5 sizes for Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞Sold wholesale in all large cities.
☞Sold by all druggists and retailers everywhere.
☞ ! BEWARE ! of all worthless imitations.
☞See that 'COSTAR'S" name is on each box, bottle, and flask, before you buy.
☞Address HENRY R. COSTAR.
☞Principal Depot, 482 Broadway, New York.
☞Sold by H. T. SMALL & Co., Stafford Springs, and WOOD & ALLEN, Palmer, wholesale and retail agents. 1 1y

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED, OR THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. Faucett's Safes or Preventives are a new and superior article; price, 3 for $1, or $3 per dozen. Dr. Faucett's Female Pills, for all irregularities; price, $1 per box. The Specific Pill, for young men suffering from seminal weakness, the evil effects of self-abuse; price, $1 per box, or six for $5. Books, medicines, syringes, &c., furnished. Address all orders, MEDICAL AGENTS, P. O. box, 5171, New York.

☞Send for a circular.

A. B. COWAN, DENTIST,

Office and residence in LAWRENCE BLOCK, PALMER, MASS.

THE ALL SUFFICIENT THREE, THE GREAT "AMERICAN REMEDIES," Known as

*"HELMBOLD'S" Genuine PREPARATIONS,*

viz: HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT "BUCHU,"
" " SARSAPARILLA,
" IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

*Helmbold's Genuine Preparation,*

"Highly Concentrated" Compound

## FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

A positive and specific remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the watery or calcerous dispositions, and all unnatural enlargements are reduced, as well as pain and inflammation, and it is good for men, women, or children.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, for Weaknesses arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:

| | |
|---|---|
| Indisposition to exertion, | Loss of Power, |
| Loss of Memory, | Difficulty of Breathing, |
| Weak Nerves, | Trembling, |
| Horrors of Disease, | Wakefulness, |
| Dimness of Vision, | Pain in the Back, |
| Universal Lassitude of the | Flushing of the body, |
| Euscular System, | Eruptions on the face, |
| Hot Hands, | Pallid Countenance, |

Dryness of the Skin.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow

IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS,

In one of which the patient may expire. Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "direful diseases,"

INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION.

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but none will confess. The records of the Insane Asylums, and the melancholy deaths by consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion, *thee Constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness,* requires the aid of medicine to invigorate and strengthen the system, which Helmbold's Extract Buchu invariably does. A trial will convince the most skeptical.

Females, Females, Females,

Old or Young, Single, Married, or Contemplating Marriage.

In many affections peculiar to Females the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of the Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrous state of the Uterus, Leucorrhea, or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in

*The Decline or Change of Life.*

SEE SYMPTOMS ABOVE.

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

Take no Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant Medicine for unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU CURES SECRET DISEASES

in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience,

AND NO EXPOSURE.

It causes frequent desire, and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing obstructions, preventing and curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying pain and inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling Poisonous, Diseased, and Worn-out Matter.

Thousands upon Thousands,

*Who Have Been the Victims of Quacks,*

and who have paid Heavy Fees to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "Poison" has, by the use of "Powerful Astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and perhaps after marriage.

USE

## Helmbold's Extract Buchu

For all Affections and Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

Diseases of these Organs require the aid of a Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and it is certain to have the desired effect in all Diseases for which it is recommended.

BLOOD! BLOOD! BLOOD!

Helmbold's Highly Concentrated Compound

FLUID EXTRACT

## SARSAPARILLA.

SYPHILLIS.

This is an affection of the Blood, and attacks the Sexual Organs, Linings of the Nose, Ears, Throat, Windpipe, and other Mucus Surfaces, making its appearance in the form of Ulcers. Helmbold's Extract Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and removes all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, giving to the complexion a clear and healthy color. It being prepared expressly for this class of complaints, its blood-purifying properties are preserved to a greater extent than any other preparation of Sarsaparilla.

*HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH.*

An excellent Lotion for Diseases of a Syphillitic Nature, and as an injection in Diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the Extracts Buchu and Sarsaparilla, in such diseases as recommended.

Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character will accompany the medicines.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES,

From eight to twenty years standing, with names known to science and fame.

For Medical Properties of BUCHU,

See Dispensatory of the United States.
See Professor DEWEES' valuable works on the Practice of Physic.
See remarks made by the late celebrated Dr. PHYSICK, Philadelphia.
See remarks made by Dr. EPHRAIM McDOWELL, a celebrated Physician, and Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland, and published in the Transactions of the King and Queen's Journal.
See Medico-Cirurgical Review, published by BENJAMIN TRAVERS, Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons.
See most of the late Standard Works on Medicine.

EXTRACT BUBHU,
$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.
EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,
$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.
IMPROVED ROSE WASH,
50 cts. per bottle, or six bottles for $2.50.

Or half a dozen of each for $12, which will be sufficient to cure the most obstinate cases, if directions are adhered to.

Delivered to any address, securely packed from observation.

☞Describe symptoms in all communications. Cures guaranteed. Advice gratis.

AFFIDAVIT.

Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. Helmbold, who, being duly sworn, doth say, his preparations contain no narcotic, no mercury, or other injurious drugs, but are purely vegetable.

H. T. HELMBOLD.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 22d day of November, 1854. WM. P. HIBBARD, Alderman, Ninth street, above Race, Phila.

Address letters for information in confidence.

H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist,
Depot 104 South Tenth street, below Chestnut, Philadelphia.

☞BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS, and unprincipled dealers, who endeavor to dispose "of their own" and "other" articles on the reputation attained by

Helmbold's Genuine Preparations.
" " Extract Buchu.
" " " Sarsaparilla.
" " " Improved Rose Wash.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞Ask for Helmbold's—take no other.☜

Cut out the advertisement and send for it, and avoid imposition and exposure.

Sold by Wood & Allen, Palmer; Dr. Holden, Ware, and H. T. Small & Co., Stafford Springs.

March 21, 1863 1y

## PALMER BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ALBERT BURLEIGH, Carpenter and Joiner, and dealer in Lumber, Doors, Windows, &c.

A. MASON, Refreshment Saloon. Weddings and parties supplied with Cake and Ice Creams.

ANTIQUE HOUSE, By E. B. SHAW, east of railroad bridge.

A. R. MURDOCK, Licensed Auctioneer, Thorndike.

B. H. JOHNSON, Carpenter and Joiner and Mover of Buildings.

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Boston, January 24, 1863. 1y

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NEW LONDON NORTHERN RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, December 1, 1862, Trains leave Palmer 7 50 A. M. and 2 05 P. M., in connection with trains from Springfield.

Leave New London 7 30 A. M. and 1 40 P. M. connecting at Palmer with Western road for Springfield and Albany at 11 01, 11 30 A. M., and 5 08 P. M., and in time for trains to Amherst, Worcester and Boston.

Trains connect at Willimantic for Hartford, and at New London with Stonington, Providence, New Haven and N. York trains and boat for N. Y.

November 29, 1862. R. N. DOWD, Supt.

## WATCHES & JEWELRY

THE Subscriber has taken the Jewelry Store lately occupied by S. P. Blair, in Nassowanno Block, and offers to the public an excellent assortment of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, which he will sell at small profits.

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Palmer, Feb. 7.

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Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

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JAS. G. ALLEN, Counsellor & Attorney.

Palmer, March 21, 1863.

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Palmer, July 11, 1863. 6m.

ALL KINDS OF GRASS SEED,

For sale by NEWTON & CONVERSE.

Palmer, April 4, 1863. tf

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# The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XIV. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1863. NUMBER 32.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.
—BY—
GORDON M. FISK & Co.

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## EXECUTION OF A NEGRO.

James Callender, the negro who murdered Mrs. Emily Jones and her two children, on Sunday, Sept. 7th, 1862, at Otis, Mass., expiated his crime in the jail at Lenox, on Friday, last week, at 10 1-2 A. M. The murderer was but 22 years old, and his victims were aged, respectively, 26, 4, and 2. Before the execution, he made the following confession:

"On the 7th of September, 1862, at 10 o'clock A. M., I started from Gulf Bridge and went along the highway to the lane leading to Mr. Clark's house. I went past Grant's barn, thence to the river, then to Warner's pasture. I found my father sitting on a log near a coal cabin. I had made an appointment to meet him there. We were going to Belden's Hill, to kill a stolen sheep, as we were out of meat. While there, we saw Mrs. Jones, and father said, 'Now is a good time to have revenge; you know how she served you about milking a cow.'

"I went up to the woman and took hold of her arm. Father killed the children, by throwing stones at them. I then pulled the woman down, and pulled her clothes over her head. While doing so, she scratched my face, producing the scars now visible. I then held her while father violated her person; he then held her while I did. Father then held her clothes over her head, while I took a stone and threw it on her head. We then hid the bodies in one place, but separated them, as the pile was too big."

He breakfasted at about seven o'clock, and behaved as coolly and unconcernedly as ever while partaking of this, his last meal. Afterwards, he remarked to a visitor, "I had sausages for breakfast, and I ate a d——d lot of 'em; for I've got a journey to go, and I don't know how long it's going to be!"

When asked where he expected to go when he died, he replied, with a careless laugh, "Go to? Why, to hell, where all good christians go!"

Thomas Callender, the culprit's father, was arrested on Thursday, and brought to the same jail, on the charge of threatening to murder his wife. He had an interview with James, at which they reproached each other violently. James says his father told him he "would like to rip his d——d ——s out!"

During the morning, the condemned talked and jeered with the crowd, through his window; and, when his coffin arrived, he cried out, "Take away that d——d thing; you don't want that yet. I don't like to look at it!"

The prisoner was escorted to the scaffold by Sheriff Root and his deputies. Seven hundred persons were admitted to the jail yard to witness the execution.

Rev. Mr. Field read the beautiful Episcopal service for Execution, the culprit standing straight and unmoved the while. Mr. Field then shook hands with the prisoner, who was as cordial as the confined state of his hands would admit. The sheriff asked the prisoner if he had anything to say. His reply was—

"No, I haven't much to say. I wish to state that my father got me into the scrape—he got me full of rum, and then left me to be hung, while he is not. That is the truth, and I would stick to it if it was the last day of my life!"

His father, who was in a cell overlooking the scene, heard the remark, and cried out,

"James, how can you die with such a falsehood in your mouth?"

There was no response to this; and the black cap was then pulled over the prisoner's head; the sheriff placed his foot on the spring, and the drop fell. The body fell about ten feet, and a contraction of the muscles was the only perceptible motion. In three minutes Callender's pulse went up to 120, and in five minutes and a half there was only a slight tremor. At the end of twenty minutes, the body was cut down and sent to the Medical College at Pittsfield, and was dissected the same day.

From beginning to end, it was one of the most frightful and brutal tragedies that ever occurred in Massachusetts.

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A PICTURE.—Birds are chanting their first matin hymn, and dew drops are still tranquil like sleeping things, upon the young leaves and buds. The throne of Aurora is still draped in the first gray tint of dawn, while the green young boughs of the waving beech are not whispering a sound beside the casement; no, for the sea shell ears of the beloved are not near to dote upon its simple melody. But lo! the blinds are parted, and the breeze awakes and flings out masses of golden hair, saluted by the ever reaching fringed leaf. She stands in radiant beauty! the first blush of Aurora, rosy, bright, lovely and loving, and tremulous as the frolicsome breeze that sprang up at her coming, played among her fragrant locks—and the flowers beneath in the bright parterre. We gaze enraptured as the stillness of the air is broken by the voice of the unhallowed old milkman, who in violation of all the rules of poetry, beauty, harmony, and melody, cries "M-I-L-K!" Like a startled fawn she turns to see whence comes this interruption of her pure thoughts—this desecration of her matin reverie. She speaks—and nightengales are mute—"I say, ohl hoss, hold on till I get the pitcher." The charm is broken. Our picture should have been dumb like other pictures, and we had loved it still—yea, worshipped it.

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HOW TO TELL WHAT TO EAT.—Speaking of the instinct of appetite, and the advantages of its indulgence in certain specified cases, a writer in the Scientific American says there is a rule in this connection which is always safe, and will save life in multitudes of cases where the most skillfully exhibited drugs have been entirely unavailing. Partake at first, of what nature seems to crave, in very small quantities; if no uncomfortable feeling follows, gradually increase the amount until no more is called for.

## The two Prayers.

Two white hands on the breast
And labor's done,
Two pale feet crossed in rest
The race is run,
Two eyes with coin weights shut,
All tears cease,
Two lips where grief is mute,
Anger at peace;
So pray we in pain, mourning our lot
God in great kindness answereth not.

Two hands at work addressed
Ay, to his praise,
Two feet that never rest
Walking his ways;
Two eyes that look above
Through all their tears;
Two lips still breathing love
Not grief not fears;
So pray we afterward low on our knees
Father forgive those erring prayers—hear these.

## We sing to Those we Love.

Take the bright shell
From its home by the lea,
And wherever it goes
It will sing of the sea;
So take the fond heart,
From its home and its hearth,
T'will sing of the loved
To the ends of the earth.

If you take the bright shell,
Though you break it in two,
The remnant will sing you
The sea song anew.
So the chords of the heart
Will respond to love's strain,
Though distance or malice,
May have rent us in twain.

## Letter from North Carolina.

From Our Own Correspondent.

BEAUFORT, N. C., Oct. 31, 1863.

MR. EDITOR:—For very good and sufficient reasons, not necessary for me to explain, some considerable time has elapsed since I have written to you; but I presume the delay has passed unnoticed by your readers, for the reason that I am unable, from this point, to give any startling incidents; and, in the usually quiet garrison life at this post, there is great want of material with which to make an interesting letter.

The usual monotony has been broken, during the past three weeks, by the changing of troops. All the old troops which formerly belonged to Gen. Foster's division, except the remnant of the 17th Mass. Reg., have been ordered to Virginia; and the troops composing Maj. Gen. Peck's division have been brought from Virginia here. This movement takes all the Massachusetts regiments from this point, save the 17th regiment and the 2d Mass. heavy artillery. This change has caused a good deal of hustle and confusion at this port. Troops have been continually landing and embarking, with all their camp equipage—horses, cannon, and baggage wagons. To one unused to such scenes, it presents an interesting spectacle. It is curious to see the amount of luggage a soldier will carry with him, strapped on his back and in his hands, all his wealth being within his grasp—knapsack, haversack, blankets, overcoat, tin cup, canteen, perhaps an iron spider and an extra pair of boots or shoes, cartridge box, cap box, rubber blanket, musket, and often a bird-cage containing a pet bird, a box or two of trophies, curiosities, or keepsakes, which he is carefully preserving to take home to his wife, sister, or mother, or other loved one. At first sight, it would seem impossible to carry the burden; but he has become inured to it, and his contented face and pleasant jokes show that he does not feel greatly burdened. This port is the rendezvous for the blockading fleet off Wilmington, and almost daily a gunboat arrives here to "coal up" and obtain supplies; and by them we are constantly informed of the efficiency or *inefficiency* of the blockade, resulting from having altogether too small a force to guard the entrance, and many of such as are there being slow-moving craft—old, worn-out hulks, which some interested "inspector" has permitted to be palmed off upon the Government. Recently, however, there have been improvements, both in number and quality of gunboats, and many blockade runners are either captured or destroyed, though a still greater number escape.

Mercantile business is quite brisk, in trading with the many vessels that enter here, as well as with the soldiers and citizens. The negroes, now being at work for themselves, are earning good wages, and are feeling the results of their freedom. They are extensive patrons of the merchants. Having money, they are inclined to "fix up" in their dress and general appearance. Some of them have frequently remarked to me that the darkies never dressed so well before, and now they dress as well as "white folks." There will be some fine opportunities for enterprising Yankees to develope the resources of this region, which have so long lain dormant, when this war is ended; and, in fact, some are already "taking Time by the fore-lock," and are getting into positions to reap a harvest eventually. Everything here is fifty years behind the times. For a wonder, I know of two brothers, natives, who have "struck out" this season, and have worked a plantation, about five miles from here. They will make at least $8000 profit, principally on cotton and corn. They are now in the midst of their cotton harvest, picking and ginning. The wealthy citizens are doing a thriving business; never so good before; the darkies are living in clover; but the poor whites are as poor and as lazy as ever.

The largest fire ever known in town occurred last Sunday morning. It broke out at about four o'clock, in a kitchen belonging to a citizen (which are invariably detached from the dwellings), and, before sufficient help could be obtained, the flames had reached the dwelling house. The buildings are constructed almost entirely of hard pine, and are quite near each other through the lower part of the town; consequently, the fire, aided by the high wind that prevailed, soon went "marching on" quite rampantly. Three large dwellings were entirely and another partially destroyed, together with the large and only hotel, an apothecary store, and several smaller buildings. Further spread of the fire was prevented only by the strenuous exertions of the soldiers and darkies. The white citizens stood listlessly gazing at the fire; and, when remonstrated with for inactivity, said, "Let the owners take care of their own property." Chivalry!

The town, as well as all this region, is entirely under military control. Martial law is the only law; still, there is very little clashing between the citizens and the soldiers.—The animosity formerly existing appears to be dying out by degrees, in town, particularly among the men. There are still many females (can't call them ladies) who remain as incorrigibly bitter towards the "Yanks" as ever; but they are not often seen out of their domicils. So, also, many of the people living at a distance from town (I mean the wealthier class of planters) are still rebelliously inclined. Some I know who have told me that they have not visited town since "the Feds" occupied it; nor do they intend to while they remain. Even after the close of the war, as close it must, there will remain, in the minds of many, a hatred of the Northerners. Their pride is humbled; their chivalry they find to be an empty boast; they are overpowered by the North; they cannot throw off that power, and it chafes and galls them. They are mad; for the pomp and glory of their boasted superiority is gone.

To change the subject; Government is destined to be swindled. The operations of contractors, of various grades and kinds, from shoddy to ships, are patent. Now, Government has taken a business into its own hands, that of purchasing naval stores which are produced here—turpentine, tar, and rosin. Until this movement, turpentine was sold for from $15 to $25 per barrel. Government has appointed an agent to purchase for the navy. He is instructed to pay $12 per barrel, and no more, for turpentine. Producers are to sell to this agent only, and if any refuse to sell they are to be compelled. Now, I predict that, with inspection, transportation, and general (usual) bad management, together with invariable leakage, every barrel will cost Government $30. Many producers are hiding their stores until the pressure shall be removed.

At the commencement of this letter, I alluded to the monotony of life here. Many ways are contrived to vary this. Boating, riding, hunting, and fishing, are resorted to. Fish are abundant, and game is plenty, which affords a fine opportunity for gunning to such as are fortunate enough to obtain the contraband articles, powder, shot, and percussion caps. I have been very fortunate in that respect. There are great abundance of water fowl, ducks beginning to be plenty, and on shore there is no lack of game. By such means, we can have a change in our provision arrangements, which is not displeasing.

Government, in connection with educational associations at the North, is commencing a series of schools for the contraband children, as well as for adults. Rev. Mr. James is the general superintendent. Rev. Mr. Green is here, as superintendent for this district; and two young ladies, as teachers, have arrived, and commenced schools which are well attended. DEW.

## Living and Means.

The world is full of people who can't imagine why they don't prosper like their neighbors, when the real obstacle is not in banks or tariffs, in bad public policy or hard times, but in their own extravagance and heedless ostentation. The young clerk marries and takes a house, which he proceeds to furnish twice as expensively as he can afford; and then, his wife, instead of taking hold to earn a livelihood by doing her own work, must have a hired servant to help spend his limited earnings. Ten years afterwards, you will find him struggling on under a load of debts and children, wondering why luck was always against him, while his friends regret his unhappy destitution and financial inability.—Had they, from the first, been frank and honest, he need not have been so unlucky. The single man, "hired out" in the country at ten to fifteen dollars per month, who contrives to dissolve a year's earnings in frolics and fine clothes; the clerk who has five hundred dollars a year, and melts fifty of it into liquor and cigars, are paralleled by the young merchant who fills a house with costly furniture, gives dinners, and drives a fast horse, on the strength of the profits he expects to realize when his goods are sold and his notes all paid. Let a man have a genius for spending, and, whether his income be a dollar a day or a dollar a minute, it is equally certain to prove inadequate. The man who, being single, does not save money on six dollars a week, will not be able to on sixty; and he who does not lay up something during his first year of independent exertion, will be pretty apt to wear a poor man's hair into his grave.

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ENORMOUS WASTE OF GUNPOWDER.—According to the computation of a late foreign journal, the average number of blank cartridges fired every day in military and naval salutes throughout the world is not less than 150,000. Estimating the cost of each discharge at six francs, or about $175,000, as the daily expense of these complimentary salutes. This amounts in the course of the year to more than $60,000,000. Thus, adds our authority, this prodigal planet of ours shoots into the unrequitting atmosphere more than 300,000,000 of francs every year. But the query naturally arises, would it be any gain, in point of economy, to expend this amount of powder in shooting off the heads, legs and arms of human beings, the producers and accumulators of all the wealth there is in the world?

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MEN AND STOCKINGS.—"Ma," said a five-year-old young lady to her mother, "do they make men the same as they do stockings?"—"How absurd you are, Jane—of course not." "Then what made you say, this morning, Ma, that Major Spanker was a remarkably WELL KNIT man?" "Jane, if you don't hold your tongue, I'll have you put in Harper's Magazine."

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TEA.—They drink tea, in Russia, as soon as the boiling water is poured on it, while we allow it to stand until it becomes as black as one's hat and as bitter as hops. The gentlemen generally drink their tea in tumblers without milk, sometimes adding a slice of lemon, while the ladies take it in cups, with any amount of cream.

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☞ If you must form harsh judgments, form them of yourself, not of others; and in general, begin by attending to your own deficiencies first. If every one would sweep up his own walk, we should have very clean streets.

## Broken Homes.

Sad thoughts come crowding into my heart to-night; thoughts of broken homes, of cheerless hearth stones, and of missing loved ones. Where can we find a home that is not broken? Where look upon an unbroken family circle? Alas! there are few such.—Be the home a palace, or a cottage, be it the home of the rich, or the home of the day-laborer, we seldom find that home unbroken. Some loved form is missing, some sweet voice which once made home echo with its joyous music, is hushed forever, and some bright eyes are closed.

Ye know not what gem it is that has dropped from your home casket; even the smallest one is missed; oh! how much. The little one that has numbered but one brief summer, is a precious link to the chain of loved ones, and if that link be severed, it casts sorrow o'er your heart, and leaves you a broken home. It may be a kind father, whose voice ever counseled you in the path of duty and who has been a loving guide through the years of youth. Now, his counsels are done, not lost; for will you not ever treasure them in your memory? Perhaps it is a fond, indulgent mother, who, care-worn and weary with the duties of life, has gone to rest. How little did you value her prayers and pleadings, her daily and hourly sacrifices for you; but now that you hear those prayers no more you weep bitter tears and sigh for her, who once was the light of that now broken home. Home may be broken by the absence of a fair and gentle sister, or a noble brother.—That sister may have left you for a new and untried home, or perhaps, day after day, you have marked painfully the hectic flush on her cheek, the eyes so unnaturally large and brilliant, and, as you have sat by her, holding the thin, emaciated hand in yours, turned away to hide the tears which filled your eyes, as you thought of the home so soon to be broken. That brother, who was the gayest of the home circle, may be roaming in distant lands, or pursuing his studies in some far-off city, surrounded by temptations to which he was a stranger at home, or, he may have yielded thus early to the Great Reaper, who spares not youth or beauty. How oft in the calm hours of thought, thinking of the past, the present and the unknown future, you seem to see the sweet smiling face of that sister, or to hear the clear tones of that brother. But, ah! it is only a dream; a broken home is yours.

Perhaps the "lone blue sea" keeps some cherished one, who had bid you good bye with a sad heart and tearful eyes, to seek, for a few months another home, but who, on a raging sea, found a grave beneath the rolling waves, while you, resting peacefully at home, were little dreaming that your home was broken. We, who are now bright and happy, will ere long realize what it is to have broken homes. Each of us as we grow old, must separate from the loved inmates of home, and go forth into the world to find other hearts and homes. We may be many miles from the old homes. Oceans may roll between, yet still, wherever we are, whether in the midst of city scenes, or enjoying the calm quiet of country life, our hearts will finally linger on the dear, but broken home of youth. —*Washoe Times.*

## The Result of Street Education.

Keep your children off the street. By that we mean, do not let them pick up acquaintances on the sidewalks. If they attend public schools, you must establish a sort of verbal quarantine at your own door, and examine the youthful tongue once a day, to see if it has not a secretion of slang upon it.

Mrs. Careful's little son Manfred came running into the paternal mansion the other day, shouting to the cook:

"Now, then, old girl, slap up that dinner!"

"Why, Manfred!" began the astonished mother, "where did you learn such language? Who have you been playing with?"

"Me?" said the hopeful; "I generally play with Dick Turner, 'cause he's a bully boy with a glass eye; that's so."

The fond mother was about to express some astonishment at the optical misfortune of Dick, when the son continued:

"Ma, I'm going to buy a plug. Jim Smith wears a one, and I'm as big as he is."

"A plug!" gasped the mother.

"Yes sir-ee, a plug. I've got the spondulicks salted down in my box, sure; it's bound to come."

The mother, at this juncture, ordered the youngster up stairs, and sent for a man-servant to interpret the slang.

## Benevolence and Selfishness.

There are two principles in Society that exert a powerful influence for good or for evil. One had its birth place in Heaven and the other in Hell. They are Benevolence and Selfishness. The first is always commended, the second condemned. Selfishness exhibits itself in others to an alarming extent; what is wonderful, we never see it in ourselves.—All those institutions in Society that have for their object the good of humanity, that enlighten the ignorant, enrich the poor, clothe the naked, feed the hungry, elevate the moral sentiment, all these are the offspring of Benevolence. Those institutions that stultify the mind, that degrade the man, that ruin the Soul, are the fruits of Selfishness. Selfishness is a dropsical self love, unnatural and deformed. Benevolence should always be graduated by self love or duty to self, never by inordinate love of self.—*Brookline Herald.*

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☞ A man who had been fined several weeks in succession for getting drunk, coolly proposed to the Judge that he should take him by the year at a reduced rate.

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☞ A chandler having some candles stolen, a person bid him be of good cheer, "for in a short time," said he, "I am confident they will all come to light."

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☞ We see an announcement of the marriage of Mrs Greenback. Now look out for a new issue of "legal tender."

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☞ We suppose a man "clothes himself with curses as with a garment," when he keeps himself warm by swearing.

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☞ "Better die than be conquered" says the Richmond Whig. As you please, rebels, you pays your money and takes your choice.

## Letter from Boston.

From Our Own Correspondent.

BOSTON, Nov. 3d, 1863.

Saturday and Monday evenings will long be remembered here as occasions of great interest. On the former eve, the members of the Music Hall Corporation, subscribers to the organ fund, and a few others, were invited by the directors to witness the first exhibition of the new organ. All present were delighted, both by what they saw and what they heard. The entertainment was one of unusual interest. On Monday evening was given the first public concert; tickets $3.—The hall was filled to its utmost capacity, with such an array of culture, taste, fashion, and dress, as is seldom seen—never, probably, before in Boston. Twelve of the States were represented. From New York there were 200 persons present, from Philadelphia 100, and as many more from Baltimore and Washington. Parties from Chicago and Detroit were present, and all parts of New England were well represented. The organists who performed were G. W. Morgan, of Grace Church, New York, Messrs. Long, Paine, Wilcox, and Tuckerman, of Boston, and W. E. Thayer, of Worcester. The music was well selected, and the performance of unusual interest. Everybody seemed to be highly gratified and fully satisfied, both with what was seen and heard in the music line, and with seeing and being seen; for some, doubtless, as is usual on such occasions, went for the latter laudable purposes.

The structure is 48 feet wide, 24 feet deep, and 60 feet high, and is of black walnut.—The organ was built in Germany, and is said to equal in power a choir of 6000 voices. It was seven years in building, and is said by those who profess to know (having enjoyed opportunities to hear and see, abroad as well as at home) to be the best organ in the world, as it combines the excellencies of the many best built before it. It was built by Walker & Son, in Germany. The latter came over to set it up. The structure or facade was designed by Hertu of New York, and was built by Hertu & Brothers. The carved figures are superb, and were made, some of them, in Stuttgart. The stops of this organ are as follows:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Great Organ . . . . | 25 | 1630 |
| Swell Organ . . . . | 18 | 1172 |
| Choir Organ . . . . | 15 | 928 |
| Solo Organ . . . . | 11 | 750 |
| Pedal Organ . . . . | 20 | 690 |
| | 89 | 5474 |

The largest pipes are 32 feet long, and large enough for a man to crawl through without difficulty, while the smallest are no larger than a baby's whistle.

The address of Dr. F. B. Upham, President of the Corporation, on Saturday evening, and the recitation of the Ode written by a Boston lady, by Miss Charlotte Cushman, on Monday evening, were pleasing performances, and were highly applauded. In closing his address, Dr. Upham said to the members of the Corporation, who have the keeping of the grand organ:

"Guard and protect it, and watch over it; preserve it, with a jealous care, from all base or profane and incongruous use. As the great names you have inscribed upon its front, in their silent eloquence, appeal to you to do; as the image of Sebastian Bach, from its high enthronement, would entreat of you if it could; as the great master of symphony, standing never more appropriately than now, through whose deaf ears heavenly harmonies are strained once more, would beseech of you; let it be, to you and to your children, the inculcator of high and noble aims—an educator of generations yet unborn—teaching, with its thousand tongues, the precepts of religion, and virtue, and heaven-born charity—from out of whose golden mouths shall ever issue PRAISE TO GOD."

There will be two more concerts this week, one on Thursday and the other on Saturday evening. Tickets $3. OBSERVER.

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A MAN WITH TOO MUCH WIFE.—Chapman, a witty lawyer of Hartford, was busy with a case, at which a lady was present, with whom he had already had something to do as a witness.

Her husband was present—a diminutive, meek, forbearing sort of man—who, in the language of Mr. Chapman, "looked like a rooster just fished out of a swill barrel;" while the lady was a large, portly woman, evidently the "better horse." As on the former occasion she "balked" on the cross examination. The latter was pressing the question with his usual urgency, when she said, with vindictive fire flashing from her eyes:

"Mr. Chapman, you needn't think you can catch me; you tried that once before!"

Putting on his most quizzical expression, Mr. Chapman replied:

"Madam, I haven't the slightest desire to catch you; and your husband looks to me as if he was sorry he had!"

The husband faintly smiled assent.

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FACTS.—The credulity of women, on the subject of being loved, is very great. They often mistake a common liking for a particular regard, and on this foundation build up a castle in the air, and fill it with all the treasures of their bright hopes and confiding love, and when some startling fact destroys the vision, they feel as if the whole creation were a blank to them, and they were the most injured of women. It is safer to be very skeptical on the subject of being loved; but if you do make the mistake, take all the blame to yourself, and save your dignity by secresy, if you cannot keep your heart from loving.—*Mrs. Farrer.*

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☞ The white of an egg has proved of late most efficacious remedy for burns. Seven or eight successive applications of this substance will soothe the pain and effectually exclude the burned parts from the air. This simple remedy seems far preferable to collodion or even cotton.

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☞ A cotemporary, in speaking of a newly invented, metalic burial case, says it is highly recommended by those who have used it.

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☞ A clergyman being asked if the members of his church were united, replied—Perfectly united—*frozen together.*

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☞ Some editors never tell the truth except when they charge each other with lying.

## The Coal Tar Dyes.

Who would have dreamed, ten years ago, that the black, evil-smelling substance that we hastily passed in the street, holding our breath for fear of inhaling its loathsome vapor, would produce delicious scents, vieing with the rose and violet in delicacy of odor, and colors that rival in brilliancy of hue the lovely tints of these queens of the garden. Yet so it is; and we are indebted to coal tar for the beautiful sulphur and canary yellow, the lovely mauve or mallow tint, the magenta red, splendid blue, and emerald green.

The coal tar dyes are all easy of application, and their colorific properties are very powerful, a mere atom dissolved in water or alcohol being sufficient to dye several pounds of silk or wool. They have not as yet been satisfactorily applied to dyeing cotton and linen, although, by the use of certain mordants, they have been printed on muslins and calicoes in a very permanent manner. Their permanence on animal fibres received a most convincing test at the International Exhibition. In Mr. Perkin's case hung several specimens of silk and wool, which remained exposed to the fiercest rays of the sun for more than six months. Before removing them, it was naturaly expected that the side turned to the light would have faded; but on examination, the sharpest eyes could detect no difference between the sheltered and exposed portions of the fabrics.

## Old Bachelors.

An Exchange says: "If our Maker thought it wrong for Adam to live single, when there was not a woman upon the earth, how criminally guilty are old bachelors, with the world full of pretty girls!"

Another exchange meets the railing accusation.

"Ever since the days of Adam, old bachelors have been the butt of everybody's ridicule. We protest against it. There is a vast difference between Adam and the old bachelors of our day. Adam could *afford* to marry—many bachelors now-a-days cannot. What with the crinoline, five hundred dollar shawls diamond bracelets, and pin money, it is no small undertaking at this age of the world. Eve had no choice—it was Adam or nobody. She had no chance to get up a flirtation, for there was nobody to flirt with.—Seeing no other means of tantalizing her husband—a feminine peculiarity from that day to this—she got him in a scrape by eating the forbidden fruit. "Old bachelors are criminally guilty," are they? Give "old bachelors" the same chance Adam had, and our word for it, a majority of them would put on matrimony in no time."

And then the Columbus Inquirer clinches the matter:

"Them's our sentiments," to a fraction.—And it is our opinion, further, that if some married men were restricted to the same attractions and temptations that Adam had, there would be fewer applications to *put off* matrimony when once assumed. O, for the good old days of Adam and Eve!

## True Greatness.

Man has no intrinsic greatness. He is finite, and weak, and poor, and perishing, and can be great only by associating himself with something that is divine; something that shall lift him up into a nobler sphere. And, therefore, he who knows how to cast himself upon the stream of the divine will, that is flowing through time and the world, shall, by the divine power, partake of eminence and glory. He who appreciates what is the divine life, and perceives that God is great by the good that he does, and is conscious that he is conducting a providence on earth that aims at his own greatness; he who sees God in his providence, and identifies himself with the course of events as it is divinely ordered shall take the humiliations that belong to it now, and also the rewards which accrue from it in the end. He who knows how to identify himself with God's great moral courses in this world, as revealed in each age, is on the way to greatness.

## Births.

The having a boy or girl seems to have been a power reserved in the hands of the great and wise Creator of all. The relative proportion, the world over, legitimate and illegitimate, gives about one hundred and six males to one hundred females. In the manufacturing and agricultural districts in England the proportion is identical, seeming to show that the male race is not diminished by crowded houses, unfresh vegetables, bad vapors, poverty and the like; but it does seem that luxury, inaction and brain-labor give two per cent. less of boys. The greatest thinkers are less apt to have sons; less apt to have children at all; and when they do have them they are more likely to die early. The determining power of sex seems thus far to be in the woman, but involuntarily so; she being adapted, an old man is as likely to have a son as a young one, which is contrary to generally received opinions.—*Hall's Journal of Health.*

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UNPUNCTUAL PEOPLE.—What bores they are—what havoc they make with the precious moments of orderly, systematic, men of business. A person who is faithless to his appointments may not intend to swindle people, but he does. To those who know how to turn time to advantage, every hour has an appreciable pecuniary value; minutes, even, are worth so much apiece. He who robs you of them might just as well take so much money from your purse. The act is petty larceny, according to the amount of time he compels you to waste, and the value of it, at a fair appraisal, to yourself and family. The only capital of a large portion of the community is time. Their compensation is measured by the clock. The moments of which promise breakers cheat them may represent, in fact, the necessaries of life, and the loss of an hour may involve the privation of a loaf, or a joint, or some other article urgently needed at home. Nobody places any confidence in persons who are habitually behind time.—They scarcely succeed in any enterprise.—Therefore, for your own sake, as well as for the sake of others, be punctual.

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☞ A woman who recently had her butter seized by the clerk of the market for short weight, gave as a reason that the cow from which the butter was made was subject to the cramp, and that caused the butter to shrink in weight.

# Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, NOV. 14, 1863.


THE advance of Gen. Meade in Virginia has created quite a panic among the rebels. On Monday, the rebels were encamped on the railroad above Gordonsville. Our army was put in motion on Tuesday, but we do not learn that a collision has yet occurred.—There is little doubt that Lee has gone to take charge of Bragg's army in Georgia, and that a heavy force of rebels is pressing Gen. Burnside in East Tennessee.—Four blockade runners have recently been captured.—An attack on Mobile, by Gen. Banks, is predicted.—The rebels in Canada are plotting to seize steamboats on Lake Erie, liberate rebel prisoners on Johnston's Island, and burn Buffalo.

## The Look Abroad.

Whatever may have been the disposition of England and France towards recognizing the rebels, there is little indication at the present time of any such event. There has been a radical change of sentiment in England upon the subject, and the results are seen in the exit of Mr. Mason, the rebel diplomat, and the seizure of rebel rams fitting out to prey upon our commerce. The speeches of Earl Russell assert the determination of the British Government to maintain its first declaration of neutrality, and the tone of the English press is much changed in our favor. The triumph of Henry Ward Beecher over the secessionists of Liverpool and London, when attempts were made to inflame the public against him, and to hiss him down when speaking, shows how sincere and extensive has been the change.—Beecher has done our cause a world of good in England. His eloquence, fresh and full of illustration, carried the masses with him, as the strong current of a stream sweeps along everything that ventures upon its bosom.

In France, too, there is a better feeling toward the United States. Imitating the example of England, several rams building for the rebels have been seized and detained. We do not hear of Slidell being closeted with the emperor very lately, nor do we hear of any further propositions of arbitration. The visit of the Russian fleet to New York, and the attentions paid to it, has, undoubtedly, had its effect abroad. France is suspicious of the Russian Bear, and does not like to see him hugging Americans or Americans hugging him. Russia has, all along, manifested its friendliness to us, and has never been found giving aid to the rebels. In return, it is but natural that we should coquette and flirt with its distinguished representatives.

The aspect of affairs abroad excites a groan from the rebels. Their hope of speedy recognition is gone, and they are left to struggle on alone, without a spark of foreign encouragement. Private individuals may give them aid and comfort, through mercenary motives, by fitting out vessels for running the blockade; but even this source of comfort has become too dangerous for profit, and there is a great decrease of blockade runners. As these circumstances depress the rebels, they encourage the loyal people of the North, who have but to be patient and fight manfully to insure complete and final victory.

## The Legislature.

The extra session of the Mass. legislature met at Boston on Wednesday, when Governor Andrew addressed the two branches in convention, upon the matters upon which they would be called upon to act. The address suggested that the State should increase the monthly pay of soldiers, instead of paying bounties, so that the volunteer would be well paid for the time he gave to the service. The Governor objects to the towns offering bounties, and does not favor a reproval of the law prohibiting municipal officers from paying bounty money to volunteers. He suggests, and urges that justice be done to the colored men who have gone from Massachusetts. At present they get but $10 per month, and the Governor wants the legislature to increase their pay, to the same as that of white soldiers.

After the adjournment of the legislature on Wednesday a committee was appointed to consider the suggestions of the Governor, and a bill was laid before the committee proposing to pay all volunteers $20 a month from the State treasury, instead of the bounties now offered. The committee will get a bill of some sort before the legislature in a day or two, but it is very doubtful whether the one proposed will be accepted, or answer the purpose.—Bounties paid at the time of enlistment are greater inducements to volunteers than monthly pay, and if the quota of Massachusetts is to be filled in two months, it will require a greater stimulus than $20 a month to bring it about.

NEARLY TWO MILLION SLAVES SENT INTO GEORGIA AND ALABAMA.—Gentlemen who have arrived in Washington from Kentucky report that eighteen hundred thousand slaves have been run into Alabama and Georgia alone from Kentucky, Tennessee, Louisiana and Mississippi by rebel owners, to escape the Union troops. Great distress was occasioned by this enormous influx of food consumers, and so scarce had subsistence become that even cornbread was a luxury and almost the sole diet of every class.

ARRESTED FOR MURDER.—John B. Holmes, a civil engineer, doing business in New York, was arrested on Saturday last on a charge of murder committed ten years ago. The murdered man was a police officer named Goutley whom Holmes stabbed to the heart while in his custody for breaking the peace.

AN ANGRY DEATH.—A girl seven years old died in a fit of passion at London, Vt., one day last week. She had quarreled with her sister, and became so enraged as to bring on a fit of apoplexy.

HEAVY BOUNTIES.—The town of Sutton has voted to pay seven hundred dollars to each volunteer which it is required to raise, in addition to the Government bounty.

☞ The San Francisco Era says that Adah Isaacs Menken netted over $10,000 by her first engagement at Maguire's Opera House.

## THE LATEST WAR NEWS!

Our army in Virginia has made another advance and has gained quite an important victory. The commands of Maj Gens. Sedgwick and French, at 2 o'clock on Saturday had pressed forward to the banks of the Rappahannock, the first to the railroad crossing, and the other to Kelly's Ford, driving the enemy before them, carrying the redoubts on this side of the river, capturing nearly 2000 prisoners and a battery of seven guns. Eight battle flags were also captured, and the rebels driven from their fortifications at the point of the bayonet.

The enemy attempted to throw an entire division across the river at Kelly's Ford, but the movement was checked by Gen. French, who by a well-directed artillery fire shattered the rebel ranks and caused them to retreat in utter confusion. Our men fought splendidly, making most impetuous and gallant charges, and our total loss will not exceed 400 killed and wounded.

Our forces have pushed on to the Rapidan, and the rebels have betaken themselves to their fortifications on the other side. Gen. Lee is reported to have gone to Chattanooga, leaving his army in the care of Ewell and Hill, who wish to avoid a battle.

Our forces in Southwestern Virginia, under Gens. Averill and Duffie, made a combined attack, on Saturday last, upon the rebels under Jackson, in the Kanawha Valley, near Lewisburgh. The attack was perfectly successful, our men fighting splendidly, and driving the enemy in such great trepidation that he abandoned all his guns, colors, supplies and wounded. Our troops now hold the town of Lewisburgh.

Guerrillas still continue their attacks upon stragglers from Gen. Meade's army. They capture a Major here, a Quartermaster there, and men everywhere, and there seems to be no effort to check their operations.

The situation at Chattanooga is reported to be safe. Our supplies can now be shipped by way of the river to within two miles of camp. One report says that Bragg's army is retreating south and that Longstreet is organizing an extensive raid on our line of communication. Our forces maintain possession of Raccoon Valley, having been heavily re-enforced, and our cavalry is making raids in Madison and Huntsville Counties.

Gen. Burnside has suffered a disaster at Rogersville, about 15 miles from the Virginia State line. Two of his outposts were captured with 600 men and four cannon. The main army of Burnside remains where it was, and is considered to be in an impregnable position.

Advices from Arkansas represent that Arkadelphia, recently the headquarters of the rebel Gen. Price, is now in possession of Gen. Steele. Recruiting for the Union army continues very brisk, over 700 volunteers from Yell County alone having reported to Gen. Steele.

A dispatch from Knoxville to the Cincinnati Commercial says that a rebel regiment crossed the Little Tennessee River on Monday last and were driven back to Col. Adams of the 1st Kentucky, with a loss of 50 killed and drowned and 40 captured, including four officers.

A Memphis despatch of the 7th states that Gen. Hatch has driven the rebel Gen. Chalmers across the Tullahatchie, whipping him severely.

Charleston advices do not give us much encouragement of immediate possession of Charleston. Gillmore is pounding away at old Sumter but the rebels hold possession in defiance of cannon balls.

Another expedition has left the Southwest Pass, New Orleans, with Gen. Banks accompanying it. Its destination was unknown.

A small body of Union cavalry under Lieut. Nicoll, attacked a rebel picket station near Washington, N. C., on the 1st inst. There were thirteen men at the station, five of whom were killed and the remainder made prisoners. In the affair, Lieut. Nicoll was killed by being shot through the head.

Gen. Blunt's command, en route to Fort Smith, Ark., is said to be seriously threatened by the rebel forces under Shelby and Cooper, numbering 9,000 men. Gen. Blunt has a force of 1,800 cavalry, escorting an immense supply train, and he has made preparations to give the raiders a warm reception.

INTERESTING TO SELECTMEN.—Selectmen of towns will be allowed fifteen dollars for each recruit enlisted by them and mustered into the service of the United States. This premium is to be in full for the services and expenses of selectmen, excepting expenses for rations and transportation of recruits.

CHEAP PLACE TO LIVE.—Living in Cincinnati is cheap compared with prices here. Beefsteaks sell at from eight to eleven cents per pound, beef roasts at ten cents, mutton at eight cents, chickens at thirty cents each, butter at twenty cents per pound, etc. Vegetables sell at equally reasonable rates.

VISIT TO SUMTER.—Fort Sumter was entered by a venturesome party of Union soldiers on the night of the 2d inst. They mounted the ruins and peered inside before being discovered. Though greeted with a volley of rebel musketry, the party got away safely, with a small cargo of bricks as trophies.

☞ Of one hundred and fifty vessels now lading at New York, for foreign ports, only twenty are American. The depredations of the rebel pirates are cutting the American shipping interest up to a fearful extent.

☞ The Indians on the Upper Missouri are again very lively in the business of taking the lives of others. They'll never be quiet while the secession war shall last, unless sent to their graves.

GEORGIA'S DEBT.—The total indebtedness of the State of Georgia is $14,149,410. This is forty-seven dollars of indebtedness to every white male inhabitant of the State.

☞ A gale of wind visited New York on Friday, last week, and drove the Russian Admiral's vessel, stern foremost, into one of the piers on North River.

☞ Cotton is almost a drug at Vera Cruz, arriving at that port from Texas. The cotton famine is not much talked of now-a-days.

## Letter from Worcester.

WORCESTER, Nov. 12th, 1863.

MR. EDITOR:—It is said that every new enterprise adds more or less to the wealth and prosperity of every place; but it does not always add to the wealth of those who invest in such enterprises. There are many railroads and canals in this country which have never made any returns to the stockholders, but which have been the means of building up and developing many sections which otherwise would have remained dormant. The first important enterprise in this place was the Blackstone Canal, built from here to Providence, R. I. Although now obsolete, and those who invested their money in the enterprise lost it, it was of the utmost importance to the future prosperity of the place, and the benefits conferred were permanent. Real estate advanced, and the place increased rapidly in population and wealth, till Worcester has become one of the most important and beautiful towns in the Commonwealth.

The next important enterprise was the building of the Boston & Worcester Railroad. The business men of Boston saw the importance of communicating with this place by rail, so as to regain the large trade which had been lost to them for many years. Had it not been that the canal terminated here, the railroad would have passed south of Worcester, so as to avoid the "Deep Cut," which, at that period of railroad building, was considered an almost impassable obstacle. Now, there is communication with the outer world at nearly all points of the compass, giving to the enterprising people unexcelled advantages for carrying on almost every variety of business. There is not, probably, another place to be found in the country, where so many branches of business are carried on, in proportion to its size, as in Worcester.

The last important enterprise is the horse railroad, running through some of the principal streets and out to New Worcester. Before it was built, it was admitted that it could not be a profitable investment, even by those who subscribed for stock; but, thus far, they have been happily disappointed, as it has been doing a profitable business—so much so that they contemplate extending it to other sections. Besides, it is a very convenient and comfortable mode of conveyance from one portion of the city to another; and it enables those who live out some distance, on the line of the railroad, to attend church, concerts, lectures, &c. It also affords an opportunity for persons of moderate means to live a greater distance from their business, where land is cheaper; and it opens a market for large quantities of land, for building, which has been almost useless except for agricultural purposes.

J. B. B.

## The Call for Men.

While the President is calling for more men to reinforce our armies, and State and town governments are providing for increased bounties, it behooves our young men to take the matter into serious contemplation. In all nations the fighting material is drawn from young men, and it is from this class that the next three hundred thousand will be drawn. Congress will assemble before the next draft takes place, and the $300 exemption clause will probably be struck out of the conscription act. The causes for physical exemption will also be greatly reduced, so that no farce will be played with the next draft. The price of substitutes will go up far beyond the reach of poor men, who will find no alternative, if accepted, but to go into the ranks.

The loyal States have yet about two millions of fighting men from which to draw the next quota. The number called for ought to be furnished by volunteering, and with the liberal bounties that will be offered, how can young men, who have no permanent business on their hands do better than to enlist at once? If they refuse, the draft will be pretty sure to take some of them, for it is from the class between the ages of 20 and 35 that this quota will be filled. The men must be had this time, and the volunteer will reap a great advantage over the drafted man, inasmuch as his bounty money will amount to a small fortune, while the conscript will get nothing before entering the ranks. With this risk to run, will not young men improve the opportunity, before a sterner necessity compels them to an unwilling service? Let them think the matter over candidly. They can go in small parties and enter regiments where they will not become separated, while the conscript has no alternative but to go where he is ordered. With our armies recruited, the rebellion will soon be over, and those who enter the service now will reap the same reward as those who have served through the hardships of the whole war.

PATRIOTIC OFFER.—The Excelsior Brigade of New York offers to re-enlist for three years or the war, on condition that they may be allowed the privilege to organize as mounted infantry. They also desire to be permitted to return to New York for a period of sixty days to recruit and be allowed to take advantage of the bounties offered to volunteers. The present force of the brigade is fifteen hundred commissioned officers and men present for duty, and one thousand absent.

THE STRENGTH OF THE REBELS.—A gentleman recently returned from the Southwest, where he has enjoyed unusual facilities for procuring information from within the rebel lines, estimates the aggregate of the military force which the Jeff Davis Government can bring into the field at about one hundred thousand men on this side of the Mississippi, and twenty thousand on the other side.

MASS. SOLDIERS.—The books of Adjutant General Schouler show that *eighty-three thousand nine hundred men* have gone forth from this Commonwealth, to fight the battles of the country, since the first gun was fired at Sumter. This is exclusive of the men enlisted in the navy, which would swell the aggregate to nearly *one hundred thousand.*

ANOTHER PROOF.—Among the correspondence of Jeff Davis, now in the hands of our Government, is a letter from Senator A. P. Butler of South Carolina, giving additional proof of the long standing and deeply planned conspiracy by which the people of the South were led or driven to rebellion.

POTATO ROT.—Late English papers state that the potato rot has suddenly appeared in Ireland, destroying a large portion of the crop. This fact has tended to increase emigration, and people were leaving in large numbers for Canada and the United States.

## A VARIETY OF THINGS.

OUTSIDE will be found an interesting letter from our correspondent at Beaufort, N. C., and another from a Boston correspondent, giving a description of the great organ which has set the Bostonians on tiptoe for the last fortnight. There is also other interesting reading outside.

—Great things are promised in the way of army movements within the next fortnight. It really looks as though something might happen.

—The rebels have stopped the meat rations of our prisoners, because they have not meat for their soldiers. If the poor fellows in prison could get enough of Graham diet they would be satisfied, but the rebels seem determined to keep them next door to starvation. Our Government will have to retaliate by giving rebel prisoners similar rations.

—Charles Morton, son of ex-Governor Morton of Massachusetts, and brother of Judge Morton of Springfield, died suddenly at New York city Sunday night.

—The rebels have invented a Greek fire for themselves. Can't they be content with that which Gen. Gillmore is ready to give them?

—The President and all the Governors of all the loyal states are to participate in the ceremonies attending the consecration of the National Cemetery at Gettysburg.

—If prices should go up much higher, the rebels' idea of starvation in the North will be realized. There is no bloodshed here, but there will soon be no bread for the poor to eat.

—A rebel who recently came through our lines near Vicksburg, remarking on the extremity of the rebel cause, factiously said:—"The Confederacy has a black eye."

—The Princes of Wales is in a delicate situation. The Prince expects to be a papa next March. The young folk have lost no time. Well they can afford to have a family.

—Negro insurrections are stated to be common in Georgia, and those who engage in them are soon hanged, or burned. The rebels do not like rebellion at home.

—The inhabitants of Cuba are begining to fear a revolt among the negroes, owing to the want of troops all over the island—nearly all the soldiers having been taken to suppress the powerful and ever increasing rebellion in St. Domingo.

—An agent of the rebels arrived at Mexico on the 9th of October, via Brownsville, with instructions, it was supposed, to make a treaty with the Regency of Mexico.

—Nearly half a million of dollars will probably come into Maine for her surplus potatoe crop of this season.

—The widow of the rebel General Helm, who was killed at Chickamauga, is a sister of Mrs. Abraham Lincoln.

—An old man of seventy-five years, named Tack, has been convicted of murder in Maine, but he is too old to be tucked up.

—Lots of ramsellers have been convicted in Middlesex county. Their selling seems them to cet.

—In Boston one vote was cast for Jeff Davis for Governor

—The Russian Government is building 200 iron clad gunboats, for the defence of Cronstant.

—Copperheads have as great a dislike of soldiers' ballots as the rebels have for their bullets.

—Guerrillas continue to be very active in hindering the navigation of the Mississippi. They are perfect pests.

—A rebel sailing vessel lately got away from the federal steamship Mohican, near Rio Janerio.

—Mr. Lincoln has been nominated for re-election, by a New York mass meeting.

—Virginia virgins use very insulting language to our troops.

—The United States Patent office is now self-sustaining.

—There was good skating at Lancaster, N. H., last Thursday.

—For the present no more of the new fractional currency will be issued.

—In Lynchburg, Va., last week, a negro girl sold at the enormous price of $6,150.

—Flour is quoted at $50 per barrel in Staunton Virginia.

FAIRY DRESSES.—The Anamite ambassadors, struck with admiration of the actresses of the Paris theatre, have ordered of the costume makers specimens of the principal female costumes worn in the fairy pieces at the opera and elsewhere. When asked what they intended to do with them, they said that they meant to adopt them as the ordinary costume of their wives and daughters.

CRINOLINE PROHIBITED.—The inconvenience of crinoline has been found so great in the Staffordshire potteries that the principal manufacturers, the Messrs. Copeland, Messrs. Minton, and others, have forbidden the use of crinoline on their premises during the hours of work. In one shop alone, the losses by breakage of articles swept down by them amounted to £200 a year. The workshops became too small, and the work was impeded.

HOW FOLKS GET MISTAKEN.—A lady in New York got injured by a horse car the other day, and a Frenchman grew very distressed over the accident, supposing her to be his wife; but, after getting her home, he discovered that it was another woman; all which goes to prove that people get very much mistaken sometimes.

NEW ORLEANS.—Political organizations, with a view to overthrow the present military rule in New Orleans, by the unauthorized election of a State government, are gaining some headway. An address has been issued to the people, and the names of the candidates have been promulgated.

LOST NECKLACE FOUND.—Some time since, a diamond necklace, valued at $3000, was stolen from a gentleman in St. Louis. Last week, it was restored, through the confessional of a Catholic church, the pleadings of conscience having proved stronger than the appeals of cupidity.

UNION MEETING IN TENNESSEE.—There was a great Union mass meeting at Knoxville, Tenn., on the 24th ult., which, notwithstanding the exceedingly inclement weather, was attended by near ten thousand loyal Tennesseeans, some of them travelling forty miles from their homes to be present at the jubilee.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A pair of runaway horses, driven by George Gragg of Springfield, on Monday afternoon, ran over Miss Ella Orchard, of that city, near the depot, inflicting internal injuries from which she died in a few moments. She was a girl of 17, and a beautiful and most estimable young lady.

## PALMER AND VICINITY.

"BEN BUTLER" and "Palmer Girl," both Palmer horses, will trot on the Amherst Park this afternoon, for purses of $100 and $50.

THE holidays are approaching, and a new supply of toys and presents are in readiness at the post office for those who may want them.

OFFICIAL VISIT.—The State Board of Charities, created by the legislature last winter, visited the Monson State Almshouse on Wednesday.

DANCING SCHOOL.—The young folks have got up a dancing school in this village, John Bacon of Southbridge being the teacher. It is held at Antique Hall Tuesday evenings.

PURCHASE.—F. J. Wassum has purchased the western half of Commercial block, and will enlarge his tailoring apartments to correspond with his increasing business.

POLICE.—On the 6th inst., Daniel Regan, who ran away from the State Almshouse, and was found begging again, was tried before justice Allen, and sent to the house of correction for thirty days.

MR. COOPER, whose picture saloon stands on the common, advertises what he proposes to do in the way of picturing the faces of the public. He intends to keep pace with all competitors in his line of business.

LONG ONES.—Shubael Chapman, of this town, has left at our office two long carrots, one of which measures 3 feet 7 inches, and the other but a few inches less. These were the smallest which he raised in a bed in his garden.

KILLED.—A Frenchman named Francis Lashapell, of Fiskdale, was instantly killed on the farm of Abram Charles, at East Brimfield, on Monday, last week. He was loading ship timber, when a stick fell on his head and crushed his skull. He leaves a wife and two children.

NEW BRIDGE.—A new stone bridge, costing $332, has just been completed over the stream near the State Almshouse. It takes the place of the one swept away by the freshet last summer. A new stone dam on the almshouse farm has, also, been built, in place of the one destroyed by the same freshet.

BELCHERTOWN.—Mason Abbey, who went as private in the 31st regiment, has been commissioned captain in a negro regiment in Louisiana ——The ladies are moving in the matter of a temperance reform, and on the Sabbath an appeal with over 500 signatures was read in the different churches, calling for the co-operation of those in authority.

LUDLOW.—The wife of John Clark has been arrested, and convicted of stealing goods from several stores in Springfield. A trunk full of goods was found at her house by an officer.—On Monday she stole a cloak from Tinkham's store, which led to her detection. Among her booty were 70 yards of black silk, shawls, scarfs, whole pieces of prints, &c., &c. Her sentence was postponed till to-day.

WILBRAHAM.—The wife of a wealthy man in Wilbraham recently applied to the selectmen for help, alleging that her husband would not provide her with the necessary comforts of life.—In addition to the loss of a fine span of horses this year, Col. Benj. Butler has lost two cows and a fat hog. One of the cows was found dead in the pasture, the other sickened and died, and the hog was choked to death while eating. Col. Butler has met with a singular train of misfortunes the present year.

NEW MAILING HOURS.—Next Monday the time of closing the mails at the Palmer post office will be changed to correspond with the change in railroad trains. Mails for the east will close: Boston, through, 7.45 A. M.; way, 11.45 A. M. West—Albany and way, 10.30 A. M.; New York, 11 A. M., and 1.30 P. M. Southern—1.30 P. M. North, and by stages—1.45 P. M. Mails arrive from the east at 10.45 A. M., and 5.15 P. M. (way); west, 12.04 P. M.; New York, 2.04 P. M.; south, 10.50 A. M.; north, and by all stages, 10.30 A. M.

NEW POOR FARM.—The selectmen have purchased the Green Farm at Palmer Center, for a town poor farm, paying $2,800 therefor; and the trade was ratified by a dozen or twenty citizens at the obscure town meeting held about a month ago, to vote on the State tax in relation to bounties, &c. It is a source of complaint that so important a matter should not have been deferred till the annual town meeting or a more extensive notice have been given of the objects of the meeting. The selectmen, however, think they have got a good farm, and sold the old one at a fair price.

LECTURES ON HEALTH, BY A LADY.—Miss Ellen H. Goodell, M. D., a Belchertown lady, will deliver a course of hygienic and physiological lectures at the Cong. vestry in this village, commencing Sabbath evening, Nov. 15th. The subject on Sabbath evening will be, Health, in its Moral and Religious Aspect, inculcating the religious duty of attention to physical laws. The public lectures will continue Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday evenings, and private ones to the ladies will be given on Tuesday and Wednesday afternoons. The lectures, except the two last, will be free, with collections taken to defray expenses.

TURKEY TALK.—We have been reminded that Thanksgiving is coming, by finding on our table a turkey of the largest proportions—a real giant among the tribe of gobblers—fat, sleek, and shiny, weighing a little less than twenty-five pounds. As we bore home the heavy burden, visions of starving children and an empty table fled before us, and we luxuriated in the anticipation of presiding over the dominions of Turkey for at least a week. The donor is one of those who would rather have his charities felt than sounded in the newspapers, and who, no doubt, feels that giving to an editor is like "casting bread upon the water, which will return after many days." We hope it will, and lots of turkeys with it.

ADVENTURE OF TWO WILBRAHAM GIRLS.—Two young ladies from Wilbraham drove up to the Stafford Springs depot the other day, and having, as they supposed, secured their team, went in to rest before taking a view of the Springs and environs. On returning for their team, great was their astonishment at its mysterious disappearance. Something must be done! Twelve miles from home, and no horse! After considerable inquiry, it was ascertained that a gentleman was seen to drive off with a team answering their description; and a man was dispatched to the Hollow, who soon returned with the horse and driver. An explanation was soon had—the gentleman had ordered a team for a trip to the village above. Being in a hurry, and finding things, as he thought, all right, he drove away, about five minutes before team No. 2 was at the post.—The girls were relieved of their dilemma, but they voted that such a man ought always to remain a bachelor; for, if married, he would be always mistaking somebody's else wife for his own, just as he had done in the horse venture.

CRIMINAL STATISTICS.—From the returns of J. G. Allen Esq., of the business before him as trial justice, for the year ending October 31st, 1863, it appears that the whole number of cases tried by him was thirty-five, classified as follows: Drunkenness, 10; common drunkards, 4; assault and battery, 7; aggravated assault, 2; larceny, 4; absconding paupers found begging, 3; burglary, 1; disturbing the peace, 1; disturbing schools, 2; violation of town by-law, 1. Whole number committed to house of correction, 8. Of the cases of drunkenness 9 paid fines and costs, and one was committed. The common drunkards were all put upon good behavior, with marked beneficial results, and were finally discharged upon payment of costs. The above returns, as well as those of 1862, show a gratifying diminution of crime in our midst, being not above one-third of what it has been in former years.

FALL TIME TABLE.—Trains on the Western Railroad will commence running on a new time table next Monday. Trains will leave Palmer as follows:

East—2.39 a. m., mail passenger train; 7.49 a. m., accommodation; 12.04 m., accommodation; 2.04 p. m., express; 9.02 p. m., express. Freight, with passenger car attached, at 6.30 a. m., and 5.40 p. m. Sunday evening mail, 10.36.

West—10.45 a. m., accommodation; 11.30 a. m., express; 5.18 p. m., express; 6 p. m., accommodation; 11.25 p. m., mail passenger train. Freight, with passenger car, at 1.14 a. m., and 2.29 p. m. Sunday mail train, 9.20 p. m.

GOVERNMENT TAXES.—The amount of Government taxes for September, received by the collector of the Eastern Hampden division, is $5,762.18. The Boston Duck Co. pay $1,138.44; Thorndike Co., $947.52; Hampden Cotton Co., Monson, $655 83; Monson Woolen Co., $467.46; Monson & Brimfield Man. Co., $372 39; Merrick, Fay, & Co., Monson, $279.54; Joseph Reynolds, Monson, $233 34; Shaw Man. Co., Wales, $437.85; Wales Man. Co., $137.37; Ravine Man. Co., Wilbraham, $213.58; So. Wilbraham Man. Co., $463.20; D. F. Wood, Wilbraham, $99.30; Dell Man. Co., Wales, $110.22.

A LOST LOVER.—A Ware lady, who has been courted by one Vail, a pious rascal, who made love to her under the name of George W. Talmadge, has been looking for him at Hartford for several days past. Like all young ladies whose confidence has been betrayed, she is ready to declare that all men are deceivers. Moral: Young ladies should have nothing to do with strangers.

A HORRIBLE AFFAIR.—We take the following account of a most horrible affair from the Cleveland Plaindealer. It says: "Three weeks ago a young man, named George Beaver, about twenty years of age, stole $300 from his employer, a merchant of Fond du Lac, Wisconsin, and decamped. Beaver arrived in this city last week, and remained here a short time, when he proceeded to Norwalk, in which place he had a few friends. A day or two since he called upon a young lady acquaintance, and requested a private interview which was granted. He then told her he was on the point of killing himself, at the same time producing a revolver. The lady seized his arm and tried to get the weapon from him. During the struggle Beaver exclaimed: "Stand aside, or my brains will be spattered over your person!" The lady did as he desired, when the wretch placed the muzzle against his forehead, and blew the top of his head completely off.

REBEL TREATMENT OF PRISONERS.—The Indianapolis Journal says that a letter has been received in that city, from Col. Streight, dated at Libby prison two weeks ago, and brings the information that some of the officers of his command are suffering very greatly, and that unless released soon by exchange, will be released soon by death.

BURNED TO DEATH.—The house of Claudius S. Merrihew, two miles north of Plattsburgh, N. Y., was burned to the ground on Wednesday morning, Oct. 28th. His wife's mother, an old lady of about 80 years, perished in the flames, the rest of the family barely escaping in their night clothes. No property saved, and no insurance.

PRICES IN REBELDOM.—A printer in Mobile, writing to his wife in Louisville, Ky., encloses a list of prices which ruled there on the 9th of last month. Among them are, calico, $7 and $8 per yard; alpaca, $12.50 per yard; new boots, $100 a pair; footed boots, $85 per pair; good common winter pants, $250; board, single, $100 per month.

PRIZE FIGHT.—A couple of Springfield roughs had a prize fight at Indian Orchard on Sunday. After receiving black eyes and getting bloody noses, they were dispersed by the police. This is the second Sunday prize fight that has occurred in Springfield within a few months.

BITTER SEPARATION.—Hannah C. Wormwood has been divorced from her husband, James Wormwood, at Cambridge, for desertion. She has found Wormwood to be a bitter stick.

THE ARMY SAVED.—The successes gained by Gen. Hooker saved the Army of the Cumberland from total ruin. Had they not been gained, that army must have surrendered to the enemy, or have escaped, and then only in part, through the sacrifice of everything that belonged to it.

NEW ENGLAND SOLDIERS.—The victories recently won in Tennessee are due to the soldiers of the army of the Potomac. The moment our men get out of the pestiferuus smuke of Washington they do well, whether they go to Tennessee or to Pennsylvania.

☞ The Confederate official report of the affair at Sabine Pass, on the 8th of September, appears in the Mobile Register, and states that the Federal loss, in killed and wounded, was forty-eight, and that the prisoners taken are at Austin, Texas, awaiting exchange.

☞ A Concord-built hospital wagon, which, two years ago, went to the war with the New Hampshire Fifth, has returned nearly as good as new. It was once within six miles of Richmond.

A TALL "GAL."—A Maine girl, 17 years old, 7 feet and 3 inches high, weighing 200 pounds, has gone to New York, and is going to exhibit herself in Barnum's museum for $5 per day.

☞ A number of persons in Queen Anne's county, Maryland, who have lost their slaves, have sent to Germany for a ship load of laborers. They refuse to employ the freed negroes in their vicinity.

☞ From J. H. Davis, Principal of the Academy at Amesbury, Mass.

This certifies that I have used in my family Grace's Salve, with very satisfactory results. It is in my opinoion the best salve that I have ever used, and worthy of a place in every family.
Amesbury, June 5, 1862. J. H. DAVIS.

**Swarming of the Medical Hives—Consolation for the Sick**

Considering the enormous number of young M. D.'s that our medical colleges turn out every year, we certainly ought to (if there be any virtue in "regular physicsing") to be a much healthier people than we are. But the bills of mortality do not shorten as the list of doctors lengthens. Quite the reverse! Shall we say, then, with Macbeth. "Throw physic to the dogs, I'll none of it?" No, that will not do. Nature when attacked by disease, needs an ally to sustain her. An ally, remember: not a depleting agent, that helps the disease and exhausts her energies. We verily believe that most of the drugs administered in acute disease have this effect. Such however, is not the operation of one medicine now generally used in this country for complaints of the stomach, liver, and bowels. We mean Holloway's Pills. Of course our readers are aware that both the Ointment and Pills which bear the name of that distinguished physician and philanthropist are in the highest possible repute all over the world; but we have only an opportunity to witness the effects of the Pills. It gives us pleasure to testify to their efficacy. In dyspepsia and liver complaints they unquestionably work the most marvelous cures. Nay, we will even go so far as to say that, with this remedy within their reach no man or woman need ever be long troubled with dyspepsia. The pills remove the distress at the stomach, and restore the strength and appetite with a rapidity that is really astonishing. The curative action seems to be the same in all cases, without reference to age, constitution, or sex. Such, at least, is the conclusion to which our experience and observation point.—*N. Y. "Advocate."*

[Communicated.]

**Pulmonary Consumption a Curable Disease.**
**A Card.—To Consumptives.**

The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address. REV. EDWARD A. WILSON.
4ms19 Williamsburgh, Kings County, N. Y.

☞ A GENTLEMAN, cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay, and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it (free of charge) the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience—and possess a Valuable Remedy—will receive the same, by return mail, (carefully sealed,) by addressing
JOHN B. OGDEN, 60 Nassau st., New York.

*Sir James Clarke's Female Pills.*—Married ladies, whose health will not permit an increase of family, have here a safe remedy without the disagreeable necessity of consulting a physician. They will not injure the most delicate constitution.—Price one dollar. Sent by mail by all respectable druggists. See advertisement.

MR. EDITOR:—Dear Sir—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail to all who wish it, (free) a Recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than 30 days. All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
a15 3m No. 831 Broadway, New York

**Important to Females.**

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.—The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations removing all obstruction, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs &c, disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of these irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the most effectual remedy ever known for all complaints peculiar to females. To all classes they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity. They are known to thousands who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America

☞ Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each box—the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills sent by mail, promptly, by remitting to the Proprietors. Sold by Druggists generally.

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors, 81 Cedar st., New York. Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Agent, Palmer. 1yeg.39

*The Confessions and Experience of a Nervous Invalid.*—Published for the benefit and as a caution to young men and others who suffer from nervous Debility, Early Decay, and their kindred ailments—supplying the means of self-cure. By one who has cured himself after being a victim of misplaced confidence in medical humbug and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid directed envelope, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., New York. j24

☞ To the young or old, male or femnle—if you have been suffering from a habit indulged in by the youth of both sexes, which causes so many alarming symptoms; it unfits them for marriage, and is the greatest evil which can befall man or woman. See symptoms enumerated in advertisement, and if you are a sufferer cut out the advertisement and send for it at once. Delays are dangerous. Ask for Helmbold's—take no other.

Cures guaranteed. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. nl

V.L. **Dr. Tobias' Venetian Horse Liniment.** V.L.

Pint bottles at fifty cents each, for the cure of lameness, scratches, wind galls, sprains, bruises splints, cuts, colic, slipping stifle, over-heating, sore throat, nail in the foot, etc. It is warranted cheaper and better than any other article ever offered to the public. Thousands of animals have been cured of the colic and over-heating by this Liniment; and hundreds that were crippled and lame have been restored to their former vigor. It is used by all the first horsemen throughout the States. Orders are constantly received from the Racing Stables of England for fresh supplies of this invaluable article. Over 2,500 testimonials have been received. Remember, 50 cents laid out in time may save the life of your horse.

V.L. Sold by all druggists. Office, 56 Courtlandt street, New York. V.L.

**Brighton Market.**

Receipts 3541 cattle, 6700 sheep and lambs, 5400 swine. The market was stocked with ordinary cattle, and the demand was not active; extra market beef $8.75@9, first quality 8.25@8 50, second 7@8, third 5 50@7, milch cows $25@65; working oxen $85, 90, 100, 107, 110, 130, 135 150 @155; yearlings $11@15, two years old 17@26, three years old 25@50; sheep and lambs in fair demand at $3@4.50 per head, extra lots 5, sheep 5¼@6c. extra 6¼c; fat hogs, still fed 5¾c, corn fed 6@6¼c; hides 9c; tallow 8@8½c; pelts $1.-75@2.

**Palmer Market.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Flour | $8.00 a 10.00 | Butter per lb | 20 a 25 |
| Rye per bush | 1.25 | Lard | 14 |
| Corn | 75 a .80 | Cheese | 12 1-2 |
| Oats | 2.40 | Pork by hog | 8 1-2 |
| Meat per hund | 2.00 | Pork " lb | 12 1-2 |
| Feed " " | | Beef wholesale | 6.50 a 7.50 |
| Salt per bush | 70 a .80 | Beef retail | 14 |
| Salt coarse fine, sack | 2.40 | Salt beef | 09 |
| " " " | 3.40 | Salt pork | 12 1-2 |
| Buckwheat per hund | 4.00 | Hams | 16 |
| Potatoes per bush | 50 a .60 | Tripe | 10 |
| Apples per bbl | 3.00 | Sausages | 14 |
| Beans per bush | 2.50 | Turkeys & chickens | 14 a 16 |
| Eggs per doz | .25 | Wood per cord | 4.00 a 5.00 |

**BORN.**

In Palmer, 6th, a son (Lyman), to SAMUEL J. WALLACE.

**MARRIED.**

In Three Rivers, 11th, by Rev. Mr. Stutson of Springfield, LUKE CHAPMAN and MARIA M. BARKER.

In Ludlow, 4th, by Rev. D. K. Bannister, WARREN D. FULLER and JENNIE E., daughter of the officiating clergyman.

In Stafford, by Rev. W. H. Dean, JAIRUS R. HALCH of Union, and SARAH A. PENDLETON.

In Belchertown, 11th, by Rev. H. B. Blake, HENRY BROWN of Enfield, and JERANE RICE; also, SPENCER HONART of Leverett, and PULLY WALKER.

In Wilbraham, 8th, GEORGE JONES and SARAH HARRIS, both of Ludlow.

**DIED.**

In Palmer, 9th, ANNETTE S., 19, daughter of Waterman Fuller.

In Crab Orchard, Ky., Oct. 19th, GEORGE M. GREEN, 23, of Monson, member of company E, 36th Mass. regiment.

In Warren, 6th, HENRY E. SYLVESTER, 1.

In Munson, 6th, ALFRED HOMER, 2, son of Alfred O. White.

In Ware, 8th, ROSAMAND, 9 years, 8 months, daughter of George E. Winslow; 9th, Mrs. NANCY DAVIS, 67.

In Stafford, 6th, VIOLA E., 12, daughter of J. L. Washburn; 7th, LOUISA GUMPER, 3.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

MONSON ACADEMY.

THE WINTER TERM begins Wednesday, December 2d, and continues fifteen weeks.
C. HAMMOND, Principal.
Monson, Nov. 14. 1863. 3w.

PALMER
PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY!
OPPOSITE THE PALMER HOUSE.

The best and most convenient place in town, and where the best pictures can be obtained.

Good pictures put in good cases for fifty cents.

It is a well-known fact that poor workmen have to take up with poor prices.

Photographs taken in all the

LATEST STYLES.

CARTES DE VISITE, Plain, or Colored by a new process which adds greatly to the beauty and durability of the picture.

GEMS put up in carte de visite style, 12 for $1.

Call and examine my work, and let judgment be your guide. Do not be entrapped by promises.
W. A. COOPER.
Palmer, Nov. 14. 3t

*New Church Music Book.*

THE HARP OF JUDAH;

A Collection of Sacred and Secular Music, for Choirs, Schools, Musical Conventions, Societies, and the Home Circle; Religious Worship, Chuir and school practice.

By L. O. EMERSON, author of the "Golden Wreath," "Sabbath Harmony," &c.

The great favor with which Mr. Emerson's works have been received, has induced the publication of this book. In it the principles of Notation are plainly elucidated and Exercises given of a very pleasing and attractive style. Its Music, embracing every variety, being as a whole, neither very simple nor very elaborate, but conforming to the wants and capacities of the great majority of singers. The Anthems, Sentences, Chorus and Chants are superior to those of most collections, while the Metrical Tunes are equally good. In many instances music has been written to a whole hymn, thus giving a greater variety than can be possibly be obtained in any other way. At the same time each tune can be used for any other hymn of the same metre.

Choirs, Societies, Teachers, and all persons interested in a work of this kind, can order this book with perfect reliability of its being all it is represented to be—a real, live, music book, replete with all those features that tend to render such a book pleasing and popular.

Price, $9 per doz; single copies, $1. Specimen pages sent free.
n14 OLIVER DITSON & Co., publishers, Boston.

SELL YOUR OLD PAPERS!

THIS is just the time to dispose of your Old Newspapers and Paper Stock of all descriptions for the highest prices. Bring forward your

Old Pamphlets, Newspapers, Books, &c.,

for which the highest market price will be paid by
GEO. W. WHEELWRIGHT,
Paper Manufacturer, No. 26 Water st., Boston.

LAUGHING GAS!

TEETH EXTRACTED without pain or risk, by the use of Nitrous Oxide, or Laughing Gas.

Also DECAYED TEETH Filled, or new ones set on Gold, Silver, or Rubber, by

D. HOLDEN, DENTIST.
Office at the old Drug Store, formerly occupied by W. S. Brakenridge. Ware, Mass.
Ware, Oct. 3, 1863.

G. L. BRAKENRIDGE'S
PHOTOGRAPH & AMBROTYPE
ROOMS!

are situated three doors west of W. W. Cross' store,
STRONG'S BLOCK, PALMER,
where you can get
*GOOD PICTURES IN CASES FOR 25 CTS.*

Having the best light and new process, *I do* promise to take pictures, either

Photographs, Ambrotypes,
Gem Pictures, or Melainotypes,
*Cheaper than any other Establishment in Palmer.*

☞ All kinds of copying done.
GEO. L. BRAKENRIDGE.
Palmer, November 7, 1863.

RECRUITING OFFICE!
57TH MASS INFANTRY (2d Veteran Regt.)

$452 PAID FOR VETERANS.
STATE AID TO FAMILIES.
*FALL IN, BOYS! FALL IN!*

A rare chance to enlist in a new regiment, to be commanded by that gallant soldier, COL. WM. F. BARTLETT, late of the 49th Mass. volunteers.

☞ Let us rally again around the old flag, and he among the foremost to strike the death-blow to this accursed rebellion.

To Veterans enlisting,

$125.00 *WILL BE PAID IN ADVANCE,*

on being mustered into the service.

The regiment will go into comfortable barracks at Worcester.

For further information apply to
LIEUT. GEO. H. HOWE,
(Late of the 46th Mass. Vols.,)
Office at the Nassowanno House, } Recruiting Officer.
Palmer, November, 7, 1863. 3w

FROM NEW YORK, DIRECT.
*ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF WINTER GOODS*
AT H. T. SMALL & CO'S!

☞ We have Goods on our shelves at less price than can now be purchased at wholesale in New York. Reason is they were bought before the rise in goods.

Now is the time to buy. At the present rates goods are advancing.

☞ We can undersell any city house.
Stafford Springs, Nov. 4, 1863.

SAPONIFIER,

Or Concentrated

LYE.

*THE FAMILY SOAP-MAKER.*

*Economy! Economy!*

Every Family can make its own Soap from waste kitchen grease, at a cost of only four cents per pound with Saponifier, which is three times the strength of Potash.

Full directions accompany each one-pound *iron* can.

NOTICE.—The genuine Saponifier is only put up in one-pound *iron* cans, by the

PENNSYLVANIA SALT-MANUFACTURING CO.,

Patentees and sole Manufacturers. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure you buy the *iron* can.

For sale by
CHAS. TOPPAN, 16 Blackstone st., Boston,
MERRILL BROS., 215 State st., "
n7. And Druggists and Grocers generally. 3m.
WOOD & ALLEN, Agents, Palmer, Mass.

GREAT BARGAINS!
FOR THE NEXT
SIXTY DAYS.

$25,000.00
WORTH OF
NEW
FALL AND WINTER GOODS!
JUST OPENED AT
J. H. STORRS & Co's,
WARE, MASS.

LOOK AT OUR PRICES:

| | |
|---|---|
| New Fall DeLaines at | 25 cts. |
| Fine Brown Cottons, | 17 " |
| Heavy Brown Cottons, | 25 " |
| Fast Colored Prints, | 17 " |

Scotch Plaids,
French Poplins,
Empress Cloths,
Crape Alapaccas,
Plain Scarlet Merinos,
Small Figured Wool DeLaines,
&c., &c., &c.
BLACK SILKS, at old prices.
FANCY SILKS, " "
SHAWLS, in endless variety.

Cloaks. Cloaks. Cloaks.

JUST OPENED, 100 Cloaks of NEW STYLES, to be sold at the
*LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.*
Also, CLOAKINGS of every description.

In our Millinery Department we are prepared to show our customers an *IMMENSE STOCK* of

MILLINERY

Goods, including
100 *VELVET AND SILK BONNETS,*
To be sold at $2 each less than they can be purchased for in other places.
Bonnets worth $10 for $7.
" " 7 " 5.
New styles of Hats for Misses and Children.
" Ribbons,
" Wreaths,
" Trimmings.

FURS. FURS. FURS.

In this department we have the largest assortment that was ever exhibited in this county.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS,
in new styles, just opened, at low prices.

All those who wish to secure GOOD BARGAINS go to
J. H. STORRS & CO'S,
Ware Village, Mass.

JOSEPH H. BLAIR,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
[In office formerly occupied by D. Granger, Esq.]
PALMER, MASS.
*References*—Hon. E. D. Beach, E. W. Bond, Esq., Ex-Lieut.-Gov. Trask, Springfield, Mass.

I hereby give notice to the public that I have given up the practice of Law, and my office to J. H. Blair, Esq. D. GRANGER.

CHEAPER!

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
DRESS GOODS,
In variety of Styles, Colors, and Qualities.

STILL CHEAPER!

SEASONABLE
PRINTS,
D'LAINES AND CHALLIES,
Bleached & Brown Cottons,
&c., &c., &c.

ALSO,
PRETTY STYLES OF
SUMMER SHAWLS,
SUN UMBRELLAS
LIGHT BALMORALS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS
HOOP SKIRTS,
BESIDES A GENERAL VARIETY OF

HOSIERY, GLOVES, THREAD,
SILK,
AND SMALL WARES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
—AND—
FLOUR, TEAS, COFFEE,
SUGAR, OILS, SPICES, &c.

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
M. W. FRENCH.

CARPETS.

☞ *The current of trade is sure to flow to that house which sells at the lowest prices.* Our best English Velvet, Brussels, and Tapestries, will be retailed during the season at importer's prices. Our customers will find our departments for fine goods very complete—comprising the newest and most desirable styles of foreign productions as well as the favorite home manufactures. NEW ENGLAND CARPET CO., 75 Hanover St., Boston. *One price and cash systems strictly adhered to.*

*A NEW CARPET.*

☞ Crossley's Improved Electrotype, possessing the appearance and beauty of real Brussels, and quite as durable, for half the price now opening by the NEW ENGLAND CARPET COMPANY, 75 Hanover street Boston. *Our Customers are reminded that this invoice of Carpets comprises but 150 pieces, and in consequence of the low price they will last but a few days.*

*FINE CARPETS.*

☞ GET THE MODERN STYLES. Now opening. 1000 pieces of the most splendid English Tapestries ever shown in this market, by the NEW ENGLAND CARPET COMPANY, 75 Hanover street, Boston. One price and cash system strictly adhered to.

*OIL CLOTH CARPETS,*

In wide sheets and narrow widths—in the beautiful enameled finish, the most desirable and elegant goods made, for sale at manufacturers' prices by the NEW ENGLAND CARPET CO., 75 Hanover street, Boston. One price and cash systems strictly adhered to.

*CARPETS AT WHOLESALE.*

☞ Cash purchasers are invited to examine our stock, which is very complete in all its varieties. NEW ENGLAND CARPET COMPANY, 75 Hanover street, Boston.

*CARPETS AT RETAIL.*

☞ We shall continue to supply our customers who are about furnishing or redecorating the floors of their dwellings, with carpets from all our departments.

The most skilful upholsterers on hand to cut, sew, and fit Carpets when desired. NEW ENGLAND CARPET CO., 75 Hanover street, Boston.

*ROYAL VELVET*

AND MEDALION CARPET—the finest things out for Parlors and Drawing Rooms—for sale by the NEW ENGLAND CARPET CO.,
o31 3w 75 Hanover street, Boston.

SOUTH SIDE
PICTURE ROOMS.
OPPOSITE THE ANTIQUE HOUSE.

PICTURES taken in all the Latest Styles, from a Gem to a Life Size Portrait.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED, OR NO CHARGE MADE.

Cartes de Visites, Ambrotypes.
Vignettes. Melaincotypes.
Imperial and Life Size Portrait

☞ Photographs colored if desired. By our new process of coloring Cartes de Visite Photographs, the

BEAUTY AND DURABILITY

of the Picture is very much improved. We cordially invite the public to

**Give us a Trial.**

We do not promise to work cheaper than others, but hope to please our patrons.

Rooms upen from 7 to 12 A. M., and 1 to 5 P. M.
A. W. CLARK. } Artists.
Palmer, Oct. 31. J. M. BROWN, }

A. M. TITUS,
Plain and Ornamental
PAINTER.

Particular attention given to SIGN & ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, AND LETTERING of all kinds. I have hired a *Good, Practical House Painter*, and should be glad to get work enough to support us during the winter, and we will do our best to give satisfaction.

Shop near Squier's Foundry, Palmer. Nov. 7.

BOOK BINDING.—Persons having Magazines or Pamphlets, can get them bound at this office.

NEW FALL GOODS!
—AT—
BERAN & HORNER'S,
No. 3 State st., 2d door from Main,
SPRINGFIELD . . . . . MASS.,
Which we offer
CHEAP FOR CASH!

ALL OUR GOODS ARE MARKED WITH LAST YEAR'S PRICES.

PLEASE CALL EARLY,
And Secure Bargains.
Respectfully, BERAN & HORNER.
No 3, State st., 2d door from Main st. } Springfield, Mass.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.

As we deal largely in

FLOUR AND GRAIN,

we are enabled to make purchases at

LOW FIGURES,

and sell in the same manner.

All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

☞ Remember the place—
At the Palmer Steam Mill.
HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.
Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

MONSON
PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY!
OVER E. B. MILES' STORE,
MONSON, MASS.

PHOTOGRAPHS

Of every description, both plain and colored.

AMBROTYPES,
MELAINOTYPES,
SPHEREOTYPES,
AND
GEM PICTURES,

Put up in the best manner, and at short notice,

A good assortment of
ALBUMS, FRAMES, CASES, &C.,
Constantly on hand and at the LOWEST PRICES.

Call and Judge for Yourselves.
H. G. CROSS.
Monson, Sept. 12, 1863. 2m*

NEW GROCERY STORE!

HAVING purchased of S. W. SMITH his stock in trade, I shall continue the Grocery business at his old stand in the

PALMER HOUSE BLOCK,

where I shall be happy to wait on all the old customers of the store, and as many new ones as will give me a call, and show them

A GOOD ASSORTMENT
—OF—
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

which I will sell

*At the Lowest Market Prices for Cash.*

☞ BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS and Farmers' Produce wanted in exchange for Goods.

☞ Call and see me.
LYMAN DIMOCK.
Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

FALL BULLETIN, No. 1!

H. T. SMALL & CO.
Stafford Springs, Ct.

Have the LARGEST STOCK of READY-MADE CLOTHING,
HATS AND CAPS,
FURS, for men, and
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Received from New York the past week, ever exhibited in this vicinity. To enumerate all is impossible.

A SPLENDID STOCK
—OF—
CLOTHING,
*Gloves, Mittens, Hosiery,*
Suspenders, Ties, Scarfs, Cravats, Stocks, Shirts, Bosoms, Collars, Buttons, Brushes—all kinds, Cutlery, Knives, Razors, Scissors, and all kinds of

*YANKEE NOTIONS.*

MEN AND BOYS'
Boots, Shoes, and Rubbers,
Good Stock of CHILDREN'S SHOES.

HATS & CAPS,
A large stock of Fashionable Goods,
At Low Prices.

DOUBLE KNIT COATS,
And a good assortment of
UNDER CLOTHING.
Fur Collars, Fur Gloves,
Fur Capes,

DRUGS & MEDICINES,
Pure and reliable, Trusses, Supporters, Leeches, Breast Pumps, all kinds of Syringes,
*FANCY SOAPS, PERFUMERY,*
Dye-Stuffs, Potash, and all goods usually sold by Druggists.
H. T. SMALL & Co.
Stafford Springs, Sept, 1863.

E. C. RICHARDSON, M. D.,
EXAMINING SURGEON
FOR PENSIONS,
6ms19 WARE, Mass.

AUCTION BILLS, Circulars, Ball Tickets and other kinds of Printing, executed as neat as wax, and cheap as one could wish, at this office.

STOVES! STOVES!

A GREAT VARIETY of Stoves at the old Stove Shop in Palmer, which will be sold LOWER THAN AT ANY OTHER SHOP IN THE COUNTY.

The Bay State, Harp, Pilot, Prize, Conquest, New England, Empire State, American, &c., &c.

PARLOR COOK STOVES,
PARLOR CAST & SHEET IRON,
of a variety of sizes and patterns.

☞ Any Stove not found in the shop will be furnished as low as at any other shop. A good stock of CLOTHES WRINGERS, CHAIN, COPPER & Iron Pumps, Pump Curbs, Farmers' Boilers, English and Russia Pipe, Sheet Zinc, Tin Japanned, and Wooden Ware, Sad Irons, Oven Mouths, Boiler Doors, &c.

Cash paid for Old Iron, Copper, Brass, Lead, Pewter, and Rags.

JOB WORK done to order, with promptness.
CALL AND EXAMINE. ELIJAH NICHOLS.
Palmer, Oct. 10, 1863. tf.

$100 REWARD!

For a medicine that will cure
COUGHS, INFLUENZA,
TICKLING IN THE THROAT,
WHOOPING COUGH.
Or relieve CONSUMPTIVE COUGH, as quick as

COE'S COUGH BALSAM.

Over 5,000 bottles have been sold in its native town, and not a single instance of its failure is known.

We have in our possession any quantity of certificates, some of them from eminent physicians, who have used it in their practice, and given it the pre-eminence over any other compound.

IT DOES NOT DRY UP A COUGH, but loosens it, so as to enable the patient to expectorate freely.

Two or three doses will invariably cure tickling in the throat.

A half bottle has completely cured the most

STUBBORN COUGH,

and yet, though it is so sure and speedy in its operation, it is perfectly harmless, being purely vegetable. It is very agreable to the taste, and may be administered to children of any age.

☞ In cases of CROUP we will guarantee a cure if taken in season.

No family should be without it. It is within the reach of all, the price being ONLY 25 CENTS, and if an investment and thorough trial does not "back up" the above statement, the money will be refunded. We say this, knowing its merits, and feel confident that one trial will secure for it a home in every household.

Do not waste away with Coughing, when so small an investment will cure you. It may be had of any respectable druggist in town, who will furnish you with a circular of genuine certificates of cures it has made. C. G. CLARK & Co., Proprietors.
Wholesale Druggists, New Haven, Ct.

For sale by Druggists in city, country, and everywhere.

For sale at wholesale by D. S. BARNES & Co., New York, and GEO. C. GOODWIN & Co., Boston.
6ms19

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.
SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the femal constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price $1, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION.—These Pills should not be taken by females during the first three months of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sole Agent for the United States and Canada,
JOB MOSES, 27 Courtlandt st., New York

N. B.—$1 and 6 postage stamps, enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing 50 Pills, by return mail. 1y31

Sold in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.

BOOTS & SHOES.

The only Boot and Shoe store between Springfield and Worcester is at Palmer depot,

IN THE PALMER JOURNAL BLOCK.

The subscriber has over **$2,500 worth of Boots and Shoes** in his store, for sale at one-half of the profits usually made by retailers. His Men's, Boys', Youth's, and Children's Thick Boots were made expressly for him by the best manufacturers in the state, of the

BEST QUALITY OF STOCK,

Consisting of the celebrated "Monitor Boot," double sole and tap, double sole, and one-half double sole—great assortment. The greatest improvement is

THE RUBBER SOLE

water proof boots and shoes. Every man, woman, and child should have a pair. The very best men's, boys', and youth's

CALF BOOTS

may be found at this store. Women's, misses,' and children's peble calf and serge, double sole,

TIP BALMORALS AND GAITERS,

in fact every variety, quality, and style may be had. A full assortment of

RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES.

Everybody will find it to their pecuniary interest to buy their fall and winter supply of boots and shoes of the subscriber.

Please Give Him a Call.
D. GRANGER.
Palmer, Oct. 10, 1863. 1y.

I AM RECEIVING THIS WEEK
A FRESH SUPPLY OF
GROCERIES,
LAMPS AND FIXTURES
Of all kinds, also a full
Assortment of Flower Pots.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY!

At the OLD STAND OF S. W. SMITH,
PALMER HOUSE BLOCK.

LYMAN DIMOCK.
Palmer, Sept. 19, 1863.

TOWN REPORTS printed neatly, cheaply and expeditiously at this office.

BETTER THOUGHTS.—There are moments in the lives of all, no matter whether they are lofty or lowly, when better thoughts, like angel visitants, come to the mind; and, if they are cherished, their visits will not be "few and far between." As the bird, whose wing cleaves the upper deep, pausing sometimes by your home to catch the crumbs around your door, is lured to the open window by the seeds which, day after day, you put there to win it from ærial flight, becomes less timid, until it comes and taps on the window pane, and, folding its wings, picks the crumbs from your hand; so will better thoughts come the oftener if we open the window of our heart to receive them, welcoming and cherishing them, and luring them to our side. *Better thoughts* are angel visitants, and the moments when they come to us are blessed moments.

POLYGAMY PRONOUNCED AGAINST.—A woman of Great Salt Lake County has sued by writ of habeas corpus for the custody of her daughter, who was under the control of one Park, who claimed her as his wife, he having one already. Judge Drake granted the mother's wish, remarking that the second marriage was criminal, and null and void—which The Deseret (Utah) News says is "detestable" and "an official outrage."

ENLISTING MASSACHUSETTS MEN.—It having come to the knowledge of the State authorities that persons, in different parts of the Commonwealth, are enlisting men to serve in regiments in other States, an order has been issued by the Adjutant General, calling attention to the fact that every person so offending is liable to a fine of $1000, which penalty will be strictly enforced.

OUR COMMERCE.—Commerce under the American flag is falling off terribly, in consequence of the depredations of the Alabama and her sister,—and fatal sisters they are to us. Our cruisers can no more get near them than they could get possession of the Flying Dutchman, on whose cruising ground, off the Cape of Good Hope, the secession craft were last heard from.

REFUGEES.—It is officially stated that 4,800 refugees from Northern Alabama and Georgia have arrived in Nashville since last August, and been variously provided for by the Government. Most of them have been sent North. They were in a deplorably destitute condition, having been robbed of everything by the rebels.

MOVEMENT ON THE PENINSULA.—A letter from Hampton Roads, Va., says that troops are collecting in large numbers at Fortress Monroe, Newport News and Yorktown, and everything looks as though something would be done shortly in the way of campaigning on the Peninsula.

☞Professor Lowe, who was æronaut to the army of the Potomac until after the battle of Chancellorsville, has been again summoned to Washington. The expenditure now made in Europe to perfect this kind of service renders Prof. Lowe's experience all the more valuable at this time.

PAPER GOES UP.—The New York Herald says that simultaneously with the call for another levy of three hundred thousand men, the paper manufacturers have raised the price of printing from about twelve cents per pound to about sixteen or seventeen cents per pound.

BAREFOOTED MEN.—Many of the Southern soldiers under Lee, in the late movement, were qualified to act as Barefooted Rangers, and yet ranged well. They calculated upon shoeing themselves at federal expense, but in most instances they were disappointed.

☞ When is thunder like an onion?—When it comes peal on peal.

## WARE BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

A. SANDFORD, dealer in Dry Goods, Crockery, Flour, and Family Groceries.

BYRNS & Co., Staple and Fancy Bakers, opposite the Hotel, Main street

D. HOLDEN, Dentist, dealer in Drugs, Medicines, and Fancy Articles.

E. F. HITCHCOCK, dealer in Stoves, and manufacturer of Tin Ware, &c.

ELI SMITH, Boots and Shoes made to order. Over D. P. Billings' store, opposite the Hotel.

F. A. BROOKS, manuf. of Spruce Beer, and dealer in Bottled Ale, Porter, Champagne Cider.

F. L. CHAPIN, Job and Card Printer, at the Post Office. Agent for all kinds of Engraving and Lithographing. Subscriptions and advertisements received for Ware Standard

FRANKLIN D. RICHARDS, Counsellor and Attorney at Law.

G. C. HOLDEN, dealer in Fruit, Confectionery, Pies, Cake, &c, Oysters and Ice Cream.

GEO. ROBINSON, dealer in Hardware, Agricultural and Mechanic Tools, Paints, Oils, and Glass, Furniture and Wooden Ware. Especial attention given to Framing Pictures.

G. K. CUTLER, dealer in Books, Stationery, Periodicals, Music, Paper Hangings, &c.

HOLDEN & SNOW, dealer in Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Ely's Block.

H. S. PARSONS, dealer in Fine Watches, and Jewelry. Agt. for Florence Sewing Machine.

L. C. WHITE & Co., manufacturers of Monuments, Tombstones, and other Marble Works

MRS. A. F. STRICKLAND, Dress and Cloak Maker. Rooms, opposite Bank, up stairs.

P. D. WILLIS, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots, Shoes, Flour, Fish, Crockery, &c.

P. H. SAGENDORPH, dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, and Silver Ware.

S. B. WITHERELL, dealer in Furnaces and Stoves, and Tin, Iron, and Copper Work.

S. R. FLETCHER, manf. and dealer in all kinds of Harness Work, Bank St.

WARE HOTEL, W. W. PIERCE, proprietor. Main street, corner of North street.

W. C. SHELDON, dealer in all kinds of Meat, Nonamesset Square.

WM. McKINSTRY, Merchant Tailor, and manufacturer of Custom Clothing, opp Bank.

WM. O. GOULD, dealer in Millinery of all kinds, Demond's Block, Main st., up stairs

IT IS A WONDER that every business man don't have a Pack of Business Cards printed when he can get them so handsomely done at this office.

OLMSTEAD & DICKINSON,

# UPHOLSTERERS,

And Manufacturers of and Dealers in

# FASHIONABLE FURNITURE,

MATTRASSES,

*CURTAINS AND SHADES.*

ALSO,

COMMON FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS.

UNION BLOCK - - - - - - MAIN STREET,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

H. OLMSTEAD. E. W. DICKINSON.

# GRAND OPENING!

# NEWTON & CONVERSE,

Have bought the stock of GROCERIES of K. H. ALLEN, and will keep

A FULL STOCK

on hand of

FLOUR, MEAL, SALT,

LIME, OILS, FLUID, BUTTER, CHEESE

*Fish, Crockery,*

GLASS, STONE, AND WOODEN WARE,

and will sell

At Wholesale and Retail,

AS LOW, if not LOWER, than any other place in town.

☞We are receiving fresh goods from market every week.

☞CALL AND SEE.☜

NEWTON & CONVERSE.

Palmer, Dec. 27, 1862.

# GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE,

## A SURE RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERER.

This Salve is a vegetable preparation, invented in the 17th century, by DR. WM. GRACE, surgeon in King James's army. Through its agency he cured thousands of most serious sores and wounds that baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians of his day, and was regarded by all who knew him as a public benefactor.

Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Burns.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Scalds.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Flesh Wounds.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Corns.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Felons.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Frozen Limbs.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Wens.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Callouses.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Salt Rheum.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Chilblains.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Sore Breast.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Sore Lips.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Erysipelas Sores.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Abscesses.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Ulcers.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Chapped Hands.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Ringworms.

And from Sores and Wounds of the most serious nature down to a common Pimple. It eradicates Pimples from the face, and beautifies the skin. There is no preparation before the public that can equal this Salve in prompt and energetic action for the speedy cure of external diseases, as those who have tried its virtues testify. Soldiers, Sailors, and Fishermen, will find this Salve their best friend.

It has none of the irritating, heating properties of other remedies, but cools, cleanses, and heals the most serious Sores and Wounds. Every family, and especially those containing children, should keep a box on hand in case of accident, for it will save them much trouble, suffering, and money. All it wants is a fair trial to cure old and inveterate Sores.

MANUFACTURED BY

WILLIAM GRACE,

AMESBURY, MASS.

Weeks & Potter, 170 Washington st., Boston, wholesale agents.

Grace's Salve is for sale by all druggists and dealers in every city and town. jj 18 1y.

TERRIBLE DISCLOSURES — SECRETS FOR THE MILLION!

A most valuable and wonderful publication. A work of 400 pages, and 30 colored engravings.

Dr. HUNTER'S VADE MECUM,

An original and popular treatise on Man and Woman, their Physiology, Functions, and Sexual disorders of every kind, with Never-Failing Remedies for their speedy cure. The practice of Dr. Hunter long has been, and still is unbounded, but at the earnest solicitation of numerous persons he has been induced to extend his medical usefulness through the medium of his "Vade Mecum." It is a volume that should be in the hands of every family in the land, as a preventive of secret vices, or as a guide for the alleviation of one of the most awful and destructive scourges ever visited mankind. One copy, securely enveloped, will be forwarded free of postage, to any part of the United States, for 50 cents in P.O. stamps, or 3 copies for $1. Address, post-paid, Dr. HUNTER, No. 3 Division st., New York. 1yjc6.

"COSTAR'S" VERMIN

# EXTERMINATORS.

*For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in furs, woolens, &c., Insects on plants, fowls, animals, &c.*

Put up in 25c., 50c., and $1 boxes, bottles, and flasks, $3 and $5 sizes for Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞Sold wholesale in all large cities.
☞Sold by all druggists and retailers everywhere.
☞ ! BEWARE ! of all worthless imitations.
☞See that 'COSTAR'S" name is on each box, bottle, and flask, before you buy.
☞Address HENRY R. COSTAR.
☞Principal Depot, 482 Broadway, New York.
☞Sold by H. T. SMALL & Co., Stafford Springs, and WOOD & ALLEN, Palmer, wholesale and retail agents. 1 1y

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED, OR THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. Faucett's Safes or Preventives are a new and superior article; price, 3 for $1, or $3 per dozen. Dr. Faucett's Female Pills, for all irregularities; price, $1 per box. The Specific Pill, for young men suffering from seminal weakness, the evil effects of self-abuse; price, $1 per box, or six for $5. Books, medicines, syringes, &c., furnished. Address all orders, MEDICAL AGENTS, P. O. box, 5171, New York.

☞Send for a circular.

A. B. COWAN, DENTIST,

Office and residence in LAWRENCE BLOCK, PALMER, MASS.

THE ALL SUFFICIENT THREE, THE GREAT "AMERICAN REMEDIES," Known as

*"HELMBOLD'S" Genuine PREPARATIONS,*
viz: HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT "BUCHU,"
" " SARSAPARILLA,
" " IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

*Helmbold's Genuine Preparation,*
"Highly Concentrated" Compound

# FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

A positive and specific remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the watery or calcareous dispositions, and all unnatural enlargements are reduced, as well as pain and inflammation, and it is good for men, women, or children.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, for Weaknesses arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:

Indisposition to exertion, Loss of Memory, Weak Nerves, Horrors of Disease, Dimness of Vision, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Hot Hands, Loss of Power, Difficulty of Breathing, Trembling, Wakefulness, Pain in the Back, Flushing of the body, Eruptions on the face, Pallid Countenance, Dryness of the Skin.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow

IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS,

In one of which the patient may expire. Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "direful diseases,"

INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION.

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but none will confess. The records of the Insane Asylums, and the melancholy deaths by consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion, *thee Constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness,* requires the aid of medicine to invigorate and strengthen the system, which Helmbold's Extract Buchu invariably does. A trial will convince the most skeptical.

Females, Females, Females,

Old or Young, Single, Married, or Contemplating Marriage.

In many affections peculiar to Females the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of the Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Scirrous state of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa, or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in

*The Decline or Change of Life.*

SEE SYMPTOMS ABOVE.

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

Take no Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant Medicine for unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU CURES SECRET DISEASES

in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience,

AND NO EXPOSURE.

It causes frequent desire, and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing obstructions, preventing and curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying pain and inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling Poisonous, Diseased, and Worn-out Matter.

Thousands upon Thousands,

*Who Have Been the Victims of Quacks,*

and who have paid Heavy Fees to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "Poison" has, by the use of "Powerful Astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and perhaps after marriage.

USE

# Helmbold's Extract Buchu

For all Affections and Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

Diseases of these Organs require the aid of a Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and it is certain to have the desired effect in all Diseases for which it is recommended.

BLOOD! BLOOD! BLOOD!

Helmbold's Highly Concentrated Compound

FLUID EXTRACT

# SARSAPARILLA.

SYPHILLIS.

This is an affection of the Blood, and attacks the Sexual Organs, Linings of the Nose, Ears, Throat, Windpipe, and other Mucus Surfaces, making its appearance in the form of Ulcers. Helmbold's Extract Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and removes all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, giving to the complexion a clear and healthy color. It being prepared expressly for this class of complaints, its blood-purifying properties are preserved to a greater extent than any other preparation of Sarsaparilla.

*HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH.*

An excellent Lotion for Diseases of a Sypbillitic Nature, and as an injection in Diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the Extracts Buchu and Sarsaparilla, in such diseases as recommended.

Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character will accompany the medicines.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES,

From eight to twenty years standing, with names known to science and fame.

For Medical Properties of BUCHU,

See Dispensatory of the United States.
See Professor DEWEES' valuable works on the Practice of Physic.
See remarks made by the late celebrated Dr. PHYSICK, Philadelphia.
See remarks made by Dr. EPHRAIM McDOWELL, a celebrated Physician, and Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland, and published in the Transactions of the King and Queen's Journal.
See Medico-Cirurgical Review, published by BENJAMIN TRAVERS, Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons.
See most of the late Standard Works on Medicine.

EXTRACT BUCHU.
$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.
EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,
$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.
IMPROVED ROSE WASH,
50 cts. per bottle, or six bottles for $2.50.

Or half a dozen of each for $12, which will be sufficient to cure the most obstinate cases, if directions are adhered to.

Delivered to any address, securely packed from observation.

☞Describe symptoms in all communications. Cures guaranteed. Advice gratis.

AFFIDAVIT.

Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. Helmbold, who, being duly sworn, doth say, his preparations contain no narcotic, no mercury, or other injurious drugs, but are purely vegetable.

H. T. HELMBOLD.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 22d day of November, 1854. WM. P. HIBBARD, Alderman, Ninth street, above Race, Phila.

Address letters for information in confidence.

H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist,
Depot 104 South Tenth street, below Chestnut, Philadelphia.

☞BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS, and unprincipled dealers, who endeavor to dispose "of their own" and "other" articles on the reputation attained by

Helmbold's Genuine Preparations.
" " Extract Buchu.
" " " Sarsaparilla.
" " Improved Rose Wash.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞Ask for Helmbold's—take no other.☜

Cut out the advertisement and send for it, and avoid imposition and exposure.

Sold by Wood & Allen, Palmer; Dr. Holden, Ware, and H. T. Small & Co., Stafford Springs.

March 21, 1863 1y

## PALMER BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ALBERT BURLEIGH,
Carpenter and Joiner, and dealer in Lumber, Doors, Windows, &c.

A. MASON,
Refreshment Saloon. Weddings and parties supplied with Cake and Ice Creams.

ANTIQUE HOUSE,
By E. B. SHAW, east of railroad bridge.

A. R. MURDOCK,
Licensed Auctioneer, Thorndike.

B. H. JOHNSON,
Carpenter and Joiner and Mover of Buildings.

CHAS. H. GOFF,
Livery and Feeding Stable.

CYRUS KNOX, JR.,
News Room and Stationery, at the Post Office.

D. MULVIHILL,
Merchant Tailor and dealer in Gents' Furnishing Goods.

E. B. ELSBREE,
Livery and Feeding Stable.

E. BROWN,
Dealer in Hardware, Iron, Steel, Paints, Oils, and Glass.

E. NICHOLS,
Dealer in Stoves, Tin Ware, Pipe, &c.

E. S. BROOKS,
Repairer of Watches and Jewelry. Billiard Room.

F. J. WASSUM,
Merchant Tailor and dealer in Gents' Furnishing Goods.

FREEMAN DODGE,
Meat Market, basement of Commercial Block.

HENRY JONES,
Barber and Hair Dresser, Opposite the depot.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE,
Wholesale and retail dealers in Flour, Meal, Grain and Feed.

H. W. MUNGER,
Merchant Tailor, and manufacturer of Custom Clothing.

IRON FOUNDRY,
By JOHN A. SQUIER, Furnace street.

J. G. ALLEN,
Counsellor and Attorney at Law, Notary Public, and General Insurance Agent.

JOHN BOWLES,
Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, and Fancy Articles.

JOHN FEENEY,
Eating Saloon, opposite the depot.

JOHN SHAW,
Brick Mason and Plasterer.

JOHN WAITE, AGT.,
Manufacturer and dealer in Harnesses, Trunks, Robes, Whips, &c.

J. P. SHAW,
Dealer in Family Groceries, Flour, &c. Farmers' produce exchanged for goods. Commere'l Bl'k.

J. S. LOOMIS,
Dealer in all kinds of House Furniture, Coffins, and Burial Caskets.

J. W. THOMPSON,
Dealer in Groceries, Crockery, Provisions, Flour.

M. FOX,
Wholesale dealer in Fresh Fish, Oysters, Nuts, Fruit, Ales, &c.

MRS. A. C. COLLINS,
Dealer in Millinery and Fancy Goods.

M. W. FRENCH,
Dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, opposite the depot.

NASSOWANNO HOUSE,
By J. W. WEEKS, opposite the Depot.

NEWTON & CONVERSE,
Wholesale and retail dealers in Flour, Grain, and Groceries.

N. PIPER, AGT.,
Manufacturer of Monuments, Tombstones, and other Marble Works.

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Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Ready-Made Clothing, &c.

SMITH, LOOMIS, & CO.,
Carriage and Sleigh Manufacturers and repairers.

S. W. SMITH, AGT.,
Dealer in Family Groceries, Flour, Farmer's Produce, &c.

WM. A. COOPER,
Ambrotype and Photographic Artist. Opposite the Palmer House.

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WOOD & ALLEN,
Druggists, and dealers in Medicines and Fancy Articles.

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Jeweller and Repairer of Watches.

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FRESH FISH, OYSTERS,

Fruit, Confectionery Pies and Cakes, Vegetables Spruce and Hop Beer, Soda, and Sole Agent in Eastern Hampden for

*Millard & Barnard's Hudson Pale Ale.*

Store removed to
NASSOWANNO BLOCK.
Palmer, July 13, 1861. tf.

CAUTION

TO Females in Delicate Health. DR. DOW, Physician and Surgeon, No. 7 Endicott street, Boston, is consulted daily for all diseases incident to the female system. Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Fluor Albus, Suppression, and other Menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed in a very few days. So invariably certain is the new mode of treatment, that most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the most afflicted person soon rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of diseases of women than any other physician in Boston.

Boarding accommodations for patients who may wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treatment.

Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole attention to an office practice for the cure of Private Diseases and Female Complaints, acknowledges no superior in the United States.

N. B.—All letters must contain one dollar, or they will not be answered.

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.
Boston, July 25, 1863. 1y.

# SASHES, DOORS, AND BLINDS

The subscriber makes to order all kinds of SASHES, DOORS, AND BLINDS, at short notice

J. R. PARKHURST.

Palmer, Aug. 8, 1863. tf.

M. P. KNOWLTON,

*ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,*

249 Main Street, opposite Court Square, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

DR. SWEET'S

# INFALLIBLE LINIMENT,

THE GREAT EXTERNAL REMEDY FOR Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Stiff Neck and Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts and Wounds, Piles, Headache, and all Rheumatic and Nervous Disorders,

DR. STEPHEN SWEET, OF CONNECTICUT, The great natural Bone Setter.

DR. STEPHEN SWEET, OF CONNECTICUT, Is known all over the United States.

DR. STEPHEN SWEET, OF CONNECTICUT, Is the author of "Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment,"

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Cures Rheumatism, and never fails.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Is a certain remedy for Neuralgia.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Cures Burns and Scalds immediately.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Is the best known remedy for Sprains and Bruises.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Cures Headache immediately, and was never known to fail.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Affords immediate relief for Piles, and seldom fails to cure.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Cures Toothache in one minute.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Cures Cuts and Wounds immediately, and leaves no scar.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Is the best remedy for Sores in the known world.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Has been used by more than a million people, and all praise it.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Is truly a "friend in need," and every family should have it at hand.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Is for sale by all Druggists. Price 25 cents.

RICHARDSON & CO.,
Sole Proprietors, Norwich, Ct.

For sale by Wood & Allen, Palmer; Dr. Holden, Ware, and H. T. Small & Co., Stafford Springs. f21

## Pensions, Back Pay, and Bounty Money.

F. D. RICHARDS,
ATTORNEY FOR CLAIMANTS, WARE, MASS.

*Information for the Instruction of Claimants:*

All soldiers of the present war who have served two years, and soldiers discharged for wounds received in battle, without reference to time of service, are entitled, besides their regular pay to $100 bounty. In case soldiers or seamen are discharged for disability or wounds while in the service, contracted while in the line of duty, are entitled to a pension according to the disability. In case of the death of a soldier before discharge, through disease contracted or wounds received while in service, his widow is entitled to receive the $100 bounty, besides arrearages of pay and pension during her lifetime or widowhood. If the soldier died after discharged, from disease contracted or wounds received while in service, his widow is entitled to a pension of $96 per annum, and in case of marriage to the minor children under 16 years of age.

If no widow or minor children the bounty and pay will descend to the heirs as follows: First to father, second to the mother, third to the brothers and sisters, fourth to the next of kin. Address

Aug. 1, 1863. F. D. RICHARDS, Ware, Mass.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY,

MANUFACTURER OF

PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS,

*501 Broadway, New York.*

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS.

Our catalogue now embraces considerably over FOUR THOUSAND different subjects, (to which additions are continually being made) of Portraits of Eminent Americans, etc., viz.:

72 Major-Generals, 525 Statesmen,
190 Brigadier-Generals, 127 Divines,
259 Colonels, 116 Authors,
84 Lieutenant Colonels, 30 Artists,
207 Other Officers, 112 Stage,
60 Navy Officers, 46 Prominent Women,
147 Prominent Foreign Portraits,
2,500 Copies of Works of Art, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, &c.

Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp. An order for 12 pictures from our catalogue will be filled on receipt of $1.80, and sent by mail, FREE.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

Of these we manufacture a great variety, ranging in price from 50 cts. to $3 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others. The smaller kinds can be sent safely by mail at a postage of six cents per oz. The more expensive can be sent by express.

We also keep a large assortment of

Stereoscopes & Stereoscopic Views.

Our catalogue of these will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY, Manufacturers of Photographic Materials, 501 Broadway, N. York.

Friends or relatives of prominent military men will confer a favor by sending us their likenesses to copy. They will be kept carefully and returned uninjured.

FINE ALBUMS MADE TO ORDER for Congregations to present to their Pastors, or for other purposes, with suitable inscriptions, &c.

ag22 6m

BLACKSMITHING.

THE Subscriber has returned to his old stand, and is prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing in the best manner.

HORSE SHOEING

done to the satisfaction of every one entrusting their horses to my care.

PATRICK McMANAMY.

Palmer, Apr il 25, 1863.

# INSURANCE AGENCY!

At the Office of F. D. RICHARDS, Ware, Mass. for the following companies:

| | |
|---|---|
| Atlantic Fire and Marine Ins. Co. | Providence, R. I. |
| American Life and Trust Ins. Co., | New Haven, Ct. |
| Bay State Insurance Co., | Worcester, Mass. |
| Equitable Life Assurance Society, | New York City. |
| Home Insurance Co., | " |
| Hartford Fire Insurance Co. | Hartford, Ct. |
| Hampshire Mutual Insurance Co., | Northampton, Ms. |
| Merchants' and Farmers' Ins Co, | Worcester, Mass |
| People's Mutual Insurance Co., | " |
| State Mutual Life Insurance Co., | " |
| Thames Insurance Co., | Norwich, Ct. |
| Western Massachusetts Ins Co., | Pittsfield, Mass. |

Ware, Aug. 1, 1863. F. D. RICHARDS, Agt

AMHERST, BELCHERTOWN, & PALMER RAILROAD.—On and after Sept. 1, 1863, trains will run daily as follows:

Leave Amherst at 9.15 a. m., and 4.00 p. m.
Leave Palmer at 2.15 and 5.45 p. m.

Passengers taking the mail trains from Albany or New York for Springfield, will not fail to connect at Palmer with cars for Amherst. Stage accommodations at Belchertown for Enfield, Greenwich, and Dana; at Amherst for Northampton, North Hadley, Hadley, and Sunderland, j7. n3'63. J. H. M. LELAND, Secretary.

LAWRENCE & Co. will pay the *highest market price* for HIDES and SKINS delivered at their market. Palmer, Jan. 24, 1863.

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY, Solicitor of Patents,

Late Agent of U. S. Patent Office Washington, (under the Act of 1837.)

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After an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States, also in Great Britain, France, and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Bonds, Assignments, and all Papers or Drawings for Patents executed on liberal terms, and with dispatch. Researches made into American or Foreign works to determine the validity or utility of Patents or inventions—and legal or other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington.

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"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a person more competent and trustworthy, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office." EDMUND BURKE, Late Commissioner of Patents

"Mr. R. H. Eddy has made for me THIRTEEN applications, on all but one of which patents have been granted, and that is now pending. Such unmistakeable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend ALL inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges." JOHN TAGGART.

During eight months, the subscriber, in course of his large practice, made on TWICE rejected applications, SIXTEEN APPEALS, EVERY ONE of which was decided in his favor by the Commissioner of Patents. R. H. EDDY.

Boston, January 24, 1863. 1y

*To Nervous Sufferers of Both Sexes.*

A Reverend Gentleman having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing all the usual routine and irregular expensive modes of treatment without success, considers it his sacred duty to communicate to his afflicted fellow creatures the means of cure. Hence, on the receipt of a post-paid, addressed envelope, he will send (free) a copy of the prescription used. Direct to Dr. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186 Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y. j24

NEW LONDON NORTHERN RAILROAD. On and after Monday, December 1, 1862. Trains leave Palmer 7 50 A. M. and 2.15 P. M., in connection with trains from Springfield.

Leave New London 7 30 A. M. and 1 40 P. M., connecting at Palmer with Western road for Springfield and Albany at 11 01, 11 30 A. M., and 5 08 P. M., and in time for trains to Amherst, Worcester and Boston.

Trains connect at Willimantic for Hartford, and at New London with Stonington, Providence, New Haven and N. York trains and boat for N. Y.

November 29, 1862. R. N. DOWD, Supt.

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THE Subscriber has taken the Jewelry Store lately occupied by S. P. Blair, in Nassowanno Block, and offers to the public an excellent assortment of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, which he will sell at small profits.

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JAS. G. ALLEN, Counsellor & Attorney.

Palmer, March 21, 1863.

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☞Dr. HIGGINS' justly celebrated medicines are prepared by us, and furnished wholesale and retail as formerly. THE ANTALGICA, the best PAIN RELIEVER of the age, has a large sale, and should be in every family. Those who have used it once never do without it. Our Scrofula Syrup is one of the best remedies to use for the cure of Humors, as hundreds can testify. A liberal discount to physicians and the trade. WOOD & ALLEN.

Palmer, July 11, 1863. 6m.

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Palmer, April 4, 1863. tf

A NICE PACK of Wedding or Visiting Cards can be printed at this office at short notice. Wedding Envelopes always on hand.

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# The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XIV. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1863. NUMBER 33.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.
—BY—
GORDON M. FISK & Co.

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## A THRILLING ROMANCE!

The following is one of the best burlesques on the current literature, i. e. cheap novels, of the day we have met with for a long time. Amateur novel or magazine writers should not fail to read it. It is given as a "sublime extract."

"On one cold winter's day, in the month of July, a poor man, clad in all the habiliments and gold and tinsel of the rich, was footing along on horseback, in an open boat, over a long and dreary desert. Not a hill, tree, rock, or spot of green, appeared to cheer him in his tedious ascent of the vast mountain which lay spread out before him, in fertile heaps, as far as the eye could reach. Huge precipices lay scattered in his path, and ever and anon would his footsteps mingle, in sweet cadence, with the black waters of the yellow sky, over whose precipitous plains he scrambled with all the agility of a stout pair of cowhide boots, which encased his hose in a red, fiery aspect. Egyptian darkness had now settled down upon the earth, and the noon-day sun threw his cold and piercing rays full in the face of the traveller, as he pursued his northern course toward the beautiful streaks of light that now illumed the east, caused by the rising of the setting sun in the dim distance of the present future. The moon cast her pale inky light, of midnight brightness, o'er the shades of perambulating hen-coops, whose blue rays of ambient green, being buckled to the coat-tails of a large box of Brandreth's pills, greatly assisted him in his precarious passage over the lengthened shadows of the grassy and verdureless lake.

"At length, while thus, in silent grandeur, he stalked along, he met an aged man, whose silvery locks, of jet black hue, hung, in auburn curls, from the white oak bramble of a century's growth, which lined the sides of a large, dandy, gray, russet, sky-blue, pink-colored partridge, whose silent whirl was heard for miles, buttoned close up to the throat of the youth before-mentioned. His feet were encased in a large wooden bag, thrown over his shoulders in rich profusion, and clad in a yellow frock-coat of fiery red, and carrying his nose, which was slightly turned up at the end, under his left arm, he presented an appearance altogether striking and picturesque.—When our pedestrian first turned the glance of his withering nose upon the fair-haired youth, on whose downy chin the grey beard of bluish brown hung from his eye-brows, upward, in one congealed mass, he slowly hastened to turn over the north-east side of a bread and milk cheese, manufactured of the best damascus steel, whose willow branches, of the toughest oak, afforded a grateful shelter to twelve years, on a small pine table, of the largest dimensions and of delicate texture, interwoven with spices of Iceland, steel filings, and saw-dust.

"At length, two years after, on the same day, they sat down together, in a standing posture, to a sumptuous repast of the fore-axletree of the aged youth's horse, whose unruffled breathings, of a greenish black, cast their shadows before the hind wheel of the near horse's leg. The deep ravines, whose towering hill-tops pierce the clouds as before mentioned, they carried between them, in a large block-tin knot-hole, whose lofty branches peeped forth benignly from the jacket pocket of the rich traveller, clad in the silks and satins of the poor. But now, a change cames o'er the spirit of their dream. The lightning's rude blast moaned through the far off trees with an imperceptible roar, and the thunder, in terrific torrents, upheaving from the shallow depths of the troubled waters of the calm and placid sea, accompanied by the dry and scorching rain, roamed in compound individuality o'er the boundless depths of the hilly prairie; and the sun, in wrathy calmness, poured forth whole sheets of water upon the dark and silent earth; and our travellers, in unassuaged dismay of this illustration of cuts and gashes of the beauties and harmonies of nature, resolved, from that moment ten months previous, to make a straight walk for home; and, accordingly, five years from the present time, they didn't go home, and arrived there twelve years ago; nor have they been seen or heard of since.

ANTEDELUVIAN DIET. A friend thinks the antedeluvian life must have been a great contrast to ours, and pictures it thus:

"Only fancy having two dried whales hanging in your larder, and a cold mammoth cut and come again,' on the side-board. 'Shall I help you to a bit of the Icthoyatarus?'—'Thank you, I should prefer a slice of your Mastedon.' Stewed Plesiosauri! Leviathan a la crapoderie! Imagine a bill not a twelve months, but two hundred years, and a fellow who carried off your plate box, getting sent to the tread-mill for four score summers.—Consider an elderly gentleman, with a liver complaint of only one hundred years standing, wearing out four sets of false teeth, and finally carried off after a brief illness of three hundred and ten years, in a galloping consumption."

CONTROVERSY.—Wise and good men will avoid controversy and disputation, as far as they can; yet they must not determine against them, or condemn them indiscriminately; for when false teachers come in unawares to subvert men's souls; when the fundamental truths of the Gospel are opposed and perverted, and the principles of men are poisoned by pernicious tenets; we ought to "contend earnestly," (though in meekness) for the faith once delivered to the saints, and to decline controversy in such circumstances argues lukewarmness and cowardice, rather than meekness and wisdom.

☞ A precocious boy being asked in his geography what they raised in South Carolina replied "They used to raise niggers and cotton, but now they are raising the devil."

## Beyond the Grave.

Lightly now the leaves of Autumn,
Mark another vanished year;
Think how many once beside us,
Silent lie on sorrow's bier,
Cold and valiant arms and willing,
Once so fond, so strong to save;
Eyes are red with midnight weeping,
Hope looks up beyond the grave.

There are hearth-stones sad and lonely,
There are mounds of freemen slain;
Those once loved, and love returning,
Never more shall meet again.
Those whose last words spoken kindly,
Asked our thoughts for thoughts they gave,
Praying for a brighter season,
Whisper now, beyond the grave.

Fain would we once more embrace them,
'Neath the storm cloud on the sea;
Giving fear for fear of sorrow,
Giving smile for smile of glee.
Thus our eyes seek out that haven,
Far across each surging wave;
Where in beauty and in gladness,
We may meet beyond the grave.

God watch o'er us through the shadows,
Resting on thy brow and mine;
More of joy and less of doubting,
Fills the land of light divine.
Fills the land where crystal waters,
Shores of greenest verdue lave;
There for thee, and there love only,
Hope looks up beyond the grave.

## LISBETH BROWN'S THANKSGIVING DINNER.

BY EMMA GARRISON.

Simeon Brown stood in the doorway of his father's kitchen in the early dawn of a fair May morning, his face shorn of all its wonted joyousness, like an autumn forest, when the leaves have gone down behind the bleak, grey hills.

'I've got to go, mother,' he said, at last, addressing a middle-aged woman, who stood, folding a small parcel, before the cleanly scoured dresser, 'and I may as well go at once. Come, say good bye.'

'Yes, you've got to go, and it'll break your old mother's heart, Simeon, and bring down her grey hairs in sorrow to the grave,' she answered, in a petulent, grieving voice, as she put down the parcel, and came and stood beside him.

'No, mother, no—don't talk so,' he said, soothingly; 'you know I am obliged to go—it'll be the best for all—we can't get on if we stay here!'

'Yes we can, Simeon—yes we can; but you have got above your old home an' your old mother, an' now—'

'Lisbeth!'

The voice of her husband silenced her querulous complaining, but she put her apron to her eyes, and rocked herself to and fro in the abandonment of utter despair.

'I shan't be gone long,' continued Simeon, his voice trembling in spite of all his efforts to steady it; 'not more than two years at the furthest, and then we'll all go and live in a nice little house together, and you shall call your last days your best ones.'

Her face brightened up a little, but she asked, half in hope half in fear—

'But if you fail, Simeon—if you fail, what then?'

A sudden shadow dashed out the sunlight from his brave young face, but it returned again in an instant; and his broad chest expanded, and the muscular chords in his bronzed wrists worked visibly, as he replied,

'I shall not fail, mother!'

His strong faith somewhat re-assured her, and she looked up almost cheerfully.

'Well, maybe you won't, Simeon—I hope so, at any rate. You always was a good boy, and I trust the Lord'll help you.'

'I trust so, mother. The sun's most up; I must be off. Take care of yourself while I'm gone. Good bye!'

'Good bye, Simeon; good bye, my good boy—that never gave his mother a cross word or caused her a moment's trouble in his life. God bless you!'

He held her in his arms for a moment, and then turned to his father.

'Good bye, father—do the best you can until I return.'

'Good bye, my son; God's blessing go with you!'

'Here, Simeon, stop a moment,' called his mother, as he turned toward the door; 'I'd most forgot 'em, and I made 'em on purpose for you—some of the seed cakes you always liked so well. Think of your old mother when you eat 'em.'

Simeon dropped the little packet in his pocket, drew his hat over his eyes, and stepped out.

Faith Hunter, his foster-sister, was awaiting him in the yard.

'I'm going down a little piece with you, Simeon,' she said; 'and so you needn't bid me good bye.'

There was, in his heart, a great tide of feeling, which had been steadily deepening and gaining strength ever since a winter night, sixteen years before, when his mother came home from the death-bed of a friendless widow, bringing with her a little helpless babe, and told him that she was to be, from henceforth and forever, his sister; and she had been, and even more than a sister, if such a thing be possible. Side by side they trod the flowery paths of childhood, sharing every pleasure, and pain, and joy, and sorrow—almost the same existence; hand in hand they entered upon an untried road of youthful anticipations; but now they were about to separate, and all the mighty love which had grown up in the youth's heart, and strengthened with his strength, was struggling fiercely for escape, but he resolutely kept it back. No matter if that timid little girl at his side was dearer to him than all the rest of the world—than his own life even—he must not speak of it to her then. She was nothing but a child, and he had no home, no inducement, nothing but his strong hands and brave young heart, to offer her. Yet how could he leave her, how could he go away, without some slight assurance that he could not be quite forgotten!

'Faith,' he said, at last, making an effort to steady his voice, 'do you know that I am sorrier to leave you than any one else, not even mother excepted?'

'Are you, Simeon?' she asked, innocently, uplifting her trustful eyes to his face.

'Yes, I am, Faith; and I want to know if you will quite forget me when I am gone away?'

'Why, how could I, Simeon, when you've been so good and kind to me? No, indeed, I shall never forget you.'

'And will you be glad to see me when I come back, Faith?'

'Why, to be sure, Simeon—what makes you ask?'

'Because I want to know—you're sure you'll be glad?'

'Very sure, Simeon.'

'Very well; I shall be back in a year or so, and shall expect you to keep your promise.'

'I shall keep it—and you've given me so many little things, that I want to give you something, and I've nothing but this—it's my little Bible—I want you to take it, Simeon, and think of me when you read it.'

'Good bye, Faith; take care of yourself and mother.'

His strong hand trembled as he opened the little package. It was a pretty, delicate thing, daintily bound in morocco, with a silver clasp, inscribed with the simple word, 'Faith.' His eyes filled with tears as he looked at it.

'I don't know how to thank you for this, Faith. Why, it almost seems like carrying you with me, since it's got your name on it. I'll read it every day, and always keep it here, Faith,' he said, dropping it in his breast pocket, and buttoning up his coat, as if he wanted it close to his heart.

By this time they had reached the gate—the old red gate upon which they had swung together a thousand times in their happy childhood.

'I must go back now, Simeon,' said Faith, struggling hard to keep back her tears; 'Aunt Lisbeth will want me to help her about the milking.'

He tore his hand from her lingering clasp, threw his knapsack across his shoulders, the old red gate closed with a ringing clang, and Faith turned tearfully homeward.

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A chill November wind tossed and whirled the dry elm leaves on the common in front of Reuben Brown's cottage, and blew the thin grey locks about his forehead, as he stood in the yard, harnessing up the old fashioned honnet-topped buggy.

'Hadn't you better have your yarn mittens, Reuben?' called his wife from the doorway. 'The air's bitin' cold, and we'll have snow before night; I can tell by the way the wind blows.'

'Maybe I had, wife,' he replied, gathering up the reins and mounting the creaking seat.

'Run, Faith, and get Reuben's yarn mittens. They're under the lounge in the back room—hurry, child!'

Faith ran out, her pretty curls blown about her face, and, climbing on the wheel, held the reins until the old man drew the mittens on.

'Hurry back, Reuben,' called Lisbeth; 'I don't want my Thanksgiving dinner to spile with waitin.'

'Aye, aye, wife!'

Old Dobbin pricked up his ears and started forward; the old-fashioned buggy went creaking down the lane, and was soon lost to sight by the swaying elm boughs.

'Now, Faith,' said Lisbeth, tucking up her sleeves, and tying on her ample linen apron, 'if ever we was spry in our lives let's be this morning. They'll be home at two o'clok, and it's most ten now; and the turkey and the mince pie to bake—and, goodness me, I wunder if the bread is riz. Yes, indeed, jest as light as a feather. It's jest the nicest thing in the world for Simeon to get home on Thanksgiving day, ain't it, Faith?'

Faith said 'Yes, ma'am,' very quietly; and the happy woman went on.

'Poor Simmie! it's been many a day since his old mother cooked a dinner for him—and he always liked my cooking. Mother, he used to say, I never saw any one cook things as nice as you do. How lucky it was, Faith, that you made that raisin cake yesterday.—He always liked it. I remember, when he was 'most a baby—I can see him now, with his curls all a dancin' round his rosy cheeks—he used to catch hold of my dress and say, 'Mother, won't you have raisin cake Thanksgiving day?' Bless his dear heart!—the best boy that ever lived! Never gave his old mother trouble in his life! I know he'll enjoy his dinner. Chop up them apples, Faith, and we'll have the pies on in no time.'

Faith did not reply, but a happy light lay in her soft blue eyes as she tripped out to set the table.

Two o'clock found everything ready—the old walnut table, covered with the finest linen and the brightest and prettiest of everything that the cottage afforded, spread out in the center of the best room; the round of beef smoking at one end, the huge turkey at the other, and the mammoth loaf, rising, mountain-like, amid a profusion of berry-brown pies and cakes; while the side-board groaned beneath heaps of yellow apples, and stone pitchers of sparkling cider.

In the doorway, nicely robed in her brown muslin and dove-silk shawl, her dark hair (just beginning to be streaked with silver) put smoothly back beneath her best lace cap, stood Lisbeth, her face aglow with anxious expectation. Faith flitted hither and thither, shaking out the folds of a curtain or re-arranging a branch of evergreen, looking quite pretty in her new merino, the neck and sleeves edged with a fringe of misty lace, and her auburn curls streaming over her shoulders like waves of sunshine. It might have been the consciousness of her own fresh loveliness that brought the rose-flush to her cheeks, and made her pause once in a while before the little oval mirror, to assure herself that Simeon's gold chain was all right, with the clasp in front. It might have been something else. Be that as it may, Faith was not to blame; for that which we often term maiden vanity deserves a far holier name.

Two o'clock passed, and, at last, the old corner clock struck three; still they had not come.

'What could detain 'em so long?' said Lisbeth, giving the fire a vigorous stir, and moving Reuben's coat and slippers a little nearer. 'The dinner'll all be spiled, and they'll have an awful ride. The snow is beginning to fall now, and it'll be a dreadful storm, I know by the sound of the wind. It roared just this way, kind of mournful like, just before the great snow storm, when the hen roof fell in and smashed all my poor chickens. Dear me, how fast it falls! I do wish I'd a thought to send Simeon that yarn tippet; he always was subject to sore throats, and this'll be sure to give him one. Where's his slippers, Faith the new ones you worked for him? Why don't you put them down to warm? He'll want them when he gets here.'

Faith brought out the slippers—pretty black velvet ones, flowered with golden braid—and put them beneath the chair in Simeon's favorite corner.

'Now, put down some apples to roast, and heat them a mug of cider, and see that the gravy is warm. Surely, they'll be here soon.'

Faith did this also, and then brought out her little work-basket, and sat down by the great hickory fire, making a great effort to appear calm. But it was all in vain—her fingers would tremble and flutter, and her cottons got tangled in a most amazing manner.

Four o'clock came and the snow descended in thick heavy showers, and a cold easterly wind whistled around the corners, leaving the frozen ground bare in some places, and in others piling up the white drifts in great freezing masses. The chickens sought their nightly roost, the cattle flocked to the barn-yard, and the pony came up to the bars and whinnied for admittance—still they did not come.

The Thanksgiving dinner grew cold upon the table; and Lisbeth stood in the doorway until the white flakes lay thickly on her garments.

'Somethin's the matter, Faith,' she said uneasily, 'I know there is; they wouldn't stay this long if there wusn't.'

'The boat may have been delayed,' suggested Faith.

'Yes, or the buggy broke down. Reuben said one of the lurch pins was loose. Dear me! it's too bad!—the Thanksgivin' dinner'll be spiled after all our fixin.'

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Another half hour went by. The wind rose to a shrill wild blast, and the snow came down in smothering torrents. The chill, gray gloom of twilight began to settle down, when dimly visible to the eyes of the weary watchers appeared the sombre, bonnet-shaped top of the old-fashioned buggy.

'Here they come, Faith, here they come!' cried Lisbeth springing down the steps, 'Stir the fire, and let's run down to meet 'em.—Poor Simeon, I know he's nearly froze!'

Faith sprang up, and flushed and tremulous, ran out to join Lisbeth.

Lisbeth pressed forward, closely followed by Faith; but neither face looked out to welcome them.

'Where's Simeon—where's my boy?' cried the fond mother. 'O, Faith, he hasn't come! Reuben, where's Simeon?'

But Reuben did not answer, or even make the slightest movement. With his face white and stony, his head hanging helplessly beside him, he sat in the remotest corner, staring out upon them with a vacant, unmeaning stare.

'Reuben, what's the matter?' almost screamed the frantic woman. 'Are you sick—dead—frozen? Oh, for heaven's sake, speak to me!'

Slowly and almost mechanically he arose from his seat, and clambered out with feeble tottering steps.

'Reuben, Reuben—speak to me!' continued Lisbeth, grasping his arm fiercely.

'Where is Simeon?—why hasn't he come home?'

'He's gone!—he'll never come home any more! never, never!' said the old man incoherently, groping with his hands in the pockets of his coat.

'Gone, Simeon gone!—my boy, never come home any more! What do you mean, Reuben?'

'Here it is,' he continued in the same wandering tone; here it all is! He'll never come home any more!'

Faith grasped the paper from his shivering hand, and following his pointing finger read in the deepening twilight.

By telegraph from S——. The steamer Ocean Queen, that left this wharf at six o'clock this morning, took fire on the passage. Although prompt and vigorous efforts were made to rescue the passengers, owing to the suddenness of the catastrophe only two were saved.

'Simeon was one of them; he was one of the two,' she said, her face blanching, and her lips growing rigid.

'No, no—I've seen 'em—seen 'em both; he'll never come home any more!'

'What is it?' cried Lisbeth, still unconscious of the dreadful truth, her voice dropping down to a tone of piteous entreaty, 'where is Simeon, where's my boy?—tell me he's not dead, and I can hear anything else.'

But Reuben did not answer, but the tears rolled over his wrinkled face, and it was enough.

• • • • • • • •

The storm swelled higher and higher and higher, and towards midnight raged around the little New England cottage with appalling fury. The hickory fire had burned down to a few flickering embers, which threw a fitful glow over the Thanksgiving table, and over the bowed heads of the three disconsolate mourners as they sat there in their terrible desolation.

This was their Thanksgiving Day, begun in hope and joyous anticipation, but ended in the very blackness of utter despair.

'Oh, I can't stand it,' sobbed Lisbeth; 'I can't, I can't. It's cruel—wicked—wrong.—He was all I had—my only child—my darling precious boy, that never gave his old mother a cross word, or caused her a moment's trouble in his life; my baby, that used to sleep in my bosom and lay his little head against my cheek; and now he's in the river,—in the cold black water, and we're here, living, thinking, breathing, by a warm fire.—Oh, I can't stand it, I can't; I wish I could die and end my misery.'

Reuben was too deeply affected by this sudden outgush of a mother's grief to speak a single word of comfort, and his own heart was too deeply wounded. For a few moments the three sat side by side in sorrowful silence; then the old man rose up, and opened it, and read: 'Come unto me all ye that are heavily laden, and I will give you rest.'

Precious, life-giving words. We read them night and morning, and hear them Sabbath after Sabbath from the sacred desk, yet never know their full meaning, their true consolation, until some great calamity sweeps away every prop and stay, and we have nothing else to lean upon. All this was felt in that little New England home, and the old man's voice rose up like a sighing breeze in the din of the winter tempest, and on the great surging deep of their hearts fell a sad but peaceful calm. Still the storm raged on; the wind rose and fell, and whistled around the gables, driving the snow before them in great freezing drifts. It would soon be morning, rose, and gold and purple would dapple the eastern horizon, and disperse the storm and darkness; but over the night their desolation, no morning would ever break.

Was that a step in the snow, or only the voice of the tempest? A step, surely, for it comes crunching the freezing drifts, and pauses on the step with a quick, determined sound. And there is a rap, short, sudden, and eager.

Reuben rises, it is some of the neighbors with tidings of the lost steamer, news that the body of his boy has been found, perhaps. He opens the door—the wind sweeps in, bringing with it a cutting shower of sleet, and also a happy, hopeful face.

'How are you, father?'

The resonant voice rings through the silent home like a peal of sudden joy. The old father hears it, and falls into his son's embrace; the poor mother hears it, and rushes forward half frantic with delight; Faith hears it in the solitude of her little chamber, and hastens out, her sweet face alternating between smiles and tears.

'Oh, Simeon—oh, my boy!—they told me you was dead, drowned, lost in the river; they wanted to break your poor old mother's heart, but you wouldn't let 'em: you've come back, Simeon, never to leave me again—'

'Never to leave you again, mother—God willing.' He held her to his bosom for a moment, and then went round to where Faith stood.

'Now, father and mother,' he said, his voice vibrating with emotion, as he took the young girl's hand, 'let me tell you of my deliverance for deliverance it was—from the very jaws of death. It was God's providence first, and next to that, Faith's little Bible; she gave it to me the morning we parted, and I always kept it about me, and it proved a precious talisman. I went on board the Ocean Queen this morning, with the rest of the poor passengers; but just as she was leaving the wharf, I found that I had left my overcoat hanging on the railing af the bridge. I didn't care for the coat, but Faith's little Bible was in the pocket, and I could not part with that; so I jumped ashore just as the boat pushed off. And, now father,' he continued, turning to the old man, who sat in his arm chair with clasped hands and streaming eyes, 'I will say with your permission, that which my heart has long felt. I have succeeded in my efforts even beyond my ardent expectations; in the far west a comfortable home awaits us, surrounded by fertile acres sufficient to yield us all we need. I love you, Faith; I have always loved you ever since that winter night when mother brought you home to be my little sister. Be more than a sister now.'

The auburn head went down upon his shoulder like a flash of sunlight. Lisbeth stood in silence, unable to comprehend the scene; but after a while the happy truth burst upon her, and she clasped her arms about them with a joyful cry:

'My own precious children, and we shall live together and never part, again; shan't we Simeon?'

Never part again, mother, until death parts us,' said the young man, solemnly.

'Get his slippers, Faith,' cried the happy mother, laughing and crying by turns; 'they'll be all the more acceptable now; think a heap of 'em Simeon—she most worked her eyes out over 'em.'

Simeon put on the velvet slippers, and sat down in his own place.

'Now run for the gravy, Faith, while I stir up the fire; we'll have our Thanksgiving dinner after all.'

'Thanksgiving breakfast, I should say, mother,' laughed Simeon.

'Well, it'll do just as well—we've seen a great many in our day, but this'll be the happiest one of all, won't it, Reuben?'

'The happiest one of all, Lisbeth,' said the old man, smiling through his tears.

THE MILLER'S PORTRAIT.—A worthy miller wishing for a portrait for himself, applied to a painter to have it accomplished

"But, said he, "I am a very industrious man. I wish to be painted as looking out of my window of my mill. but when any one looks at me, I wish to pop my head in; so as not to be thought lazy, or as spending to much time at the window."

'Very well,' said the painter, 'it shall be done so.'

He painted the mill and the mill window. The miller looked at it.

'Very well,' said he, 'but where is myself looking out?'

'O,' said the painter, 'whenever one looks at the mill; you know, you pop your head in, to preserve your credit for industry.'

'Thats right, that's right,' said the miller. 'I'm content—just so. I'm in the mill now, ain't I? Just so; that will do.?

A REBEL CACKLE ABOUT HENS.—The rebel hens are a disaver. The Richmond Whig says:

"The hens throughout the country have combined to bring about a scarcity of eggs, and lay less than they ever were known to lay before. Yesterday morning eggs in the First Market commanded two dollars and fifty cents a dozen, and the purchaser averred he could have carried all in the market in his market basket.

"We apprehend the hens have been imitating their owners, the farmers, and laying their treasures in out-of-way places, out of the reach of the impressment agents.

"The hens should be overhauled."

☞ The latest style of hoop-skirts is the self-adjusting, double-back-action, hustle-etruscan, face-expansion, piccolomini-attachment, gossamer-indestructible, polocticomorama. It is a very sweet thing.

☞ A question for classical scholars: Were the sacred fowls of the ancient Romans ever used for lay purposes?

☞ It is quite natural that when woman reigns she should storm; and she always does.

☞ God has given thorns to the rose, and modesty to woman, for their protection.

### The Man Without a Friend.

There was a day when Talleyrand arrived in Havre from Paris. It was the darkest hour of the revolution. Pursued by the bloodhounds of the Reign of Terror, stript of every wreck of property. Talleyrand secured a passage to America in a ship about to sail. He was a beggar and a wanderer in a strange land, to earn his daily bread by daily labor.

'Is there an American stopping at your house?' he asked the landlord of the hotel. I am bound to cross the water, and would like a letter to a person of some influence in the New World.'

The landlord hesitated a moment, and then replied:

'There is a gentleman up stairs, either from America or Britain, but whether from America or England I cannot tell.

He pointed the way, and Talleyrand who in his life was a bishop, prince, and minister, ascended the stairs; a miserable supplicant stood before the stranger's door, knocked, and entered.

In the far corner of the dimly lighted room sat a man of some fifty years of age, his arms folded, and his head bowed upon his breast. From a window directly opposite, a flood of light poured upon his forehead. His eyes looked from his downcast brows and upon Talleyrand's face with a peculiar and searching expression. His face was striking in outline, the mouth and chin indicative of an iron will. His form was vigorous, even with the sorrows of fifty winters; he was dressed in a dark, but rich and distinguished costume.

Talleyrand advanced—stated he was a fugitive, and with the impression that the gentleman before him was an American, solicited his kind feelings and offices.

He poured forth his history in eloquent French and broken English.

I am a wanderer and an exile. I am forced to fly to the New World without friend or home. You are an American. Give me then I beseech you, a letter of yours, so that I may be able to earn my bread. I am willing to toil in any manner, a life of labor would be a paradise to a career of luxury in France. You will give me a letter to one of your friends? A gentleman like you has many friends.

The strange gentleman arose and retreated toward the door of the next chamber, his eyes still looking from beneath his darkened brow.

I am the only man of the New World who can raise his hands to God and say: I have not a friend—not one—in all America.

Talleyrand never forgot the overwhelming sadness of look which accompanied these words.

Who are you? he cried, as the strange man retreated to the next room.

My name, he replied, with a smile that had more of mockery than of joy in the convulsive expression, my name is Benedict Arnold.

He was gone. Talleyrand sank into a chair, gasping the words:

Arnold the traitor!

Thus he wandered over the face of the earth, another Cain, with the wanderers's mark upon his brow.

☞ The believers in signs and omens are not yet all defunct. A Rev. John Gilbert, of Clay county, Ky., writing to a friend in Frankfort on the duration of the present war, says: During the Revolutionary war *corn blades* had *seven* points to them; that is, the blade grew in such a manner as to have seven distinct points or ends corresponding with the sharp points of the blade. These seven points indicated the duration of the revolutionary war. Now there are but three separate distinct points to many of the blades, and this indicates very plainly to my mind that the duration of the present war will be three years—the points of the blades representing years.

BRIGHAM YOUNG AND HIS FAMILY.—Extensive matrimony seems to agree with Brigham Young as well as he agrees with that, for he is described by a tourist to Utah as presenting the appearance of a man of but forty-five years though he is verging upon the grand climacteric, being upward of sixty. He has as many children as years, and they are educated in a private school—established for their especial benefit. Brigham has the reputation of being a very fair specimen of a papa, though it would seem that his affections are in danger of being dinted.

A REBEL VIEW.—We find the London Index of the 22d ult, three letters from Charleston, giving "an inside view of the siege from August 14th to Sept. 3d." The writer admits that great gloom had been occasioned in the South by the rebel reverses at Vicksburg, Port Hudson and Gettysburg. He says: "Our women sigh, our men look solemn, and our newspapers ring out the war note with renewed vehemence." But he still thinks everything will be right in the end.

A BEAR KILLING.—In Strong, Me., last week, there was quite an excitement; half the population turned out to kill an alleged bear that had taken possession of a crooked point in the main road, called the "Devil's Elbow." They bravely but cautiously marched upon the enemy, and with a volley of five balls, killed the largest and noblest Newfoundland dog in the country.

THE MODERN ROMANCE.—Albert rode with the speed of an arrow to the garden, sprang like the wind from his steed, climbed like a squirrel over the hedge, writhed like a snake through the palings, flew like a hawk to the arbor, crept up to her unseen, threw himself passionately at her feet, swore frantically that he would shoot himself; was, however, immediately heard, seated himself in blessed delight at her side, sank on her bosom, swam in a sea of bliss—all this was the work of a second.

THE SHINING ONES.—It is said that a pure diamond may be easily recognized by putting it under water, when it retains all its brilliancy, while all other precious stones lose their peculiar appearance. Thus it is with the person who is made pure in the blood of Jesus. However deep the waters are which overflow his soul, still his light shines, showing the peculiar excellency of the Christian's hope, and the power of divine grace. Of such it may be truly affirmed, "Ye shine as lights in the world, holding forth the word of life."

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## A THRILLING ROMANCE!

The following is one of the best burlesques on the current literature, i. e. cheap novels, of the day we have met with for a long time. Amateur nuvel or magazine writers should not fail to read it. It is given as a "sublime extract."

"On one cold winter's day, in the month of July, a poor man, clad in all the habiliments and gold and tinsel of the rich, was footing along on horseback, in an open boat, over a long and dreary desert. Not a hill, tree, rock, or spot of green, appeared to cheer him in his tedious ascent of the vast mountain which lay spread out before him, in fertile heaps, as far as the eye could reach. Huge precipices lay scattered in his path, and ever and anon would his footsteps mingle, in sweet cadence, with the black waters of the yellow sky, over whose precipitous plains he scrambled with all the agility of a stout pair of cowhide boots, which encased his hose in a red, fiery aspect. Egyptian darkness had now settled down upon the earth, and the noon-day sun threw his cold and piercing rays full in the face of the traveller, as he pursued his northern course toward the beautiful streaks of light that now illumed the east, caused by the rising of the setting sun in the dim distance of the present future. The moon cast her pale inky light, of midnight brightness, o'er the shades of peramhulating hen-coops, whose blue rays of ambient green, being buckled to the coat-tails of a large box of Brandreth's pills, greatly assisted him in his precarious passage over the lengthened shadows of the grassy and verdureless lake.

"At length, while thus, in silent grandeur, he stalked along, he met an aged man, whose silvery locks, of jet black hue, hong, in auburn curls, from the white oak bramble of a century's growth, which lined the sides of a large, dandy, gray, russet, sky-blue, pink-colored partridge, whose silent whirl was heard for miles, buttoned close up to the throat of the youth before-mentioned. His feet were encased in a large wooden bag, thrown over his shoulders in rich profusion, and clad in a yellow frock-coat of fiery red, and carrying his nose, which was slightly turned up at the end, under his left arm, he presented an appearance altogether striking and picturesque.—When our pedestrian first turned the glance of his withering nose upon the fair-haired youth, on whose downy chin the grey beard of bluish brown hung from his eye-brows, upward, in one congealed mass, he slowly hastened to turn over the north-east side of a bread and milk cheese, manufactured of the best damascus steel, whose willow branches, of the toughest oak, afforded a grateful shelter to twelve years, on a small pine table, of the largest dimensions and of delicate texture, interwoven with spices of Iceland, steel filings, and saw-dust.

"At length, two years after, on the same day, they sat down together, in a standing posture, to a sumptuous repast of the foreaxletree of the aged youth's horse, whose unruffled breathings, of a greenish black, cast their shadows before the hind wheel of the near horse's leg. The deep ravines, whose towering hill-tops pierce the clouds as before mentioned, they carried between them, in a large black-tin knot-hole, whose lofty branches peeped forth benignly from the jacket pocket of the rich traveller, clad in the silks and satins of the poor. But now, a change comes o'er the spirit of their dream. The lightning's rude blast moaned through the far off trees with an imperceptible roar, and the thunder, in terrific torrents, upheaving from the shallow depths of the troubled waters of the calm and placid sea, accompanied by the dry and scorching rain, roamed in compound individuality o'er the boundless depths of the hilly prairie; and the sun, in wrathy calmness, poured forth whole sheets of water upon the dark and silent earth; and our travellers, in unassuaged dismay of this illustration of cuts and gashes of the beauties and harmonies of nature, resolved, from that moment ten months previous, to make a straight walk for home; and, accordingly, five years from the present time, they didn't go home, and arrived there twelve years ago; nor have they been seen or heard of since."

ANTEDELUVIAN DIET. A friend thinks the antedeluvian life must have been a great contrast to ours, and pictures it thus:

"Only fancy having two dried whales hanging in your larder, and a cold mammoth 'cut and come again,' on the side-board. 'Shall I help you to a bit of the Icthoyatarus?'—'Thank you, I should prefer a slice of your Mastedon.' Stewed Plesiosauri! Leviathan a la crapoderie! Imagine a bill not a twelve months, but two hundred years, and a fellow who carried off your plate box, getting sent to the tread-mill for four score summers.—Consider an elderly gentleman, with a liver complaint of only one hundred years standing, wearing out four sets of false teeth, and finally carried off after a brief illness of three hundred and ten years, in a galloping consumption."

CONTROVERSY.—Wise and good men will avoid controversy and disputation, as far as they can; yet they must not determine against them, or condemn them indiscriminately; for when false teachers come in unawares to subvert men's souls; when the fundamental truths of the Gospel are opposed and perverted, and the principles of men are poisoned by pernicious tenets; we ought to "contend earnestly," (though in meekness) for the faith once delivered to the saints, and to decline controversy in such circumstances argues lukewarmness and cowardice, rather than meekness and wisdom.

☞ A precocious boy being asked in his geography what they raised in South Carolina replied "They used to raise niggers and cotton, but now they are raising the devil."

## Beyond the Grave.

Lightly now the leaves of Autumn,
Mark another vanished year;
Think how many once beside us,
Silent lie on sorrow's bier,
Cold and valiant arms and willing,
Once so fond, so strong to save;
Eyes are red with midnight weeping,
Hope looks up beyond the grave.

There are hearth-stones sad and lonely,
There are mounds of freemen slain;
Those once loved, and love returning,
Never more shall meet again.
Those whose last words spoken kindly,
Asked our thoughts for thoughts they gave,
Praying for a brighter season,
Whisper now, beyond the grave.

Fain would we once more embrace them,
'Neath the storm cloud on the sea;
Giving fear for fear of sorrow,
Giving smile for smile of glee.
Thus our eyes seek out that haven,
Far across each surging wave;
Where in beauty and in gladness,
We may meet beyond the grave.

God watch o'er us through the shadows,
Resting on thy brow and mine;
More of joy and less of doubting,
Fills the land of light divine.
Fills the land where crystal waters,
Shores of greenest verdue lave;
There for thee, and there love only,
Hope looks up beyond the grave.

## LISBETH BROWN'S THANKSGIVING DINNER.

BY EMMA GARRISON.

Simeon Brown stood in the doorway of his father's kitchen in the early dawn of a fair May morning, his face shorn of all its wonted joyousness, like an autumn forest, when the leaves have gone down behind the bleak, grey hills.

'I've got to go, mother,' he said, at last, addressing a middle-aged woman, who stood, holding a small parcel, before the cleanly scoured dresser, 'and I may as well go at once. Come, say good bye.'

'Yes, you've gut to go, and it'll break your old mother's heart, Simeun, and bring down her grey hairs in sorrow to the grave,' she answered, in a petulent, grieving voice, as she put down the parcel, and came and stood beside him.

'No, mother, no—don't talk so,' he said, soothingly; 'you know I am obliged to go—it'll be the best for all—we can't get on if we stay here!'

'Yes we can, Simeon—yes we can; hut you have got ahuve your old home an' your old mother, an' nuw—'

'Lisbeth!'

The voice of her husband silenced her querulous complaining, but she put her apron in her eyes, and rocked herself to and fro in the abandonment of utter despair.

'I shan't be gone long,' continued Simeon, his voice trembling in spite of all his efforts to steady it; 'not more than two years at the furthest, and then we'll all go and live in a nice little house together, and you shall call your last days your best ones.'

Her face brightened up a little, but she asked, half in hope half in fear—

'But if you fail, Simeon—if you fail, what then?'

A sudden shadow dashed out the sunlight from his brave young face, but it returned again in an instant; and his broad chest expanded, and the muscular chords in his muscled wrists worked visibly, as he replied,

'I shall not fail, mother!'

His strong faith somewhat re-assured her, and she looked up almost cheerfully.

'Well, maybe you won't, Simeon—I hope so, at any rate. You always was a good boy, and I trust the Lord'll help you.'

'I trust so, mother. The sun's most up; I must be off. Take care of yourself while I'm gone. Good bye!'

'Good bye, Simeon; good bye, my good boy—that never gave his mother a cross word or caused her a moment's trouble in his life. God bless you!'

He held her in his arms for a moment, and then turned to his father.

'Good bye, father—do the best you can until I return.'

'Good bye, my son; God's blessing go with you!'

'Here, Simeon, stop a moment,' called his mother, as he turned toward the door; 'I'd most forgot 'em, and I made 'em on purpose for you—some of the seed cakes you always liked so well. Think of your old mother when you eat 'em.'

Simeon dropped the little packet in his pocket, drew his hat over his eyes, and stepped out.

Faith Hunter, his foster-sister, was awaiting him in the yard.

'I'm going down a little piece with you, Simeon,' she said; 'and so you needn't bid me good bye.'

There was, in his heart, a great tide of feeling, which had been steadily deepening and gaining strength ever since a winter night, sixteen years before, when his mother came home from the death-bed of a friendless widow, bringing with her a little helpless babe, and told him that she was to be, from henceforth and forever, his sister; and she had been, and even more than a sister, if such a thing be possible. Side by side they trod the flowery paths of childhood, sharing every pleasure, and pain, and joy, and sorrow—almost the same existence; hand in hand they entered upon an untried road of youthful anticipations; but now they were about to separate, and all the mighty love which had grown up in the youth's heart, and strengthened with his strength, was struggling fiercely for escape, but he resolutely kept it back. No matter if that timid little girl at his side was dearer to him than all the rest of the world—than his own life even—he must not speak of it to her then. She was nothing but a child, and he had no home, no inducement, nothing but his strong hands and brave young heart, to offer her. Yet how could he leave her, how could he go away, without some slight assurance that he could not be quite forgotten!

'Faith,' he said, at last, making an effort to steady his voice, 'do you know that I am sorrier to leave you than any one else, not even mother excepted?'

'Are you, Simeon?' she asked, innocently, uplifting her trustful eyes to his face.

'Yes, I am, Faith; and I want to know if you will quite forget me when I am gone away?'

'Why, how could I, Simeon, when you've been so good and kind to me? No, indeed, I shall never forget you.'

'And will you be glad to see me when I come back, Faith?'

'Why, to be sure, Simeon—what makes you ask?'

'Because I want to know—you're sure you'll be glad?'

'Very sure, Simeon.'

'Very well; I shall be back in a year or so, and shall expect you to keep your promise.'

'I shall keep it—and you've given me so many little things, that I want to give you something, and I've nothing but this—it's my little Bible—I want you to take it, Simeon, and think of me when you read it.'

'Good bye, Faith; take care of yourself and mother.'

His strong hand trembled as he opened the little package. It was a pretty, delicate thing, daintily bound in morocco, with a silver clasp, inscribed with the simple word, 'Faith.' His eyes filled with tears as he looked at it.

'I don't know how to thank you for this, Faith. Why, it almost seems like carrying you with me, since it's got your name on it. I'll read it every day, and always keep it here, Faith,' he said, dropping it in his breast pocket, and buttoning up his coat, as if he wanted it close to his heart.

By this time they had reached the gate—the old red gate upon which they had swung together a thousand times in their happy childhood.

'I must go back now, Simeon,' said Faith, struggling hard to keep back her tears; 'Aunt Lisbeth will want me to help her about the milking.'

He tore his hand from her lingering clasp, threw his knapsack across his shoulders, the old red gate closed with a ringing clang, and Faith turned tearfully homeward.

* * * * * * * *

A chill November wind tossed and whirled the dry elm leaves on the common in front of Reuben Brown's cottage, and blew the thin grey locks about his forehead, as he stood in the yard, harnessing up the old fashioned bonnet-topped buggy.

'Hadn't you better have your yarn mittens, Reuben?' called his wife from the doorway. 'The air's bitin' culd, and we'll have snow before night; I can tell by the way the wind blows.'

'Maybe I had, wife,' he replied, gathering up the reins and mounting the creaking seat.

'Run, Faith, and get Reuben's yarn mittens. They're under the lounge in the back room—hurry, child!'

Faith ran out, her pretty curls blown about her face, and, climbing on the wheel, held the reins until the old man drew the mittens on.

'Hurry back, Reuben,' called Lisbeth; 'I don't want my Thanksgiving dinner to spile with waitin.'

'Aye, aye, wife!'

Old Dobbin pricked up his ears and started forward; the old-fashioned buggy went creaking down the lane, and was soon lost to sight by the swaying elm boughs.

'Now, Faith,' said Lisbeth, tucking up her sleeves, and tying on her ample linen apron, 'if ever we was spry in our lives let's be this morning. They'll be home at two o'clok, and it's most ten now; and the turkey and the mince pie to bake—and, goodness me, I wonder if the bread is riz. Yes, indeed, jest as light as a feather. It's jest the nicest thing in the world for Simeon to get home on Thanksgiving day, ain't it, Faith?'

Faith said 'Yes, ma'am,' very quietly; and the happy woman went on.

'Poor Simmie! it's been many a day since his old mother cooked a dinner for him—and he always liked my cooking. Mother, he used to say, I never saw any one cook things as nice as you do. How lucky it was, Faith, that you made that raisin cake yesterday.—He always liked it. I remember, when he was 'most a baby—I can see him now, with his curls all a dancin' round his rosy cheeks—he used to catch hold of my dress and say, 'Mother, won't you have raisin cake Thanksgiving day?' Bless his dear heart!—the best boy that ever lived! Never gave his old mother trouble in his life! I know he'll enjoy his dinner. Chop up them apples, Faith, and we'll have the pies on in no time.'

Faith did not reply, but a happy light lay in her soft blue eyes as she tripped out to set the table.

Two o'clock found everything ready—the old walnut table, covered with the finest linen and the brightest and prettiest of everything that the cottage afforded, spread out in the center of the best room; the round of beef smoking at one end, the huge turkey at the other, and the mammoth loaf, rising, mountain-like, amid a profusion of berry-brown pies and cakes; while the side-board groaned beneath heaps of yellow apples, and stone pitchers of sparkling cider.

In the doorway, nicely rubed in her brown muslin and dove-silk shawl, her dark hair (just beginning to be streaked with silver) put smoothly back beneath her best lace cap, stood Lisbeth, her face aglow with anxious expectation. Faith flitted hither and thither, shaking out the folds of a curtain or re-arranging a branch of evergreen, looking quite pretty in her new merino, the neck and sleeves edged with a fringe of misty lace, and her auburn curls streaming over her shoulders like waves of sunshine. It might have been the consciousness of her own fresh loveliness that brought the rose-flush to her cheeks, and made her pause once in a while before the little oval mirror, to assure herself that Simeon's gold chain was all right, with the clasp in front. It might have been something else. Be that as it may, Faith was not to blame; for that which we often term maiden vanity deserves a far holier name.

Two o'clock passed, and, at last, the old corner clock struck three; still they had not come.

'What could detain 'em so long?' said Lisbeth, giving the fire a vigorous stir, and moving Reuben's coat and slippers a little nearer. 'The dinner'll all be spiled, and they'll have an awful ride. The snow is beginning to fall now, and it'll be a dreadful storm, I know by the sound of the wind. It roared just this way, kind of mournful like, just before the great snow storm, when the hen roof fell in and smashed all my poor chickens. Dear me, how fast it falls! I do wish I'd a thought to send Simeon that yarn tippet; he always was subject to sore throats, and this'll be sure to give him one. Where's his slippers, Faith the new ones you worked for him? Why don't you put them down to warm? He'll want them when he gets here.'

Faith brought out the slippers—pretty black velvet ones, flowered with golden braid—and put them beneath the chair in Simeon's favorite corner.

'Now, put down some apples to roast, and heat them a mug of cider, and see that the gravy is warm. Surely, they'll be here soon.'

Faith did this also, and then brought out her little work-basket, and sat down by the great hickory fire, making a great effort to appear calm. But it was all in vain—her fingers would tremble and flutter, and her cottons got tangled in a must amazing manner.

Four o'clock came and the snow descended in thick heavy showers, and a cold easterly wind whistled around the corners, leaving the frozen ground bare in some places, and in others piling up the white drifts in great freezing masses. The chickens sought their nightly roost, the cattle flocked to the barn-yard, and the pony came up to the bars and whinnied for admittance—still they did not come.

The Thanksgiving dinner grew cold upon the table, and Lisbeth stood in the doorway until the white flakes lay thickly on her garments.

'Somethin's the matter, Faith,' she said uneasily, 'I know there is; they wouldn't stay this long if there wasn't.'

'The boat may have been delayed,' suggested Faith.

'Yes, or the buggy broke down. Reuben said one of the lurch pins was loose. Dear me! it's too bad!—the Thanksgivin' dinner'll be spiled after all our fixin.'

* * * * * * * *

Another half hour went by. The wind rose to a shrill wild blast, and the snow came down in smothering torrents. The chill, gray gloom of twilight began to settle down, when dimly visible to the eyes of the weary watchers appeared the sombre, bonnet-shaped top of the old-fashioned buggy.

'Here they come, Faith, here they come!' cried Lisbeth springing down the steps, 'Stir the fire, and let's run down to meet 'em.—Poor Simeon, I know he's nearly froze!'

Faith sprang up, and flushed and tremulous, ran out to join Lisbeth.

Lisbeth pressed forward, closely followed by Faith; but neither face looked out to welcome them.

'Where's Simeon—where's my boy?' cried the fond mother. 'O, Faith, he hasn't come! Reuben, where's Simeon?'

But Reuben did not answer, or even make the slightest movement. With his face white and stony, his head hanging helplessly beside him, he sat in the remotest corner, staring out upon them with a vacant, unmeaning stare.

'Reuben, what's the matter?' almost screamed the frantic woman. 'Are you sick—dead—frozen? Oh, for heaven's sake, speak to me!'

Slowly and almost mechanically he arose from his seat, and clambered out with feeble tottering steps.

'Reuben, Reuben—speak to me!' continued Lisbeth, grasping his arm fiercely.

'Where is Simeon?—why hasn't he come home?'

'He's gone!—he'll never come home any more! never, never!' said the old man incoherently, groping with his hands in the pockets of his coat.

'Gone, Simeon gone!—my boy, never come home any more! What do you mean, Reuben?'

'Here it is,' he continued in the same wandering tone; here it all is! He'll never come home any more!'

Faith grasped the paper from his shivering hand, and following his pointing finger read in the deepening twilight.

By telegraph from S——. The steamer Ocean Queen, that left this wharf at six o'clock this morning, took fire on the passage. Although prompt and vigorous efforts were made to rescue the passengers, owing to the suddenness of the catastrophe only two were saved.

'Simeon was one of them; he was one of the two,' she said, her face blanching, and her lips growing rigid.

'No, no—I've seen 'em—seen 'em both; he'll never come home any more!'

'What is it?' cried Lisbeth, still unconscious of the dreadful truth, her voice dropping down to a tone of piteous entreaty, 'where is Simeon, where's my boy?—tell me he's not dead, and I can bear anything else.'

But Reuben did not answer, but the tears rolled over his wrinkled face, and it was enough.

* * * * * * * *

The storm swelled higher and higher and higher, and towards midnight raged around the little New England cottage with appalling fury. The hickory fire had burned down to a few flickering embers, which threw a fitful glow over the Thanksgiving table, and over the bowed heads of the three disconsolate mourners as they sat there in their terrible desolation.

This was their Thanksgiving Day, begun in hope and joyous anticipation, but ended in the very blackness of utter despair.

'Oh, I can't stand it,' sobbed Lisbeth; 'I can't, I can't. It's cruel—wicked—wrong.—He was all I had—my only child—my darling precious boy, that never gave his old mother a cross word, or caused her a moment's trouble in his life; my baby, that used to sleep in my bosom and lay his little head against my cheek; and now he's in the river,—in the cold black water, and we're here, living, thinking, breathing, by a warm fire.—Oh, I can't stand it, I can't; I wish I could die and end my misery.'

Reuben was too deeply affected by this sudden outgush of a mother's grief to speak a single word of comfort, and his own heart was too deeply wounded. For a few moments the three sat side by side in sorrowful silence; then the old man rose up, and opened it, and read: 'Come unto me all ye that are heavily laden, and I will give you rest.'

Precious, life-giving words. We read them night and morning, and hear them Sabbath after Sabbath from the sacred desk, yet never know their full meaning, their true consolation, until some great calamity sweeps away every prop and stay, and we have nothing else to lean upon. All this was felt in that little New England home, and the old man's voice rose up like a sighing breeze in the din of the winter tempest, and on the great surging deep of their hearts fell a sad but peaceful calm. Still the storm raged on; the wind rose and fell, and whistled around the gables, driving the snow before them in great freezing drifts. It would soon be morning, rose, and gold and purple would dapple the eastern horizon, and disperse the storm and darkness; but over the night their desolation, no morning would ever break.

Was that a step in the snow, or only the voice of the tempest? A step, surely, for it comes crunching the freezing drifts, and pauses on the step with a quick, determined sound. And there is a rap, short, sudden, and eager.

Reuben rises, it is some of the neighbors with tidings of the lost steamer, news that the body of his boy has been found, perhaps. He opens the door—the wind sweeps in, bringing with it a cutting shower of sleet, and also a happy, hopeful face.

'How are you, father?'

The resonant voice rings through the silent home like a peal of sudden joy. The old father hears it, and falls into his son's embrace; the poor mother hears it, and rushes forward half frantic with delight; Faith bears it in the solitude of her little chamber, and hastens out, her sweet face alternating between smiles and tears.

'Oh, Simeon—oh, my boy!—they told me you was dead, drowned, lost in the river; they wanted to break your poor old mother's heart, but you wouldn't let 'em: you've come back, Simeon, never to leave me again—'

'Never to leave you again, mother—God willing.' He held her to his bosom for a moment, and then went round to where Faith stood.

'Now, father and mother,' he said, his voice vibrating with emotion, as he took the young girl's hand, 'let me tell you of my deliverance for deliverance it was—from the very jaws of death. It was God's providence first, and next to that, Faith's little Bible; she gave it to me the morning we parted, and I always kept it about me, and it proved a precious talisman. I went on board the Ocean Queen this morning, with the rest of the poor passengers; but just as she was leaving the wharf, I found that I had left my overcoat hanging on the railing af the bridge. I didn't care for the coat, but Faith's little Bible was in the pocket, and I could not part with that; so I jumped ashore just as the boat pushed off. And, now father,' he continued, turning to the old man, who sat in his arm chair with clasped hands and streaming eyes, 'I will say with your permission, that which my heart has long felt. I have succeeded in my efforts even beyond my ardent expectations; in the far west a comfortable home awaits us, surrounded by fertile acres sufficient to yield us all we need. I love you, Faith; I have always loved you ever since that winter night when mother brought you home to be my little sister. Be more than a sister now.'

The auburn head went down upon his shoulder like a flash of sunlight. Lisbeth stood in silence, unable to comprehend the scene; but after a while the happy truth burst upon her, and she clasped her arms about them with a joyful cry:

'My own precious children, and we shall live together and never part again; shan't we Simeon?'

Never part again, mother, until death parts us,' said the young man, solemnly.

'Get his slippers, Faith,' cried the happy mother, laughing and crying by turns; 'they'll be all the more acceptable now; think a heap of 'em Simeon—she most worked her eyes out over 'em.'

Simeon put on the velvet slippers, and sat down in his own place.

'Now run for the gravy, Faith, while I stir up the fire; we'll have our Thanksgiving dinner after all.'

'Thanksgiving breakfast, I should say, mother,' laughed Simeon.

'Well, it'll do just as well—we've seen a great many in our day, but this'll be the happiest one of all, won't it, Reuben?'

'The happiest one of all, Lisbeth,' said the old man, smiling through his tears.

THE MILLER'S PORTRAIT.—A worthy miller wishing for a portrait for himself, applied to a painter to have it accomplished

"But, said he, "I am a very industrious man. I wish to be painted as looking out of my window of my mill. but when any one looks at me, I wish to pop my head in; so as not to be thought lazy, or as spending to much time at the window."

'Very well,' said the painter, 'it shall be done so.'

He painted the mill and the mill window. The miller looked at it.

'Very well,' said he, 'but where is myself looking out?'

'O,' said the painter, 'whenever one looks at the mill; you know, you pop your head in, to preserve your credit for industry.'

'Thats' right, that's right,' said the miller. 'I'm content—just so. I'm in the mill now, ain't I? Just so; that will do.?

A REBEL CACKLE ABOUT HENS.—The rebel hens are a disfavor. The Richmond Whig says:

"The hens throughout the country have combined to bring about a scarcity of eggs, and lay less than they ever were known to lay before. Yesterday morning eggs in the First Market commanded two dollars and fifty cents a dozen, and the purchaser averred he could have carried all in the market in his market basket.

"We apprehend the hens have been imitating their owners, the farmers, and laying their treasures in out-of-way places, out of the reach of the impressment agents.

"The hens should be overhauled."

☞ The latest style of hoop-skirts is the self-adjusting, double-back-action, bustle-etruscan, face-expansion, piccolomini-attachment, gossamer-indestructible, polocticomorama. It is a very sweet thing.

☞ A question for classical scholars: Were the sacred fowls of the ancient Romans ever used for lay purposes?

☞ It is quite natural that when woman reigns she should storm; and she always does.

☞ God has given thorns to the rose, and modesty to woman, for their protection.

### The Man Without a Friend.

There was a day when Talleyrand arrived in Havre from Paris. It was the darkest hour of the revolution. Pursued by the bloodhounds of the Reign of Terror, stript of every wreck of property. Talleyrand secured a passage to America in a ship about to sail. He was a beggar and a wanderer in a strange land, to earn his daily bread by daily labor.

'Is there an American stopping at your house?' he asked the landlord of the hotel. I am bound to cross the water, and would like a letter to a person of some influence in the New World.'

The landlord hesitated a moment, and then replied:

'There is a gentleman up stairs, either from America or Britain, but whether from America or England I cannot tell.

He pointed the way, and Talleyrand who in his life was a bishop, prince, and minister, ascended the stairs; a miserable supplicant stood before the stranger's door, knocked, and entered.

In the far corner of the dimly lighted room sat a man of some fifty years of age, his arms folded, and his head bowed upon his breast. From a window directly opposite, a flood of light poured upon his forehead. His eyes looked from his downcast brows and upon Talleyrand's face with a peculiar and searching expression. His face was striking in outline, the mouth and chin indicative of an iron will. His form was vigorous, even with the sorrows of fifty winters; he was dressed in a dark, but rich and distinguished costume.

Talleyrand advanced—stated he was a fugitive, and with the impression that the gentleman before him was an American, solicited his kind feelings and offices.

He poured forth his history in eloquent French and broken English.

I am a wanderer and an exile. I am forced to fly to the New World without friend or home. You are an American. Give me then I beseech you, a letter of yours, so that I may be able to earn my bread. I am willing to toil in any manner, a life of labor would be a paradise to a career of luxury in France. You will give me a letter to one of your friends? A gentleman like you has many friends.

The strange gentleman arose and retreated toward the door of the next chamber, his eyes still looking from beneath his darkened brow.

I am the only man of the New World who can raise his hands to God and say: I have not a friend—not one—in all America.

Talleyrand never forgot the overwhelming sadness of look which accompanied these words.

Who are you? he cried, as the strange man retreated to the next room.

My name, he replied, with a smile that had more of mockery than of joy in the convulsive expression, my name is Benedict Arnold.

He was gone. Talleyrand sank into a chair, gasping the words:

Arnold the traitor!

Thus he wandered over the face of the earth, another Cain, with the wanderers's mark upon his brow.

☞ The believers in signs and omens are not yet all defunct. A Rev. John Gilbert, of Clay county, Ky., writing to a friend in Frankfort on the duration of the present war, says: During the Revolutionary war *corn blades* had *seven* points to them; that is, the blade grew in such a manner as to have seven distinct points or ends corresponding with the sharp points of the blade. These seven points indicated the duration of the revolutionary war. Now there are but three separate distinct points to many of the blades, and this indicates very plainly to my mind that the duration of the present war will be three years—the points of the blades representing years.

BRIGHAM YOUNG AND HIS FAMILY.—Extensive matrimony seems to agree with Brigham Young as well as he agrees with that, for he is described by a tourist to Utah as presenting the appearance of a man of but forty-five years though he is verging upon the grand climacteric, being upward of sixty. He has as many children as years, and they are educated in a private school—established for their especial benefit. Brigham has the reputation of being a very fair specimen of a papa, though it would seem that his affections are in danger of being dinted.

A REBEL VIEW.—We find the London Index of the 22d ult, three letters from Charleston, giving "an inside view of the siege from August 14th to Sept. 3d." The writer admits that great gloom had been occasioned in the South by the rebel reverses at Vicksburg, Port Hudson and Gettysburg. He says: "Our women sigh, our men look solemn, and our newspapers ring out the war note with renewed vehemence." But he still thinks everything will be right in the end.

A BEAR KILLING.—In Strong, Me., last week, there was quite an excitement; half the population turned out to kill an alleged bear that had taken possession of a crooked point in the main road, called the "Devil's Elbow." They bravely but cautiously marched upon the enemy, and with a volley of five balls, killed the largest and noblest Newfoundland dog in the country.

THE MODERN ROMANCE.—Albert rode with the speed of an arrow to the garden, sprang like the wind from his steed, climbed like a squirrel over the hedge, writhed like a snake through the palings, flew like a hawk to the arbor, crept up to her unseen, threw himself passionately at her feet, swore frantically that he would shoot himself; was, however, immediately heard, seated himself in blessed delight at her side, sank on her bosom, swam in a sea of bliss—all this was the work of a second.

THE SHINING ONES.—It is said that a pure diamond may be easily recognized by putting it under water, when it retains all its brilliancy, while all other precious stones lose their peculiar appearance. Thus it is with the person who is made pure in the blood of Jesus. However deep the waters are which overflow his soul, still his light shines, showing the peculiar excellency of the Christian's hope, and the power of divine grace. Of such it may be truly affirmed, "Ye shine as lights in the world, holding forth the word of life."

# Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, NOV. 21, 1863.


THERE has been serious fighting in East Tennessee between Burnside's force and that of Gen. Longstreet. The battle lasted from Saturday afternoon till Monday night, when Burnside fell back to his entrenchments at Knoxville. Gen. Burnside commenced the fight, but seems to have been forced to withdraw before superior numbers. The rebel loss is estimated to be 1,500, and that of the Union side at 400. A great fight was expected at Knoxville on Wednesday.

Another disaster has happened in Louisianna. The rear of Gen. Washburn's column, in the Teche country, was recently attacked, and a whole regiment captured, with two Parrott guns. Besides about 500 of our soldiers were killed and wounded.

Gen. Lee is reported to be falling back from the Rapidan to Hanover Junction.

### A Kindness.

As much as we have said about our Canadian brethren favoring the rebels, we should be ungrateful did we not acknowledge the kindness shown us in their informing our Government of the intended raid of the rebels upon Lake Erie, for which they had made large preparations. Several hundred dare-devils from the Confederacy had organized for a dash upon Johnston's Island, where we have a large number of rebel prisoners. These were to have been liberated, and placed upon steamers and then a general raid made upon the commerce of the lake. Buffalo, Detroit, Ogdensburg and other places were to have been destroyed and a general panic created. For this purpose the rebels had gathered in Canada, and having sold a cargo of cotton, were not lacking in means to fit out their expedition. They were to seize steamers and make a descent upon the island, which, once in their possession would afford them an excellent base for operations. After months of preparation their plans were thwarted by the warning given by Canadian authorities to our Government. The news was flashed over the wires at midnight, and Gen. Lyons arose from his bed at that late hour to acquaint the Secretary of State of the intelligence. It was an act of good faith which the country will not soon forget. By it, undoubtedly a great disaster to our lake shipping was avoided to say nothing of the effect it would have had upon the country. Our escape from such a mortifying affair is fortunate, and it may put an idea or two into the heads of the war department to the effect that other exposed places are liable to attack in the manner proposed. It is a great work to look after our whole line of sea and lake coast, but local authorities should do what the navy cannot. Then we shall be safe.

CLOSE OF THE EXTRA SESSION—BOUNTIES TO VOLUNTEERS.—The Legislature of Massachusetts adjourned at 11 o'clock on Wednesday, having been in session just a week. It passed a bill offering $325 bounty to every volunteer on being mustered into the service; or, if he shall prefer, a bounty of $50, and $20 per month; and, in case a soldier is honorably discharged after six months' service, his pay shall be continued six months longer; or, if he dies in service, the money will be paid to his heirs. The money will be retained in the treasury, subject to the call of the volunteer, and will bear 5 per cent. interest. The bill also provides State aid to families who may need it, and penalties for those who may obtain bounty through fraudulent representations.—With the additional bounties paid by Government, volunteering must become the best paying business a large class of young men can enter into.

Besides the bounty bill, the legislature passed three other bills and six resolves. One of the bills was an amendment to an act passed last session, to regulate recruiting; one to make the pay of our colored soldiers the same as that of white ones; and the other was an appropriation bill. The expense of the session was about $10,000. The session has not been unnecessarily extended, and its results will give general satisfaction.

THANKSGIVING.—Next Thursday, for the first time under the sun, we are to have a National Thanksgiving. We have had special National Thanksgivings before; but now, we are to have a New England, November Thanksgiving, in every loyal State of the Union. We certainly have many reasons for national rejoicing at this time, inasmuch as our arms have won great victories over the rebellion, and the time draws near when the war-worn soldier will return to family and friends. Before another annual Thanksgiving, we trust the rebellion will be crushed and peace restored to the nation. In the strong hope of this, let us eat our turkey and pumpkin pies with a good relish, and wish cheer and happiness to those who are fighting our battles and enduring hardships for the sake of their country.—If there are any poor around us, let us not forget them nor turn them away empty. Thanksgiving will be rendered more joyous if we make it happy to others.

DECLARED UNCONSTITUTIONAL.—The conscription law is decided, by three of the Judges of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, to be unconstitutional, upon the ground that the militia is a State organization, controlled by the laws of the State, and not subject to the laws of Congress. Therefore, that any law of Congress which takes away a militiaman and submits him to the penalty of martial law is unconstitutional. The theory of these judges is, that the power of the State is absolute, and the power of the General Government subordinate. This is the same ground that all secessionists take. These judges are all copperheads, and two of them were defeated at the recent election. Their successors will reverse their decision.

DEAD.—Moffat, the pill-and-bitters man, is dead, in spite of his immortal medicines. He had 76 years and fifteen hundred thousand dollars, but couldn't keep off death, that cares as little for bills as for pills, for gold as for gambouge. However, he made a very sweet thing of his bitters.

## THE LATEST WAR NEWS!

There are contradictory rumors concerning the army of the Potomac. One is that Gen. Meade is going to fight Lee very soon, while another says that our army will go into winter quarters and there will be no fighting this fall. It is quite certain that Lee is strongly posted on the south bank of the Rapidan and the swolen stream renders it difficult of crossing. Picket shooting has become common again, and an occasional reconnoisance and skirmish breaks the monotony of camp life.

There is nothing particularly interesting from the army of the Cumberland. The entire corpse of Gen. Sherman has made a junction with the right of Gen. Grant's army at Chattanooga, and everything is now considered safe. Reports from the rebel side say that Bragg has been reenforced, and intends to fight. On Monday the rebel battery on Lookout Mountain worked vigorously all day, alternately shelling Hooker's Camp, Moccassin Point and the Chattanooga camps.—Rebel shells are occassionally thrown into the town, but the fire had resulted in no casualties. A telegram says that Gen. Longstreet's command of 15,000 men has gone into East Tennessee, and a considerable force of rebel cavalry has occupied Iuka. This looks very much like a serious threat against Burnside.

Gen. Burnside's resignation, a long time since tendered, has, we are told, at last been accepted. Gen. Foster has been assigned to the command thus made vacant.

We have New Orleans dates to the 7th inst. There was a report in New Orleans on the 4th that the advance of the column of Gen. Washburn in the Teche region was attacked on the morning of the 3d inst. and driven in. The rebels however, were speedily checked, and driven to a great distance, losing 200 men taken prisoners, and 100 killed. Our loss was 40 killed.

At last we have something cheering from Texas. The expedition that sailed lately from New Orleans, under command of Maj-Gen. Banks, has effected a landing on the Rio Grande, without opposition, and there was no loss of life except from the swamping of a single boat. The rebels appear to have abandoned Fort Brown without firing a gun, and afterward to have set fire to Brownsville. A street fight, while the fire was raging, between the rebel soldiers and citizens and the Union men who tried to stop the conflagration, must have presented a fearful spectacle. Brownsville is now ours, and we have thus gained a most important foothold in Texas.

Southern dispatches from Charleston to the 13th inst. state that the firing upon Sumter is regularly kept up night and day. Two rebels were killed and one wounded on the night of the 12th. The rebels say that from Thursday morning until Saturday at sundown, 1,523 mortar shells and rifle shots were fired; but this heavy expenditure of metal is a mere waste, so far as injuring the ruins of the Fort is concerned.

A TRAGEDY.—Dr. Tawney of Beetown, Wis., has been shot at his own house by Thomas E. Lloyd of Defiance, Ohio, whose wife the Doctor had seduced, and had living with him. Lloyd before the shooting induced the Postmaster and a constable to accompany him to Tawney's house, under the pretext that he only wished to have witnesses in demanding some property belonging to him. Arrived at the door he knocked, and on Tawney presenting himself he asked where the woman was, and, immediately on being told that she was in bed up stairs, shot the seducer dead, and surrendered himself as a prisoner. He had been married to his erring wife 20 years, having a grown up son and daughter—the former in the army. Tawney when he eloped with Mrs. Lloyd left a wife and four children destitute.

BOUNTIES FOR VOLUNTEERS.—The Government would greatly expedite the raising of volunteers if it could assure those who may enlist *now* that they should receive any additional bounties that may be offered to recruits *hereafter*. Hitherto, a man, enlisting at the outset for a specified bounty, sees others, enlisting six months later, receiving twice as much. This has been repeated so often that men who intend to volunteer naturally postpone it as long as possible, in the belief that the Government will increase the bounty in proportion to its own increasing necessities.—This ought to be remedied. Let a man understand that he will lose nothing by enlisting early, and volunteering will proceed with much greater rapidity.

CONSOLIDATION.—The stockholders of the Boston and Worcester and Western railroad have voted to petition the legislature for an act of consolidation. Worcester people will oppose the project as they did last winter, through a fear of losing something if it succeeds. But the thing will eventually be effected, in spite of such opposition. It is for the interest of the public that it should.

DEFEATED.—An official count of the vote of New York City, shows a majority of 15 votes for Judge Bosworth over that judicial rascal, Judge McCunn, of the Superior Court. He has been a curse to the city and human decency, and his defeat is a subject of congratulation to all loyal men.

QUEER STATE.—New Jersey, the sole democratic State of the North, voted against President Jackson, President Van Buren, Mr. Polk, and Gen. Cass, all of whom were democrats. She was considered a reliable whig State before the whigs went under ground.

CAN'T BE RAISED.—A number of journals throughout the country are calling upon the coming Congress to raise President Lincoln's salary, forgetting that there is a constitutional provision which forbids any such increase until after the expiration of the term of office to which the person interested has been chosen.

WE HOPE IT WILL BE TRUE.—Gen. Sickles says that there will soon be one hundred thousand colored soldiers in the federal service and adds, that there cannot be too many of them while the war shall last. He also says, that it is a delusion to suppose that the decree of emancipation will ever be revoked.

☞Catile owners in Texas are sending their four-footed property into Mexico, to prevent its seizure by those pressing gentlemen, the Confederate authorities. This will not tend to make meat abundant in Secessia, from which the very beasts are seceding.

☞Some of the English peasantry took the recent earthquake for a sign that the world was coming to an end, and packed up to emigrate to America, to avoid the calamity.

## Letter from North Carolina.

From Our Own Correspondent.

BEAUFORT, N. C., Nov. 9, 1863.

MR. EDITOR:—The recent change of commander in this department (Virginia and North Carolina) is the subject of much speculation, as regards its cause and the effect.—Gen. Foster is much beloved by the troops under his command, or that were so until recently. If he has tried, it has been, in my opinion, by showing too much lenity towards those who are known to be bitter secessionists; and, to-day, some of them are receiving more favors from the Government, and making more money than some others who are known to be loyal. Gen. Foster could not be supposed to understand every individual case, but his subordinates can and should. The change, appointing Gen. Butler to this command, meets the approval of many, not because they disliked Gen. Foster, but because there is good reason to expect a change in the management of military affairs if Gen. Butler is true to his former renown. It is ardently hoped, by those who are chagrined at the laxity with which rebels have been permitted either to live within our lines or to depart at their option, that more rigid discipline will be enforced in this respect. In other words, it is generally thought that the rebels are not entitled to any *greater* privileges than Union men. I could name many instances of flagrant abuse of our good-natured government regulations, but I will defer that for the present, hoping a change may come.

There have been other changes. Col. Jourdan, of the Mass. 17th, is in command of this sub-district. Fort Macon is now garrisoned by the first battalion of the 2d Reg. Mass. Heavy Artillery, Col. Stone, of a New York regiment, commanding. Col. Stone is an excellent disciplinarian and prompt in his duties. He is something of a wag, withal, when "off duty." Everything in and around the fort is in the nicest order. It has been the practice, during the summer, to have religious services at the fort once a fortnight, on Sabbath afternoon. A few Sabbaths ago—it was a very warm day—the troops were paraded to march to the chapel for services. A sergeant came to the colonel and asked if it was obligatory on the troops to attend service. "By no means," said the colonel; "I compel no man to attend church." The sergeant, of course, reported to the troops the result of the interview, and soon about half of them were "filing off," expecting to enjoy their liberty in a way congenial to their feelings; but no sooner did the colonel see the movement than he ordered the gates to be closed, and, sending for a lieutenant, directed him to march all those who declined attending religious services into his quarters and to read to them the Articles of War, ninety-nine in number. The men became weary with the long standing, for the lieutenant did not hasten the reading at all, but read with great deliberation; and, when any one attempted to lean or sit down, the peremptory order to "Stand!" brought them to their feet again.—The officer himself became weary, or he would have read several of the Acts of Congress for their edification. It had the desired effect, the men preferring to *sit* during services in the chapel rather than *stand* during the reading of the Articles of War.

To day, two more "blockade runners" were captured off the entrance to this harbor, and brought into this port. The smoke of the guns, during the conflict, was easily seen from the tower of one of the churches in town. A few days ago, a prize was taken at so little distance out that one of the shells fired burst over Bogue Sound, which is the opposite side of the harbor from here. I am acquainted with the captains of several of the gunboats which are blockading off Wilmington, and they unanimously agree that we have allowed the rebels to go on so long in fortifying the approaches to that place that it has become almost as formidable and difficult of reduction as Charleston. When Wilmington is taken, it will be by an enormous naval force, and, probably, a large land force combined. It is now a very important port for the rebels, as through it they, probably, obtain the larger amount of their foreign supplies. It is about sixty miles from here.

The climate and weather is still very pleasant here, though occasionally cool; but there has not been any frost yet. We may, however, expect hoary Jack along this month, for I saw a few flakes of snow lazily descending to-day. The leaves have fallen from many trees; but there is such an abundance of pine, live oak, yupon, and other evergreens, that the country will not wear that aspect of barren desolation common in New England.

A project is now on foot for a social gathering of residents who belong North, once a week. We are from different States, but we know only the glorious, true, and loyal North. All minor divisions are merged into the one great Union of the North, from Maine to Minnesota. The first of the season will, probably, gather at "our house" this week.

Referring again to the appointment of Gen. Butler to this department, there is good reason to believe that it will result well; for, already, the secesh residents are beginning to howl over it, and we hope he will be true to the "Butler principles."

Since I commenced this letter another prize has been brought into this port, taken by the gunboat Nyphon, Captain Breck. There are now three valuable prizes lying here together, all English built vessels, two of them, heavily loaded with arms and ammunition, trying to get into Wilmington, and one, loaded with cotton, coming out. There were eighty prisoners taken with the first two; of the last I have not heard. Among the prisoners is a paymaster of the rebel army and several Englishmen on their way to Wilmington. One of the steamers is nearly new, of beautiful form, very long—two hundred and eighty feet—and with double powerful engines. This boat was surrendered without firing a gun at her, and it is only necessary to take her to a Northern port and arm her, and she will be ready to assist in catching other prizes. In this way, the English can furnish the North some fine steamers, as she has several of late. DEW.

INDUCEMENTS TO EMIGRATE.—A correspondent, writing from the lower Mississippi, urges New England farmers to come and cultivate cotton on the deserted plantations. He says:

The question of title to the land must not make timid a man who is thinking to come here. The cultivation for one year is enough to induce him to come. A man who takes only eighty acres can go back home at the end of a year with at least eight thousand dollars in his pocket. Would he make one-tenth of that by staying at home? See what you can do sending the thousands to our cotton fields, and locating a large population on the banks of the Mississippi River. Now is the time to change the destiny of this country.

NOT SO MANY.—The first accounts of the assault of the rebels on our troops at Rogersville, Tenn., stated that eight hundred of our men were captured. Later intelligence informs us that a large number of the Tennesseeans fled to the hills, and were supposed, for a time, to be captured. The real loss on our side will not exceed 500, and four guns of Phillips' battery.

ECONOMY REDUCED TO A SCIENCE.—A gentleman in Portland assigns as a reason for retiring so early at night—that it saves wearing out his clothes!

## A VARIETY OF THINGS.

THE armies of the Union begin to talk of winter quarters, and about everybody else thinks it time to prepare for the advent of winter. Snow has already fallen in many places, and down in Maine the boys and girls were coasting a week ago. The autumn has been one of unusual mildness, rendering it favorable for those who find it difficult to pay high prices for fuel. Coal and cold always go hand in hand, but the coming winter will find them breaking friendship unless cemented by gold or greenbacks.

—It is cruel business to allow our soldiers at Richmond to be starved, when there is plenty here. Boxes of provisions and clothing now go to them when sent by their friends at home. The more sent the better, for the poor fellows are suffering terribly. P. S. The rebels won't allow us to feed them.

—New York city pays a bounty of $300 to soldiers who enlist. Nobody objects. We hope every soldier will get as much for they deserve it.

—Fashions are expensive and extravagant, and this will be the case so long as money is cheap.

—We learn from Detroit that the screw steamer Water Witch is supposed to have foundered during the late gale in Saginaw Bay, and that all on board were lost.

—About 70 of the Coal Region Rioters in Pennsylvania have been arrested and sent to Reading for trial. The 10th Regiment of New Jersey is now keeping order among the miners.

—A law has passed the Vermont Legislature allowing towns to erect monuments to the memory of deceased soldiers.

—A lady recently appeared in the streets of Poughkepsie without crinoline. Probably she is about to join the Poles.

—Mr. Barney, the collector of the port of New York, is about to resign, rumor says, and Mayor Opdyke to be appointed in his place.

—The Vermont State legislature refused to overhaul or alter the State liquor law.

—Counterfeit $500 bills are in circulation on the Haverhill bank. No danger of anybody's getting any here.

—The rebels are mortified to think they have surrendered eleven times. They will have to surrender in one grand body by and by.

—The coal famine in Cincinnati has been partially relieved by the joint committee of Councils and Chamber of Commerce employing special trains to take the coal to that city.

—More than $100,000 of the new fractional currency has been issued. The largest daily issue is $10,000.

TRUTH.

"All truth is precious, if not all divine
And what dilates the power must needs refine."

—The way our navy is capturing blockade runners lately must make it quite an unsafe, not to say unprofitable business.

—Workmen are striking for higher wages everywhere and the girls have caught the striking fever also. In some cases they succeed, and in some they don't.

—Union men in Tennessee promise to raise 10,000 colored troops. Where is the Constitution, and where are its compromises?

—The lecture season has arrived, but lectures are fewer than they used to be before war times.

—In Franklin County, Illinois, not one democratic vote was cast at the late election.

—The complexion of the next Congress is discussed. It will be Black Republican.

THRILLING INCIDENT.—A letter from the Army of the Potomac says:—"A thrilling incident was narrated to your correspondent connected with the bayonet charge of the 6th Maine on Saturday. A Louisianian in one of the redoubts, though pierced through the body was making frantic exertions to discharge his piece at one of our officers, after our occupation of the works. He was ordered to desist, but clung to his rifle with the greater pertinacity, and finally had to be bayoneted through the neck, before he would surrender."

A EUROPEAN WAR.—The idea prevails in diplomatic circles in Washington that war in Europe will break out in the spring. It proceeds from what is known of the communications of the Russian Minister Gortschakoff to the Minister of Foreign Affairs of France.—Hence the departure of Russian vessels from waters where they might be blockaded by superior naval forces. Action in reference to what are called the "rebel rams," is also regarded as looking to emergencies at home.

SOMETHING ON FOOT.—A Corinth (Miss,) letter, dated October 21, says a stupendous movement is on foot, which will make an epoch in the history of this war. A grand and vigorous blow is about to be struck, which will result in the destruction of rebel power in the great Southwestern States of the Confederacy, and give us possession of a vast amount of territory, and perhaps prove the beginning of the end of this sanguinary struggle.

ENERGY IN THE WESTERN ARMY.—A letter from Chattanooga, says Gen. Grant has infused a portion of his own energy into operations in this department, and "things are working" admirably. The soldiers were at first, some of them, disposed to complain at the removal of Rosecrans, but that is past, and they are now as enthusiastic in favor of the new as of the old General.

LARGE LUMP.—The Quebec Chronicle has a rather doubtful story of a man having found on the Chaudiere a nugget of gold weighing two pounds. The Montreal Herald gives an extract of a letter from the diggings, which states that one man took out nearly $200 worth of gold in an hour or two.

WHAT HE THOUGHT.—A distinguished California divine was asked, after a trip to the silver land, what he thought of the country.—He replied, there are but three things in Washoe, sir, big mines, little mines, and whiskey shops; in other words, Opher holes, gopher holes, and loafer holes.

LOVE AND DISSIPATION DID IT.—Barnabas Young, a young man, shot himself in Gloucester, on Thursday morning, and died almost instantly. Dissipation and a love disappointment, it appeared on the inquest, disgusted him with the world, and prompted him to make his exit by his own hand.

A GOOD YIELD.—A gentleman arrived at Santa Fe., New Mexico, on the 17th ult. from the Arizona gold mines, having in his possession fourteen pounds of virgin gold, the least piece of which weighed one ounce, which he had gathered without the aid of mining implements or water.

## PALMER AND VICINITY.

ANNUAL MEETING.—The annual meeting of the Eastern Hampden Agricultural Society will be held at the Antique House on the first Monday of December, at 1 P. M.

COMPLAINTS are made that wood piles, sawed and split, ready for the stove, when left out of doors, diminish before morning. When wood is on the rise, it is not surprising that it *goes a little further* than when it is cheap.

EXAMINATION.—The school committee of Palmer will meet at the school house in this village, on Saturday, Nov. 28th, at 9 o'clock A. M., to examine teachers for the winter schools.

TEARING down posters has become a practice in this village. It is done evenings, probably, by boys, who do not know that it is a criminal offence. They will be taught better before Justice Allen's police court if the practice continues.

THE TURF.—Another trot for a purse of $50 is proposed to take place on the Park this (Saturday) afternoon, between Charles Fuller's ponies, of Monson, and "Somebody's" bay mare, of this village. Betting on the result is prohibited by the purse holders.

MISS GOODELL was not very successful in her lectures in this place. Rain and mud prevented the attendance of any considerable number on Sunday evening, and a continuance of bad weather prevented the promised lectures on Monday and Tuesday.

WILBRAHAM ACADEMY.—The winter term commences Dec. 2d, as will be seen by advertisement. The catalogue for 1862—3 is just published, showing that 460 young ladies and gentlemen have been educated at that institution during the past year. It is a good school deserving large patronage.

POLICE.—John H. Shaw, a colored barber of Monson, was before Justice Allen on Wednesday, charged with stealing hens from Willard Leach and selling them at a store in Monson. The crime was satisfactorily proved to the court, and John was sent to the house of correction for two months.

THE TROT AT AMHERST.—The horse trot at Amherst, on Saturday, was quite a spirited affair, and an extra train from Palmer took up a small crowd to see the sport. "Palmer Girl," owned by Wm. Fuller, of this town, took the purse of $100, and "Black Hennan," owned by Mr. Sisson of Belchertown, took the $50 purse. Time 2,43, 2 44½, 2.45.

RECRUITING.—The chairman of our board of selectmen is appointed recruiting officer, but has turned the business over to H. C. Shaw of Wales, who has opened a recruiting office at the Antique House, in this village. Now is the accepted time. Bounties are high, and a small fortune can be made by enlisting. Palmer should do something handsome towards avoiding the draft.

THIEVING IN MONSON.—Night thieving has been carried on to a considerable extent in Monson lately. A few weeks ago, Cyrus Holmes lost a valuable wolf robe and J. W. Smith a nice carriage blanket. Last Sunday night, the thieves renewed their depredations by stealing a nearly new harness from Albert K. Homer, and another from Rodolphus Homer, a wolf robe from Daniel G. Greene, and another from Charles Fuller, besides taking other articles of less value from other individuals. People should take warning, and keep their barns locked.

FATAL ACCIDENT IN BELCHERTOWN.—On Friday, last week, a staging on J. Williams' barn gave way while several men were at work upon it, and they were all precipitated to the ground. One of the workmen, named Thomas White, aged 33, son of Jefferson White, struck his head upon the cellar wall and the staging fell upon him. His skull was so badly fractured that he died on Wednesday last. George Keyes, another workman, had three ribs broken, while the others were slightly injured.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT.—Nehemiah Smith, the well-known carriage-maker of this village, was almost instantly killed at Springfield by the cars on Friday afternoon. In attempting to get upon the express train, which had started for Palmer, he lost his footing and fell between the cars, which passed over him, mangling him in a shocking manner. Mr. Smith had a wide business acquaintance, was a stirring, energetic man, and his sudden death will be a serious blow to the business part of our village. For a long time he carried on the carriage business in Belchertown, and has been in Palmer about fifteen years. He was about 70 years of age.

AN EAVESDROPPER CAUGHT.—Last Sunday evening, just as the family of Smith Hastings, in the northern part of the town, were retiring, a man was discovered ascending a ladder to a chamber window. Mr. Hastings cautiously slipped out of the house and pulled the ladder down, leaving the fellow hanging by his hands on the window sill. The force of gravity soon brought him to the ground, when he was pounced upon and secured by Mr. Hastings. He proved to be a young Irishman belonging in Thorndike, who said he was not a thief, but that he was attracted there through a curiosity "to see the girls go to bed." After a pretty rough handling, he was suffered to depart.

A NOBLE ENTERPRISE.—Subscriptions are being made for the improvement of the cemetery in this village There are few New England towns which do not possess a more inviting place for the repose of the dead than this. There is no order or taste displayed in the arrangement of lots, and but a few instances of private enterprise in ornamenting the graves of friends. The cemetery is filled with briars and brambles, dilapidated stones, and shapeless mounds. The money subscribed is for improving this state of things, and is to be entrusted to a few men who will give their personal attention to the matter. What is needed is a Cemetery Association and the purchase of more land. The present lot cannot be put in good order without violating the sanctity of numerous graves; besides, it is already nearly full. Let an addition be made on the north side, taking in the grove of pines upon the rise of land, and we may have as beautiful a cemetery as one could wish. Everything should be in readiness to commence the work next Spring.

A NEW CANDIDATE.—Mr. Bond having declined to be a candidate for representative in Springfield, against Mr. Sturtevant, the democrats have nominated Hon. Wm. B. Calhoun, a republican. Mr. Calhoun is an excellent man, and has been used for such secondary purposes in Springfield before—just because he was the only man who could be used for such purposes. We are surprised that Mr. Calhoun will allow himself to be made a tool in the hands of men who are acting through the meanest kind of motives. Mr. Sturtevant is a live, fresh man, and nobody disputes his qualifications for the position. He was honorably nominated, and we trust the republicans of his district will see that he is honorably elected.

BURNED TO DEATH.—Ida F. Converse, daughter of Porter Converse, of Ware Center, met with a fatal accident on the 29th of October. While standing near the stove, her clothes caught fire and almost instantly enveloped her in flames. Her older sister, who was in an adjoining room, hearing her screams, instantly came to her assistance, and, with a pail of water which stood near, soon succeeded in extinguishing the fire; but not until she was so badly burned that death ensued in two days after the accident. She was a girl of much promise.

REBEL CALCULATION.—The people of Charleston are beginning to laugh at their "besiegers." In a recent number of a southern newspaper we find a calculation of the amount of ammunition which has been thrown at and into Fort Sumter, and of the results of our firing. It appears that 8657 pounds of powder and 115,439 pounds of iron shot have been fired by us for every man killed in the garrison; and the amount of iron is so great, and the price of iron in the South is so high, and the danger of life and limb from Gen. Gillmore's and Admiral Dahlgren's projectiles so slight, that Charleston journals suggest the gathering of old iron in Sumter as a pleasant and speedy way to make a fortune.

IN A PRETTY FIX.—The mate of a vessel at Boston got enticed into a den of infamy a few nights ago, and in the morning when he arose to depart his clothes were missing. In this dilemma he procured a flour barrel, knocked out both ends, got into it, and held it up around his body while he walked down through the street to his vessel. Necessity was the mother of invention in that case.

COTTON GROWING ON THE POTOMAC.—The Commissioner of Agriculture has received samples of cotton grown at Glymont Landing thirty miles south of Washington, on the banks of the Potomac. Three acres were planted, with good results. The cotton is of excellent quality. Large quantities of this essential product have been grown in the southern section of Maryland this year.

FOREIGN CONSULS.—The late dismissal of the English Consuls by Jeff Davis is commented upon strongly, by rebel papers, and the pursuance of a similar course to the French and other European representatives is urged, upon the ground that, as European governments do not recognize the Confederacy, their representatives should not be recognized.

FRANCE.—The French Chambers were opened on the 5th of November by a pacific speech by the Emperor. He proposed a European Congress for settling the Polish question, and expressed the hope that the arrival of Maximilian in Mexico would prove an advantage to that country. Only passing allusions were made to American affairs.

DEDICATION.—The national cemetery at Gettysburg was dedicated on Thursday, Edward Everett delivering the address. The President and his cabinet were present, also foreign ministers and a large number of the Governors of the States. After the address of Mr. Everett, which was an elaborate document, the President made a short address.—There were 15,000 persons present.

A HAT FOR A KISS.—A fellow in New Haven followed a lady on the street, Monday night, to a retired place, when he stepped up and kissed her, and she slapped his face. In the squabble, they had exchanged hats. The man restored the lady's hat, while she hid his under her cloak and went home, leaving him looking for his hat.

ATTENTION is directed to the advertisement of Bridgman & Whitney, in another column. Persons visiting Springfield to purchase any of the articles enumerated in their advertisement should not fail to visit their store. There is no other place in Western Massachusetts which has so extensive an assortment, or where purchases can be made at a better advantage.

THE COST OF WAR.—According to the copperheads the war has cost the country nothing for the last thirteen months. They say that the public debt is $2,000,000,080, and that is the identical amount at which they put it in the October of 1862. If they are right, we can afford to carry on the war indefinitely, so far as the tin is concerned.

MILITARY HOSPITALS.—The records of the Surgeon-General's office show that there are 54,642 patients under treatment in the various hospitals throughout the country, including rebel prisoners sick or wounded. The total capacity of these hospitals is 84,472 beds; 30,276 of these are vacant.

REGIMENTS REENLISTING.—A great many regiments in the Army of the Potomac, whose terms of service have nearly expired, are reenlisting for three years. The men say, that having been in at the birth of the rebellion, they will stay in service until they witness its death.

INHUMANITY.—The rebels who are starving our prisoners at Richmond have sent back a boat load of provisions and clothing, which our government had sent to them. They are determined neither to feed them nor let us do it. They are brutal fellows.

A "VISITATION FROM HEAVEN."—Brigham Young says that the secession war is a "visitation from heaven upon the people because they killed the prophet of God, Joseph Smith, jr."

GATHERING OF SLAVES.—The number of slaves run into Alabama and Georgia is upward of three quarters of a million, a fact that shows how severely our armies have encroached upon secession territory. It increases the chances of starvation in the States thus crowded, and hunger may lead to servile outbreaks.

EXPLOSION.—Two mills of the Oriental Powder Company, at Gorham, Me., blew up on Saturday afternoon. Two men were killed.

SOLDIERS' SPECIAL NOTICE.—Do your duty to yourselves, protect your health, use Holloway's Pills and Ointment. For wounds, sores, bowel complaints, and fevers, they are a perfect safeguard. Full directions how to use them with every box. Only 25 cents.

☞To the young or old, male or female—if you have been suffering from a habit indulged in by the youth of both sexes, which causes so many alarming symptoms; it unfits them for marriage, and is the greatest evil which can befall man or woman. See symptoms enumerated in advertisement, and if you are a sufferer cut out the advertisement and send for it at once. Delays are dangerous. Ask for Helmbold's—take no other.

Cures guaranteed. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. n1

V.L. Dr. Tobias' Venetian Horse Liniment. V.L.

Pint bottles at fifty cents each, for the cure of lameness, scratches, wind galls, sprains, bruises splints, cuts, colic, slipping stifle, over-heating, sore throat, nail in the foot, etc. It is warranted cheaper and better than any other article ever offered to the public. Thousands of animals have been cured of the colic and over-heating by this Liniment; and hundreds that were crippled and lame have been restored to their former vigor It is used by all the first horsemen throughout the States. Orders are constantly received from the Racing Stables of England for fresh supplies of this invaluable article. Over 2,500 testimonials have been received. Remember, 50 cents laid out in time may save the life of your horse.

V.L. Sold by all druggists. Office, 56 Courtlandt street, New York. V.L.

**A Friend in Need. Try It.**

*Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment* is prepared from the receipt of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the great bone setter, and has been used in his practice for the last twenty years with the most astonishing success. As an external remedy it is without a rival, and will alleviate pain more speedily than any other preparation. For all Rheumatic and nervous disorders it is truly infallible, and as a curative for Sores, Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, &c., its soothing, healing, and powerful strengthening properties excite the just wonder and astonishment of all who have ever given it a trial. Over four hundred certificates of remarkable cures, performed by it within the last two years, attest this fact. Sold by all Dealers. 29

**Important to Females.**

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.—The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations removing all obstruction, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart whites. all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs &c, disturbed sleep which arise from interruption of nature.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of these irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the most effectual remedy ever known for all complaints peculiar to females. To all classes they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity. They are known to thousands who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America

☞Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each box—the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills sent by mail, promptly, by remitting to the Proprietors. Sold by Druggists generally.

HUTCHINSS & HILLYER, Proprietors, 81 Cedar st., New York. Dr. Wm Holbrook, Agent, Palmer. 1yag 29

**BORN.**

In Palmer, 13th, a daughter to JOHN CONVERSE.
In Monson, 9th, a son to TIMOTHY GALLIVAN.
In Wilbraham, 14th, a son to WARREN HICKER.
In Wilbraham, 15th, a son to WILLIAM M. MERRICK.
In Guilford, Ct., 16th, a daughter to WALLACE G. FOWLER, of Stafford Springs.

**MARRIED.**

In Worcester, 16th, OTIS STEBBINS of Wilbraham, and HARRIET M. SMITH.

**DIED.**

In Belchertown, Sept. 26th, WILLIE E., 9 months, son of Asa and Sarah Canterbury.
In Monson, Sept. 21st, Mrs. DAPHENE MACK, 72.
In Stafford Springs, 13th, the infant son of Chauncey Smith, 8 months.
In Monson, 15th, ELECTA, 31, wife of Erastus D. Wood.
In Springfield, 16th, MARY E., 18, daughter of Stephen H. Atwood, and step-daughter of Nathan C. Perry.
In South Wilbraham, 9th, WILLIE LEVI, 4, son of Levi McCann.

## VOLUNTEERS, ATTENTION!

NOW IS YOUR TIME to enlist and avoid the Draft.

*Larger Bounties than have before been offered!*

Can you afford to wait and be drafted, or will you enlist and receive the bounty.

WILSON C. SHAW, Recruiting Officer.
Office at the Antique House, Palmer, Mass.

## TAKEN UP!

CAME into my enclosure on the 14th of October AN EWE SHEEP, which the owner can have by proving property and paying charges.
Palmer, Nov. 16, 1863. SUSAN TENNEY.

## WESLEYAN ACADEMY.

THE WINTER TERM of 14 weeks will commence Dec. 2. Average expenses, about $45. Send for a Catalogue. Address
n31 3w M. RAYMOND, Wilbraham, Mass,

## NEW GROCERY STORE!

HAVING purchased of S. W. SMITH his stock in trade, I shall continue the Grocery business at his old stand in the

PALMER HOUSE BLOCK,

where I shall be happy to wait on all the old customers of the store, and as many new ones as will give me a call, and show them

A GOOD ASSORTMENT
—OF—
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

which I will sell

*At the Lowest Market Prices for Cash.*

☞BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS and Farmers' Produce wanted in exchange for Goods.

☞Call and see me.

LYMAN DIMOCK.
Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

## JOSEPH H. BLAIR,
**ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.**

[In office formerly occupied by D. Granger, Esq.]
PALMER, MASS.

*References*—Hon. E. D. Beach, E. W. Bond, Esq., Ex-Lieut.-Gov. Trask, Springfield, Mass

I hereby give notice to the public that I have given up the practice of Law, and my office to J. H. Blair, Esq. D. GRANGER.

THE OLDEST

## Book and Paper Hanging

ESTABLISHMENT

*IN WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS.*

## BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,

Successors to MERRIAM, CHAPIN, & Co.,

*Corner of Main and State Streets,*

SPRINGFIELD ..... MASS.,

Offer to the citizens of this region

*THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK OF*

PAPER HANGINGS,

BORDERS AND CURTAINS,

To be found in the state. No one buying Paper Hangings, for a single room or for a whole house, should fail to call upon us, as

*Our Prices are Lower,*

*And Our Assortment Better,*

*Than can be found elsewhere.*

FIFTY THOUSAND

SCHOOL BOOKS,

JUST RECEIVED.

The winter schools are just beginning, and we have loaded our shelves from cellar to garret with School Books of every kind in use.

The attention of

*DEALERS IN SCHOOL BOOKS,*
*TEACHERS, AND COMMITTEE MEN,*

Is requested, as WE WILL SELL

—AT THE—

LOWEST NEW YORK & BOSTON
**Wholesale Prices.**

Our assortment is very complete of

WRITING PAPER,

All sizes and Grades;

ENVELOPES,

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS,

*AMBROTYPES AND PHOTOGRAPHS From Fine Engravings.*

DIARIES FOR 1864,

From 10 cents to three dollars each,

*CURTAINS,*
*TASSELS,*
*CORD,*
*CURTAIN FIXTURES,*

Any one wishing the

GOVERNMENT
INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS

For NOTES, and all Business Documents, Patent Medicines, &c., can buy them of us by ordering them by mail. To those buying in large quantities, we will give the regular discount allowed at the Department.

Our assortment of

Miscellaneous Books,

JUVENILE BOOKS,

TOYS,

GAMES, &c.,

is very large.

☞An order or a call from you is requested.

BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,

SABBATH SCHOOLS

*BUYING BOOKS FOR THEIR LIBRARIES,*

WILL FIND HERE

EVERY BOOK PUBLISHED

By all the Tract and Sabbath School Societies,

AT THEIR LOWEST PRICES.

*WE WILL SEND ANY NUMBER TO BE* selected from, when it is desired, and will take back all that are not wanted.

Springfield, Nov. 21, 1863.

THE NEW YORK

## CLOTHING

COMPANY

Have taken the Store,

138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,

For the purpose of selling

CLOTHING,

From one of

*THE LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS*

in the City of New York,

—AT—

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

ANY ONE WISHING

A Good Substantial Article

FOR A

LITTLE MONEY,

WOULD DO WELL TO

EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

*ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE*

*WARRANTED*

TO BE JUST AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit, or, if that is not sufficiently liberal, WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.

Our terms of sale are strictly for cash, and

WE GUARANTEE

A BETTER ARTICLE

*OF CLOTHING FOR THE SAME PRICE*

than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at the

New York Clothing Co's

*SALESROOM,*

138 MAIN ST.,

Corner of Main and Vernon Streets, nearly opposite the Baptist Church,

SPRINGFIELD ..... MASS.
n21tf

FRIENDS AND RELATIVES
OF THE
BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

*HOLLOWAY'S*
PILLS AND OINTMENT.

All who have friends and relatives in the army or navy should take especial care that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave soldiers and sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

*Coughs and Colds affecting Troops*

Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the directions which are attached to each pot or box.

*Sick Headache, and Want of Appetite, incidental to Soldiers.*

Those feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taken according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

*Weakness or Debility induced by over-fatigue*

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach, and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system, however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

*Volunteers, Attention! Indiscretions of Youth.*

Sores and Ulcers, Blotches and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another; whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system, and leave the patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

*For Wounds either occasioned by the Bayonet, Sabre, or the Bullet, Sores or Bruises,*

To which every soldier and sailor are liable, there are no medicines so safe, sure, and convenient, as Holloway's Pills and Ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflammation.

Every soldier's knapsack and seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable remedies.

*CAUTION!*—None are genuine unless the words, "Holloway, New York and London," are discernible as a *water-mark*, in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box, the same may be plainly seen by holding the leaf to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines, or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞Sold at the manufactory of Prof. Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States and the civilized world, in Pots and Boxes, at 25 cents, 63 cents, and $1 each.

☞There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot or Box. 18.

☞Dealers in my well known medicines can have Show Cards, Circulars, &c., sent them, *free of expense*, by addressing Thomas Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York.

## GREAT BARGAINS!

FOR THE NEXT

SIXTY DAYS.

$25,000.00

WORTH OF

NEW

FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

JUST OPENED AT

J. H. STORRS & Co's,

WARE, MASS.

LOOK AT OUR PRICES:

| | |
|---|---|
| New Fall DeLaines at | 25 cts. |
| Fine Brown Cottons, | 17 " |
| Heavy Brown Cottons, | 25 " |
| Fast Colored Prints, | 17 " |

Scotch Plaids,
French Poplins,
Empress Cloths,
Crape Alapaccas,
Plain Scarlet Merinos,
Small Figured Wool DeLaines,
&c., &c., &c.
BLACK SILKS, at old prices.
FANCY SILKS, " "
SHAWLS, in endless variety.

Cloaks. Cloaks. Cloaks.

JUST OPENED, 100 Cloaks of NEW STYLES, to be sold at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.*
Also, CLOAKINGS of every description.

In our Millinery Department we are prepared to show our customers an *IMMENSE STOCK* of

MILLINERY

Goods, including

100 *VELVET AND SILK BONNETS,*

To be sold at $2 each less than they can be purchased for in other places.

Bonnets worth $10 for $7.
" " 7 " 5.

New styles of Hats for Misses and Children.
" Ribbons,
" Wreaths.
" Trimmings.

FURS. FURS. FURS.

In this department we have the largest assortment that was ever exhibited in this county.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS,

in new styles, just opened, at low prices.

All those who wish to secure GOOD BARGAINS go to

J. H. STORRS & CO'S,
Ware Village, Mass.

*New Church Music Book.*

THE HARP OF JUDAH;

A Collection of Sacred and Secular Music, for Choirs, Schools, Musical Conventions, Societies, and the Home Circle; Religious Worship, Choir and school practice.

By L. O. EMERSON, author of the "Golden Wreath," "Sabbath Harmony," &c.

The great favor with which Mr. Emerson's works have been received, has induced the publication of this book. In it the principles of Notation are plainly elucidated and Exercises given of a very pleasing and attractive style. Its Music, embracing every variety, being as a whole, neither very simple nor very elaborate, but conforming to the wants and capacities of the great majority of singers. The Anthems, Sentences, Chorus and Chants are superior to those of most collections, while the Metrical Tunes are equally good. In many instances music has been written to a whole hymn, thus giving a greater variety than can be possibly be obtained in any other way. At the same time each tune can be used for any other hymn of the same metre.

Choirs, Societies, Teachers, and all persons interested in a work of this kind, can order this book with perfect reliability of its being all it is represented to be—a real, live, music book, replete with all those features that tend to render such a book pleasing and popular.

Price, $9 per doz; single copies, $1. Specimen pages sent free.

n14 OLIVER DITSON & Co., publishers, Boston.

G. L. BRAKENRIDGE'S

PHOTOGRAPH & AMBROTYPE ROOMS!

are situated three doors west of W. W. Cross' store, STRONG'S BLOCK, PALMER, where you can get

*GOOD PICTURES IN CASES FOR 25 CTS.*

Having the best light and new process, *I do* promise to take pictures, either

Photographs, Ambrotypes,
Gem Pictures, or Melaineotypes,

*Cheaper than any other Establishment in Palmer.*

☞All kinds of copying done.

GEO. L. BRAKENRIDGE.
Palmer, November 7, 1863.

RECRUITING OFFICE!

57TH MASS INFANTRY (2d Veteran Regt.)

$452 PAID FOR VETERANS.
STATE AID TO FAMILIES.

*FALL IN, BOYS! FALL IN!*

A rare chance to enlist in a new regiment, to be commanded by that gallant soldier, COL. WM. F. BARTLETT, late of the 49th Mass. volunteers.

☞Let us rally again around the old flag, and be among the foremost to strike the death-blow to this accursed rebellion.

To Veterans enlisting,

$125.00 *WILL BE PAID IN ADVANCE,*

on being mustered into the service.

The regiment will go into comfortable barracks at Worcester.

For further information apply to

LIEUT. GEO. H. HOWE,
(Late of the 46th Mass. Vols.,)
Recruiting Officer.

Office at the Nassowanno House,
Palmer, November, 7, 1863. 3w

A. M. TITUS,
Plain and Ornamental

PAINTER.

Particular attention given to SIGN & ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, AND LETTERING of all kinds. I have hired a *Good, Practical House Painter*, and should be glad to get work enough to support us during the winter, and we will do our best to give satisfaction.

Shop near Squier's Foundry, Palmer. Nov. 7.

A NICE PACK of Wedding or Visiting Cards can be printed at this office at short notice. Wedding Envelopes always on hand.

## CHEAPER!

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

DRESS GOODS,

In variety of Styles, Colors, and Qualities.

STILL CHEAPER!

SEASONABLE

PRINTS,

D'LAINES AND CHALLIES,

Bleached & Brown Cottons,

&c., &c., &c.

ALSO,

PRETTY STYLES OF

SUMMER SHAWLS,
SUN UMBRELLAS
LIGHT BALMORALS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS
HOOP SKIRTS,

BESIDES A GENERAL VARIETY OF

HOSIERY, GLOVES, THREAD,

SILK,

AND SMALL WARES,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

—AND—

FLOUR, TEAS, COFFEE,

SUGAR, OILS, SPICES, &c.

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.

M. W. FRENCH.

## NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.

As we deal largely in

FLOUR AND GRAIN,

we are enabled to make purchases at

LOW FIGURES,

and sell in the same manner.

All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

☞Remember the place—

At the Palmer Steam Mill.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

SOUTH SIDE
PICTURE ROOMS.
OPPOSITE THE ANTIQUE HOUSE.

PICTURES taken in all the Latest Styles, from a Gem to a Life Size Portrait.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED, OR NO CHARGE MADE.

Cartes de Visites, Ambrotypes.
Vignettes. Melaineotypes.
Imperial and Life Size Portrait

☞Photographs colored if desired. By our new process of coloring Cartes de Visite Photographs, the

BEAUTY AND DURABILITY

of the Picture is very much improved. We cordially invite the public to

**Give us a Trial.**

We do not promise to work cheaper than others, but hope to please our patrons.

Rooms open from 7 to 12 A. M., and 1 to 5 P. M.

A. W. CLARK. } Artists.
J. M. BROWN. }

Palmer, Oct. 31.

PALMER
PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY!

OPPOSITE THE PALMER HOUSE.

The best and most convenient place in town, and where the best pictures can be obtained.

Good pictures put in good cases for fifty cents.

It is a well-known fact that poor workmen have to take up with poor prices.

Photographs taken in all the

LATEST STYLES.

CARTES DE VISITE, Plain, or Colored by a new process which adds greatly to the beauty and durability of the picture.

GEMS put up in carte de visite style, 12 for $1.

Call and examine my work, and let judgment be your guide. Do not be entrapped by promises.

W. A. COOPER.
Palmer, Nov. 14. 3t

LAUGHING GAS!

TEETH EXTRACTED without pain or risk, by the use of Nitrous Oxide, or Laughing Gas.

Also DECAYED TEETH Filled, or new ones set on Gold, Silver, or Rubber, by

D. HOLDEN, DENTIST.

Office at the old Drug Store, formerly occupied by W. S. Brakenridge. Ware, Mass.
Ware, Oct. 3, 1863.

MONSON ACADEMY.

THE WINTER TERM begins Wednesday, December 2d, and continues fifteen weeks.

C. HAMMOND, Principal.
Monson, Nov. 14, 1863. 3w.

## NEW FALL GOODS!

—AT—

BERAN & HORNER'S,

No. 3 State st., 2d door from Main,
SPRINGFIELD ..... MASS.,
Which we offer

CHEAP FOR CASH!

ALL OUR GOODS ARE MARKED WITH LAST YEAR'S PRICES.

PLEASE CALL EARLY,
And Secure Bargains.

Respectfully, BERAN & HORNER.
No 3, State st., 2d door from Main st. Springfield, Mass.

SAPONIFIER,

Or Concentrated

LYE.

*THE FAMILY SOAP-MAKER.*

*Economy! Economy!*

Every Family can make its own Soap from waste kitchen grease, at a cost of only four cents per pound with Saponifier, which is three times the strength of Potash.

Full directions accompany each one-pound *iron* can.

NOTICE.—The genuine Saponifier is only put up in one-pound *iron* cans, by the

PENNSYLVANIA SALT-MANUFACTURING CO.,

Patentees and sole Manufacturers. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure you buy the *iron* can.

For sale by
CHAS. TOPPAN, 16 Blackstone st., Boston,
MERRILL BROS., 215 State st., "
n7. And Druggists and Grocers generally. 3m.
WOOD & ALLEN, Agents, Palmer, Mass.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the femal constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price $1 bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION.—These Pills should not be taken by females during the first three months of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sole Agent for the United States and Canada,
JOB MOSES, 27 Courtlandt st., New York

N. B.—$1 and 6 postage stamps, enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing 50 Pills, by return mail. 1y31

Sold in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and by D. Wm. Holbrook.

## BOOTS & SHOES.

The only Boot and Shoe store between Springfield and Worcester is at Palmer depot,

IN THE PALMER JOURNAL BLOCK.

The subscriber has over **$2,500 worth of Boots and Shoes** in his store, for sale at one-half of the profits usually made by retailers. His Men's, Boys', Youth's, and Children's Thick Boots were made expressly for him by the best manufacturers in the state, of the

BEST QUALITY OF STOCK,

Consisting of the celebrated "Monitor Boot," double sole and tap, double sole, and one-half double sole—great assortment. The greatest improvement is

THE RUBBER SOLE

water proof boots and shoes. Every man, woman, and child should have a pair. The very best men's, boys', and youth's

CALF BOOTS

may be found at this store. Women's, misses,' and children's peble calf and serge, double sole,

TIP BALMORALS AND GAITERS,

in fact every variety, quality, and style may be had. A full assortment of

RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES.

Everybody will find it to their pecuniary interest to buy their fall and winter supply of boots and shoes of the subscriber.

**Please Give Him a Call.**

D. GRANGER.
Palmer, Oct. 10, 1863. 1y.

THE

## Singer Sewing Machines,

Our LETTER A FAMILY SEWING MACHINE is fast gaining a world-wide reputation.

It is beyond doubt the best and cheapest and most beautiful of all Family Sewing Machines yet offered to the public. No other Family Sewing Machine has so many appliances for Hemming, Binding, Felling, Tucking, Gathering, Gauging, Braiding, Embroidering, Cording, and so forth No other Family Sewing Machine has so much capacity for a great variety of work. It will sew all kinds of cloth, and with all kinds of thread. Great and recent improvements make our Family Sewing Machine most reliable, and most durable, and most certain in action at all rates of speed. It makes the interlocked stitch, which is the best stitch known. Any one, even of the most ordinary capacity, can see, at a glance, how to use the letter A Family Sewing Machine. Our Family Sewing Machines are finished in chaste and exquisite style.

The Folding Case of the Family Machine is a piece of cunning workmanship, of the most useful kind. It protects the machine when not in use, and when about to be operated may be opened as a spacious and substantial table to sustain the work. While some of the cases, made out of the choicest woods, are finished in the simplest and chastest manner possible, others are adorned and embellished in the most costly and superb manner.

It is absolutely necessary to see the Family Machine in operation, so as to judge of its great capacity and beauty.

It is fast becoming as popular for family sewing as our Manufacturing Machines are for manufacturing purposes.

The branch offices are well supplied with silk twist, thread, needles, oil, &c., of the very best quality.

Send for a Pamphlet.

*THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.,*
458 Broadway, New York.

BOSTON OFFICES, 69 Hanover street.
283 Washington street.
PROVIDENCE OFFICE,
Phœnix Building, Westminster st.
HARTFORD OFFICE,
n21 5 Allyn House Block.

BOOK BINDING.—Persons having Magazines or Pamphlets, can get them bound at this office.

AFRAID SHE WILL MARRY.—A rumor has originated in Belgium that the Queen of England is disposed to marry a second time, and the London Press is very indignant. At the same time, while they pronounce it "a foul and dangerous calumny," they also state their fears about King Leopold's visit to England the present month. The advice of this "crafty diplomatist," as they style him, is said never to have been given to or taken by the Queen without injury to her welfare and honor."

DOMESTIC TRAGEDIES.—At New York a few evenings ago Frederick Scree, a German, shot Mary Amsler through the arm, because he was jealous of her, and cut his throat with a razor. The same evening Mary Jane Holloway shot James Pender in the thigh, thinking it was another man. She was, however, arrested.

SHORT OF HORSES.—There are now 9,000 men at the Dismounted Cavalry Camp in Washington, awaiting horses, but the Government is, as yet, unable to supply them.

## WARE BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

A. SANDFORD, dealer in Dry Goods, Crockery, Flour, and Family Groceries.

BYRNS & Co., Staple and Fancy Bakers, opposite the Hotel, Main street.

D. HOLDEN, Dentist, dealer in Drugs, Medicines, and Fancy Articles.

E. F. HITCHCOCK, dealer in Stoves, and manufacturer of Tin Ware, &c.

ELI SMITH, Boots and Shoes made to order. Over D. P. Billings' store, opposite the Hotel.

F. A. BROOKS, manuf. of Spruce Beer, and dealer in Bottled Ale, Porter, Champagne Cider.

F. L. CHAPIN, Job and Card Printer, at the Post Office. Agent for all kinds of Engraving and Lithographing. Subscriptions and advertisements received for Ware Standard

FRANKLIN D. RICHARDS, Counsellor and Attorney at Law.

G. C. HOLDEN, dealer in Fruit, Confectionery, Pies, Cake, &c., Oysters and Ice Cream.

GEO. ROBINSON, dealer in Hardware, Agricultural and Mechanic Tools, Paints, Oils, and Glass, Furniture and Wooden Ware. Especial attention given to Framing Pictures.

G. K. CUTLER, dealer in Books, Stationery, Periodicals, Music, Paper Hangings, &c.

HOLDEN & SNOW, dealer in Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Ely's Block.

H. S. PARSONS, dealer in Fine Watches, and Jewelry. Agt. for Florence Sewing Machine.

L. C. WHITE & Co., manufacturers of Monuments, Tombstones, and other Marble Works

MRS. A. F. STRICKLAND, Dress and Cloak Maker. Rooms, opposite Bank, up stairs.

P. D. WILLIS, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots, Shoes, Flour, Fish, Crockery, &c.

P. H. SAGENDORPH, dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, and Silver Ware.

S. B. WITHERELL, dealer in Furnaces and Stoves, and Tin, Iron, and Copper Work,

S. R. FLETCHER, manuf. and dealer in all kinds of Harness Work, Bank St.

WARE HOTEL, W. W. PIERCE, proprietor. Main street, corner of North street.

W. C. SHELDON, dealer in all kinds of Meat, Nenameseck Square.

WM. McKINSTRY, Merchant Tailor, and manufacturer of Custom Clothing, opp Bank.

WM. O. GOULD, dealer in Millinery of all kinds, Demond's Block, Main st., up stairs

---

I AM RECEIVING THIS WEEK
A FRESH SUPPLY OF
# GROCERIES,
LAMPS AND FIXTURES
Of all kinds, also a full
## Assortment of Flower Pots,
NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY!

At the OLD STAND OF S. W. SMITH,
PALMER HOUSE BLOCK.

LYMAN DIMOCK.

Palmer, Sept. 19, 1863.

---

# STOVES! STOVES!

A GREAT VARIETY of Stoves at the old Stove-Shop in Palmer, which will be sold LOWER THAN AT ANY OTHER SHOP IN THE COUNTY.

The Bay State, Harp, Pilot, Prize, Conquest, New England, Empire State, American, &c., &c.

PARLOR COOK STOVES,
PARLOR CAST & SHEET IRON,
of a variety of sizes and patterns.

☞Any Stove not found in the shop will be furnished as low as at any other shop. A good stock of CLOTHES WRINGERS, CHAIN, COPPER & Iron Pumps, Pump Curbs, Farmers' Boilers, English and Russia Pipe, Sheet Zinc, Tin Japanned, and Wooden Ware, Sad Irons, Oven Mouths, Boiler Doors, &c.

Cash paid for Old Iron, Copper, Brass, Lead, Pewter, and Rags.

JOB WORK done to order, with promptness.
CALL AND EXAMINE ELIJAH NICHOLS.
Palmer, Oct. 10, 1863. tf.

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"COSTAR'S" VERMIN
# EXTERMINATORS.

*For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in furs, woolens, &c., Insects on plants, fowls, animals, &c.*

Put up in 25c., 50c., and $1 boxes, bottles, and flasks, $3 and $5 sizes for Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞Sold wholesale in all large cities.
☞Sold by all druggists and retailers everywhere.
☞! BEWARE! of all worthless imitations.
☞See that "COSTAR'S" name is on each box, bottle, and flask, before you buy.
☞Address HENRY R. COSTAR,
☞Principal Depot, 482 Broadway, New York.
☞Sold by H. T. SMALL & Co., Stafford Springs, and WOOD & ALLEN, Palmer, wholesale and retail agents. 1y

---

AUCTION BILLS, Circulars, Ball Tickets and other kinds of Printing, executed as neat as way, and cheap as one could wish, at this office.

TOWN REPORTS printed neatly, cheaply and expeditiously at this office.

---

OLMSTEAD & DICKINSON,
# UPHOLSTERERS,
And Manufacturers of and Dealers in
## FASHIONABLE FURNITURE,
MATTRASSES,
*CURTAINS AND SHADES.*

ALSO,
COMMON FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS.

UNION BLOCK - - - - - MAIN STREET,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

H. OLMSTEAD. E. W. DICKINSON.

---

# GRAND OPENING!
## NEWTON & CONVERSE,

Have bought the stock of GROCERIES of K. H. ALLEN, and will keep

A FULL STOCK
on hand of
FLOUR, MEAL, SALT,
LIME, OILS, FLUID, BUTTER, CHEESE
*Fish, Crockery,*
GLASS, STONE, AND WOODEN WARE,
and will sell
At Wholesale and Retail,
AS LOW, if not LOWER, than any other place in town.

☞We are receiving fresh goods from market every week.

☞CALL AND SEE.☜
NEWTON & CONVERSE.

Palmer, Dec. 27, 1862.

---

# $100 REWARD!

For a medicine that will cure
COUGHS, INFLUENZA,
TICKLING IN THE THROAT,
WHOOPING COUGH.
Or relieve CONSUMPTIVE COUGH, as quick as
# COE'S COUGH BALSAM

Over 5,000 bottles have been sold in its native town, and not a single instance of its failure is known.

We have in our possession any quantity of certificates, some of them from eminent physicians, who have used it in their practice, and given it the pre-eminence over any other compound.

IT DOES NOT DRY UP A COUGH, but loosens it, so as to enable the patient to expectorate freely.

Two or three doses will invariably cure tickling in the throat.

A half bottle has completely cured the most
STUBBORN COUGH,
and yet, though it is so sore and speedy in its operation, it is perfectly harmless, being purely vegetable. It is very agreable to the taste, and may be administered to children of any age.

☞In cases of CROUP we will guarantee a cure if taken in season.

No family should be without it. It is within the reach of all, the price being ONLY 25 CENTS, and if an investment and thorough trial does not "back up" the above statement, the money will be refunded. We say this, knowing its merits, and feel confident that one trial will secure for it a home in every household.

Do not waste away with Coughing, when so small an investment will cure you. It may be had of any respectable druggist in town, who will furnish you with a circular of genuine certificates of cures it has made. C. G. CLARK & Co., Proprietors,
Wholesale Druggists, New Haven, Ct.

For sale by Druggists in city, country, and everywhere.

For sale at wholesale by D. S. BARNES & Co., New York, and GEO. C. GOODWIN & Co., Boston. 6ms19

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# GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE,
## A SURE RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERER.

This Salve is a vegetable preparation, invented in the 17th century, by DR. WM. GRACE, surgeon in King James's army. Through its agency he cured thousands of most serious sores and wounds that baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians of his day, and was regarded by all who knew him as a public benefactor.

Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Burns.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Scalds.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Flesh Wounds.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Corns.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Felons.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Frozen Limbs.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Wens.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Callouses.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Salt Rheum.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Chilblains.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Sore Breast.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Sore Lips.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Erysipelas Sores.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Abscesses.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Ulcers.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Chapped Hands.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Ringworms.

And from Sores and Wounds of the most serious nature down to a common Pimple. It eradicates Pimples from the face, and beautifies the skin. There is no preparation before the public that can equal this Salve in prompt and energetic action for the speedy cure of external diseases, as those who have tried its virtues testify. Soldiers, Sailors, and Fishermen, will find this Salve their best friend.

It has none of the irritating, heating properties of other remedies, but cools, cleanses, and heals the most serious Sores and Wounds. Every family, and especially those containing children, should keep a box on hand in case of accident, for it will save them much trouble, suffering, and money. All it wants is a fair trial to cure old and inveterate Sores.

MANUFACTURED BY
WILLIAM GRACE,
AMESBURY, MASS.

Weeks & Potter, 170 Washington st., Boston, wholesale agents.

Grace's Salve is for sale by all druggists and dealers in every city and town. jy18 1y.

---

E. C. RICHARDSON, M. D.,
EXAMINING SURGEON
FOR PENSIONS,
6ms19 WARE, Mass.

---

# SASHES, DOORS, AND BLINDS

The subscriber makes to order all kinds of SASHES, DOORS, AND BLINDS, at short notice.

J. R. PARKHURST.

Palmer, Aug. 8, 1863. tf.

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A. B. COWAN,
DENTIST,
Office and residence in
LAWRENCE BLOCK, PALMER, MASS.

---

THE ALL SUFFICIENT THREE,
THE GREAT "AMERICAN REMEDIES,"
Known as
*"HELMBOLD'S" Genuine PREPARATIONS,*
viz: HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT "BUCHU,"
" " SARSAPARILLA,
" IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

*Helmbold's Genuine Preparation,*
"Highly Concentrated" Compound
## FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

A positive and specific remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the watery or calcareous depositions, and all unnatural enlargements are reduced, as well as pain and inflammation, and it is good for men, women, or children.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, for Weaknesses arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:

| | |
|---|---|
| Indisposition to exertion, | Loss of Power, |
| Loss of Memory, | Difficulty of Breathing, |
| Weak Nerves, | Trembling, |
| Horrors of Disease, | Wakefulness, |
| Dimness of Vision, | Pain in the Back, |
| Universal Lassitude of the | Flushing of the body, |
| Muscular System, | Eruptions on the face, |
| Hot Hands, | Pallid Countenance, |

Dryness of the Skin.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow

IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS,

In one of which the patient may expire. Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "direful diseases."

INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION.

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but none will confess. The records of the Insane Asylums, and the melancholy deaths by consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion, *thee Constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness,* requires the aid of medicine to invigorate and strengthen the system, which Helmbold's Extract Buchu invariably does. A trial will convince the most skeptical.

Females, Females, Females,

Old or Young, Single, Married, or Contemplating Marriage.

In many affections peculiar to Females the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of the Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrous state of the Uterus, Leucorrhea, or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in

*The Decline or Change of Life.*

SEE SYMPTOMS ABOVE.

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

Take no Balsam, Mercury or unpleasant Medicine for unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
CURES SECRET DISEASES
in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience,
AND NO EXPOSURE.

It causes frequent desire, and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing obstructions, preventing and curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying pain and inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling Poisonous, Diseased, and Worn-out Matter.

Thousands upon Thousands,
*Who Have Been the Victims of Quacks,*
and who have paid Heavy Fees to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "Poison" has, by the use of "Powerful Astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and perhaps after marriage.

USE
## Helmbold's Extract Buchu

For all Affections and Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

Diseases of these Organs require the aid of a Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and it is certain to have the desired effect in all Diseases for which it is recommended.

BLOOD! BLOOD! BLOOD!
Helmbold's Highly Concentrated Compound
FLUID EXTRACT
## SARSAPARILLA.

SYPHILIS.

This is an affection of the Blood, and attacks the Sexual Organs, Linings of the Nose, Ears, Throat, Windpipe, and other Mucus Surfaces, making its appearance in the form of Ulcers. Helmbold's Extract Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and removes all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, giving to the complexion a clear and healthy color. It being prepared expressly for this class of complaints, its blood-purifying properties are preserved to a greater extent than any other preparation of Sarsaparilla.

*HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH.*

An excellent Lotion for Diseases of a Syphillitic Nature, and as an injection in Diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the Extracts Buchu and Sarsaparilla, in such diseases as recommended.

Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character will accompany the medicines.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES,

From eight to twenty years standing, with names known to science and fame.

For Medical Properties of BUCHU,
See Dispensatory of the United States.
See Professor DEWEES' valuable works on the Practice of Physic.
See remarks made by the late celebrated Dr. PHYSICK, Philadelphia.
See remarks made by Dr. EPHRAIM McDOWELL, a celebrated Physician, and Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland, and published in the Transactions of the King and Queen's Journal.
See Medico-Cirurgical Review, published by BENJAMIN TRAVERS, Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons.
See most of the late Standard Works on Medicine.

EXTRACT BUBHU,
$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.
EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,
$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.
IMPROVED ROSE WASH,
50 cts. per bottle, or six bottles for $2.50.

Or half a dozen of each for $12, which will be sufficient to cure the most obstinate cases, if directions are adhered to.

Delivered to any address, securely packed from observation.

☞Describe symptoms in all communications. Cures guaranteed. Advice gratis.

AFFIDAVIT.

Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. Helmbold, who, being duly sworn, doth say, his preparations contain no narcotic, no mercury, or other injurious drugs, but are purely vegetable.

H. T. HELMBOLD.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 22d day of November, 1854. WM. P. HIBBARD,
Alderman, Ninth street, above Race, Phila.

Address letters for information in confidence.
H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist,
Depot 104 South Tenth street, below Chestnut, Philadelphia.

☞BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS, and unprincipled dealers, who endeavor to dispose "of their own" and "other" articles on the reputation attained by

Helmbold's Genuine Preparations.
" " " Extract Buchu.
" " " Sarsaparilla.
" " Improved Rose Wash.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞Ask for Helmbold's—take no other.☜

Cut out the advertisement and send for it, and avoid imposition and exposure.

Sold by Wood & Allen, Palmer; Dr. Holden, Ware, and H. T. Small & Co., Stafford Springs.

March 21, 1866 1y

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## PALMER BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ALBERT BURLEIGH,
Carpenter and Joiner, and dealer in Lumber, Doors, Windows, &c.

A. MASON,
Refreshment Saloon. Weddings and parties supplied with Cake and Ice Creams.

ANTIQUE HOUSE,
By E. B. SHAW, east of railroad bridge.

A. R. MURDOCK,
Licensed Auctioneer, Thorndike.

B. H. JOHNSON,
Carpenter and Joiner and Mover of Buildings.

CYRUS KNOX, Jr.,
News Room and Stationery, at the Post Office.

D. MULVIHILL,
Merchant Tailor and dealer in Gents' Furnishing Goods.

E. B. ELSBREE,
Livery and Feeding Stable.

E. BROWN,
Dealer in Hardware, Iron, Steel, Paints, Oils, and Glass.

E. NICHOLS,
Dealer in Stoves, Tin Ware, Pipe, &c.

E. S. BROOKS,
Repairer of Watches and Jewelry. Billiard Room.

F. J. WASSUM,
Merchant Tailor and dealer in Gents' Furnishing Goods.

FREEMAN DODGE,
Meat Market, basement of Commercial Block.

HENRY JONES,
Barber and Hair Dresser, Opposite the depot.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE,
Wholesale and retail dealers in Flour, Meal, Grain and Feed.

H. W. MUNGER,
Merchant Tailor, and manufacturer of Custom Clothing.

IRON FOUNDRY,
By JOHN A. SQUIER, Furnace street.

J. G. ALLEN,
Counsellor and Attorney at Law, Notary Public, and General Insurance Agent.

JOHN FEENEY,
Eating Saloon, opposite the depot.

JOHN SHAW,
Brick Mason and Plasterer.

JOHN WAITE, AGT.,
Manufacturer and dealer in Harnesses, Trunks, Robes, Whips, &c.

J. S. LOOMIS,
Dealer in all kinds of House Furniture, Coffins, and Burial Caskets.

J. W. THOMPSON,
Dealer in Groceries, Crockery, Provisions, Flour.

M. FOX,
Wholesale dealer in Fresh Fish, Oysters, Nuts, Fruit, Ales, &c.

MRS. A. C. COLLINS,
Dealer in Millinery and Fancy Goods.

M. W. FRENCH,
Dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, opposite the depot.

NASSOWANNO HOUSE,
By J. W. WEEKS, opposite the Depot.

NEWTON & CONVERSE,
Wholesale and retail dealers in Flour, Grain, and Groceries.

N. PIPER, AGT.,
Manufacturer of Monuments, Tombstones, and other Marble Works.

P. P. KELLOGG & CO.,
Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Ready-Made Clothing, &c.

SMITH, LOOMIS, & CO.,
Carriage and Sleigh Manufacturers and repairers.

S. W. SMITH, AGT.,
Dealer in Family Groceries, Flour, Farmer's Produce, &c.

WM. A. COOPER,
Ambrotype and Photographic Artist Opposite the Palmer House.

WM. FULLER,
Nassowanno Livery and Feeding Stable.

WM. MERRIAM,
Currier and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Leather.

WOOD & ALLEN,
Druggists, and dealers in Medicines and Fancy Articles.

W. W. CROSS,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Millinery, Carpets, and Crockery Ware.

W. W. HAGAR,
Jeweller and Repairer of Watches.

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M. FOX, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
FRESH FISH, OYSTERS,
Fruit, Confectionery Pies and Cakes, Vegetables Spruce and Hop Beer, Soda, and Sole Agent in Eastern Hampden for

*Millard & Barnard's Hudson Pale Ale.*

Store removed to
NASSOWANNO BLOCK.
Palmer, July 13, 1861. tf.

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CAUTION

TO Females in Delicate Health. DR. DOW, Physician and Surgeon, No. 7 Endicott street, Boston, is consulted daily for all diseases incident to the female system. Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Fluor Albus, Suppression, and other Menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed in a very few days. So invariably certain is the new mode of treatment, that most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the most afflicted person soon rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of diseases of women than any other physician in Boston.

Boarding accommodations for patients who may wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treatment.

Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole attention to an office practice for the cure of Private Diseases and Female Complaints, acknowledges no superior in the United States.

N. B.—All letters must contain one dollar, or they will not be answered.

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.
Boston, July 25, 1863. 1y.

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TERRIBLE DISCLOSURES — SECRETS FOR THE MILLION!

A most valuable and wonderful publication. A work of 400 pages, and 30 colored engravings.

Dr. HUNTER'S VADE MECUM,

An original and popular treatise on Man and Woman, their Physiology, Functions, and Sexual disorders of every kind, with Never-Failing Remedies for their speedy cure. The practice of Dr. Hunter long has been, and still is unbounded, but at the earnest solicitation of numerous persons he has been induced to extend his medical usefulness through the medium of his "Vade Mecum." It is a volume that should be in the hands of every family in the land, as a preventive of secret vices, or as a guide for the alleviation of one of the most awful and destructive scourges ever visited mankind. One copy, securely enveloped, will be forwarded free of postage, to any part of the United States, for 50 cents in P. O. stamps, or 3 copies for $1. Address, post-paid, Dr. HUNTER, No. 3 Division st., New York. 1ydec.

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M. P. KNOWLTON,
*ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,*
249 Main Street, opposite Court Square,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

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DR. SWEET'S
## INFALLIBLE LINIMENT,
THE GREAT EXTERNAL REMEDY FOR
Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Stiff Neck and Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts and Wounds, Piles, Headache, and all Rheumatic and Nervous Disorders,

For all of which it is a speedy and certain remedy, and never fails. This Liniment is prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the famous bone setter, and has been used in his practice for more than 20 years, with the most astonishing success.

As an *Alleviator of Pain*, it is unrivalled by any preparation before the public, of which the most skeptical may be convinced by a single trial.

This Liniment will cure rapidly and radically Rheumatic Disorders of every kind, and in thousands of cases where it has been used it has never been known to fail.

For *Neuralgia*, it will afford immediate relief in every case, however distressing.

It will relieve the worst cases of *Headache* in five minutes, and is warranted to do it.

*Toothache*, also, will it cure instantly.

For *Nervous Debility and General Lassitude*, arising from imprudence or excess, this Liniment is a most happy and unfailing remedy. Acting direct by upon the nervous tissues, it strengthens and revivifies the system, and restores it to elasticity and vigor.

*For Piles*—As an external remedy, we claim that it is the best known, and we challenge the world to produce an equal. Every victim of this distressing complaint should give it a trial, for it will not fail to afford immediate relief, and in a majority of cases will effect a radical cure.

*Quinsy and Sore Throat* are sometimes extremely malignant and dangerous, but a timely application of this Liniment will never fail to cure.

*Sprains* are sometimes very obstinate, and enlargement of the joints is liable to occur if neglected. The worst cases may be conquered by this Liniment in two or three days.

*Bruises, Cuts' Wounds, Sores, Ulcers, Burns and Scalds*, yield readily to the wonderful healing properties of Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment, when used according to directions. Also, Chilblains, Frosted Feet, and Insect Bites and Stings.

*EVERY HORSE OWNER*

should have this remedy at hand, for its timely use at the first appearance of Lameness will effectually prevent those formidable diseases to which all horses are liable, and which render so many otherwise valuable horses nearly worthless.

Over four hundred voluntary testimonials to the wonderful curative properties of this Liniment have been received within the last two years, and many of them from persons in the highest ranks of life.

*CAUTION.*

To avoid imposition, observe the signature and likeness of Dr. Stephen Sweet on every label, and also "Stephen Sweet's Infallible Liniment" blown in the glass of each bottle, without which none are genuine. RICHARDSON & Co.,
Sole Proprietors, Norwich, Ct.

For sale by Wood & Allen, Palmer; Dr. Holden, Ware, and H. T. Small & Co., Stafford Springs. f21

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## Pensions, Back Pay, and Bounty Money.

F. D. RICHARDS,
ATTORNEY FOR CLAIMANTS, WARE, MASS.

*Information for the Instruction of Claimants:*

All soldiers of the present war who have served two years, and soldiers discharged for wounds received in battle, without reference to time of service, are entitled, besides their regular pay to $10 bounty. In case soldiers or seamen are discharged for disability or wounds while in the service, contracted while in the line of duty, are entitled to a pension according to the disability. In case of the death of a soldier before discharge, through disease contracted or wounds received while in service, his widow is entitled to receive the $10 bounty, besides arrearages of pay and pension during her lifetime or widowhood. If the soldier die after discharged, from disease contracted or wound received while in service, his widow is entitled to a pension of $96 per annum, and in case of marriage to the minor children under 16 years of age.

If no widow or minor children the bounty and pay will descend to the heirs as follows: First to father, second to the mother, third to the brothers and sisters, fourth to the next of kin. Address

Aug. 1, 1863. F. D. RICHARDS, Ware, Mass

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E. & H. T. ANTHONY,
MANUFACTURER OF
## PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS,
501 *Broadway, New York.*

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS.

Our catalogue now embraces considerably over FOUR THOUSAND different subjects, (to which additions are continually being made) of Portraits of Eminent Americans, etc., viz.:

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| 72 Major-Generals | 525 Statesmen, |
| 190 Brigadier-Generals, | 127 Divines, |
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| 84 Lieutenant Colonels, | 30 Artists, |
| 207 Other Officers, | 112 Stage, |
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147 Prominent Foreign Portraits,
2,500 Copies of Works of Art, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, &c.

Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp. An order for 12 pictures from our catalogue will be filled on receipt of $1.80, and sent by mail FREE.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

Of these we manufacture a great variety, ranging in price from 50 cts. to $3 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others. The smaller kinds can be sent safely by mail at a postage of six cents per oz. The more expensive can be sent by express.

We also keep a large assortment of

Stereoscopes & Stereoscopic Views.

Our catalogue of these will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY, Manufacturers of Photographic Materials, 501 Broadway, N. York.

Friends or relatives of prominent military men will confer a favor by sending us their likenesses to copy. They will be kept carefully and returned uninjured.

FINE ALBUMS MADE TO ORDER for Congregations to present to their Pastors, or for other purposes, with suitable inscriptions, &c.

ag22 6m

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BLACKSMITHING.

THE Subscriber has returned to his old stand, and is prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing in the best manner.

HORSE SHOEING

done to the satisfaction of every one entrusting their horses to my care.

PATRICK McMANAMY.

Palmer, Apr 25, 1863.

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# INSURANCE AGENCY!

At the Office of F. D. RICHARDS, Ware, Mass. for the following companies:

| | |
|---|---|
| Atlantic Fire and Marine Ins. Co. | Providence, R. I. |
| American Life and Trust Ins. Co., | New Haven, Ct. |
| Bay State Insurance Co., | Worcester, Mass. |
| Equitable Life Assurance Society, | New York City. |
| Home Insurance Co., | " |
| Hartford Fire Insurance Co. | Hartford, Ct. |
| Hampshire Mutual Insurance Co., | Northampton, Ms. |
| Merchants' and Farmers' Ins. Co., | Worcester, Mass |
| People's Mutual Insurance Co., | " |
| State Mutual Life Insurance Co., | " |
| Thames Insurance Co., | Norwich, Ct. |
| Western Massachusetts Ins. Co., | Pittsfield, Mass. |

Ware, Aug. 1, 1863. F. D. RICHARDS, Agt

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AMHERST, BELCHERTOWN, & PALMER RAILROAD.—On and after Sept. 1, 1863, trains will run daily as follows:

Leave Amherst at 9.15 a. m., and 4.00 p. m.
Leave Palmer at 2.15 and 5.45 p. m.

Passengers taking the mail trains from Albany or New York for Springfield, will not fail to connect at Palmer with cars for Amherst. Stage accommodations at Belchertown for Enfield, Greenwich, and Dana; at Amherst for Northampton, North Hadley, Hadley, and Sunderland. j7.
o3'63. J. H. M. LELAND, Secretary.

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LAWRENCE & Co. will pay the *highest market price* for HIDES and SKINS delivered at their market. Palmer, Jan. 22, 1863.

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AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY, Solicitor of Patents,

Late Agent of U. S. Patent Office Washington, (under the Act of 1837.)

76 STATE ST., - - - (opp. Kirby St.) - - - BOSTON.

After an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States, also in Great Britain, France, and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Bonds, Assignments, and all Papers or Drawings for Patents executed on liberal terms, and with dispatch. Researches made into American or Foreign works to determine the validity or utility of Patents or inventions—and legal or other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington.

The Agency is not only the largest in New England, but through it inventors have advantages for securing Patents, of ascertaining the patentability of inventions, unsurpassed by, if not immeasurably superior to any which can be offered them elsewhere. The Testimonials below given prove that none is MORE SUCCESSFUL AT THE PATENT OFFICE than the subscriber, and as SUCCESS IS THE BEST PROOF OF ADVANTAGES AND ABILITY, he would add that he has abundant reason to believe, and can prove, that at no other office of the kind are the charges for professional services so moderate. The immense practice of the subscriber during the twelve years past has enabled him to accumulate a vast collection of specifications and official decisions relative to patents.

These, besides his extensive library of legal and mechanical works, and full accounts of patents granted in the United States and Europe, render him able, beyond question, to offer superior facilities for obtaining Patents.

All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a Patent, and the usual great delay there, are here saved inventors.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the MOST CAPABLE and SUCCESSFUL practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse." CHAS. MASON, Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a person more competent and trustworthy, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office." EDMUND BURKE, Late Commissioner of Patents

"Mr. R. H. Eddy has made for me THIRTEEN applications, on all but one of which patents have been granted, and that is now pending. Such unmistakeable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend ALL inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges." JOHN TAGGART.

During eight months, the subscriber, in course of his large practice, made on TWICE rejected applications, SIXTEEN APPEALS, EVERY ONE of which was decided in his favor by the Commissioner of Patents. R. H. EDDY.

Boston, January 24, 1863. 1y

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*To Nervous Sufferers of Both Sexes.*

A Reverend Gentleman having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing all the usual routine and irregular expensive modes of treatment without success, considers it his sacred duty to communicate to his afflicted fellow creatures the means of cure. Hence, on the receipt of a post-paid, addressed envelope, he will send (free) a copy of the prescription used. Direct to Dr. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186 Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y. j24

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NEW LONDON NORTHERN RAILROAD.—On and after Monday, December 1, 1862, Trains leave Palmer 7 50 A. M. and 2.05 P. M., in connection with trains from Springfield.

Leave New London 7 30 A. M. and 1 40 P. M., connecting at Palmer with Western road for Springfield and Albany at 11 01, 11 30 A. M., and 5 05 P. M., and in time for trains to Amherst, Worcester and Boston.

Trains connect at Willimantic for Hartford, and at New London with Stonington, Providence, New Haven and N. York trains and boat for N. Y.

November 29, 1862. R. N. DOWD, Supt.

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WATCHES & JEWELRY.

THE Subscriber has taken the Jewelry Store lately occupied by S. P. Blair, in Nassowanno Block, and offers to the public an excellent assortment of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, which he will sell at small profits.

WATCHES & JEWELRY REPAIRED

at short notice and in a workmanlike manner.

☞Call and see W. W. HAGAR.

Palmer, Aug 18, 1860. 14tf.

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SEWING MACHINES!

ANY person desiring to purchase a first-rate Sewing Machine can get one cheaper at this office than at any other place.

Palmer, Feb. 7.

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# Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL,
*FEED, SALT, LIME,*
COAL, WOOD, &c.
AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

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DARLING'S LIFE BITTERS.

For Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, General Debility, &c., &c. Price 50 cents per bottle.

DARLING'S LIVER REGULATOR AND BLOOD PURIFIER.

A remedy of unequalled value for the removal of every obstruction from the liver, kidneys, stomach, and bowels, and every impurity from the blood. Price 50 cents per bottle.

Sold by WOOD & ALLEN, Palmer.

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GOVERNMENT
# PENSION AGENCY!
GOVERNMENT BOUNTY OF $100

Collected for soldiers who have been discharged from service by reason of wounds or disability, without regard to length of time. Invalid soldiers discharged from service, and the widows and orphans of soldiers who died in the U. States service, or of wounds or disease contracted in line of duty, are entitled to pensions. All pension claims against the government, and claims for arrears of pay and bounty, will be promptly attended to and collected at the lowest rates. No charge made to the soldier unless the claim is successful.

This Agency is duly licensed, and the undersigned does his business direct with the authorities at Washington, and not through third parties.

JAS. G. ALLEN, Counsellor & Attorney.

Palmer, March 21, 1863.

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WOOD & ALLEN,
Druggists and Apothecaries,

Have a fresh supply of Drugs and the most popular Patent Medicines, Perfumes, Toilet Articles, &c.

☞Dr. HIGGINS' justly celebrated medicines are prepared by us, and furnished wholesale and retail as formerly. THE ANTALGICA, the best PAIN RELIEVER of the age, has a large sale, and should be in every family. Those who have used it once never do without it. Our Scrofula Syrup is one of the best remedies to use for the cure of Humors, as hundreds can testify. A liberal discount to physicians and the trade. WOOD & ALLEN.

Palmer, July 11, 1863. 6m.

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IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED, OR THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. Faucett's Safes or Preventives are a new and superior article; price, 3 for $1, or $3 per dozen. Dr. Faucett's Female Pills, for all irregularities; price, $1 per box. The Specific Pill, for young men suffering from seminal weakness, the evil effects of self-abuse; price, $1 per box, or six for $5.

Books, medicines, syringes, &c., furnished. Address all orders, MEDICAL AGENTS,
P. O. box, 5171, New York.

☞Send for a circular.

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IT IS A WONDER that every business man doesn't have a Pack of Business Cards printed, when he can get them so handsomely done at this office.

# The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XIV. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1863. NUMBER 34.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.
—BY—
GORDON M. FISK & Co.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—One Dollar and Fifty Cents in advance; One Dollar and Seventy-five Cents if payment is delayed till the end of the year. For six months, seventy-five cents; for three months, thirty-eight cents; for one month, fourteen cents; single copies, four cents.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted on reasonable terms.

JOB PRINTING, of all kinds, executed in the best style and at short notice.

G. M. FISK. JAS. M'LAUGHLIN.


## A ROMANTIC STORY.

A Paris letter to the London Times has the following:

A singularly romantic case of two children claiming one mother has just come before the Imperial court at Agen. In October, 1833, a woman named Francoise Beausoliel Dufour, gave a birth to a female child, her husband having died on the 6th of February in the same year. The child she put in the turning box of the foundling hospital of Marmande, having reasons which are not explained for concealing the birth. By the French law the legitimacy of a child born within three hundred days of the death of the husband, cannot be disputed. In the present instance the birth took place considerably within that period; but it is conjectured that the mother feared the opinion of the neighbors might not be in accordance with legal presumption. However this may be, she presented herself at the foundling hospital a few days after the infant had been deposited there, satisfied the directors that she had means to support the child, and told them that she intended to take it out very soon.

In order to establish the identity of her infant, she mentioned that among its linen was a piece of printed muslin of a remarkable pattern, and this muslin the lady superior of the hospital at once admitted having noticed.—She succeeded (contrary, as I rather think, to the rules of foundling hospitals) in inducing the directors to tell her where the child was. They said it was with a wet nurse named Gaillard, in a village which they mentioned. To this village Madame Beausoliel (*Veuve* Dufour) repaired, inquired for Madame Gaillard, overwhelmed the infant, which she found in the cottage, with maternal caresses, and delighted the whole household by the assurance that she would augment the meagre pittance allowed by government for bringing up a chance child. These promises were more than kept. Her visits to little Denise Achet—that was the name officially given in the hospital to the child, who was registered, as the custom is in such establishments, "born of unknown parents"—were frequent, and every time she brought with her little comforts and delicacies for the child and presents for the nurse.

At the end of four years she reimbursed the hospital the expenses it had incurred, and took the child to her own home, where she so managed that it was received without question as a sister of the four children who were born before her husband's death. Denise brought up with unvarying affection, and well educated for a country girl of modest pretensions, was, at the age of five-and-twenty respectably married to a M. Caussade, and upon that occasion the register of birth at the foundling hospital of Marmande was pursuant to a judicial decree, corrected in her favor and inscribed as born of unknown parents, she was stated to be the legitimate child of M. and Madame Dufour. Thus we find the heroine of this little story married, and settled, and happy in the affections of a respectable family of which she is a legal as well as an accepted and cherished member. But five years after marriage, and in 1862, a domestic servant at Agen, named Denise Achet, brings an action against M. and Madame Caussade and Widow Dufour, alleging that she (the plaintiff) is really the child deposited by Madame Dufour in the turning box of Marmande and enveloped in the remarkable printed muslin; that the defendant (Madame Caussade) was never baptized or registered by the name of Denise Achet, and that she was an unknown child thrown into the box about the same time, and registered in the books of the hospital by the name of Isabella Tolland.

Extraordinary as this claim appears, it was most conclusively made out by evidence. The explanation is that in the above mentioned village there were two women named Madame Gaillad, who had simultaneously received a child to nurse from the foundling hospital. Madame Dufour received the wrong one. The consequence is that the register is again corrected, and the true Denise Achet, the maid servant of Agen, is declared to be the legitimate child of M. and Madame Dufour, while poor Madame Caussade, the darling and pride of the family for the last thirty years, is judicially ascertained to be the "child of nobody." Madame Dufour says she cannot transfer her affections in accordance with the law's decree, and that she will neither abandon Madame Caussade or (otherwise than legally) recognize Denise Achet of Agen. The first use that she made of her paternal authority was to refuse her consent to a marriage which Mdle. Denise had contracted. This refusal is, however, not meant to prevent the marriage, about which Madame Dufour is totally indifferent, but only because she desires to have nothing to do with her. Denise may marry all the same, being of full size, by serving her mother with the legal summons called *actes respecteux*.

HOOSIER CONVERSATION.—'Hallo, stranger! you appear to be travelling."

'Yes, I always travel when on a journey.'

'I think I have seen you somewhere.'

'Very likely; I have often been there.'

'And pray what might your name be?'

'It might be Sam Patch, but it ain't."

'Have you been long in these parts?'

'Never longer then at present—five feet.

'Do you get anything new?'

'Yes, I bought a new whetstone this morning.'

'I thought so; for you are the sharpest blade I've seen on this road.'

☞ The boy who was told that the best cure for palpitation of he heart was to quit kissing the girls, said.—'If that's the only remedy, I say let her palpitate.'

☞ A strutting coxcomb asked a barber's boy if he ever shaved a monkey. "No, sir; but, if you'll sit down, I'll t-t-try!"

## ORIGINAL POETRY.

### Waiting.

BY MRS. L. J. HODGES.

He said he would come—so I watched till the day,
Like a dolphin in beauty expired;
'Till night's sable shadow obscured the last ray
Of a twilight that slowly retired.
Then my listening ear bent to catch the first sound,
Of a footstep approaching my door,
But the river, meandering the mountains around,
Mocked mine ear with continuous roar.

Still came not the footfall that blesses mine ears—
Still came not the form that I love;
And the flowers were all moist with night's falling tears,
From the fountain of mercy above;
And the pale orb of light slowly sunk in the west,
And the stars flashed like gems in the sky;—
Then hope faded out from my love burdened breast,
And a tear-drop stole down from mine eye.

Oh, has he forgotten how dear to my heart,
Is the cadence of love-softened tones?
That the measureless joy his voice can impart,
Is the wealth that my stricken heart owns?
And does he not know that the one oasis
On my heart's dreary desert is him?
That all other joylight or semblance of bliss,
By the light of his love has grown dim?

Oh, why throbs my heart with emotion so deep?
Why trembles my bosom with fears?
Why fled from my pillow the guerdon of sleep,
And why damps my lashes with tears?
Go ask of the flowers why they sonlight demand;
Of the earth, why it covets the rain;
Of the fish, that is cast on a storm-beaten strand,
Why it pants for its ocean again.

STAFFORD, CT., November, 1863.

## TAKEN BY STRATEGY.

Thanksgiving Day! with a chill grey sky, and sudden flurries of snow eddying through the air like flights of white birds! Who would give a fig for a sunshiny Thanksgiving Day? Why, one might as well have Thanksgiving Day without its keen wind and fluttering drifts of scarlet leaves, making their moan among the dimpled hollows of the lonely woods!

Deacon Jacob Marble fully appreciated the possession of both these necessary adjuncts to the day of national gratitude; and therefore it was that his brown, wrinkled face wore such an aspect of contentment as he stood before the looking-glass, tying his checked silk neckerchief.

'We ain't rich people, Huldy,' he slowly enunciated; 'but I don't see but what we've as much to keep Thanksgivin' for as most folks. The harvests have been middlin' good, and things has gone pretty prosperous considerin'—'

The deacon's little wife interrupted his leisurely tirade, in wife-like fashion, by standing on tip-toe to jerk out the clumsy knot which her husband's knobby brown fingers had constructed, and tying it trimly anew.

'There!' she said, complacently eyeing her work; 'that's something like! You always take hold of a cravat as though it were the handle of a plaw, Jacob!'

The deacon looked down upon the bright eyes and plump cheeks of his helpmate with a broad smile that was not unlike a sudden gleam of autumn sunshine on one of his own sere harvest fields, as she stood there in the 'go-to-meeting' costume of soher New England—a drab satin bonnet, with dark blue bows inside, and a grey shawl wrapped cozily around her shoulders.

'Maybe you're right, Huldy,' said the deacon; 'but come—we shall be late to meetin'.'

'Well, *I'm* ready,' responded Mrs. Marble, briskly. 'Bessy, be sure you watch the turkey, and keep it well basted; and put in the pumpkin pies when the brick oven is hot; and, Bessy, the pudding—and the stewed apples, Bessy—'

'There, there!' interrupted the deacon, tucking his wife under his arm and walking her off, yet in the full tide of her directions; 'Bess will do well enough; she wouldn't be *your* daughter if she wasn't smarter nor a steel trap.'

'How you do talk, Deacon!' ejaculated Mrs. Marble, looking uneasily over her shoulder.—'I didn't remember to tell her about the the chicken pies, after all. Shut the gate, Deacon, or Joe Grimes' cows' ll be in, eatin' the tops of every chrysanthemum I've got. I wonder if the minister 'll preach anything about the war, Deacon; don't you?'

Thus divided between thoughts temporal and spiritual, the worthy matron went on her way under the wing of the Deacon's butternut-colored coat, towards the gray old church that nestled afar off among the desolate hills its spire already obscure with a dizzy mist of snow flakes.

Bessy Marble, thus left general-in-chief over the well marshalled forces of the larder, stood quietly before the fire, tapping one dainty foot on the polished red brick hearth, and thoughtfully playing with the string of coral that encircled her round, white throat. She was a dimple, rosy little body, with lips like the scarlet geranium in the window, and dark blue eyes full of roguish sparkles—a damsel, in short, whom you would have fancied created for the special purpose of being kissed and made much of. She knew it, too, the demure fairy, for there was coquetry in every fold of the crimson delaine dress she wore, and *espieglerie* indiscribable in the fluttering bows of ribbon that fastened it! Right over the mantle, an old looking-glass—Deacon Marble would have started if you had called it a mirror—reflected every dimple and rose tint on the peachly cheek, yet Bessy never glanced at its flattering transcript. No—she looked gravely into the blazing heart of the fire with an unwonted dew before the blue eyes and a pensive shadow on her brow.

'I say, Bessy!'

She had not heard the door open; yet she did not start when, in the looking-glass, she saw imaged another form beside her own—that of a tall stalwart young man, in blue uniform, outlined with curves of vivid scarlet. He was a handsome fellow, too, dark-eyed and sun-browned, with brown hair thown carelessly back from his open forehead.

'Charles, *you* here?' she asked, half reproachfully.

'Now, don't scold, Bessy; there's a darling! I tried to keep away; upon my word, I did; but you might as well expect a hungry bee to keep away from a bunch of honeysuckles. I couldn't stand it, and so here I am!'

And he passed his arm about her waist, and looked, with a species of laughing defiance, down into the blue deeps of her eyes.

'*Don't*, Charles!' she said, possibly alluding to a kiss, which terminated his words in a manner most satisfactory to himself. 'When you *know* that my father has forbidden you the house!'

'Know it? Of course I know it, and that's the reason I waited in the hazel copse until I saw the good deacon well on his way to church before I walked in! But, Bessy,' he added, in a graver tone, 'you must own, yourself, that it is unjust for your father to dislike me simply for being poor. He was a poor boy himself when he married your mother; I've heard him say so a dozen times! and, as for Mark Vernon—'

'Hush, Charles!' coaxed Bessy, placing her little hand over the young soldier's mouth; 'You know that I never would marry Mark Vernon were he richer than Crœsus himself.'

'Heaven bless you for those words, love!' said the young man, earnestly; 'and yet, I sometimes fear—'

'Hush!' exclaimed Bessy, lifting her finger 'I thought I heard the gate shut.'

'Only your fancy, darling. And, as I was saying—'

Rat-tat-tat! rat-tat-tat-tat! thundered a pair of vigorous knuckles on the door—click, click! sounded the irresponsive latch, which Bessy had secured after the departure of her parents.

'It is my father—I know his knock!' gasped Bessy, in a breathless trepidation. 'If he should find you here, Charles! What can bring him back? Conceal yourself somewhere—the pantry, quick!'

'I can't! it's full of preserves and apple barrels,' said the fugitive, hurriedly surveying the premises.

'The kitchen then. O, do make haste!'

'Hang it, I won't hide like a burglar!' exclaimed the young soldier, half laughing, half defiant. 'What have I done to be ashamed of?'

'For *my sake*, Charles!' pleaded the girl, as a fresh shower of knocks descended on the stout oaken pannels of the door, and the Deacon's voice was heard clamoring for admittance. 'Quick—he is going round to the window!'

Charles Mellen looked around, in a sort of desperation: the clockcase was too small to get into—the woodbox too narrow—the teakettle decidedly impracticable—and spurred dire emergency, the valiant son of Mars dropped on his knees, and scrambled nimbly under the old fashioned chintz-covered lounge, or settee, that occupied the vacant space between the windows. There he lay, shaking with suppressed laughter, behind the ample valance of blue-and-white chintz, a sort of extempore 'masked battery,' while Bessy hasted to unbar the door.

'Thought you was asleep!' growled the Deacon. 'I was agoin' to try the winders!—What on airth made you so long a comin'?'

'I thought—I did not know—' stammered Bessie turning white and red alternately.

'O, you s'posed I was a robber!' said the Deacon, breaking into a genial laugh. Gals does get the queerest notions into their heads sometimes. I've come back after my spectacles, for I don't rightly feel as if I *sensed* what the parson said without I could look him full in the face, and besides, I like to foller the psalm-singin'. Where do you s'pose I could ha' left 'em? Last I remember havin' em I was settin' on that lounge readin' the paper.'

'No, no, they are not there,' faltered Bessy, turning scarlet, as the Deacon peered about the chintz draperies. 'Perhaps you left them on the clock shelf.'

'Well, p'raps I did,' said the old man, abandoning his first idea, greatly to Bessy's relief. 'No, I didn't nother. Good land! here they be, in my gray waistcoat pocket. Well I am glad. I'll have to step spry though, if I calculate to overtake your mother before she gets to the meetin' house. Bessy,' he added, as his foot was on the threshold, 'if you're really feared of burglars, I'll give up the Thanksgivin' sermon, and stay 'long with you.'

'O no father, indeed it is not necessary,' said Bessy, earnestly; 'I am not at all afraid.

And she closed the door on the Deacon's broad shoulders just as Charles Mellen emerged from the sheltering folds of his retreat, with a face of comic dismay.

'I was very nearly unearthed that time!' he exclaimed, with a peal of merry laughter.—'Suppose he had taken it into his head to prosecute the search, and hauled out a young man instead of a pair of spectacles. *Don't* look so solemn Bessy.'

'Leave me Charles,' pleaded the girl; leave me, you have no right here; and it would be far wiser, far better for us both, were you to go.'

'But I haven't any idea of going,' persisted the young soldier—'at least not just yet.—Listen to me, Bessy darling—my own promised wife.'

'I *am* listening,' she said, half turning away her head, yet making no effort to withdraw the hand he had taken.

'Bessy, I have not yet told you why I am here to-day. The fact is, that I have been away from my regiment quite long enough.—The trifling wounds I received a few weeks since are entirely healed, and I am going to try my luck once more as a soldier of fortune. Bessy, my summons has come, and I must march to-night.

'To-night?'

The fair head dropped upon his breast with a low bitter cry; the tears rained fast upon his soothing hand.

'To-night!' he repeated. 'I may never return, Bessie, and I would fain have the right to call you WIFE before I go, Dearest, it would be such a strength, such a comfort to me! Will you deny me this, the last request I may ever make?'

Still she sobbed on, her head pillowed on his heart.

'I have loved you long and tenderly,' he resumed, 'and I should fight the better for knowing that my precious wife at home was praying for the field with this buckler of strength about my heart.'

And when she lifted her tear drenched eyes to his he knew the prize was won!

'Now, dearest. Get your bonnet, and we'll place it beyond the power of earthly hands to break the bond between our two hearts. My own love, if a life's devotion can reward you for this hour it shall not be wanting.'

The fitful snow-flurries of the morning had settled down into a good old-fashioned storm—drifting in white blinding clouds around the farm-house on the hill, folding the old stone fence in ermine wreaths, and ridging the roof-trees with alabaster. But within the pine logs blazed cheerily on the hearth, and the Deacon, sitting in their genial glow, listened complacently to the hollow moan of the wind among the forests. In the shadow beyond, Bessy was musing, her cheeks softly flushed, and her eyes full of dreamy light.

'Bessy,' quoth the deacon, stooping to replace a log which had just fallen apart in a shower of bright sparks, 'I've something to tell you daughter. Mark Vernon had a talk with me this mornin', arter meetin'.'

'Well?' she said quietly, a shade of pallor creeping over her face.

'And he wants you to be his wife, Bessy—the mistress of his store-house and broad lands. What do you say, my child?'

'I cannot be his wife, father. I am married already.'

'Married!' repeated the deacon, vaguely.

'To one, father, whom I have already given up to his country. I became Charles Mellen's wife while you were absent this morning; and he has left his bride to do a *man's* behest—to die, if need be, for the old flag, which he loves better than wife, or home, or life itself! Father, say that you forgive me; for I have only you and my mother left to comfort me now.'

Poor little Bessy! her short-lived courage gave way to a burst of tears; and, when she lifted her wet eyes from the old man's knee, she knew that she had not pleaded in vain.

'Bessy,' said the deacon, after a few moments pause, 'you have done a rash thing; yet I can't, somehow, find it in my heart to blame you, as, perhaps, I ought to do. I've always maintained that the men who go forth to defend the Union deserve to be rewarded with the richest treasures of our hearts and homes, and it's too late now to go back from my word. Cheer up, my girl! When Charles returns I shall not refuse to bestow my brightest jewel upon him.'

And thus it was that the soldier wooed and won his bride.

### The Metamorphoses of Matter.

Lady, a word with you. You are as great as great can be, and I, what am I? Nobody. Nobody! I smile; the Scytheman smiles.—Nobody! Yes, I am a body, or I have a body put the case as you will. Lady, calmly let us see what will become of your body, and what will become of my body.

When you die, some fashionable undertaker will solder your 150 pounds of bone and blood and flesh into a leaden coffin, and pack the leaden coffin away into another coffin, decking the second out with velvet and gewgaws as befits your superior station. Then to the vault you shall be borne, earth must not hold you. The cloistered charnel is your resting place, there to defy all elemental change:—braving dissolution.

Alas, my lady, if you could but see, as I by the light of chemistry can see, that festering wreck of poisonous corruption seething within that leaden box of yours in twelve short months or less! Your flesh, instead of dissolving harmlessly into thin air, or crumbling little by little to mother earth, thence passing into trees and flowers, a part of their very being, the elements of your body will have fretted to poisonous compounds, the veriest breath of which bursting free, as some day it must, will speed about pestilence breeding. There's no avoiding the common lot my lady. none. Ashes to ashes, dust to dust: thus is it written and thus shall it be! Material elements know their destiny, and must follow it. To move on, combining and recombining, idle never that is their destiny: and—typical enough of what we see in life—if their energies be restrained, if honest fields of energy be barred, they take to mischief.

Your 150 pounds (more or less) of bodily material are only lent, my lady, held on the frailest tenures. They are not freehold, nor even leasehold. The holding is not yearly, monthly, weekly—not even daily. Asleep or awake, Dame Nature puts her physical forces into possession, and takes your very substance in kind every moment of your existence, and when the God of nature despatches death to garner in the fruits of dissolution, think you to escape the common lot? Oh, no, my lady. Ashes to ashes, dust to dust: thus it is written, and thus it must be.

Fair one, this much of you, and now of me. When I die a plain elm coffin awaits me, and that for decency's sake. Nobody will deem it worth the while to solder me up in lead or pewter. Living humanity will have had enough of me: my elements will be free to pass on. And the spirit—it spirit it be that thinks within me now—would never trouble any one who helped the dissolution, liberating the elements by some process more rapid than decay. It matters not, save for the sentiment of it,—but sentiment may be the spirit life within, for aught we know,—it matters not, but I fancy mine would be an unhappy ghost, could it but look down—or up, as the case might be—and contemplate the noxious forms that matter can assume whilst striving to be useful according to its destiny. This even when no repressive agency is at work, the grave willing age, ready, to resign its burden, nature caressingly luring the pure elements struggling from corruption to join in her life-long revelry of change and travel, dance and rout,—a life-long masquerade. The nitrogen of my substance,—nature wants it: she will make ammonia of it, and, as smelling salts, would not a ghost, looking on, be gratified to see the pungent salt, in crystal bottled, nestled in the soft recess of a lady's bosom, or warming her delicate nose? Ay, and think of my carbon too: what destinies await it! Diffusing sweet odours, perhaps, from the petals of a rose. Tended gently by fair hands, helping to make up a floral love-token: why not? In some form of life and action my carbon must be passing on.—Many years must roll by, and many an accident of flood and field must happen, ere that element would be likely to find a resting-place awhile in pit-coal, limestone, marble, charcoal, or the diamond: as one who, tired of dancing or the chase, has gone to sleep awhile, waiting for the dawn. And yet perchance it might happen sooner than assumed. The charcoal-burned might lop off some wooden stem in which the carbon of my dissolution was busy at life work. Charcoal, next to its fair allotropic sister the diamond, is perhaps the most indestructible thing in creation, nature's slow agencies alone regarded. Century after century water can flow over it, without effecting one touch of dissolution. Whether free in the air or buried in the earth, charcoal never decays. Touched by fire, charcoal wakes out of its resting sleep, indeed assumes an invisible form, and fleets, about for other duties. More lasting is the diamond, though far from meriting the designation, *adamas* which formerly it won. Heat them enough, and diamonds burn, vanishing into thin air. Can my disembodied spirit ever hope to see the carbon elements of that bodily frame which yielded her up in death, glittering, consolidated, transformed into the most beautiful of all gems?—*Temple Bar.*

[Communication.]

"THEREFORE IT BECAME A PROVERB, IS SAUL ALSO AMONG THE PROPHETS?"—There are two classes of converts to the Union cause that *need* pity. Do they deserve it? That, possibly, is an open question. Do they get it?—Precious little. Unfortunate men! They are never appreciated. They being judges, they deserve to be loved, but an ungrateful public won't love them—"are all *down* on them." But what about the two classes?

One is converted suddenly, much against their will; like Bennett of the Herald, like Sayles of Providence, like the copperhead clerk of Boston, who talked treason till he found himself strung up mid-heaven at the end of a rope, and was then and there assured he should there remain till he hurrahed for the Union. He was suddenly converted.—His loud hurrah was given; but, sometow, it happened that his fellow-clerks did not have much confidence in his conversion.—Poor fellow! After he had obeyed all oders, and professed loudly, they would not take him into their confidence or secret counsels. They were afraid the rope did not touch his heart and convert that. They thought of the force of circumstances, and said: "Is Saul also among the prophets?"

The other class are powerfully convicted—are slain by the law and made alive by the magic power of Uncle Sam's "loaves and fishes." They are regular Ishmaelites—their hand against every man, and every man's hand against them, till they see they are deserted. their business is suffering, and their prospects of being elected "pound driver" are growing provokingly small; till they find themselves high and dry and the tide receding, and learn that the only way to get friends, business, and office, is to profess to have "met with a change." Then, all at once, they are converted, come out strong and clear, are more radical than the rankest old stagers. Then they think of a good fat office, and begin to count their chickens before they are hatched. When lo! the people "don't see the point," are unbelieving, are heard saying, with mock gravity, "Is Saul also among the prophets?" Does he preach the faith he once destroyed? Is he after the "loaves and fishes" again? Is he converted? Well, let him "bring forth fruits meet for repentance." Let him prove his faith by his works. We'll summer and winter him before we caress him. We are afraid he will "fall away." Unbelieving and ungrateful public! These poor eleventh hour converts, who yield only to the steady, even pressure of public censure and neglect, or to an intense desire for the "loaves and fishes," *need* sympathy; yet we dare not ask the public to bestow it upon them, for it has already passed into a proverb, "Is Saul also among the prophets?"

UNION.

SOUTH WILBRAHAM, Nov. 16, 1863.

### An Austrian Tragedy.

The following strange story is running the round of the German journals:—"A frightful tragedy, originating in a most trivial incident, has just taken place at the village of Neuzig, in Austria. A farmer observing that the tails of his cows were frequently cut, and believing that the herdsman had done this for the purpose of selling the hair for his own profit, communicated with the police and had the man watched. The herdsman learning that he was suspected, determined to be revenged. Stealing into the farmer's room at night, he cut his throat, and then attempted to murder in the same manner, a friend of his master, who slept in the same room. This person escaped, but was badly wounded. The man then directed his fury against two cow boys, who, on hearing the crie of alarm raised by the farmer's friend, had concealed themselves beneath their bedclothes.—These lads he struck with a hatchet leaving them in a dangerous state. He then set fire to a hut, and the flames instantly communicated to half a dozen others While the inhabitants of the village were endeavoring to master the fire, the murderer appeared among them. An attempt was made to capture him but he climbed to the top of one of the burning huts, and crying out that he was condemed to all eternity, plunged into the flames and was burned to death."

### Hymen and His Assistants.

Men and women now appear to entertain a great unwillingness to marry, at least if one may judge so from the way in which the nuptial knot is tied. Happy couples now appear so loth to be united, that officiating clergymen are forced to be 'assisted' when they perform the ceremony. Two parsons power at least is needful for the purpose, and indeed an extra clergyman is frequently called in, to help his reverend brethern in their laborious work. From reading the advertisements one night imagine that nine weddings out of ten were solemnized by force; and that to prevent the bride and bridegroom from bolting from the altr, they had each a clergyman appointed to look after them. We can picture the poor bridegroom held fast by one assistant, while another, standing opposite, keeps firm hold of the bride, thus preventing all escape until the service has been read, which is done by a third person—the clergyman in-chief.

INCOME TAX PAID BY ONE NEW YORK FARMER.—Anson G. Linsdsley of the town of Middlesex, Yates county, N. Y., has returned $3,990 as the net income of his farm of 300 acres, for the year 1862, and consequently pays $119 70 income tax. His gross receipts were $6,461, of which $5,410 50 were derived from grain. His farm is thoroughly underdrained, and of course well cultivated.

☞ John B- Gough says he once showed a lady a picture of Raphael's 'Holy Family,' asking her opinion of it, when she exclaimed—'Lor! how cunning!'

### Newspaper Patronage.

The thing called newspaper patronage is a curious thing. It is composed of as many colors as the rainbow, and is as changeable as a chameleon.

One man subscribes for a newspaper in advance; he goes home and reads it with the proud satisfaction that it is his own. He hands in an advertisement, asks the price and pays for it. This is newspaper patronage.

Another man says, please put my name on the list of your subscribers, and he goes off without as much as having said pay once.—Time passes, your patience is exhausted, and you dun him. He flies into a passion, perhaps pays, perhaps not.

Another man has been a subscriber a long time. He becomes tired of you and wants a change. Thinks he wants a city paper. Tells the postmaster to discontinue, and one of his papers is returned marked "refused." Paying up for it is among the last of his thoughts besides he wants his money to send to a city publisher. After a time you look over his account, and see a bill of "balance due.' But does he pay for it cheerfully and freely? We leave him to answer. This, too, is newspaper patronage.

Another man lives near you; never took your paper; it's to small; don't like the editor, don't like the politics; too whiggish or too something else; yet goes regularly to his neighbor and reads his, or borrows one from some poor widow; finds fault with its contents, disputes its positions, and quarrels with its type. Occasionally sees an article he likes—gives a dime or begs a number.—This, too, is newspaper patronage.

Another sports a fine horse, or perhaps a pair of them; is always seen with whip in hand and spur on foot; single man; no use for him to take a paper; knows enough. Finally he concludes to get married; does so, sends a notice with the fact, with a "please, send me a half a dozen copies." This done, does he ever pay for notice or papers? No. But surely you don't charge for such things! This, too, is newspaper patronage.

Another man—bless you! it does us good to see such a man! comes and says: "The year for which I paid is about to expire, and I want to pay for another." He does, and retires.

Reader, isn't newspaper patronage a curious thing. And in that great day when honest men get the reward due to their honesty, which say you, of those enumerated above will obtain the reward? Now, it will be seen that while certain kinds of patronage are the very life and "existence of a newspaper," there are certain other kinds that will kill a paper stone dead.

### Inconsistencies of Misers.

Even amongst misers, however, there are exceptions to the rule of uniform penuriousness. Elwes, who added to his own fortune another inherited from his uncle, both amounting to half a million sterling, would dine off a hard boiled egg, or a piece of pancake which he had kept for two months in his pocket; but he would lose thousands at play to men of fashion, pay his own debts, but never ask for his winning, which he thought would be ungentlemanly. He would not lay out a penny on the education of his two sons. He thought that "putting things into their heads was taking money out of their pockets;" but when Lord Abingdon made a match for seven thousand pounds, Elwes, who knew he had not the money, offered to lend it to him. He would walk from one end of London to another in the rain to avoid paying a shilling for a coach; would eat his meat putrid rather than order a fresh joint, and sit in wet clothes rather than light a fire to dry them; wore a cast-off wig, which he had picked out of a ditch; and, having torn his only coat, he took one from the family chest which had belonged to an ancestor, with slash sleeves made of green velvet; but to a merchant who conciliated him with a present of wine he lent seven hundred pounds. A trifling present, or work done for him for nothing, was tolerably sure to be followed by a loan of money. He would let a poor man starve before he would aid him; yet, in bonds to peers and others, and on some American property, he is said to have lost one hundred and fifty thousand pounds. There were occasional touches of humor in him. At a shooting party, a bad shot, fired carelessly, wounded him in the cheek. 'I give you joy,' he said, 'of your improvement; I knew you would, by and by, hit something.' At another time, having cut both his legs deeply, he was, with difficulty, persuaded to employ a surgeon; but he would only incur this expense in favor of one leg. He would manage the other himself, and he offered to bet that it would get well first; and it did.

Thomas Guy was another exception. His wealth was enormous. At one time he had promised to marry his maid, the only servant he kept. He had ordered the pavement before his door to be mended up to a particular spot. The girl, observing a broken stone beyond that point, told the workmen to mend that also. 'Tell Mr. Guy that I bade you do it, and he will not be angry,' she said. The marriage was to have taken place two days afterwards, and the girl reasonably presumed she might exercise this little piece of authority; but she soon discovered her mistake.—Guy was so angry at the additional expense in which she had involved him that he broke off the match. Yet he built three wards on the north side of St. Thomas Hospital; endowed them with a hundred pounds a year for eleven years; and afterwards built and endowed the hospital which bears his name, at a cost of £219,000.—*Review of Memoir of Misers.*

☞ A strong minded woman, up-town, was heard to remark, the other day, that she would marry a man who had plenty of money, though he was so ugly she had to scream out every time she looked at him.

☞ A printer's apprentice who attempted to do the agreeable to a clergyman's daughter, was shocked when her father announced the text—"My daughter is grieviously tormented with a devil."

☞ In what case is it absolutely impossible to be slow and sure?—In the case of a watch.

☞ In love, men are all fools alike, just as in a dark room they are all of one color.

# Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, NOV. 28, 1863.


### About Played Out.

When this unholy rebellion broke out the rebel states could boast of a white population of 7,589,410, and a slave population of 3,861,448; making a total of 11,460,858. Since then Arkansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Missouri, Tennessee and Western Virginia have been wholly or nearly redeemed from rebel rule, taking from their white and slave population a large proportion, and leaving not more than 4,050,552, whites and 2,520,313 slaves. This includes the armies of rebeldom who have become depleted by war till they cannot number much over 200,000 men. We have cut the confederacy in two, preventing supplies from the western portion reaching the eastern, and our armies are so hedged about the rebel forces that it is with difficulty that they can communicate with distant points. More than one-third of the area and nearly one-half of the white population are virtually restored to the Union. The heaviest battles have also been fought, and looking at the situation of affairs in every quarter it seems safe to predict that the rebels cannot hold out another year. Recognition by foreign powers is out of the question; our navy is shutting off the blockade runners, and rebel currency is depreciating so as to be nearly worthless. Impending ruin stares them in the face. Their slaves, once a source of profit, are a burden, being crowded into the States of Georgia, Virginia, Mississippi and North and South Carolina, eating the subsistence needed for the support of their armies. The States in the Confederacy, this side of the Mississippi have not yet been able to grow their own food and they cannot do as well now as formerly. This is a bad look for the success of the rebellion.

Our armies are pressing the rebels on every side, and a few more well directed blows will finish the job. We want a few more men to fill up the gaps in our broken regiments. The war is near its close and great inducements in the way of bounties are offered. Young men can do no better than to accept them, and finish up the war in a few short months. It is the best chance ever offered to soldiers—high pay and short service. Let the young men of the loyal States rally at the call and the war will soon be over, with little or no more fighting.

SCANDAL IN ENGLISH HIGH LIFE.—The frailties and weaknesses of the flesh are not all confined to people in the common walks of life. On the contrary, they are frequently noticeable among the courts of royalty and officials of State. Twenty years ago, Lord Melbourne was charged with seducing the beautiful Mrs. Norton; and his case finds a parallel in that of Lord Palmerston, the present prime minister of England, who is charged with corrupting the wife of a Rev. Mr. O'Kane. The lady is said to be a charming woman. She denies the charge, and so does the venerable Minister of State; but the husband has brought a suit against him, to recover £20,000. It is hinted that it is a conspiracy to extort money from the "noble lord," as the husband employs counsel who has been engaged in black mail business. The antecedents of Lord Palmerston, however, are not purer than other men's. He has no children, but at least one of Earl Cowper's sons is believed to owe his origin to the venerable Premier; and a story is told of Mr. Buchanan, when he was our Minister to England, to the effect that he once said to Lady Palmerston, meaning to be complimentary, that he should have known that Mr. Cowper was Lord Palmerston's son, from the close resemblance which he bore to his father. Old Boch, knew that the young gentleman was Lady Palmerston's son, and, in his innocence, he never thought a blunder of the kind he had made possible. The strangest part of the whole thing is, that Lord Palmerston is eighty years of age, while the lady is but twenty.—Old Tom Parr is said to have "irregularly" become a father at much over a hundred, but we should suppose a prime minister would come to years of discretion at the age of four-score. This is a wicked world.

A GIRL WOULD BE A SOLDIER.—A good-looking young fellow presented himself at a recruiting office in Troy, last week, desiring to enlist in a cavalry regiment. The name of John Winchendon was given, and the papers were made out; but, on going before the surgeon, he refused to be stripped for examination. On being hard pressed, John turned pale, and, stepping up to the surgeon, whispered in his ear, "I am a girl!" All further proceedings were stopped, and John left for Albany, to try his hand at another recruiting station.

GUERILLA HUNG.—William Linville, one of Joe Hart's party of guerillas, who have committed many atrocities in Andrew county, Missouri—among other crimes, entering the house of a Mr. Burns, which they plundered, after wounding him and another man and killing his son-in-law, Thomas Henry, a young soldier—was hanged at St. Joseph on the 6th inst. The evidence that he shot Henry was clear, but he died protesting his innocence.—He was but 19 years old.

NO MORE "BOURBON."—"Oh! there will be mourning, mourning, mourning," in the land of Bourbon; for General Orders No. 3, dated Paris, Ky., Oct. 30, turn over to the United States Quartermaster all corn that has been purchased by distillers on the line of the Kentucky Central Railroad, and forbid distillers in the district to purchase any more corn.

RETURNING.—It is currently stated among the police of the Federal Metropolis that quite a number of ex-Washingtonians who vamosed for rebeldom in the beginning of the war, have recently stealthily returned.

☞ The increase of population in Massachusetts, from 1850 to 1860, was 30.33 to the square mile, which was larger than in any other State in the Union. In Virginia, it was only 2.88.

## THE LATEST WAR NEWS!

### GREAT VICTORY AT CHATTANOOGA!

Gen. Grant's army, at Chattanooga, has achieved a great victory over Bragg, in a three days' fight, closing on Wednesday, which resulted in the capture of Lookout Mountain, Missionary Ridge, and other commanding points, with from five to ten thousand prisoners and about forty pieces of artillery. Our loss in the succession of battles was only about 300, while that of the enemy, aside from prisoners, was heavy. At latest advices, Gen. Bragg was in full retreat, followed by Grant's army. It was expected that Gen. Hooker would intercept the flying rebels at Rossville.

This victory is of great importance, as it will relieve Gen. Burnside from the pressure of Longstreet at Knoxville, and, probably, be the opening wedge to the heart of the rebellion.

All rumors of an advance of our army against Gen. Lee, in Virginia, must be taken with many grains of allowance. The story that Meade was moving across the Rapidan with ten days' cooked rations was, probably, intended to frighten the enemy. Skirmishes occasionally take place between our cavalry and the enemy's, but there is little prospect of a battle. Lee's army stretches from Madison Court-house to the line of the Richmond and Fredericksburg Railroad. One division of Ewell's corps occupies Fredericksburg. Lee is said to be preparing to go into winter quarters.

We hear but little of Gen. Burnside. He was hard pressed by the rebels a week ago; yet we are assured that he is all right. His division is the left wing of Gen. Grant's army, and the latter is, probably, moving so as to relieve the former.

There is little new from Charleston. Gen. Gilmore threw several shells into the city a few days ago, but the rebels say they did no damage. A small naval fight occurred a few days since. One of the monitors got aground, and the rebel batteries seized the opportunity to attack it; but the vessel was got off with the rise of the tide, without much damage.

From Burlington, Vt., another chapter of the rebel conspiracy is reported. Gov. Smith received information last week, to the effect that a party of Secessionists from Canada intended to make an attack upon Fort Montgomery, seize the draw-bridge at Rouse's Point, and plunder Plattsburg and Burlington. Gov. Smith is ready, but the enemy is not yet reported in sight.

A PRETTY PLOT FOILED.—The New York Post states that one of the first fruits of Gen. Banks' movements upon the Rio Grande has been the defeat of a French-Mexican conspiracy to bring Texas back under the Mexican flag. The plan was already in the process of execution under the joint auspices of the secessionists of Texas and the French party in Mexico, when General Banks nipped it in the bud. His arrival was no less opportune than that of the Monitor in Hampton Roads, when the Merrimac was making such havoc; and quite as effective of good. But for that event the French flag would now be flying over Matamoras, and the United States would have had a new neighbor on her immediate flanks.

THE "CORNER STONE."—Mr. Swan, of Dorchester, wound up a speech in the Senate, at the late extra session of the legislature, by saying in reference to Gen. McClellan, that "the stone which the builders rejected had become the head of the corner." Oh, Mr. Swan, will you tell us which corner Gen. McClellan is the head of? By his endorsement of the copperhead candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania, we should judge he had become the "corner" of that party. Let the "dying notes of the Swan" of Dorchester become a proverb, and let other copperheads sing the same song, till they get around that "corner."

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE IN A BAD FIX.—John White, jr., ex-postmaster of Hoboken, and at present justice of the peace, has been arrested on a charge of seducing a young German girl of the age of 17, named Trescher.—The justice got acquainted with her when she was before him as a witness, and subsequently visited her at her home. A few days ago, he eloped with her to New York, where they lived as man and wife till a police officer tracked him out and arrested both parties. White is to be tried for seduction and grand larceny, he being accused of stealing the girl's clothing from her father's house.

A WOOL COUNTRY.—Minnesota promises to become a large wool growing State. One farmer reports his wool crop this year as follows: From one hundred and fifteen sheep he sheared seven hundred and three pounds of washed wool, being about an average of six pounds and two ounces a head. The sheep are mostly merinos. Immense flocks of sheep have been introduced into the State during the year.

BROWNLOW ADVERTISES.—Parson Brownlow advertises thus in the Knoxville Bulletin: "I am wanting five or six loads of Anderson county coal, and for it, delivered at my residence, Cumberland street, I will pay a liberal price in 'greenbacks'—not in the *shaving paper* of Jeff Davis' bogus Confederacy, as it would take a hat crown full of that to pay for one load."

REBEL DESERTERS.—A Newbern correspondent of the New Bedford Standard writes that the North Carolina (rebel) troops are coming into our lines in squads daily, and many of them enlisting under the Union banner. During the week ending 7th. inst., a hundred of the 17th North Carolina regiment came in, and on the 14th sixteen, came in one squad and twelve in another.

THE POOR HORSES.—Horses have to suffer starvation in war as well as men. An officer, arrived at Chattanooga, inquired of a negro where he could find accommodations for his horse. "Don't know, sah, 'boot the 'commodations. De fence rails is all gone, and dar ain't nothin' for 'em to eat any more, only a few barn doors, an' we want dem fur de general's hosses."

RESIGNATION.—Chief Justice Taney, of the U. S. Supreme Court, is said to have resigned. Secretary Chase is named for his successor.

## A VARIETY OF THINGS.

THE annual Thanksgiving storm on the first of the week was one of those dark, gloomy storms that always comes with the close of November. The earth is full of water, and everything is ready for the setting in of winter. We shall probably hear the jingle of sleigh bells before Christmas.

—Five girls dressed in male attire arrived at Louisville the other day, in a party of three hundred rebel prisoners.

—Our government now holds 31,000 rebel prisoners. There are 48,000 negroes armed and in the service of the government.

—Volonteering under the new system of bounties goes on swimmingly in some places.

—All the great banks of Europe are raising their rates of discount, which will make it difficult for governments and individuals to raise the wind. This disposition to carry short sail is caused by the coming up of black war clouds.

—Gen. Butler inaugorated his resumption of command by issuing some stringent regulations calculated to prevent the abuse of free speech.

—There was an almost total eclipse of the moon last Tuesday morning. It was so cloudy that few could see it.

—The French, who went to Mexico as missionaries of peace, are having a warlike time of it in that country. They have been trounced at Tampico.

—Geo. Bragg's army, far from being in a destitute condition, is well armed, well clothed, well fed, well trained, and well commanded. It ought to be well beaten.

—One dollar per bushel for new corn is paid at Indianapolis, Ind., to feed to the hogs awaiting their turn to be slaughtered.

—Contributors who send us long communications must expect to have them cut down. Be brief if you would be heard. People want ideas, not a superfluity of words.

—The poetry on the first page is from a contributor who has written much for the press in former years. Her poetry possesses genuine merit.

—We have to feed our men who are prisoners at Richmond. It would be more profitable to feed them as soldiers.

—One firm in Cincinnati has manufactured $60,000 worth of bullets for the government since the commencement of the war.

TEARS.

"The rose is fairest when 'tis budding new,
And hope is brightest when it dawns from fears;
The rose is sweetest washed with morning dew,
And love is loveliest embalmed in tears."

—About 30 men have been enlisted on the quota of Worcester. The number required is 347.

—The 74th N. Y. regiment has been mustered into service for one month at Buffalo. It will do duty in that city and along Lake Erie.

—Remarkably mild weather prevails from the east to the far west. A year ago the ground was heavily covered with snow.

—Rum is used in the West Indies instead of turpentine in the preparation of paint.

—Rebel papers say their great ram, Missouri, built at Shreveport, La., is a total failure. She cost $500,000.

—The small-pox is raging among the rebels who are prisoners at Point Lookout.

—Not a case of yellow fever has been known in any southern port since the rebellion commenced.

—A countrywoman of Jenny Lind, by name Mademoiselle Enequist, has made her appearance at a few London concerts, where she was pronounced equal to Jenny.

—Small fry counterfeiters have commenced the issue of bogus ten cent postal currency.

—Guerrillas continue to be as bold and impudent as ever near Washington.

—The city railroad companies in Philadelphia have advanced their fare to eight cents.

A JUST SENTENCE.—William B. Smithson convicted, by the general court martial, of holding correspondence with the enemy, in violation of the fifty-seventh article of war, and of giving intelligence to the enemy, in violation of the same article, has been sentenced to be confined in the penitentiary for the term of five years.

EUROPEAN CONGRESS.—The European Congress proposed by the Emperor of France was monopolizing public attention at last accounts. The letter of the emperor to the European sovereigns has been published. He says his sole object is to arrive, without shock, at a pacification of Europe. Fifteen Powers are invited.

A POOR FELLOW.—Vallandigham is said to be poor. He made a poor show at the polls, and now he is poor in pocket. Poverty and exile go uncommonly bad together. He should take to lecturing in British America, as curiosity would insure him one good audience in every place which he should visit.

HIGH PRICES.—Anna Dickinson, the wandering female stump speakeress, charges $100 a night for her harangues; and for her speeches at fairs, for the benefit of sick and wounded soldiers, she charges $300! as she did in Chicago, much to the disgust of her friends.

RATHER DEAR.—Good whiskey sells at $5,000 per barrel in Richmond, Confederate money. An inferior article can be had for $2,000. A glass of brandy commands five dollars.—The rebel capital ought to be the headquarters of temperance.

A JAIL FOR LADIES.—Fitchburg jail is to have the honor of holding a dozen secesh spies in crinoline—ladies whose prying dispositions have led them into trouble. They'll find the institution a most respectable boarding-house.

☞ The Naples journals announce that recently, at Pompeii, in removing the earth in the rooms which were discovered at the time of the visit of the Duchess of Genoa, several necklaces were found, ornamented with precious stones.

☞ The widows of John Virtue and Henry Vice lately met in an office at Des Moines, Iowa, where they went to file claims for pensions. For the first time in history, the meeting of Vice and Virtue was amicable.

☞ Whoever has a claim against our Government, must first show his right to consideration by presenting a license for the prosecution of the business in which he professes to be engaged.

FEARFUL FALL.—Hannah Daley, a girl of 14, fell from the roof of a four story house in Charlestown, on Monday, striking on the sidewalk. She is considered fatally injured.

☞ Fifty tons of grapes passed through Detroit one day last week, on their way to market.

## PALMER AND VICINITY.

SCHOOLS.—The winter schools in most of the districts commence next Monday.

POSTPONED.—The rain of Saturday caused a postponement of the proposed trot on the Park. It will take place some other time.

HOW SLOW!—Only one recruit has yet been obtained for the Palmer quota of 37. Reason: Nobody is doing anything to obtain volunteers.

HEAVY YIELD.—H. A. Rindge, of Monson, has raised, this year, 275 bushels of turnips on 70 rods of ground. The seed was sown July 30th. The turnips are of the best quality, as we know from a taste of them.

ARRESTED.—Henry Robbins, of Monson, and his lady Nelly, have been arrested at Springfield for keeping a house of ill-fame.—Several of their girls were also taken into custody, and their trial will take place next week.

FELL IN A FIT.—A young man named Ells, a student of Amherst College, fell down in a fit at the depot on Tuesday morning, while waiting to take the cars. He recovered in season to be taken home by the first eastern train.

"LET thy feet be shod," is a scriptural injection, and it can be complied with by calling at Granger's shoe store, in the Journal block. He has just received a new stock, suitable for the season.

THANKSGIVING services were held at the Cong. church on Thursday, after which the participants were entertained with turkey services at home. It was a quiet, sober Thanksgiving for this village.

RENEWAL OF LECTURES.—Miss Ellen H. Goodell, whose lectures on health were suspended last week on account of bad weather, will continue them next week at the Congregational vestry, commencing Tuesday evening, at 6½ o'clock.

GEORGE W. CALKINS, of this village, has the appointment of messenger from the chief of civil engineers in the department of Virginia. While going to Washington, recently, the train he was on ran off the track; and, in assisting to get it back, his hand was severely injured.

RECRUITING.—Capt. Lewis A. Tifft, of Springfield, has been appointed Superintendent of the Recruiting Service in Hampden county, and he will appoint assistants in the several towns. All the recruiting officers who have been about are superceded by this appointment.

MASONIC.—At a regular communication of Thomas Lodge, at Palmer, Nov. 23d, the following officers were installed for the ensuing year: Marshal Fox, W. M.; J. B. Shaw, S. W.; Wm. W. Griffeth, J. W.; A. N. Dewey, T.; E. N. Montague, S.; Andrew Pinney, S. D.; C. W. Hastings, J. D.; E. B. Shaw, M.; J. E. Crane, C.; Ethan Warriner, S. S.; W. H. F. Gerald, J. S.; Chas. H. Brakenridge, Organist; Lyman A. Nelson, Tyler.

THE WORK COMMENCED.—Workmen have been employed, for several days, in improving the cemetery in this village—mowing weeds and bushes, trimming trees, and cutting out such as seemed in the way of making walks or beautifying the place. Individual enterprise has, also, taken a start in the matter, and old, neglected lots are receiving attention.—Fallen monuments will be re-set, and ancient graves re-covered. The money subscribed for the purpose of improving the place will be well expended, and every person having friends buried there will feel an interest in the work.—Further contributions will be thankfully received.

DEATH AND FUNERAL OF NEHEMIAH SMITH. In a par of our edition last week, we mentioned the fatal accident which occurred to Nehemiah Smith, of this village, on Friday, at about 1 o'clock P. M., at Springfield. Mr. Smith went to Springfield the day before, and spent the night with his son. He reached the depot to return home just as the express train had arrived from New York, and the baggage and smoking cars were starting forward to switch off. In reply to his inquiry, he was told that the train did not start for twenty minutes, but immediately hurried towards the moving cars, and, seizing hold of the step irons, attempted to get on. His foot missed the step; he fell, and was dragged some distance; when he let go, and his head fell upon the rail, the wheels of the smoking car passing over it, crushing it, and scattering his brains upon the walk. His clothing was considerably torn, but he was not otherwise mutilated. A jury of inquest was assembled, and a verdict in accordance with the above rendered.—The body was returned to Palmer on the evening passenger freight train, and was escorted to his residence by a large number of citizens. His funeral took place on Sunday, and was very largely attended, seven or eight hundred persons being present. An extra train of three cars was furnished gratuitously by the Western Railroad to bring out a delegation of Masons from the lodges in that city, and an extra train from Amherst brought down a delegation of Masons from that place. There were, also, delegations from Monson, Ware, Enfield, and Warren, numbering, in all, about four hundred, wearing their regalia. The church was incapable of holding more than half the attendants. Rev. Dr. Vaill preached an impressive discourse, founded on Proverbs 27th, 1st: "Boast not thyself of to-morrow; for thou knowest not what a day may bring forth."

After the services at the church, the body was taken in charge by the Masonic fraternity, who buried it with the honors of their order, George Robinson, W. M., of the Ware lodge, acting as chaplain. The ceremonies were impressive, and a novelty to many people, who had never before witnessed a Masonic burial. Mr. Smith was widely known, and his wagons and carriages are running in all parts of the country. For many years he carried on the business of carriage making in Belchertown, but moved to Palmer fifteen years ago. There was always business where he lived, and he usually employed from twenty to twenty-five hands in his workshops. His loss to the village is great, but much greater to his bereaved family. His age was 68.

WILBRAHAM ACADEMY.—The closing public exercises of Wilbraham Academy, beginning Thursday evening, the 19th, and ending Tuesday evening, the 24th, were unusually interesting. The first of these exercises was an exhibition given by the Club and Athena Societies, which brought out a display of dramatic talent not generally found in a school like this; and, although the other exercises were excellent, the main feature of the evening was the rendering of Shakespeare's great play, Hamlet. Many looked on this attempt as something greater than could be successfully performed by such amateur actors; but it *was* performed, and successfully, too, to the evident amusement and delight of the grave professors, who are supposed to look with suspicion on all such approaches to theatricals.

The next evening, the four literary societies had their public exercises. Of these societies, the readers of the Journal have heard before, from a description by a correspondent last winter. Wesleyan Academy can boast of four literary societies, as good as can be found in any like institution in the country, though we do not think the faculty appreciate their worth and influence.

On Tuesday evening, the 24th, was held the last public gathering of the term, when the students, of both sexes, assembled for a social interview—to walk, and talk, and laugh, and be merry, over their coming parting. Very naturally, they prolonged their walk home to a late hour, and the streets were not cleared of promenaders till the small hours of morning. Then came the partings, Wednesday morning. Friends, who never expect to meet again, said good bye, with sad smiles. Embryo lawyers, divines, and physicians, took the hands of their sweethearts, and, with suppressed sighs and sobs, pronounced the farewell words; and handkerchiefs were waved, and kisses thrown, and the lumbering old stage rolled away, bearing its precious burden, destined for all parts of the country; and old Wilbraham settled down into a state of profound stagnation, till the quiet festivities of Thanksgiving are over and the next term's students come to enliven the solitude of the pleasant old streets. U.

INTERNAL REVENUE.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue is busily engaged in the preparation of his report. The receipts of the bureau, from its creation to June 13, 1863, the end of the last fiscal year, was $37,000,000; the receipts from June 13th to October 31st were a little over $2,000,000. The commissioner estimates the receipts during the present fiscal year, ending June 30th, 1864, if the law remains unchanged, at $80,000,000. It is probable that recommendations will be made to Congress to amend the law, with a view to the increase of the revenue, the receipts having fallen so far below the $150,000,000 anticipated.

BEECHER.—Henry Ward Beecher positively refuses, for the present, to lecture before any society for money. He will, however, make public addresses in two or three of the principal cities, on condition, that the whole proceeds shall be appropriated for the benefit of our sick and wounded soldiers. On Sunday morning, he preached his first sermon since his return from Europe, in his own church; and, at a lecture given in New York, Tuesday evening, $4,000 was realized.

NEW DAILY.—Messrs. Anthony, of the New Bedford Standard, and Burt, of the Northampton Free Press, propose starting a daily paper in Springfield. It is to be an evening journal, about the size of the Boston Herald. It is a good field for another paper if the thing should be rightly managed. Capital, brains, and business tact, are required for the successful management of a newspaper in these times.

THE RIGHT MAN ELECTED.—Wm C Sturtevant was elected representative from Springfield at the election held last Monday, having 27 majority over Wm. B. Calhoun. It was a childish venture for Mr. Calhoun to allow himself to be put in the way of Mr. Sturtevant, who was the regular nominee of the republicans; but we should deal charitably with second childhood, since Mr. Sturtevant has come out all right.

STRIVING TO GET BACK.—A letter from Memphis represents that the people of Tennessee and Arkansas are endeavoring to get up a strife to see which will get back into the Union first. Arkansas rather takes the lead. The Union sentiment there seems to be on a firmer basis, and it is doubtful if the Confederates will ever regain a foot-hold in the State. The people have had enough of their mis-rule.

REBEL CURRENCY.—Government has a large quantity of Confederate currency, captured at different times, and it is suggested that it might be sent to Union prisoners in Richmond, for them to purchase food with from the rebels. To destroy the rags would be to aid the rebel government, but to send them to our soldiers to buy food with throws this back upon the makers for redemption, and will relieve, to some extent, the wants of suffering Union prisoners.

BRUTAL HACKMAN.—The driver of an omnibus in New York City, a few days since, got into a dispute with a passenger in regard to his fare, pulled him out of the coach, and felled him to the pavement by a blow of the fist. In falling, the man struck his head against a curb-stone, receiving injuries from which he subsequently died.

FUEL IN MINNESOTA.—Beds of peat have been discovered near St. Paul, Minn., which are likely to revolutionize the fuel business in that State. It is equal to coal, and can be gathered and sold for $2 50 per cord, while wood commands seven and eight dollars. It is of as much importance to Minnesota as the discovery of coal mines.

A PATRIOT TO THE LAST.—Stephen Wetmore of Perrysburg, Md., an old man of 72, was on his death bed at the time of the late election, but was earnest to vote once more for the Union cause. On learning this, the judges of election took the ballot box to his bedside, and for the last time, he voted for the Union and for freedom.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS AND THEIR QUOTA OF VOLUNTEERS.—Provost Marshal General Fry has decided that such Congressional districts as may furnish their quota of volunteers under the recent call will be exempt from the draft, even though the quota of the State, as a whole, be not made up.

PROOF OF MARRIAGE.—It not unfrequently happens that clergymen, in marrying a couple omit to give a certificate of the marriage or to make any registration of it. Such evidence is rendered especially important just now, as, in the case of the death of a soldier, the widow must have a certificate of marriage before she can receive a pension. A New Jersey paper, in speaking of this subject, as it respects that State, says: Upon searching the records within the past year for marriages, nearly half of the unfortunate widows have been turned away with the remark, "The clergyman performing the ceremony has neglected to comply with the law."

REBEL WEAPON.—The rebels boast of a pike with which some of the Alabamians are armed and think it will strike terror to the Yankees. The Alabama pike consists of a keen two edged steel blade, like a large bowie-knife blade, near a foot and a half long, with a sickle like hook, very sharp, bending back from near the socket. This is intended for cutting the bridles of cavalrymen, or pulling them off their horses, or catching hold of the enemy when they are running away. This head is mounted on a staff eight feet long.

GEN. LEE'S ARMY.—Gen Lee's army is believed to be as well supplied with everything necessary to render it effective as any of our armies. The rebel chiefs know better than to let their soldiers suffer, if supplies can be had on any terms. "Thou shalt want ere I want," is what the Southern soldier says to the Southern citizen; and, with him, words are things.

CHARACTERISTIC.—A Harrisburg, Pa., farmer led a blind man to the polls to vote for Curtin, since doing which charitable act he has been persecuted by his Copperhead neighbors, who, among other things, took one of his fowls, and, having put out its eyes, tied it to a tree, with a disgusting address to the farmer fastened upon it.

GOLD DISCOVERIES.—It is alleged, upon reliable authority, that important discoveries of gold and silver have been made 500 miles west of Santa Fe, in Arizona Territory. The gold is said to be from one to four inches below the surface; and, for a hundred miles, it may be found in every gulch and creek-bed.

LARGE YIELD.—George Bliss, of Shelburne, Vt., has gathered from a crab apple tree this fall thirty-one bushels of apples, from which he made three barrels of excellent cider, worth eight dollars a barrel—making the nice little sum of twenty-four dollars.

A MURDERER ESCAPES.—A Mrs. Naramore at Rochester, N. Y., awoke a few nights since and found a man standing at her bed-side reaching his arm over her and pointing a pistol at the head of her husband. She cried out when the intruder fired, wounding Mr. Naramore, but not fatally, and then succeeded in making his escape.

DOING US SERVICE.—The hundreds of thousands of slaves who have been taken to Georgia are engaged in eating the food which was collected for Bragg's soldiers; so, they are our allies, whatever may be their fondness for bondage.

HEROES OF MEXICO.—Marechal Forey, who has returned to France, visited Lt. Gen. Scott, when in New York. The two conquerors of Mexico were much affected, compared notes, and parted, never to meet again in this world.

☞ According to the census in 1860, deaths from delirium tremens and intemperance had increased, in ten years, 58 per cent.

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE.—We are in receipt of his popular Lady's Magazine, for December. It is a splendid number. "Peterson" will be greatly improved in 1864. It will contain nearly 1000 pages of double column reading matter; 14 steel plates; 12 colored steel fashion plates; 12 colored patterns in Berlin work, embroidery or crochet, and 900 wood engravings—proportionately more than any other periodical gives. Its stories and novelets are by the best writers. In 1864, Four Original Copyright Novelets will be given. Its Fashions are always the latest and prettiest. Every neighborhood ought to make up a club.—Its price is but Two Dollars a year, or a dollar less than Magazines of its class. It is the Magazine for the Times! To clubs, it is cheaper still, viz:—three copies for $5, five for $7.50, or eight for $10. To every person getting up a club, (at these rates) the Publisher will send an extra copy gratis. Specimens sent (if written for) to those wishing to get up clubs. Address, post-paid, CHARLES J. PETERSON, 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

### Special Notices.

At a regular communication of Thomas Lodge, at Palmer, Nov. 23d, 1863, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

*Whereas*, It has pleased the Almighty Disposer of events in His infinite mercy to remove from our midst Brother NEHEMIAH SMITH; and whereas we as Masons are especially bound by the teachings of our institution, to regard with sympathy those who are bereaved, therefore be it

*Resolved*, That by this sudden dispensation the brethren of Thomas Lodge have lost a worthy brother and associate—the community in which he lived an active and valuable business man, and the widow and family an affectionate husband and father.

*Resolved*, That the heartfelt sympathy and kindly remembrance of Thomas Lodge of F. A. M. be and hereby is respectfully tendered to the widow and family of our late Brother Nehemiah Smith; and while we reverently bow before this dispensation of Divine Providence, and from God's holy word would learn the sacredness of life and life's opportunities, while from the same unfailing source we would seek consolation in the hour of bereavement, and guidance through the journey of life, we would at the same time commend the widow and family of our deceased brother for support and consolation to Him who will not break the bruised reed, but will temper the wind to the shorn lamb, and who has promised to be a father to the fatherless, and the widow's judge.

*Resolved*, That a copy of the above be presented to the widow of our deceased brother.

J. D. NICHOLS, A. N. DEWEY, GEO. ROBINSON, } Committee.

*Voted*, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the Palmer Journal for publication.

E. N. MONTAGUE, Secretary.

GRACE'S SALVE, of which so many testimonials are published in the papers, is an article which should be in every family, for there is nothing of the kind exceeding it in value. It is an old remedy, that has stood the test of years, and been appreciated on both sides of the Atlantic. For scalds, burns, chapped hands, and sores from humors or otherwise, it is the most speedy cure known. We speak from facts under our own observation; and we also hear of its efficacy in healing the wounded in the army.—*Newburyport Herald.*

The Springfield Semi-Weekly Republican.

*Wednesday and Saturday Mornings, on a Double Sheet of Eight Pages and Forty-eight Columns.*

Four Dollars a Year; Ten Copies for $30.

This edition of The SPRINGFIELD REPUBLICAN—intermediate between its Daily and Weekly—is particularly valuable for country circulation. It embraces almost the entire contents of The Daily REPUBLICAN, including all its Literary and Miscellaneous articles; its Editorials; and its Correspondence; presenting, in a week, a grand aggregate of at least seventy-five columns of reading. It contains all the latest news of the mornings of its issue, and is sent out by the first mails and trains. No other single newspaper will give to its readers so copious and comprehensive a summary of all the local and general news; so various and full editorial discussions; so valuable series of metropolitan letters; and so rich and abundant a selection of fresh and interesting literature. The publishers can especially commend the SEMI-WEEKLY REPUBLICAN as embracing all the choice and peculiar characteristics and features of their sheets, with the least drawbacks of delay in forwarding and waste in advertisements.

Specimen copies sent on application.

SAMUEL BOWLES & COMPANY,
Springfield, Mass.

[Communicated.]

**Pulmonary Consumption a Curable Disease.**
**A Card.—To Consumptives.**

The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address,

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON.
4ms19 Williamsburgh, Kings County, N. Y.

*The Confessions and Experience of a Nervous Invalid.*—Published for the benefit and as a caution to young men and others who suffer from nervous Debility, Early Decay, and their kindred ailments—supplying the means of self-cure. By one who has cured himself after being a victim of misplaced confidence in medical humbug and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid directed envelope, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., New York. j24

☞To the young or old, male or female—if you have been suffering from a habit indulged in by the youth of both sexes, which causes so many alarming symptoms; it unfits them for marriage, and is the greatest evil which can befall man or woman. See symptoms enumerated in advertisement, and if you are a sufferer cut out the advertisement and send for it at once. Delays are dangerous. Ask for Helmbold's—take no other.

Cures guaranteed. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. nl

V.L. Dr. Tobias' Venetian Horse Liniment. V.L.

Pint bottles at fifty cents each, for the cure of lameness, scratches, wind galls, sprains, bruises splints, cuts, colic, slipping stifle, over-heating, sore throat, nail in the foot, etc. It is warranted cheaper and better than any other article ever offered to the public. Thousands of animals have been cured of the colic and over-heating by this Liniment; and hundreds that were crippled and lame have been restored to their former vigor. It is used by all the first horsemen throughout the States. Orders are constantly received from the Racing Stables of England for fresh supplies of this invaluable article. Over 2,500 testimonials have been received. Remember, 50 cents laid out in time may save the life of your horse.

Sold by all druggists. Office, 56 Courtlandt street, New York. V.L.

**Important to Females.**

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.—The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations removing all obstruction, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs &c., disturbed sleep which arise from interruption of nature.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of these irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many, to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the most effectual remedy ever known for all complaints peculiar to females. To all classes they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity. They are known to thousands who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America

☞Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each box—the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills sent by mail, promptly, by remitting to the Proprietors. Sold by Druggists generally.

HETCHINS & HILLYER, Proprietors, 81 Cedar st., New York. Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Agent, Palmer. 1yag.29

**BORN.**

In Belchertown, 21st, a son to S. W. LONGLEY.
In Stafford Springs, 25th, a daughter to Lieut. JOHN M. FISK.

**MARRIED.**

In Springfield, 25th, by Rev. Nelson Stutson, ALBERT BURLEIGH of Palmer, and LOUISA M. ALDEN of Springfield.

In Palmer, 24th, by Samuel M. Bliss, Esq., WILBUR F. WHITE of Belchertown, and ORRILLA C. SHEARER of Palmer.

In Belchertown, 22d, by Rev. William N. Fay, CHARLES S. UNDERWOOD and MARY JANE HILL of Granby.

In Stafford, 19th, by Rev. W. H. Dean, LYMAN SOTHER and MELISSA LEMON, both of Belchertown.

In Monson, 24th, by Rev. F. Woods, JOEL M. TUCKER and HELEN M. DEMING; also, WILLIAM OBREN HOVEY of Palmer, and LUCY FERRY of Brimfield.

In Ware, 25th, by Rev. Wm. G. Tuttle, HARRY LEWIS and MARY WETHERELL, both of Ware; also, LYMAN HATHAWAY and LYDIA A. R. FELTON, both of Ware.

At Athol Depot, 24th, by Rev. Charles Ayer, ABNER E. GIBBS, principal of the Ware high school, and FRANCENA D. LEONARD.

In Stafford Springs, 23d, by Rev. J. T. Benton, ALBERT C. PINNEY and AUGUSTUS A. RUBY, both of Stafford; also, CYRUS BANFORD of Stafford, and RUTH E. POTTER of Willington.

**DIED.**

In Stafford Springs, 22d, JANE, 16 months, daughter of William Brannan.

In Norwich, Ct., 20th, NEWELL C. BRAKENRIDGE, 45, a native of Ware.

## NOTICE!

WHEREAS my wife Clarissa, and four children, Henry, Francis, Lucy, and Clarissa, have left my bed and board without just provocation, I hereby forbid all persons harboring or trusting them on my account, as I shall pay no debts of their contracting. WM. FELTON.

Wales, Nov. 24, 1863. n28.

## $20 REWARD!

LOST!—At the depot in Palmer, or on the cars between Springfield and Palmer, on Thursday morning, Nov. 26, a portmonnie containing $49 in bills and 90c in postal currency. $20 reward will be paid to the finder on leaving the same at the Journal Office, or with HENRY W. BENNETT Springfield. Nov. 28, 1863.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

# GREAT BARGAINS!

FOR THE NEXT

SIXTY DAYS.

## $25,000.00

WORTH OF

## NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

JUST OPENED AT

J. H. STORRS & Co's,

WARE, MASS.

3000 Yards of the latest styles of

DELAINES,

Just received and selling at 25 cents

Also, 8000 yards of

COTTONS.

Fine Brown Cottons, 17 "
Heavy Brown Cottons, 28 "

## DRESS GOODS.

Silk Warp Cashmeres. Empress Cloths.
Wool Repps. Plain Scarlet Merinos.
Scotch Plaids. Plain Alpaceas.

Comprising all the new shades and colors.

BLACK SILKS, at old prices.
FANCY SILKS, " "

In fact we have everything that can be found at a

First Class Dry Goods Store.

## Cloaks. Cloaks. Cloaks.

100 Cloaks, in new styles, on exhibition, and to be sold

*"AT PRICES that DEFY COMPETITION."*

Wool, Beavers, Doeskins, Union Beavers, Broadcloths, and other Cloakings, in great variety.

FURS! FURS! FURS!

$3000 WORTH, just opened, and selling CHEAP! CHEAP! CHEAP!

## Millinery Department.

We have just received from New York and Boston *The Largest Assortment of Millinery Goods* that was ever offered in this county, comprising ALL THE LATEST STYLES AND NOVELTIES Of the season.

100 *VELVET AND SILK BONNETS,*

Of the latest styles,
To be sold at $2 each less than they can be purchased for in other places.

New styles of HATS, RIBBONS,
NUBIAS, WREATHS,
WOOL HOODS, TRIMMINGS,
&c., &c., &c.

☞All those who wish to buy

DRY GOODS & MILLINERY

10 TO 20 PER CENT. CHEAPER

Than prices asked at other stores.

GO TO THE CELEBRATED

Millinery and Dry Goods

EMPORIUM

—OF—

J. H. STORRS & CO,

Ware Village, Mass.

☞To persons coming from a distance, "Extra inducements are offered."

HEAD QUARTERS

—FOR—

# CLOAKS!

## TINKHAM & CO'S

CLOAK

## EMPORIUM.

A large and well-lighted room, expressly for the exhibition and sale of

SHAWLS AND CLOAKS.

Now ready, the largest and most desirable stock ever offered in this city or part of the State,

*No other in Springfield comparing with it.*

We ask attention not only to quantity, but to

*Style, Make, and Prices,*

particularly to

*MEDIUM AND LOW-PRICED GARMENTS,*

in style and make equal to better. Our Cloaks are made from all the fashionable Fabrics of the season, of which we keep a very large and full variety by the yard, or from which

WE MANUFACTURE GARMENTS TO ORDER, if desired.

*CHILDREN'S and MISSES' CLOAKS and CAPES.*

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!

A splendid stock, in every kind and style.

## GREAT DRY GOODS STORE!

EVERY DEPARTMENT full of DESIRABLE GOODS.

SILKS, DRESS GOODS, &c., &c.

*CARPETINGS, and HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.*

184 AND 186 MAIN ST,

SPRINGFIELD, . . . . MASS.

Nov. 28, 1863. t3.

**The Great American Tea Company,**

No. 51 VESEY ST.....NEW YORK.

HAS created A NEW ERA in the history of wholesaling Teas in this country. They have introduced their selection of Teas, and sold them at not over TWO CENTS per pound above cost, never deviating from the one price asked; believing this will be attractive to the many who have heretofore been paying enormous profits. Parties can order Teas, and will be served by us as well as though they came themselves, being sure to get original packages, true weights and tares; and the Teas are warranted as represented. Our PRICE LIST is now ready.

**FARM FOR SALE!**

SITUATAD in Enfield, on the Swift River, 1½ miles from Enfield village, containing about 200 acres, known as the "Clark Stone Farm." Said farm has 15 acres of wood-land, a large two-story house, and other outbuildings, including those suitable for drying tobacco. Good spring water is brought to the house in an aqueduct. It is well watered, lying on the river, which saves fencing, is free from stones, and well calculated for tobacco culture. Around the house are 38 large sugar maple trees, and a good orchard of grafted fruit. It has good pasturage for both sheep and cattle. Terms easy. Enquire on the premises of

Enfield, Nov. 28* HIRAM BALLOU.

A NICE PACK of Wedding or Visiting Cards can be printed at this office at short notice. Wedding Envelopes always on hand.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

**HOLIDAY PRESENTS!**

MAGIC TIME OBSERVERS.

Being a Hunting or Open Face or Lady's or Gentleman's Watch Combined, with Patent Self-winding improvement, a pleasing novelty.

One of the prettiest, most convenient, and decidedly the best and cheapest time piece for general and reliable use ever offered. It has within it, and connected with its machinery, its own winding attachment, rendering a key entirely unnecessary. The cases of this Watch are composed of two metals, the outer one being fine 16 carat gold. It has the ruby action lever movement, and is warranted an accurate time piece. Price, superbly engraved, per case of half dozen, $204. Sample Watches, in neat morocco boxes $35.

SILVER WATCHES!

First Class Hunting Time-Pieces, for accuracy of movement, beauty of material, and, above all, cheapness in price, these Watches must insure universal approbation.

An imitation so faithless that it can hardly be detected by the most experienced judges. The material being of two metals the outer one first quality Sterling Silver, while the inner one is German Silver, it cannot be recognized by cutting or heavy engraving, making it not only in appearance, but in durability, the best resemblance of Solid Sterling Silver in existence.

The sale of these Watches in the army is a source of enormous profit, retailing, as they very readily do, at $25 and upwards. Many hundred dollars can be made in a single pay day by any one of ordinary business tact.

☞AT WHOLESALE ONLY! In heavy hunting cases, beautifully engraved white enamel dial, and fancy cut hands, in good running order, by the half dozen, $66. Sent by express by the case of six.

Upon receipt of $3, as guarantee of good faith, we will send watches by express to any part of the loyal States, collecting balance of bill on delivery. This enables buyers against fraud, giving them their watches before payment is required. Send orders to the sole importer,

GAIUS WHEATON, No. 12 Jewelers' Exchange, Cor. Cortlandt st., and Broadway, New York

THE NEW YORK

# CLOTHING

COMPANY

Have taken the Store,

## 138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,

For the purpose of selling

# CLOTHING,

From one of

*THE LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS*

in the City of New York,

—AT—

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

ANY ONE WISHING

A Good Substantial Article

FOR A

LITTLE MONEY,

WOULD DO WELL TO

EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

*ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE*

*WARRANTED*

TO BE JUST AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit, or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,

WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.

Our terms of sale are strictly for cash, and

WE GUARANTEE

## A BETTER ARTICLE

*OF CLOTHING FOR THE SAME PRICE*

than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at the

New York Clothing Co's

*SALESROOM,*

## 138 MAIN ST.,

Corner of Main and Vernon Streets, nearly opposite the Baptist Church,

SPRINGFIELD..... MASS.

n21tf

## NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.

As we deal largely in

FLOUR AND GRAIN,

we are enabled to make purchases at

LOW FIGURES,

and sell in the same manner

All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

☞Remember the place—

At the Palmer Steam Mill.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

**WESLEYAN ACADEMY.**

THE WINTER TERM of 14 weeks will commence Dec. 2. Average expenses, about $45. Send for a Catalogue. Address

n31 3w M. RAYMOND, Wilbraham, Mass.

PALMER

## PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY!

OPPOSITE THE PALMER HOUSE.

The best and most convenient place in town, and where the best pictures can be obtained.

Good pictures put in good cases for fifty cents.

It is a well-known fact that poor workmen have to take up with poor prices.

Photographs taken in all the

LATEST STYLES.

CARTES DE VISITE, Plain, or Colored by a new process which adds greatly to the beauty and durability of the picture.

GEMS put up in carte de visite style, 12 for $1.

Call and examine my work, and let judgment be your guide. Do not be entrapped by promises.

W. A. COOPER.

Palmer, Nov. 14. 3t

THE OLDEST

Book and Paper Hanging

ESTABLISHMENT

*IN WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS.*

## BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,

Successors to MERRIAM, CHAPIN, & Co.,

*Corner of Main and State Streets,*

SPRINGFIELD ..... MASS.,

Offer to the citizens of this region

*THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK OF*

PAPER HANGINGS,

BORDERS AND CURTAINS,

To be found in the state. No one buying Paper Hangings, for a single room or for a whole house, should fail to call upon us, as

*Our Prices are Lower,*

*And Our Assortment Better,*

*Than can be found elsewhere.*

FIFTY THOUSAND

SCHOOL BOOKS,

JUST RECEIVED.

The winter schools are just beginning, and we have loaded our shelves from cellar to garret with School Books of every kind in use.

The attention of

*DEALERS IN SCHOOL BOOKS, TEACHERS, AND COMMITTEE MEN,*

Is requested, as WE WILL SELL

—AT THE—

LOWEST NEW YORK & BOSTON

**Wholesale Prices.**

Our assortment is very complete of

## WRITING PAPER,

All sizes and Grades;

# ENVELOPES,

## PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS,

*AMBROTYPES AND PHOTOGRAPHS From Fine Engravings.*

## DIARIES FOR 1864,

From 10 cents to three dollars each,

*CURTAINS,*
*TASSELS,*
*CORD,*
*CURTAIN FIXTURES,*

Any one wishing the

GOVERNMENT

INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS

For NOTES, and all Business Documents, Patent Medicines, &c., can buy them of us by ordering them by mail. To those buying in large quantities, we will give the regular discount allowed at the Department.

Our assortment of

Miscellaneous Books,

JUVENILE BOOKS,

# TOYS,

GAMES, &C.,

is very large.

☞An order or a call from you is requested.

BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,

**SABBATH SCHOOLS**

*BUYING BOOKS FOR THEIR LIBRARIES,*

WILL FIND HERE

EVERY BOOK PUBLISHED

By all the Tract and Sabbath School Societies,

AT THEIR LOWEST PRICES.

*WE WILL SEND ANY NUMBER TO BE* selected from, when it is desired, and will take back all that are not wanted.

Springfield, Nov. 21, 1863.

## CHEAPER!

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

## DRESS GOODS,

In variety of Styles, Colors, and Qualities.

STILL CHEAPER!

SEASONABLE

## PRINTS,

D'LAINES AND CHALLIES,

Bleached & Brown Cottons,

&c., &c., &c.

ALSO,

PRETTY STYLES OF

SUMMER SHAWLS,
SUN UMBRELLAS
LIGHT BALMORALS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS
HOOP SKIRTS,

BESIDES A GENERAL VARIETY OF

## HOSIERY, GLOVES, THREAD,

SILK,

AND SMALL WARES,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

—AND—

## FLOUR, TEAS, COFFEE,

SUGAR, OILS, SPICES, &c.

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.

M. W. FRENCH.

SOUTH SIDE

## PICTURE ROOMS.

OPPOSITE THE ANTIQUE HOUSE.

PICTURES taken in all the Latest Styles, from a Gem to a Life Size Portrait.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED, OR NO CHARGE MADE.

Cartes de Visites, Ambrotypes.
Vignettes, Melaineotypes.
Imperial and Life Size Portrait.

☞Photographs colored if desired. By our new process of coloring Cartes de Visite Photographs, the

BEAUTY AND DURABILITY

of the Picture is very much improved. We cordially invite the public to

**Give us a Trial.**

We do not promise to work cheaper than others, but hope to please our patrons.

Rooms open from 7 to 12 A. M., and 1 to 5 P. M.

Palmer, Oct. 31. A. W. CLARK. J. M. BROWN, } Artists.

FOUND!

NEAR the Congregational Meeting-house in Staffordville, Nov. 10th, on land of Julius Hyde,

TWO BUFFALO ROBES,

one lined, the other unlined. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take them away. ALVIN TYLER.

Staffordville, Ct., Nov. 17, 1863. 3wn21

TAKEN UP!

CAME into my enclosure on the 14th of October AN EWE SHEEP, which the owner can have by proving property and paying charges.

Palmer, Nov. 16, 1863. SUSAN TENNEY.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

HAVING purchased of S. W. SMITH his stock in trade, I shall continue the Grocery business at his old stand in the

PALMER HOUSE BLOCK,

where I shall be happy to wait on all the old customers of the store, and as many new ones as will give me a call, and show them

A GOOD ASSORTMENT

—OF—

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

which I will sell

*At the Lowest Market Prices for Cash.*

☞BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS and Farmers' Produce wanted in exchange for Goods.

☞Call and see me.

LYMAN DIMOCK.

Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

*New Church Music Book.*

THE HARP OF JUDAH;

A Collection of Sacred and Secular Music, for Choirs, Schools, Musical Conventions, Societies, and the Home Circle; Religious Worship, Choir and school practice.

By L. O. EMERSON, author of the "Golden Wreath," "Sabbath Harmony," &c.

The great favor with which Mr. Emerson's works have been received, has induced the publication of this book. In it the principles of Notation are plainly elucidated and Exercises given of a very pleasing and attractive style. Its Music, embracing every variety, being as a whole, neither very simple nor very elaborate, but conforming to the wants and capacities of the great majority of singers. The Anthems, Sentences, Chorus and Chants are superior to those of most collections, while the Metrical Tunes are equally good. In many instances music has been written to a whole hymn, thus giving a greater variety than can be possibly be obtained in any other way. At the same time each tune can be used for any other hymn of the same metre.

Choirs, Societies, Teachers, and all persons interested in a work of this kind, can order this book with perfect reliability of its being all it is represented to be—a real, live, music book, replete with all those features that tend to render such a book pleasing and popular.

Price, $9 per doz; single copies, $1. Specimen pages sent free.

n14 OLIVER DITSON & Co., publishers, Boston.

## NEW FALL GOODS!

—AT—

BERAN & HORNER'S,

No. 3 State st., 2d door from Main,

SPRINGFIELD . . . . . MASS.,

Which we offer

## CHEAP FOR CASH!

ALL OUR GOODS ARE MARKED WITH LAST YEAR'S PRICES.

PLEASE CALL EARLY,

And Secure Bargains.

Respectfully, BERAN & HORNER.

No 3, State st., 2d door from Main st. Springfield, Mass.

**MONSON ACADEMY.**

THE WINTER TERM begins Wednesday, December 2d, and continues fifteen weeks.

C. HAMMOND, Principal.

Monson, Nov. 14. 1863. 3w.

**JOSEPH H. BLAIR,**

**ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.**

[In office formerly occupied by D. Granger, Esq.]

PALMER, MASS.

*References*—Hon. E. D. Beach, E. W. Bond, Esq., Ex-Lieut.-Gov. Trask, Springfield, Mass.

I hereby give notice to the public that I have given up the practice of Law, and my office to J. H. Blair, Esq. D. GRANGER.

**SAPONIFIER,**

Or Concentrated

LYE.

*THE FAMILY SOAP-MAKER.*

*Economy! Economy!*

Every Family can make its own Soap from waste kitchen grease, at a cost of only four cents per pound with Saponifier, which is three times the strength of Potash.

Full directions accompany each one-pound *iron* can.

NOTICE.—The genuine Saponifier is only put up in one-pound *iron* cans, by the

PENNSYLVANIA SALT-MANUFACTURING CO.,

Patentees and sole Manufacturers. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure you buy the *iron* can.

For sale by

CHAS. TOPPAN, 16 Blackstone st., Boston,
MERRILL BROS., 215 State st., "
And Druggists and Grocers generally. 3m.
n7. WOOD & ALLEN, Agents, Palmer, Mass.

**THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.**

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the femal constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price $1, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION.—These Pills should not be taken by females during the first three months of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sole Agent for the United States and Canada,

JOB MOSES, 27 Courtlandt st., New York

N. B.—$1 and 6 postage stamps, enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing 50 Pills, by return mail. 1y31

Sold in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and by Dr Wm. Holbrook.

## BOOTS & SHOES.

The only Boot and Shoe store between Springfield and Worcester is at Palmer depot,

IN THE PALMER JOURNAL BLOCK.

The subscriber has over **$2,500 worth of Boots and Shoes** in his store, for sale at one-half of the profits usually made by retailers. His Men's, Boys', Youth's, and Children's Thick Boots were made expressly for him by the best manufacturers in the state, of the

BEST QUALITY OF STOCK,

Consisting of the celebrated "Monitor Boot," double sole and tap, double sole, and one-half double sole—great assortment. The greatest improvement is

THE RUBBER SOLE

water proof boots and shoes. Every man, woman, and child should have a pair. The very best men's, boys', and youth's

CALF BOOTS

may be found at this store. Women's, misses,' and children's peble calf and serge, double sole,

TIP BALMORALS AND GAITERS,

in fact every variety, quality, and style may be had. A full assortment of

RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES.

Everybody will find it to their pecuniary interest to buy their fall and winter supply of boots and shoes of the subscriber.

**Please Give Him a Call.**

D. GRANGER.

Palmer, Oct. 10, 1863. 1y.

THE

## Singer Sewing Machines,

OUR LETTER A FAMILY SEWING MACHINE is fast gaining a world-wide reputation. It is beyond doubt the best and cheapest and most beautiful of all Family Sewing Machines yet offered to the public. No other Family Sewing Machine has so many appliances for Hemming, Binding, Felling, Tucking, Gathering, Gauging, Braiding, Embroidering, Cording, and so forth. No other Family Sewing Machine has so much capacity for a great variety of work. It will sew all kinds of cloth, and with all kinds of thread. Great and recent improvements make our Family Sewing Machine most reliable, and most durable, and most certain in action at all rates of speed. It makes the interlocked stitch, which is the best stitch known. Any one, even of the most ordinary capacity, can see, at a glance, how to use the letter A Family Sewing Machine. Our Family Sewing Machines are finished in chaste and exquisite style.

The Folding Case of the Family Machine is a piece of cunning workmanship, of the most useful kind. It protects the machine when not in use, and when about to be operated may be opened as a spacious and substantial table to sustain the work. While some of the cases, made out of the choicest woods, are finished in the simplest and chastest manner possible, others are adorned and embellished in the most costly and superb manner.

It is absolutely necessary to see the Family Machine in operation, so as to judge of its great capacity and beauty.

It is fast becoming as popular for family sewing as our Manufacturing Machines are for manufacturing purposes.

The branch offices are well supplied with silk twist, thread, needles, oil, &c., of the very best quality.

Send for a Pamphlet.

*THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.,*
458 Broadway, New York.

BOSTON OFFICES, 69 Hanover street.
283 Washington street.

PROVIDENCE OFFICE,
Phœnix Build'g, Westminster st.

HARTFORD OFFICE,
n21 5 Allyn House Block.

### The Parting.

I was silent, she was sad—
Nay, was weeping;
Auburn hair against my breast,
Little hand so closely pressed,
I was keeping.

So we stood there at the door,
Lovingly and long;
Spoke we not, nor she nor I,
Only kissed we our good-bye—
Kissed, and I was gone.

### Farming,

Hark! away to yonder cottage,
Standing on the verdant hill,
Hear the watch-dog; see the oxen
Slake their thirst at yonder rill.
Men are stirring, boys are ploughing;
Not an idler there is found;
For our dainties, then, let thanks be
To the tillers of the ground.

### Forgiveness.

My heart was heavy for its trust had been abused, its kindness answered with foul wrong—so, turning gloomily from my fellow-men, one summer Sabbath day, I strolled among the green mounds of the village burial-place; where pondering how all human love and hate find one sad level, and how, soon or late, wronged and wrongdoer, each with meekened face and cold hands folded over a still heart, pass the green threshold of our common grave, whither all footsteps tend—whence none depart—awed for myself, and pitying my race, our common sorrow like a mighty wave, swept all my pride away, and trembling, I forgave.—*J. G. Whittier.*

THE DOCTOR KNOWS.—An amusing thing occured in the 24th Ohio. A few days since a soldier, in passing to the lower part of the encampment, saw two others making a rude coffin. He inquired who it was for?

John Bunce, said the others.

Why, replied he, John is not dead yet. It is too bad to make a man's coffin when you dont know if he is going to die or not.

Don't trouble yourself, replied the others. Dr. Cole told us to make his coffin, and I guess he knows what he gave him.

☞ I say Pompey, can you guess what is the best thing to join two pieces of rope together with?

*Pompey:* I guess knot.

☞ "My dear sir, you have used my part of our case of champagne." "Oh, yes; you are my friend, and I always take your part.'

☞ At a late public dinner a maiden lady offered the following toast; Spruce old bachelors—the evergreens of society.


G. L. BRAKENRIDGE'S

## PHOTOGRAPH & AMBROTYPE ROOMS!

are situated three doors west of W. W. Cross' store,
STRONG'S BLOCK, PALMER,
where you can get
*GOOD PICTURES IN CASES FOR 25 CTS.*

Having the best light and new process, *I do* promise to take pictures, either
Photographs, Ambrotypes,
Gem Pictures, or Melaineotypes,
*Cheaper than any other Establishment in Palmer.*

☞ All kinds of copying done.
GEO. L. BRAKENRIDGE.
Palmer, November 7, 1863.

FRIENDS AND RELATIVES OF THE

## BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

*HOLLOWAY'S*

## PILLS AND OINTMENT.

All who have friends and relatives in the army or navy should take especial care that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave soldiers and sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

*Coughs and Colds affecting Troops*

Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the directions which are attached to each pot or box.

*Sick Headache, and Want of Appetite, incidental to Soldiers.*

Those feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taken according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

*Weakness or Debility induced by over-fatigue*

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach, and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system, however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

*Volunteers, Attention! Indiscretions of Youth.*

Sores and Ulcers, Blotches and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another; whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system, and leave the patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

*For Wounds either occasioned by the Bayonet, Sabre, or the Bullet, Sores or Bruises,*

To which every soldier and sailor are liable, there are no medicines so safe, sure, and convenient, as Holloway's Pills and Ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflammation.

Every soldier's knapsack and seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable remedies.

*CAUTION!*—None are genuine unless the words, "Holloway, New York and London," are discernible as a *water-mark*, in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box, the same may be plainly seen by holding the leaf to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines, or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞ Sold at the manufactory of Prof. Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States and the civilized world, in Pots and Boxes, at 25 cents, 63 cents, and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot or Box. 18.

☞ Dealers in my well known medicines can have Show Cards, Circulars, &c., sent them, *free of expense*, by addressing Thomas Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York.

OLMSTEAD & DICKINSON,

## UPHOLSTERERS,

And Manufacturers of and Dealers in

## FASHIONABLE FURNITURE,

MATTRASSES,
*CURTAINS AND SHADES.*

ALSO,
COMMON FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS.

UNION BLOCK - - - - - - MAIN STREET,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
H. OLMSTEAD. E. W. DICKINSON.

## GRAND OPENING!

## NEWTON & CONVERSE,

Have bought the stock of GROCERIES of K. H. ALLEN, and will keep
A FULL STOCK
on hand of
FLOUR, MEAL, SALT,
LIME, OILS, FLUID, BUTTER, CHEESE
*Fish, Crockery,*
GLASS, STONE, AND WOODEN WARE,
and will sell
At Wholesale and Retail,
AS LOW, if not LOWER, than any other place in town.

☞ We are receiving fresh goods from market every week.

☞ CALL AND SEE. ☜
NEWTON & CONVERSE.
Palmer, Dec. 27, 1862.

## $100 REWARD!

For a medicine that will cure
COUGHS, INFLUENZA,
TICKLING IN THE THROAT,
WHOOPING COUGH,
Or relieve CONSUMPTIVE COUGH, as quick as

## COE'S COUGH BALSAM.

Over 5,000 bottles have been sold in its native town, and not a single instance of its failure is known.

We have in our possession any quantity of certificates, some of them from eminent physicians, who have used it in their practice, and given it the pre-eminence over any other compound.

IT DOES NOT DRY UP A COUGH, but loosens it, so as to enable the patient to expectorate freely.

Two or three doses will invariably cure tickling in the throat.

A half bottle has completely cured the most
STUBBORN COUGH,
and yet, though it is so sure and speedy in its operation, it is perfectly harmless, being purely vegetable. It is very agreable to the taste, and may be administered to children of any age.

☞ In cases of CROUP we will guarantee a cure if taken in season.

No family should be without it. It is within the reach of all, the price being ONLY 25 CENTS, and if an investment and thorough trial does not "back up" the above statement, the money will be refunded. We say this, knowing its merits, and feel confident that one trial will secure for it a home in every household.

Do not waste away with Coughing, when so small an investment will cure you. It may be had of any respectable druggist in town, who will furnish you with a circular of genuine certificates of cures it has made. C. G. CLARK & Co., Proprietors,
Wholesale Druggists, New Haven, Ct.

For sale by Druggists in city, country, and everywhere.

For sale at wholesale by D. S. BARNES & Co., New York, and GEO. C. GOODWIN & Co., Boston.
6ms19

## GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE,

A SURE RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERER.

This Salve is a vegetable preparation, invented in the 17th century, by DR. WM. GRACE, surgeon in King James's army. Through its agency he cured thousands of most serious sores and wounds that baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians of his day, and was regarded by all who knew him as a public benefactor.

Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Burns.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Scalds.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Flesh Wounds.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Corns.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Felons.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Frozen Limbs.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Wens.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Callouses.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Salt Rheum.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Chilblains.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Sore Breast.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Sore Lips.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Erysipelas Sores.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Abscesses.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Ulcers.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Chapped Hands.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Ringworms.

And from Sores and Wounds of the most serious nature down to a common Pimple. It eradicates Pimples from the face, and beautifies the skin. There is no preparation before the public that can equal this Salve in prompt and energetic action for the speedy cure of external diseases, as those who have tried its virtues testify. Soldiers, Sailors, and Fishermen, will find this Salve their best friend.

It has none of the irritating, heating properties of other remedies, but cools, cleanses, and heals the most serious Sores and Wounds. Every family, and especially those containing children, should keep a box on hand in case of accident, for it will save them much trouble, suffering, and money. All it wants is a fair trial to cure old and inveterate Sores.

MANUFACTURED BY
WILLIAM GRACE,
AMESBURY, MASS.

Weeks & Potter, 170 Washington st., Boston, wholesale agents.

Grace's Salve is for sale by all druggists and dealers in every city and town. jy18 1y.

## STOVES! STOVES!

A GREAT VARIETY of Stoves at the old Stove Shop in Palmer, which will be sold LOWER THAN AT ANY OTHER SHOP IN THE COUNTY.

The Bay State, Harp, Pilot, Prize, Conquest, New England, Empire State, American, &c., &c.

PARLOR COOK STOVES,
PARLOR CAST & SHEET IRON,
of a variety of sizes and patterns.

☞ Any Stove not found in the shop will be furnished as low as at any other shop. A good stock of CLOTHES WRINGERS, CHAIN, COPPER & Iron Pumps, Pump Corbs, Farmers' Boilers, English and Russia Pipe, Sheet Zinc, Tin Japanned, and Wooden Ware, Sad Irons, Oven Mouths, Boiler Doors, &c.

Cash paid for Old Iron, Copper, Brass, Lead, Pewter, and Rags.

JOB WORK done to order, with promptness.
CALL AND EXAMINE ELIJAH NICHOLS.
Palmer, Oct. 10, 1863. tf.

## SASHES, DOORS, AND BLINDS.

The subscriber makes to order all kinds of SASHES, DOORS, AND BLINDS, at short notice.
J. R. PARKHURST.
Palmer, Aug. 8, 1863. tf.

THE ALL SUFFICIENT THREE.
THE GREAT "AMERICAN REMEDIES,"
Known as
*"HELMBOLD'S" Genuine PREPARATIONS,*
viz: HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT "BUCHU,"
" " SARSAPARILLA,
" IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

*Helmbold's Genuine Preparation,*
"Highly Concentrated" Compound

## FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

A positive and specific remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the watery or calcerous dispositions, and all unnatural enlargements are reduced, as well as pain and inflammation, and it is good for men, women, or children.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, for Weaknesses arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:

| | |
|---|---|
| Indisposition to exertion, | Loss of Power, |
| Loss of Memory, | Difficulty of Breathing, |
| Weak Nerves, | Trembling, |
| Horrors of Disease, | Wakefulness, |
| Dimness of Vision, | Pain in the Back, |
| Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, | Flushing of the body, |
| Hot Hands, | Eruptions on the face, |
| | Pallid Countenance, |
| | Dryness of the Skin. |

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow
IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS,
In one of which the patient may expire. Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "direful diseases,"

INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION.

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but none will confess. The records of the Insane Asylums, and the melancholy deaths by consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion, *thee Constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness,* requires the aid of medicine to invigorate and strengthen the system, which Helmbold's Extract Buchu invariably does. A trial will convince the most skeptical.

Females, Females, Females,
Old or Young, Single, Married, or Contemplating Marriage.

In many affections peculiar to Females the Extract Buchu is unequalled By any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of the Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrous state of the Uterus, Leucorrhea, or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in
*The Decline or Change of Life.*
SEE SYMPTOMS ABOVE.

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

Take no Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant Medicine for unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
CURES SECRET DISEASES
in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience,
AND NO EXPOSURE.

It causes frequent desire, and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing obstructions, preventing and curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying pain and inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling Poisonous, Diseased, and Worn-out Matter.

Thousands upon Thousands,
*Who Have Been the Victims of Quacks,*
and who have paid Heavy Fees to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "Poison" has, by the use of "Powerful Astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and perhaps after marriage.

USE

## Helmbold's Extract Buchu

For all Affections and Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

Diseases of these Organs require the aid of a Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and it is certain to have the desired effect in all Diseases for which it is recommended.

BLOOD! BLOOD! BLOOD!
Helmbold's Highly Concentrated Compound
FLUID EXTRACT

## SARSAPARILLA.

SYPHILLIS.

This is an affection of the Blood, and attacks the Sexual Organs, Linings of the Nose, Ears, Throat, Windpipe, and other Mucus Surfaces, making its appearance in the form of Ulcers. Helmbold's Extract Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and removes all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, giving to the complexion a clear and healthy color. It being prepared expressly for this class of complaints, its blood-purifying properties are preserved to a greater extent than any other preparation of Sarsaparilla.

*HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH.*

An excellent Lotion for Diseases of a Syphillitic Nature, and as an injection in Diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the Extracts Buchu and Sarsaparilla, in such diseases as recommended.

Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character will accompany the medicines.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES,

From eight to twenty years standing, with names known to science and fame.

For Medical Properties of BUCHU,
See Dispensatory of the United States.
See Professor DEWEES' valuable works on the Practice of Physic.
See remarks made by the late celebrated Dr. PHYSICK, Philadelphia.
See remarks made by Dr. EPHRAIM McDOWELL, a celebrated Physician, and Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland, and published in the Transactions of the King and Queen's Journal.
See Medico-Cirurgical Review, published by BENJAMIN TRAVERS, Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons.
See most of the late Standard Works on Medicine.

EXTRACT BUCHU.
$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.
EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,
$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.
IMPROVED ROSE WASH,
50 cts. per bottle, or six bottles for $2.50.

Or half a dozen of each for $12, which will be sufficient to cure the most obstinate cases, if directions are adhered to.

Delivered to any address, securely packed from observation.

☞ Describe symptoms in all communications. Cures guaranteed. Advice gratis.

AFFIDAVIT.

Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. Helmbold, who, being duly sworn, doth say, his preparations contain no narcotic, nn mercury, or other injurious drugs, but are purely vegetable.
H. T. HELMBOLD.
Sworn and subscribed before me, this 22d day of November, 1854. WM. P. HIBBARD,
Alderman, Ninth street, above Race, Phila.

Address letters for information in confidence.
H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist,
Depot 104 South Tenth street, below Chestnut, Philadelphia.

☞ BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS, and unprincipled dealers, who endeavor to dispose "of their own" and "other" articles on the reputation attained by

Helmbold's Genuine Preparations.
" " Extract Buchu.
" " " Sarsaparilla.
" " Improved Rose Wash.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ Ask for Helmbold's—take no other. ☜

Cut out the advertisement and send for it, and avoid imposition and exposure.

Sold by Wood & Allen, Palmer; Dr. Holden, Ware, and H. T. Small & Co., Stafford Springs.
March 21, 1866 1y


### PALMER BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ALBERT BURLEIGH,
Carpenter and Joiner, and dealer in Lumber, Doors, Windows, &c.

A. MASON,
Refreshment Saloon. Weddings and parties supplied with Cake and Ice Creams.

ANTIQUE HOUSE,
By E. B. SHAW, east of railroad bridge.

A. R. MURDOCK,
Licensed Auctioneer, Thorndike.

B. H. JOHNSON,
Carpenter and Joiner and Mover of Buildings.

CYRUS KNOX, JR.,
News Room and Stationery, at the Post Office.

D. MULVIHILL,
Merchant Tailor and dealer in Gents' Furnishing Goods.

E. B. ELSBREE,
Livery and Feeding Stable.

E. BROWN,
Dealer in Hardware, Iron, Steel, Paints, Oils, and Glass.

E. NICHOLS,
Dealer in Stoves, Tin Ware, Pipe, &c.

E. S. BROOKS,
Repairer of Watches and Jewelry. Billiard Room.

F. J. WASSUM,
Merchant Tailor and dealer in Gents' Furnishing Goods.

FREEMAN DODGE,
Meat Market, basement of Commercial Block.

HENRY JONES,
Barber and Hair Dresser, Opposite the depot.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE,
Wholesale and retail dealers in Flour, Meal, Grain and Feed.

H. W. MUNGER,
Merchant Tailor, and manufacturer of Custom Clothing.

IRON FOUNDRY,
By JOHN A. SQUIER, Furnace street.

J. G. ALLEN,
Counsellor and Attorney at Law, Notary Public, and General Insurance Agent.

JOHN FEENEY,
Eating Saloon, opposite the depot.

JOHN SHAW,
Brick Mason and Plasterer.

JOHN WAITE, AGT.,
Manufacturer and dealer in Harnesses, Trunks, Robes, Whips, &c.

J. S. LOOMIS,
Dealer in all kinds of House Furniture, Coffins, and Burial Caskets.

J. W. THOMPSON,
Dealer in Groceries, Crockery, Provisions, Flour.

M. FOX,
Wholesale dealer in Fresh Fish, Oysters, Nuts, Fruit, Ales, &c.

MRS. A. C. COLLINS,
Dealer in Millinery and Fancy Goods.

M. W. FRENCH,
Dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, opposite the depot.

NASSOWANNO HOUSE,
By J. W. WEEKS, opposite the Depot.

NEWTON & CONVERSE,
Wholesale and retail dealers in Flour, Grain, and Groceries.

N. PIPER, AGT.,
Manufacturer of Monuments, Tombstones, and other Marble Works.

P. P. KELLOGG & CO.,
Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Ready-Made Clothing, &c.

SMITH, LOOMIS, & CO.,
Carriage and Sleigh Manufacturers and repairers.

S. W. SMITH, AGT.,
Dealer in Family Groceries, Flour, Farmer's Produce, &c.

WM. A. COOPER,
Ambrotype and Photographic Artist. Opposite the Palmer House.

WM. FULLER,
Nassowanno Livery and Feeding Stable.

WM. MERRIAM,
Currier and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Leather.

WOOD & ALLEN,
Druggists, and dealers in Medicines and Fancy Articles.

W. W. CROSS,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Millinery, Garpets, and Crockery Ware.

W. W. HAGAR,
Jeweller and Repairer of Watches.


M. FOX, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
FRESH FISH, OYSTERS,
Fruit, Confectionery Pies and Cakes, Vegetables Spruce and Hop Beer, Soda, and Sole Agent in Eastern Hampden for
*Millard & Barnard's Hudson Pale Ale.*
Store removed to
NASSOWANNO BLOCK.
Palmer, July 13, 1861. tf.

## CAUTION

TO Females in Delicate Health. DR. DOW, Physician and Surgeon, No. 7 Endicott street, Boston, is consulted daily for all diseases incident to the female system. Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Fluor Albus, Suppression, and other Menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed in a very few days. So invariably certain is the new mode of treatment, that most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the most afflicted person soon rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of diseases of women than any other physician in Boston.

Boarding accommodatinns for patients who may wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treatment.

Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole attention to an office practice for the cure of Private Diseases and Female Complaints, acknowledges no superior in the United States.

N. B.—All letters must contain one dollar, or they will not be answered.

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.
Boston, July 25, 1863. 1y.

"COSTAR'S" VERMIN
## EXTERMINATORS.

*For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in furs, woolens, &c., Insects on plants, fowls, animals, &c.*

Put up in 25c., 50c., and $1 boxes, bottles, and flasks, $3 and $5 sizes for Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞ Sold wholesale in all large cities.
☞ Sold by all druggists and retailers everywhere.
☞ ! BEWARE ! of all worthless imitations.
☞ See that 'COSTAR'S" name is on each box, bottle, and flask, before you buy.
☞ Address HENRY R. COSTAR.
☞ Principal Depot, 482 Broadway, New York.
☞ Sold by H. T. SMALL & Co., Stafford Springs, and WOOD & ALLEN, Palmer, wholesale and retail agents. 1 1y

LAWRENCE & Co. will pay the *highest market price* for HIDES and SKINS delivered at their market. Palmer, Jan. 24, 1863.

A. M. TITUS,
Plain and Ornamental
## PAINTER.

Particular attention given to
SIGN & ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, AND LETTERING of all kinds. I have hired a *Good, Practical House Painter*, and should be glad to get work enough to support us during the winter, and we will do our best to give satisfaction.
Shop near Squier's Foundry, Palmer. Nov.7.

I AM RECEIVING THIS WEEK
A FRESH SUPPLY OF

## GROCERIES,

LAMPS AND FIXTURES
Of all kinds, also a full
## Assortment of Flower Pots.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY!

At the OLD STAND OF S. W. SMITH,
PALMER HOUSE BLOCK.
LYMAN DIMOCK.
Palmer, Sept. 19, 1863.

M. P. KNOWLTON,
*ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,*
249 Main Street, opposite Court Square,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

DR. SWEET'S
## INFALLIBLE LINIMENT,

THE GREAT EXTERNAL REMEDY FOR
Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Stiff Neck and Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts and Wounds, Piles, Headache, and all Rheumatic and Nervous Disorders,

For all of which it it is a speedy and certain remedy, and never fails. This Liniment is prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the famous bone setter, and has been used in his practice for more than 20 years, with the most astonishing success.

As an *Alleviator of Pain*, it is unrivalled by any preparation before the public, of which the most skeptical may be convinced by a single trial.

This Liniment will cure rapidly and radically Rheumatic Disorders of every kind, and in thousands of cases where it has been used it has never been known to fail.

For *Neuralgia*, it will afford immediate relief in every case, however distressing.

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Boston, January 24, 1863. 1y

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A Reverend Gentleman having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing all the usual routine and irregular expensive modes of treatment without success, considers it his sacred duty to communicate to his afflicted fellow creatures the means of cure. Hence, on the receipt of a post-paid, addressed envelope, he will send (free) a copy of the prescription used. Direct to Dr. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186 Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y. j24


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November 29, 1862. R. N. DOWD, Supt.


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# The Palmer Journal.

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### An Eloquent Farewell.

In his farewell address at Liverpool, before leaving for America, Henry Ward Beecher uttered the following eloquent appeal to England to remain the friend and ally of the North in this cruel rebellion:

For the sake of civilization; for the sake of those glories of the Christian Church on earth, which are dearer to me than all that I know; for the sake of Him whose blood I bear about, a perpetual cleansing, a perpetual cloud of strength and stimulation; for the sake of time and for the glories of eternity, I shall plead that mother and daughter, England and America, be found one in heart and one in purpose, following the bright banner of salvation, as, streaming abroad in the light of the morning, it goes round and round the earth, carrying the prophecy and the fulfilment together that "the earth shall be the Lord's, and His glory shall fill it as the waters cover the sea" [Loud and prolonged cheering]. And now my hours are moments, but I linger because it is pleasant. You have made yourselves so kind to me that my heart clings to you. I leave not strangers any longer—I leave friends behind [Loud cheers]. I shall, probably, never, at my time of life—I am now fifty years of age, and, at that time, men seldom make great changes—I shall, probably, see England no more; but I shall never cease to see her. I shall never speak any more here; but I shall never cease to be heard in England as long as I live [Cheers]. Three thousand miles is not as a side, now, as your hand. The air is one great sounding gallery. What you whisper in your closet is heard in the infinite depths of Heaven; what you do in your pulpits in England we hear in America, and what we do in our pulpits you hear and feel here; and so it shall be more and more. Across the sea that is, as it were, but a rivule), we shall stretch out hands of greeting to you, and speak words of peace and fraternal love. Let us not fail to hear "Amen," and the responsive greeting, when ever we call to you, in fraternal love, for liberty, for religion, for the Church of God. Farewell. [The reverend gentleman resumed his seat amidst enthusiastic applause.]

### A Woman Baked Alive.

A melancholy case of empiricism was recently brought before one of the correctional tribunals of the west of France. The accused is an herb doctor, who was then charged with having, a short time previously, literally baked a woman alive, in order to cure an attack of rheumatism, from which she had long suffered. The cure for this disorder, practiced by the Sieur Lenoble, "with success, upon his own father,' was to put his patients lying upon a bed of reeds freshly plucked from a river, in a baker's oven, till their couch should be reduced to powder by the heat.—The husband of the woman whom Lenoble had last cooked deposed to her having, when shut up an hour in the oven, complained that her side was being burned. The quack ascended into the *chambre ardente* and applied some leaves to the burn. He had hardly descended, when the woman complained of another burn. The same remedy was no sooner applied to it than the woman, Carre, said that the physician must remain with her in the stove until the rheumatism should be baked out of her. She then cried out that she felt herself ill from head to foot; on which, Lenoble assured her that it was nothing, for that, if she wanted to be cured, she must endure all the suffering it was possible to inflict on her. After a long interval of silence, which struck the quack as being very strange, seeing that the woman chatted to him during the application of the cure, he resolved to draw her out of the oven. She was then senseless. Vinegar and reed roots were then applied, but without effect; and, the next morning, the unhappy woman died, without having, in the meantime, shown any sign of consciousness. Lenoble was condemned only to pay a fine of sixty francs, and to six months' imprisonment.

BRIGHT AND GLOOMY HOURS.—Ah! this beautiful world, I know not what to think of it. Sometimes it is all sunshine and gladness, and heaven itself is not far off; and then it changes suddenly, and is dark and sorrowful, and the clouds shut out the day.—In the lives of the saddest of us there are bright days. Then come the gloomy hours, when the fire will neither burn in our hearts nor on our hearth, and all without and within is cold and dark. Every heart has its secret sorrow, which the world knows not, and oftimes we call a man cold when he is only sad.

MAN AND A GRASSHOPPER COMPARED.—Assuming that a man weighs equal to sixteen thousand grasshoppers, and a sound of one may be heard the distance of one thirty-second part of a mile, that of a man, if in proportion to his weight, would be audible 500 miles; and, if he sneezed, it would be likely to bring the house about his ears, like the walls of Jericho at the sound of a trumpet.—If a flea weighs one quarter of a grain, and is able to clear one and a half inches at a spring, a man weighing 150 pounds, by this rule, could at once spring 12,800 miles, or round the earth in two jumps.

NEW SPECIES OF POTATO.—It is related in a Belfast (Ireland) paper that a new species of potato has been raised in that country, from American seed, brought by one of the blockade runners, and named "Confederates." In shape they greatly resemble the now almost unknown, but once favorite, "ash-leaf kidneys," being a long oval, with flat sides.—The size is immense, many weighing a pound each, and the quality, when cooked, is excellent.

☞"Mamma," said a little girl when she discovered her canaries asleep, "mamma my birds have swallowed their heads."

☞The white male population in the United States, in 1860, exceeded the female by 733,244.

## ORIGINAL POETRY.

### Helusion.

BY T. GERRY FAIRFIELD.

In the Heaven of heavens,
In the kingdom of minstrelsy,
A marvellous melody dwelleth,
Whose music, it is not for me.
Yes, a marvellous beauty there dwelleth,
Whose glory I never shall see.

For in this kingdom so royal,
Whose glory shall ne'er be dim,
There sing in wonderful story
The highborn seraphim—
In golden and ghostlike story,
The ghostlike seraphim.

And this Heaven in melody moveth,
With every beautiful thing,
Like a molten, melodious ocean,
To the marvellous song they sing;—
Like a golden and ghostlike ocean,
To the wonderful song they sing.

They wander through the vallies,
With a melody in their feet,
And a melody is the motion
Of the beautiful things they meet;
Yes, a melody is the motion
Of every beautiful thing they meet.

For in these wild dominions,
In glory sits the King,
Whose music moves the pinions,
Of every beautiful thing;
With a music well befitting
The glory of so high a King.

And not a wind that dallies,
Where the waves of gaury roll,
But flies away from the palace
With a music in its soul.
Yes, flieth away all plumed in glory,
With a music in its soul.

Ah! did I dwell in this Heaven,
With every beautiful thing,
As wild as any seraph
In glory would I sing.
Yes, wilder than the wildest seraph,
In glory would I sing.

But ah! this beauty ideal,
That maddens my pulses as madden'd by wine,
Shall never—ah, never—be real
To this sorrowful soul of mine—
Shall never—ah, never—be real
To this song-haunted soul of mine.

STAFFORD, CT., November, 1863.

### THE WHITE ROSE.

AN AFFECTING LITTLE STORY.

She was a sweet child, little Enna Willis, and her face shone like some rare old picture, out of the world of golden hair; and her young widowed mother folded her to her heart, and blessed the Great Father that Enna's eyes and hair were like those which had lain, ever since the early June time, under the white shroud plaits.

"Look, mamma; its leaves are beginning to unfold, and it will be entirely opened by New Year's night, so that I can wear it to Helen's party;" and Enna lifted her fair, eager face from the flower whose snowy petals were just breaking through their sheath of green. That winter rose bush was a gift from Enna's father, and it was his last one.—No wonder the child loved it.

"Yes, darling, you shall wear it, twined right here, in this bunch of curls;" and the white fingers lifted the bright tresses tenderly from Enna's forehead, while the mother's pensive features reflected somewhat in the light of her child's.

Every day, every hour, Enna watched it, as a miser watches his gold. Every day, the large, creamy looking petals curled outward, as they lay in exquisite contrast with the world of green leaves amid which the flower's beautiful life was opening.

"Do you want to come in and see my rose, little boy?"

Enna was returning from school that afternoon, when her eyes first rested upon the child. He was standing before the window, in whose embrasure the mother had placed the exotic, that the pure winter sunshine might grant it a brief visit. The boy's large, mournful eyes were fastened eagerly on the large blossoms, for it was only two days before New Year's.

His clothes were greatly worn, and patched with many colors; but Enna did not mind that—she only saw the eager light in those large brown eyes.

"Then you love flowers, do you, my child?" said Enna's mother, in her soft tones, as all three stood before the plant.

"Oh! yes, ma'am; but not so well as Mary does. I was thinking, when I stood out there, on the pavement, if Mary could only see it!"

"Who is Mary? Can't you bring her here?" asked Enna, eagerly.

"Oh!" said the boy, shaking his head mournfully, "Mary is my sister, and she is sick. Mamma says she cannot live much longer; and, at night, in her dreams, she moans about the white roses that grew so thick in the low meadows just west of where we used to live. They were just like these, and Mary used to weave wreaths of them every day. Oh, dear! if she could only see it!"

"Mamma," whispered Enna, while her blue eyes were moist with tears, and she pulled her mother's dress, "please give the rose to the little boy for his sick sister; I do not want it now."

"My good child," and the mother's tremulous lips dropped to Enna's forehead, "God will reward you for this."

"Do you mean it, ma'am? do you really mean that I shall take this to Mary?" questioned the child, while his deep eyes grew radiant with joy, as Mrs. Willis placed the precious branch in his hand. "Oh! how glad she will be;" and, at the thought of his sister's great delight, the little heart gave way, and the tears dashed over the boy's brown lashes.

It was New Year's night. Very beautiful looked Enna Willis, in her pink dress and shining hair, amid which her mother's tasteful fingers had twined a few green leaves, as she put up her little ripe lips for a parting kiss, before she started for her schoolmate's soiree.

At that moment the door opened, and the little stranger boy entered. His face was very white, as he glided up to Mrs. Willis and said, "Mary is dying, and she has sent for the little girl who gave her the white rose. Please ma'am, may she come, and will you come with her?"

* * * * * * *

"I've brought them, Mary; I've brought them!" cried the boy, eagerly, as he ushered his guests into the chamber, where the light flickered, with a strange, wan smile, over the bare walls and the old chair. A pale, grief-worn woman tottered forward, and led them towards a bed in the corner. The sick child lifted her head. It was a very beautiful one, with its brown hair and blue eyes, but the child of death was in it.

"Come nearer," she said, faintly; "for, somehow, my eyes are growing blind;" and the little cold fingers closed around Enna's. "I held it all day, and at night went to sleep with it in my hands. Yesterday, the leaves dropped away; but an angel came to me and said, 'Don't cry for the rose, Mary. In a little while you shall come to me and gather fairer ones.' Oh! I see them! I see them!" and the light surged once more into those blue eyes, and lighted up the rigid features with exceeding glory. "They are growing there, thousands and thousands of them, by a great shining river, and the angel stands there, and his white robe flows, in great shining folds, to his feet. Mother, Charlie, good-bye! Little girl, for that white rose you gave me, I will weave you a crown of those that blossom up there. They are larger and fairer, and I will have it ready when you come, and you shall wear it in that bright world."

The brown head sank back; the light went out from those blue eyes; and Mary had gone to braid Enna's rose wreath in the great meadow lands of Heaven.

### An Item for the Home Circle.

Somebody says, and truly, too, that there are few families anywhere, in which love is not abused, as furnishing the license for impoliteness. A husband, father, or brother, will speak harsh words to those he loves best, simply because the security of love and family pride keeps him from getting his head broken. It is a shame that a man will speak more impolitely, at times, to his wife or sister than he would to any other female, except a low, vicious one. It is thus that the honest affections of a man's nature prove to be a weaker protection to a woman in the family circle than the restraints of society, and that a woman is usually indebted for the kindnesses of life to those not belonging to her own household. This ought not to be so. The man who, because it will not be resented, inflicts his spleen and bad humor upon those at his own hearthstone, is a very small and a very mean man. Kind words are circulating mediums between true gentlemen and ladies at home, and no polish exhibited in society can atone for the harsh language and disrespectful treatment too often indulged in between those bound together by God's own ties of blood, and the more sacred bonds of conjugal love.

### Courting in a Hurry.

Why, you see, when my man came a courting me, I had not the least thought of what he was after—not I. Jobie came to our house one night, after dark, and rapped at the door. I opened it, and, sure enough, there stood Jobie, right before my face and eyes. "Come in," sez I, "an' take a cheer." "No, Lizzie," sez he, "I've come on an arrant, an' I always do my arrants fust." "But you had better come in an' take a cheer, Mr. W——." "No, I can't. The fact is, Lizzie, I've come on this cortin' business. My wife's been dead these three weeks, and everything is going to rack an' ruin right straight along. Now, Lizzie, ef you'll hev me, and take keer of my house and my children and things, tell me, and I'll come in and take a chair; ef not, I'll get some one else to." Why, I was skeered, and sed—"If you come on this cortin' business, come in; I must think on't a little." "No, I can't till I know. That's my arrant, an' I can't sit down till my arrant's done." "I should like to think on't a day or two." "No, you needn't, Lizzie." "Well, Jobie, if I must I must—so here's to you, then." So, Mr. W—— came in. Then he went after the Squire, and he married us right off; and I went home with Jobie that very nite. I tell you what it is; these long courtins don't amount to nothin' at all. Just as well do it in a hurry.

### What Thou Doest Do Quickly.

Quick, young man! Life is short. A great work is before you, and you have no time to lose. If you would succeed in business, win your way to honor, you must work quickly. The slaggard dies; the wheels of time roll over him and crush him while he sleeps. Aim high and work hard. Life is worth the living, death worth the dying, because worth the gaining.

Quick, ye men of might in the road of life! Your life is more than half gone already.—You are going down the hill, and the shadows are beginning to fall around you. If you have aught to do before you die, do it quickly. The morning has fled; mid-day has passed, and the night cometh.

Quick, ye aged men, quick! Once you thought three score years and ten to be an endless time, and that they could never pass away. They have come, and they have gone, and what have they left? Have you left any work undone? Have you come to infirmities and trembling, with no preparation for death? Ah! quick, ye aged fathers and grey-hearded sires. Already are the messengers of death beginning to tender their services to bring you to the sepulchres of your fathers.

THE EYES.—Those who wish to put far off the evil day of *spectacles*, should accustom themselves to long views. The eye is always relieved, and sees better, if, after reading a while, we direct the sight to some far-distant object, even for a minute. Great travellers and hunters are seldom near-sighted. Humboldt at eighty-seven could read unaided.—Sailors discern objects at a great distance with considerable distinctness, when a common eye sees nothing at all. One is reported to have such an acute sight, that he could tell when he was going to see an object. On one occasion, when the ship was in a sinking condition, and all were exceedingly anxious for a sight of land, he reported from the lookout that he could not exactly see the shore, but he could pretty near do it.

CLOVES.—The clove plant is a native of the beautiful Molucca Islands. It is reckoned the most precious of all their productions.—The part of the plant used as a spice is the unopened flower buds, which are carefully gathered and dried for exportation. No plant or part of a plant contains so much essential oil as cloves. This oil is useful in medicine.

### Fun not confined to Man.

Small birds chase each other about in play but, perhaps the conduct of the crane and trumpeter is the most extraordinary. The latter stands on one leg, hops about in the most eccentric manner, and throws somersets. We call it the mad bird, on account of these singularities. Water birds, such as ducks and geese, dive after each other, and clear the surface of the water with outstretched neck and flapping wings, throwing abundant spray around. Deer often engage in a sham battle, or trial of strength, by twisting their horns together and pushing for the mastery. All animals pretending violence in their play, stop short of exercising it; the dog takes the greatest precaution not to injure by his bite; and the ourang outang, in wrestling with his keeper, pretends to throw him, and makes feints of biting him. Some animals carry out their play the semblance of catching their prey; young cats, for instance, leap after every small and moving object, even to the leaves strewed by the autumn wind; they crouch and steal forward, ready for the spring, the body quivering, and the tail vibrating with emotion, they bound on the moving leaf, and again spring forward to another. Benger saw young jagars and congars playing with round substances, like kittens. Birds of the magpie kind are the analogues of monkeys: full of mischief, play and mimicry. There is a story of a tame magpie, that was seen busily employed in a garden, gathering pebbles, and with much solemnity and a studied air, burying them in a hole made to receive a post. After dropping each stone it cried "currack!" triumphantly, and set off for another. On examining the spot, a poor toad was found in the hole, which the magpie was stoning for his amusement.

THE JASMINE.—We are told that a duke of Tuscany was the first possessor of this pretty shrub in Europe; and he was so jealously fearful lest others should enjoy what he alone wished to possess, that strict injunctions were given to his gardener not to give a slip, not so much as a flower, to any person. To this command the gardener would have been faithful, had not Love wounded him by the sparkling eye of a fair but portionless peasant girl, whose want of a little dowry, and his poverty, alone kept them from the hymenial altar. On the birthday of his mistress, he presented her with a nosegay; and, to render the bouquet more acceptable, ornamented it with a branch of jasmine. The *povera figlia*, wishing to preserve the bloom of this new flower, put it into fresh earth, and the branch remained green all the year. In the following spring, it grew and was covered with flowers. It flourished and multiplied so much under the fair nymph's cultivation that she was able to amass a little fortune from the sale of the precious gift which love had given her; when, with a sprig of jasmine in her breast, she bestowed her hand and wealth on the happy gardener of her heart. And the Tuscan girls, to this day, preserve the remembrance of this adventure, by invariably wearing a nosegay of jasmine on their wedding day; and they have a proverb, which says that a young girl worthy of wearing this nosegay is rich enough to make the fortune of a husband.—*Notes and Queries.*

A SCOTCH WIDOW.—The clerk of a large parish, not five miles from Bridgenorth, Scotland, perceiving a female in a widow's garb crossing a churchyard, with a watering-can and bundle, had the curiosity to follow her; and he discovered her to be Mrs. Smith, whose husband had not long been interred. The following conversation took place:—

"Ah, Mrs. Smith, what are you doing with your watering can?"

"Why, Mr. Prince, I have begged a few hay seeds, which I have in my humble, and am going to sow them upon my poor husband's grave, and have brought a little water with me to make them spring."

"You have no occasion to do that, as the grass will soon grow upon it," replied the clerk.

"Ah, Mr. Prince, that may be; but do you not know, my husband, who now lies here, made me promise him, on his death-bed, I would never marry again till the grass had grown over his grave? and, having a good offer made me, I dinna wish to break my word, or be kept as I am."

DIPTHERIA.—A physician who has treated over one thousand cases of diptheria and never lost a single patient, says his treatment consists in thoroughly swabbing the back of the mouth and throat with a wash made thus: Table salt, 2 drachms; black pepper, golden seal, nitrate of potash, alum, 1 drach each.—Mix and pulverize; put into a tea-cup, which half fill with boiling water; stir well, and then fill up with good vinegar. Use every half hour, one, two, and three hours, as recovery progresses. The patient may swallow a little each time. Apply 1 oz. each of spirits turpentine, sweet oil, and aqua ammonia, mixed, to the whole of the throat and to the breast bone every four hours, keeping flannel to the part.

☞As a sample of the manner in which the coal monopolists treat the public, it may be noted that, in Cincinnati, the dealers, or some of them, will not lend their carts to the Committee of Council, alleging that they have none. If a customer pays them the $13 or $14 a ton demanded, they find carts last enough, however. Meanwhile, the poor are suffering. "Tommy," said an aged grocery store keeper, as his boy took down the shutters, "is it cold?" "Awful cold, father; the gutters is all froze up," replied Tommy. "Ah, dear me!" said the benevolent old gentleman; "God keep the poor such weather as this—put up the coal another penny, Tommy."

WELL SAID.—A Louisville paper has some answers to correspondents, among which is the following: "Jenny—Ministers are not more addicted to dissipation than men of other professions. A few, of the Kalloch stripe, take gin toddies and liberties with females; but the great majority of them are as good as lawyers and doctors. If you want a true christian, marry an editor."

☞An English writer classifies old maids and old bachelors as "solitary mature men and women who have nothing happening to them."

### Baked Beans.

BY A YANKEE.

Oh, how my heart sighs for my own native land,
Where potatoes, and squashes, and cucumbers grow,
Where cheer and good welcome are always at hand,
And custards and pumpkin pies smoke in a row;
Where puddings the visage of hunger screens,
And what is far dearer—the pot of baked beans!

Let Maryland boast of her dainties profuse—
And large watermelons, and cantelopes fine,
And tortles, and oysters, and terrapin stews,
And soft crabs, high zested with brandy and wine,
Ah, neither my heart from my native land weans,
When smoke on the table a pot of baked beans.

The pot of baked beans, with what pleasure I saw it,
Well season'd, well pork'd, by a rosy faced dame,
And when from the glowing hot oven she'd draw it,
All crispel and well browned to the table it came,
Oh, give me my country—the land of my teens,
Of the dark Indian pudding, and pot of baked beans.

The pot of baked beans! Ah, the muse is too frail
Its taste to descant on—its virtues to tell;
But look at the sons of New England so hale,
And her daughters so rosy, I will tell the full tale.
It will teach thee like me to sigh for the means
Of health and of rapture—the pot of baked beans.

### How Sleep the Brave?

BY WILLIAM COLLINS.

How sleep the brave who sink to rest,
By all their country's wishes blest!
When Spring, with dewy fingers cold,
Returns to deck their hallowed mold,
She there shall dress a sweeter sod
Than Fancy's feet have ever trod.

By fairy hands their knell is rung—
By forms unseen their dirge is sung;
Then Honor comes, a pilgrim gray,
To bless the turf that wraps the clay,
And Freedom shall awhile repair
To dwell a weeping hermit there.

### Precocious Piety.

A Michigan lawyer, who writes a very bad hand, sends us the following:—Several years ago, I was practicing law in one of the many beautiful towns of Wisconsin. One very warm day, while seated in my office at work, I was interrupted by the entrance of a boy, the son of one of my clients, who had walked into town, six miles, in a blazing sun, for the purpose of procuring a Bible. He had been told, he said, that there was a place where they gave them away to people who had no money; he said he had no money, and was very anxious to get one of the books, and asked me to go with him to the place where they were kept. Anxious to encourage him in his early piety, I left the brief on which I was engaged, and went with him over to the stand of a Presbyterian deacon, who had the much coveted books in charge. I introduced him to the deacon, telling him the circumstance. He praised the boy very highly; was delighted to see a young man so early seeking after the truth, &c., &c.; and presented him with the best bound Bible in his collection. Bubby put it in his pocket, and was starting off, when the deacon said: "Now, my son, that you possess what you desired, I suppose that you feel perfectly happy?"—"Well, I do, old hoss; for, between you and I, I know where I can trade it for a plaguey good fiddle!"

A CURE FOR SCANDAL.—Take of good nature, one ounce; of a herb called by the Indians, 'mind your own business,' one ounce; mix with a 'little charity for others,' and two or three sprigs of 'keep your tongue between your teeth;' simmer them together in a vessel called 'circumspection' for a short time, and it will be fit for use. Application—The symptom is, a violent itching in the tongue and roof of the mouth, which invariably takes place when you are in company with a species of animals called gossips. When you feel a bit of the disorder coming on, take a teaspoonful of the mixture; hold it in your mouth, which you will keep closely shut till you get home, and you will find a complete cure. Should you apprehend a relapse, keep a small bottleful about you, and on the slightest symptom repeat the dose.

DIDN'T KNOW MUCH.—A certain green customer, who was a stranger to mirrors, and who stepped into the cabin of one of our ocean steamers, stopped in front of a large pier glass, which he took for a door, and said:—

"I say, mister, when does this here boat start?"

Getting no reply from the dumb reflection before him, he again repeated—

"I say, mister, when does this here boat start?"

Incensed at the still silent figure, he broke out:

"Go to thunder, you sassafras-colored, shock-headed bull-calf; you don't look as though you knew much, anyhow."

☞A veteran church sister was asked by the presiding elder—"How many commandments are there?" "Nine," was the reply. "Sister Peabody," says the elder reprovingly, "have you sat under the preaching of the gospel eight-and-thirty years, and don't know how many commandments there are?" "I know elder," was the answer, 'there used to be ten, but I broke one of them last week, and there ain't but nine left.'

☞Said an Irishman to the telegraph operator, "Do you ever charge anybody for the address in a message?" "No," replied the operator. "And do ye charge for signing his name, sir?" said the customer. "No, sir." "Well, then, will ye please send this? I just want my brother to know I am here," handing the following: "To John M'Flinn——at New York——(signed)——Patrick M'Flinn.' It was sent as a tribute to Patrick's shrewdness.

THE SMALLEST NATION.—The Montauk nation of Indians, once one of the most powerful in America, has dwindled down to five persons. Their present King is Sylvester Pharo. His subjects are Elisha, Bill, Dave, and Stephen. King Pharo does not keep a standing army, declaring that the revenues of his Empire will not admit of it.

☞A pugnacious editor of the allopathic school, up in Vermont, explains the homeopathic theory of the 'similia similibus' by saying, 'if a patient has broken his head, hit him again with a brick-bat.'

☞The strongest man feels the influence of woman's gentlest thoughts, as the mightiest oak quivers in the softest breeze.

### Boy Trials.

We suppose that the first severe trial a boy has to undergo is to submit his will to the old man, whom he is taught to consider his father. To be restrained in-doors at night; to be forbidden to go in swimming five times a day; or to be hindered from pinching the rest of the children just for fun, is an interference with natural and inalienable rights, every way injurious to the feelings. And then, when, upon some overwhelming temptation, the boy asserts his independence of parental control, and receives a "tanning" with a switch from a quince bush, either upon his back or his bare feet, it becomes really a very serious thing. We never could see that the smart of an operation like this was at all assuaged by an affectionate assurance that it was bestowed out of pure love.

The next great trial of that boy is to be obliged, by a cruel master, to sit with the girls at school. This usually comes before the development of those undeniable affinities which, in after life, would tend to make the punishment more endurable. To be pointed out as a "gal-boy;" to be smiled at grimly by the master, who is so far delighted with his own ineffable pleasantry as to give the little boys license to laugh aloud; and to be placed by the side of a girl who has no handkerchief, and no knowledge of the use of that article, is, we submit, a trial of no mean magnitude. Yet we have been there, and have been obliged to "sit up close" with big Rachel, laughing and blushing, till we came to hate her name. We wonder where the overgrown, frowsy creature is now, and what the condition of her head is?—*Dr. Holland.*

### Volcanoes.

In the year 1759, during an eruption of the volcano Jomblo, in Mexico, lava 500 feet thick was thrown up, and 68 years after it was found smoking sufficiently hot to light a cigar. In 1763 two streams of lava, one 15 miles broad by 50 long, and the other 7 miles broad by 40 long, and varying in depth from 100 to 600 feet, were thrown up by a volcano in Iceland. This mass would cover the city of New York with a mountain rivalling in height the peak of Teneriffe, which is a little over 12,000 feet high. In 1691 a putrid fever prevailed at Itawa., in South America, from the dead fish thrown up by the volcano of Imbamburu. A. D. 472, 473, ashes from Vesuvius fell into Constantinople, Syria, Egypt. In 1815 the sun was obscure and the streets and houses in Java strewed with ashes from Tomboro to Sumbowa, a distance of 300 miles. They were also found floating on the ocean more than 1000 miles distant, forming a stratum 2 feet thick and almost impassable by ships.

It was not a stream of lava from Vesuvius, but simply its ashes, that buried the cities of Pompeii and Herculaneum. And this same volcano in 1777 threw jets of lava a perpendicular distance of 10,000 feet. During an eruption of Cotopaxi, a block of stone weighing more than 200 tons, was thrown a distance of nine miles.

MILTON ON PARROT GUNS.—The Toronto Globe, referring to the enormous artillery used by us in the proceedings against Charleston, says:

"Cannon so enormous that Milton could conceive them as being alone used by supernatural beings, deep-throated engines—

'Whose roar
Embowelled with outrageous noise the air,
And all her entrails tore, disgorging from
Their devilish glut, chained thunderbolts and hell
Of iron globes'—

have been pressed into the service of mortals of this present year, eighteen hundred and sixty-three." Verily, the great poet must have had a vision of a first class Yankee bombardment.

SOLVED AT LAST.—"What is the reason that men never kiss each other, while the ladies waste a world of kisses on feminine faces?" said the Captain to Gussie, the other day, up at Normal. Gussie cogitated a minute, and then answered: "Because the men have something better to kiss, and the women haven't." The Captain "saw it" immediately.

TO STOP BLEEDING.—A correspondent of the American Agriculturist writes:—'Bleeding from a wound in man or beast may be stopped by a mixture of wheat flour and common salt in two parts, bound on with a cloth. If the bleeding is profuse, use a large quantity, say from one to three pints It may be left on for hours, or even days, if necessary.'

☞A little boy once said to his aunt, "Aunty, I should think that Satan must be an awful trouble to God." "He must be trouble enough, indeed, I should think," she answered. "I don't see how he came to turn out so, when there was no *devil to put him up to it.*"

☞The following toast was recently proposed at a fireman's dinner, which was received with showers of applause:—"The Ladies—Their eyes kindle the only flames which we cannot extinguish, and against which *there is no insurance.*"

WHAT COL. BENTON SAYS.—"Whenever you will show me a man with the word 'No party' in his mouth, I will show you a man who figures at the head or dangles at the tail of the most inveterate party that ever existed." That's so.

☞"Didn't you guarantee, sir, that this horse would not shy before the fire of the enemy?"

"No more he won't—'tisn't till after the fire that he shies."

☞It is a solemn thought connected with middle age, that life's last business is commenced in earnest.

☞England's dogs bring over a million sterling into the treasury in taxes.

☞There are two things which you should not borrow—trouble and a newspaper.

☞It is a very easy thing for a man to be wise for other people.

☞Three things to love—courage, gentleness and affectionateness.

☞Be faithful to your employer.

# Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, DEC. 5, 1863.


### Our Annual Dun!

All persons indebted to this office for subscriptions, advertising, or job-work, are requested to make payment before the first of January, 1864. Subscribers will receive bills in their papers before that time, and prompt remittance is expected.

THE army of the Potomac, which advanced against Lee, last week, with a great flourish of trumpets, after crossing the Rapidan and pushing on a few miles, has returned to its old camp ground at Brandy Station, this side of the Rappahannock, having lost a thousand men in the enterprise and accomplished nothing. General Meade, like the King of France, has "marched up the hill and then marched down again." Winter quarters are now talked of for the army.

A second attempt to capture Knoxville was made by Gen. Longstreet on Sunday. An assault was made on Fort Saunders, with a repulse and loss of 300 men. Longstreet is said to be retreating, while our forces are in pursuit, and there is a prospect that he will be seriously damaged before getting out of the way.

Gold has gone up from 148 to 151 within a day or two.

### How It Will Be Done.

Those who expect a sudden collapse of the rebellion will, probably, be disappointed. It will wear itself out as it grew—not suddenly, but slowly. Those who reckoned that the traitors would be subdued in three months, are now satisfied that three years, at the shortest, will not be a long time in restoring peace. The inflation of currency and general prosperity which has followed the outbreak of the war would meet with a terrible recoil were peace to be suddenly restored. A million of men employed in carrying on this war would find themselves thrown back upon their own resources, and without employment. Prices would suddenly fall, and bankruptcy would engulf thousands of business men. But the keenest observer of events does not find any ground for such fears. We shall return to the old ways of peace in a manner that will ease the load from our shoulders without any excessive strain or break. From all experience of the past, says the N. Y. Times, we may safely conclude that we shall have no suddenly decisive victories over the rebels. We shall gain our advantages in the future, as we have in the past, by sheer *momentum;* by weight slowly moving. We shall wear them out, and push them out, and never lose an inch we have gained. We shall show no world-compelling genius, nor win any world-renowned battles; but we shall try the strain of Northern tenacity against Southern dash. We shall tire our enemy out. They will be forced into narrow and narrower limits. Gen. Grant will, next spring, in all probability, cut the Confederacy in two, through Georgia. The last battles and the last guerilla combats will, not improbably, be on the soil of the State which first threw down the gauge of combat. Still, such results demand time—one or two years. They will be heralded by the gradual reduction of our armies and navy, and the slow diminution of manufactures for the Government. Prices will slowly fall, and the resumption of specie payments be very gradual in its approach. The country will have time to prepare for the change; and, though the apparent losses will be great, the real losses will be slight, and the shock scarcely appreciable.

SPRINGFIELD.—The municipal election of Springfield occurs next Monday, and a well-developed opposition to the present mayor, who will be a candidate for re-election, is showing itself. The seeds of discontent sown in the wholesale bolting at the election of representatives, have taken root, and will spring up to torment prominent republicans who were engaged in that unrighteous cause. Ex-mayor Stephen C. Bemis has been nominated by a respectable number of citizens as Mr. Alexander's successor, and among those who endorse him is Wm. C. Sturtevant, representative against whom a portion of his party bolted.—Other candidates are talked of, but the contest will be between Alexander and Bemis. The latter is a formidable opponent, but the successful administration of the former will be a powerful help towards his re-election. The city has never been better governed than during the past year, while its streets, during the same period, have been greatly improved. It would be a serious loss to Springfield not to continue the services of a servant who has labored so earnestly and energetically for everything that pertains to the welfare of the city.

MURDERER HUNG.—Peter E. Slocum, a former employee of the Bath Hotel, at Long Branch, was executed in the Monmouth county jail, at Freehold, N. J., on Friday, last week, for the murder of his wife by shooting in July last. He denied his guilt, but expressed himself resigned to his fate, which he met with remarkable fortitude. It was proved on the trial that he was in love with his wife's sister, with whom he had been on terms of improper intimacy, and this was the supposed motive to the murder.

ESCAPE OF THE GUERRILLA CHIEF, JOHN MORGAN.—The rebel guerrilla chief John Morgan, and five of his captains escaped from the penitentiary at Columbus, Ohio, Saturday night, and got safely away into Canada. They got out by cutting under the wall of their cell with pocket knives. It is thought they were aided by copperheads in that vicinity. Morgan telegraphed from Canada to Columbus Tuesday morning, announcing his safe arrival there. P. S. The telegram from Canada was a hoax.

ROYAL ILLNESS.—Illness is troubling big people in Europe. The Empress of Russia is so ill that she is not expected to recover. The French Emperor, not long ago, had so severe a fit of colic, that he was insensible for an hour. The Russian lady's death, would lead only to the loss of an estimable woman, and would be principally felt by her family; but the death of the chief of France would not improbably, throw the European world into confusion. The King of Denmark is dangerously sick.

## THE LATEST WAR NEWS!

### AN ADVANCE AND RETREAT!

Gen. Meade, with the Potomac Army, started towards Richmond on Thursday, last week, crossing the Rapidan and forming in line of battle. In the afternoon, a skirmish occurred with Hill's rebel corps, which continued till dark. On Friday, a cavalry fight took place; and, as on the day before, the rebels fell back. Gen. Meade struck out boldly towards the enemy, leaving his rear unprotected; and the rails of the Alexandria road were torn up and carried to Alexandria. On Saturday morning the army advanced to within four miles of Orange Court House. The enemy retreated to Mine Run, the valley of which separated the two armies. Gen. Meade found the rebels strongly entrenched on the opposite side, and the way impeded by impassable swamps. Gen. Lee is believed to have not more than 50,000 men, his army having been weakened to reinforce Bragg at Chattanooga.

Up to Tuesday noon, no battle had taken place, and it was reported that Gen. Meade had fallen back, re-crossing the Rappahannock. Another report says that Meade had fallen back on Fredericksburg, and his grand campaign was ended. This threatened attack may have been a feint, to prevent Lee from further reinforcing Gen. Bragg, while Grant follows him into the heart of Georgia; or it may be with a view to change the base of the Potomac Army to Fredericksburg or the James River. At any rate, nothing of importance has yet resulted from the movement.

### TENNESSEE AND GEORGIA.

The succession of Gen. Grant's battles, last week, with Bragg, resulted in the capture of sixty cannon, 7000 prisoners, and a large number of small arms. The last attack was by Gen. Hooker, on Bragg's rear, at Ringgold, when he inflicted a good deal of damage on the retreating rebels. Bragg has retreated to Tunnel Hill, more than twenty-five miles from Chattanooga. Grant's forces are now lying in wait for Longstreet, who has been besieging Gen. Burnside at Knoxville, and it will be a miracle if he gets back to Virginia or Georgia without the loss of a large part of his army.

The siege of Knoxville is believed to have been raised, since the rear of Longstreet became threatened. An attempt of the rebel General to cross the Tennessee, with the apparent intention of retreating to Virginia, on Sunday, was handsomely repulsed by Burnside, who captured a whole division of 5000 men. The pursuit of Bragg is, probably, ended for the present. An order from Bragg, on the 26th, recalled Longstreet from before Knoxville, and he is now trying to get to Dalton by a roundabout road. The situation, all the way from Knoxville to Bridgeport, is all that our side can desire. News from Burnside is to the 26th. The northern part of Knoxville had been burned.

### FROM CHARLESTON.

The bombardment of Sumter and other rebel forts is kept up by Gen. Gillmore. Half a dozen shells were recently sent into the city, creating a sensation among the inhabitants and firing several buildings.

A detachment of South Carolina volunteers distinguished itself, last week, by a raid upon the main land.

### TEXAS.

The advices from Gen. Banks' army, in Texas, show that it is making a very successful march. Corpus Christi was captured, on the 15th ult, by Gens. Banks and Dana, who marched upon the place, overland, from Brownsville. Aransas City was attacked, and taken after a very brief resistance. One hundred prisoners and three guns were taken.—The British brig Dashing Wave was captured by the gunboat New London, off the Rio Grande, with a cargo consisting of $70,000 in gold and a large quantity of clothing and medicines, intended for the rebels. The dispatches from Gen. Franklin, in the Teche district, Western Louisiana, report a gallant attack of Gen. Lee, chief of cavalry in that department, upon the rebel Camp Pratt, on the 19th ult, in which the Union troops captured 100 of the enemy, and killed 40, taking all their arms and equipage. In New Orleans, a building used for a colored school had been burned by rebel incendiaries.

### OTHER NEWS.

The rebels report a victory in the Valley of Virginia, at Mount Jackson, where 800 Yankees were whipped by a handful of Confederates, and lost 12 killed, 18 wounded, and 11 prisoners. Among the killed, they report a correspondent of the Baltimore American, known as "Grape Shot." All this took place on the 16th ult.

Gen. Burnside's force, including the East Tennessee levies, amounts to about 20,000 men. He has plenty of guns and ammunition, and some of the best batteries in the service, including one of 20 pound Parrots.

Col. Grass' brigade was left on the old battle-field at Chickamauga, burying our dead, a large number of whom had been left by the rebels uncovered since Sept. 20th.

The surgeons who have just been released from the horrors of the Richmond prisons, publish a statement, which has been officially presented to the Government, of the cruel treatment to which our captives are subjected. It is a thrilling chapter of human suffering and unmitigated barbarism.

DECLINED.—To save our prisoners from being actually starved to death Gen Meredith made a proposition to the rebel Commissioner Ould to exchange 12,000 well fed rebels for starved men. This humane offer was declined the rebel insisting that the other matters of difference should be first adjusted.

COTTON AT ATLANTA.—The letter writers and telegraphers have a wild story about the quantity of cotton at Atlanta, which they report at two million bales. If they had said two hundred thousand, it might have been within the limits of possibility, though 20,000 would be more within the bounds of probability.

☞ A new meaning for Chattanooga in Cherokee is announced. The word, according to this last version, means "fish-taking." We see that that eminent "fisher of men," Gen. Grant, has taken many of those loose fish the rebels, who were near Chattanooga.

LARGE SEIZURE OF NEGROES IN CUBA.—Eleven hundred Africans, landed by a slaver on the south end of Cuba, were seized by the authorities of that island a short time since.

ADVANCE IN WAGES.—The wages of Government employees are to be raised, to correspond with the rise of the necessaries of life.

GOVERNMENT EXPENSES.—It is safe to fix the estimates for the next fiscal year in round numbers at eight hundred millions of dollars. Five hundred millions of this amount will have to be raised either by borrowing or printing money. The present fiscal year ends June 30, 1864. Previous to that date the authority to issue five twenty bonds will have been exhausted and the proceeds disbursed from the Treasury. It is expected that the income of the Internal Revenue Department during the next fiscal year will come up to one hundred and fifty millions of dollars. The income from duties will not be less than $100,000,000 in coin. It will be necessary for the government to borrow largely or issue more currency. It is probable that Mr. Chase will resort to both methods of raising money, that he will issue legal-tender bonds in payment of claims against the government, and that he will also borrow from the people, either through the banks or directly by the sale of bonds.

NOT AN INVITING PLACE.—Mr. Prentice does not give one a very favorable idea of the present population of Memphis. He says that it is the abode of hordes of cotton speculators, adventurers, storekeepers, cyprians, and secessionists. Its chief hotel starves its boarders at the rate of two dollars and a half a day, and the guests, like occasional suitors at law, are remediless. Every body is trying to make money in any manner that is possible. Memphis possesses the carrion and "where the carcass is, there will be eagles gathered together."

ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE.—A desperate attempt was made a few nights since to assassinate a Methodist minister named Orwig, in the streets of New Wilmington, N. J. He was first knocked senseless to the ground, and then an attempt was made to take his life by cutting the jugular vein. The instrument entered just back of the vein, cutting backward, and inflicting a serious if not fatal wound.—He had received previously three different anonymous notes threatening his life, from what source is not known. The perpetrator has not yet been discovered.

WHAT'S TO BE DONE WITH THEM?—Among the prisoners taken by Gen. Grant at Chattanooga, were many that he captured and paroled at Vicksburg. By the usages of war they are entitled to hanging, but they were no doubt forced into service against their will, and their wholesale slaughter would seem to be barbarous. Meantime the rebels refuse to do justice to us in the matter of exchanging prisoners.

ALTERED CURRENCY.—In Secretary Chase's department, on Wednesday last, the alteration of a large quantity of the new fractional currency, from 10 cents to 50 cents, was suddenly discovered. It was effected by splitting the paper on which the two denominations are printed, and pasting the tens on the back of the fifties. A large amount of it was presented for redemption. It was, of course, peremptorily refused.

LEGISLATIVE SEASON.—Europe's legislative season comes about the same time with ours. The Austrian Legislature is in session. The Prussian Chambers have just been opened, and so have those of France, Saxony, and Belgium. The German Diet is sitting, and that of Switzerland also. The British Parliament was to meet on the 1st of December.

BLOWN UP.—The court house at Sidney, Fremont county, Iowa, was blown up on the night of the 19th ult. No one was injured.—Fremont is the extreme southwestern county in the State, and has suffered from Missouri guerillas and their copperhead accomplices, and the work of destruction is attributed to them.

☞ In Alabama, many rebels go for the employment of black troops, and also for emancipation, as a sure means of obtaining foreign recognition of the Confederacy. They are shrewd fellows, and, if the war should last long, theinviews will become common throughout the South, and, perhaps, prove very useful.

☞ A ship belonging to a gentleman named Heaven sailed from the port of Greenock recently, for Canada, with a cargo of coal.—Shortly before she left, it was ascertained that the owner had not sent down sufficient lading for the vessel, and the agent started his clerk by the order, "Telegraph to Heaven for more coal!"

NOTHING BUT A STORY.—The story that the Queen of England is to marry again is, probably, a mere invention of the gossips, though there would be no harm in her marrying should she find a man to suit her; but the English are indignant at the mere circulation of the rumor.

NO MERCY TO FEMALES.—Two sisters have been sentenced to the gallows, in Warsaw; and a number of ladies, some of them young girls, and all persons of good position in society, have been transported. Gen. Berg, who has taken Grand Duke Constantine's place, is carrying things with a high and a harsh hand.

☞ Wednesday, the 25th ult., completed eighty years since the British forces left New York, a proceeding which closed what is specifically called the American Revolution. The federal victory won on that day in 1863 will render it doubly memorable.

WANT OF MEN.—Our armies have failed, eloquent speakers assure us, from lack or want of men. They are right. Several men have been lacking in foresight, and others have been wanting in energy. But things have changed somewhat.

LARGE APPLE ORCHARD.—Western New York is a sort of Garden of Eden, so far as apples are concerned. It is the Orchard of America, the Cider Land of the New World. Monroe county alone has shipped off 400,000 barrels; and Orleans county about 300,000.

A CHURCH TURNED INTO AN ARMORY.—The church formerly occupied by the Rev. Mr. Nevin's society, situated on Pearl street, Chelsea, is now being altered into an armory.—Some twenty-four feet are being added to its length.

THE WORLD MOVES.—The Missouri Senate has passed a bill repealing the old law prohibiting whites teaching slaves to read and write. The Senate, on a test vote, was tied on the second reading of the bill to call a State Convention.

## A VARIETY OF THINGS.

AUTUMN has faded into winter.
Beware of altered postage currency.
Coal is reported a little cheaper.
Death is relieving our prisoners at Richmond.
European news is not important.
Frenchmen are not doing much in Mexico.
Grant is the greatest general we have.
High prices rule everywhere.
Ice is shutting up northern navigation.
"Jerusalem!" how cold it is!
Knoxville is still held by Gen. Burnside.
Love has brought about many elopements lately.
Money is not quite as plenty as it has been.
Nothing is meaner than a copperhead.
"Onward!" is the word with our armies.
Pay the printer what thou owest him.
Quarrelsome neighbors—the rebels.
Remember the poor this winter.
Slavery is receiving its death blow.
Ten thousand Yankees are in rebel prisons.
Ulysses Grant is greater than ancient Ulysses.
Vallandigham is exhibiting himself in Canada.
Washington is full of people.
Xerxes' army excelled in numbers—ours in valor.
Young, Brigham, has sixty children!
Zealous copperheads are scarcer since elections.

—Lord Palmerston, who appears to be very little concerned about the scandal of which he is the object, spoke at the Lord Mayor of London's banquet, saying that England deplored the existence of civil war in America, and adding that she would have interfered, but that she was convinced of the vanity of intervention.

—Gen. Grant should be called "the cannon taker," for he is uncommonly successful (U. S) in getting hold of the enemy's guns. He must continue his old business of "city taker," and seize Richmond.

—The best way to relieve our men who are in the enemy's hands is to take the places where they are shut up. The rebels are a tribe of lawless scoundrels, with whom it is impossible to keep any terms.

—Blockade runners are now so often captured that there is some hope that we may have an efficient navy, one composed of ships and not of scows, before the war is over.

—The cabinet makers of Cincinnati have refused to work unless they are paid an advance on present rates, which advance their employers refuse to give.

—The Lynchburg Virginian confirms the capture of Bragg's train a few days ago. There were from 500 to 700 wagons, which the Yankees burned in sight of the rebel army.

—Some of the English peasantry took the recent earthquake for a sign that the world was coming to an end, and packed up to emigrate to America to avoid the calamity.

—The rebels are raising the price of bread, which they find it easier to do than to raise bread itself. Their bread is hard, and hard to rise.

WINTER.

"See Winter comes to rule the varied year,
Sullen and sad, with all his rising train,—
Vapors, and clouds, and storms."

—The Nantucket Mirror states that on Monday last four silver quarters, three American and one Spanish, were exhibited, having been taken the previous evening in the collection box at the North Church.

—Connecticut is a just state, as she gives the same bounty to colored recruits as to white ones. That's practical equality.

—There are 500 recruits enlisted for the second Maine cavalry, of whom 300 are now in camp at Augusta. About 500 horses have already been purchased.

—At an enthusiastic meeting held at Westboro, Wednesday evening, the entire quota of the town (32) was raised.

—Mr. Seward's report for congress of diplomatic correspondence since January last, will, it is said, comprise a printed volume of 2,000 pages.

—A $3,500 sword, designed for Gen. Hooker, is on exhibition in New York. It is the gift of his California friends, and is resplendent with gold and jewels.

—The landlords of the three principal hotels in Washington have cleared from $30,000 to $100,000 a year since December, 1861.

—The hotel keepers of New York have petitioned for a special police to arrest hotel thieves.

—"A love of a bonnet" sells in Richmond for $800, confederate currency.

—The "nine months men" are to be included in the next draft.

NARROW ESCAPE.—A schooner lying at the stone dock at Governor's Island, in New York harbor, and having on board two hundred and fifty barrels of powder, took fire on Friday night in the forecastle, by the explosion of some loose powder. The explosion blew down the bulkheads and forced off the hatches. The barrels in the hold being perfectly tight and sealed in the bungs, further injury was escaped.

RETALIATION THREATENED.—Richmond papers state officially that "the Federal agent of exchange notified Judge Ould that if the rations sent to the Federal prisoners (to be distributed under the direction of Capt. Forbes) should not be received, the rations of our prisoners in the hands of the Yankees would be reduced."

RAPE.—Herbert Q. Streeter, of Northampton, a hackman, engaged, on Friday evening, last week, to carry Fannie Harris, a girl of 19, to Hospital Hill; but, instead, he carried her to Easthampton, and committed an outrage upon her in the carriage. He has been arrested, and excuses himself on the ground that the lady made no resistance.

LEAD MINE.—A company, with a capital of $500,000, has commenced operations on the Southampton lead mines, which geologists pronounce to be superior to any in the country, but which have never yielded anything to previous companies who have attempted to work them. There is a prospect, now, that something will be done.

PREPARING FOR WAR.—Sweden is making naval preparations for the Danish-German war. The people of the Duchies of Holstein and Schleswig have invited the Duke of Augustenburg, one of the next relatives of the Danish King, to place himself at their head against Denmark.

STRIFE FOR THE PRESIDENCY.—The strife between the friends of Secretary Chase and President Lincoln, as to whom shall be nominated next spring or summer for the Presidency, is becoming quite animated, and promises a breach of no small dimensions, in due time, in the republican party. The Lincoln party are ahead.

## PALMER AND VICINITY.

WHAT has become of the Farmer's Club that used to hold its meetings in this vicinity?

REPAIRING.—Mr. Granger has opened a repairing shop in connection with his boot and shoe store.

FARMERS should not forget the annual meeting of the Eastern Hampden Agricultural Society, to be held at the Antique house next Monday.

RETURNED.—Dr. E. B. Lyon, having completed his duties as demonstrator of anatomy in the medical college at Pittsfield, has returned to this village to resume his practice.

THE amount raised in Dr. Vaill's church for the Christian Sanitary Commission, Thanksgiving week, was $47.65. It is to be used in relieving starving union prisoners.

NEW FIRM—NEW GOODS.—Wm. R. Parks and Luther H. Arnold have entered into partnership in the manufacture of ladies' waterproof cloth. We have seen some of the cloth, which is a very good article.

PALMER'S QUOTA.—The selectmen are moving in the matter of obtaining volunteers, and now we feel that something will be done.—Three recruits were obtained up to the first of the week, but we do not learn how many have since volunteered.

MISS GOODELL will, no doubt, feel that her lectures are not appreciated, or that our people are lacking in gallantry. Her second attempt at lecturing met with no better success than the first, and she abandoned the enterprise.—Hereafter, Palmerians must take care of their own health, for Miss Goodell won't

REPEATED.—A large number assembled at the Cong. vestry last Sunday evening to listen to the sermon preached by Dr. Vaill on Thanksgiving day, and repeated at the request of a number of his congregation. The discourse was stirring and patriotic, a large portion being discursive of the past, present, and future of the nation.

ARCTIC OWL.—Solomon Squier, the Monson Nimrod, whose exploits in hunting we have chronicled before, shot an arctic owl on Thanksgiving day, which measured five feet from tip to tip of its wings. The plumage was of a beautiful snow-white, with grey dots along the feathers of its wings. It was purchased by H. W. Munger, of this village, who will have it preserved.

A BANK IN PALMER.—There is a movement among our business men to establish a National Bank in this place. One with a capital of $100,000 would easily find stockholders and prove, no doubt, a paying business. What is more, there is great need of a bank here to accommodate the business interests of this vicinity. Let the movement go on to final success.

COMPLETED.—The new room for the post and express offices is now completed, and all who do business at either place must appreciate the increased conveniences. There are now about 400 boxes in the post office, and ample room for all having business there without the necessity of close crowding sometimes known heretofore. We can now boast one of the most convenient, as well as best conducted, post offices in this vicinity.

IN A BAD CONDITION.—A man from Brimfield or Wales, loaded himself too heavily with poor rum, while on a visit to Palmer, Monday. On returning he lost off one wheel to his wagon, but drove on till he reached the railroad crossing at Blanchardville, where he got stuck on the track, and would have obstructed an approaching train had he not been discovered in season. He refused to get out of his wagon, and was taken by force, and placed on his horse's back and sent homeward.

BELCHERTOWN.—The citizens of Belchertown voted in town meeting not to permit their new town house to be used for dancing, it being affirmed that the old one was so weakened by the jarring so received as to cause its fall. A meeting was held to reconsider this vote a few days since, at which "Young America" rallied in such overwhelming numbers as to give a majority of twelve in favor of the repeal of the interdiction. The "Conservatives," however will call another meeting, and try again.

EXPRESS ARRANGEMENTS.—Thompson's Express Co have extended their line over the Amherst, Belchertown & Palmer Railroad; and, at present, Charles F. Bennett, who has been the express agent here for the past six months, is messenger on that line. A. G. Hyde, for many years express messenger between Springfield and Boston, and who was seriously injured by a smash-up last spring, is temporarily acting agent at the express office in this village.

OUR BOYS IN THE 36TH REGIMENT.—We hear bad news from the 36th regiment, in which is the Palmer and Monson company. The regiment is scattered all the way from Louisville, Ky., to Knoxville, Tenn., and of the company that went from Palmer and Monson not more than twenty are able to do duty. A meeting of the citizens of Monson was held a few evenings since to consider the matter and it was decided to send an agent out to look after our men. To do this funds are needed, and we presume there will be no lack of contributors to so worthy an object. If somebody is going to look after our sick and disabled boys, let the right man go—somebody who has a heart and soul larger than a ten cent piece.

"FIGHTING JOE."—Gen. Hooker has vindicated himself from the slanders of his enemies, at the fight in front of Chattanooga. He took the summit of Lookout Mountain, which was considered impregnable by the rebels.

HOGS.—Chicago has, this year, doubled the value of her dead hogs. Last year it was $10,000,000, and now it is $20,000,000. This should rather more than almost persuade Jewish capitalists to become christians.

A BATTLE ABOVE THE CLOUDS.—Quartermaster General Meigs, in his lively account of the three days' conflict before Chattanooga, mentions the notable fact that, in Gen. Hooker's fight up the slopes of Lookout Mountain, "much of the battle was fought *above the clouds*, which concealed him from our view, but from which his musketry was heard." There is on record at least one parallel to this in the campaign of Napoleon in the Carnic Alps, in 1797. The battle of the Col de Tarvis, March 22, 1797, was fought above the clouds—the artillery thundering in the very laboratory of storms and arsenal of the electric batteries—while the cavalry charged and performed their evolutions on the ice, and the infantry floundered to the attack through snow three feet deep.

SAD DEATH.—Mrs. Quidor, the wife of a formerly popular physician of Jersey City, died a few days since under the most distressing circumstances. Her husband entered the army recently, leaving her, as he supposed, enough money to keep her comfortable, but through some cause or other the means were soon expended, and the unfortunate woman died in the basement of the house, deserted by all her friends and relatives. Her five children are now left desolate and friendless, as no help can be expected from their remaining parent.

DESERTER IN CANADA.—Joseph Lackey deserted from the Union service, was captured and sentenced to be shot; but, while awaiting execution escaped into Canada. A reward was offered for his re-capture, which induced a Mr. Duclos, of St. Albans, Vt., to cross the line and make the bold attempt to carry Lackey back with him. He got him drunk, and had taken him within eighty rods of the province line, when a party of Canadians and secesh, who had smelled a rat, overtook them and released the deserter.

FEROCIOUS ASSAULT UPON A WAR WIDOW.—The wife of John Bastick, at South Woodstock, Ct., last week, made an assault upon a war widow, living in the same house, evidently intending to inflict a blow upon her head with a hatchet, but was prevented by a sudden dodge of her victim, which caused the weapon to hit her in the side, cutting through her clothes and making a flesh wound three or four inches in length. Rum and jealousy were the causes of the quarrel.

CURIOUS SCENE IN A CHURCH.—In the First Presbyterian Church in Newburyport, on Thanksgiving Day, a deacon of the church was highly indignant at the singing of the "President's Hymn," written by Dr Muhlenberg especially for the occasion. He arose in his seat and demanded by whose authority the hymn was sung, which occasioned a smile to pass over the faces of the congregation. Not receiving a satisfactory answer, he left the church.

FRENCH TOBACCO.—It is expected that a fleet of transports, under escort of a French corvette, will shortly appear in the James River, to take on board between 5,000 and 10,000 hogsheads of tobacco belonging to the French Government, which was bought and paid for prior to the 4th of March, 1861. This is the tobacco which has been the subject of so much diplomatic correspondence between France and the United States. The recent visit of the French Minister to Richmond is supposed to have had to do with this matter.

☞ Three million pairs of metal tips are annually applied to the toes of children's shoes. It is claimed that one pair will outwear three without tips. This would make an annual saving of nearly six million dollars to those who use them, an important item at the present time. An acquaintance, who has three children, informs us that, since he commenced buying metal-tipped shoes (one year ago), he has saved the price of new boots for himself.—*Commercial Bulletin.*

REBEL PRISONERS.—Some five hundred applications have recently been filed by rebel prisoners, at Chicago, for permission to take the oath of allegiance. Many of these applicants write in strong terms of censure against the secession government, and state that they were drafted into the service against their will and good judgment; but, as there is no arrangement at present for allowing prisoners of war to take the oath of allegiance, their labor is in vain.

BRUTAL.—A young man living in Hartford, Conn., with a family which brought him up, recently died, and to save the expenses both of coffin and a burial, his body was placed in a lumber wagon, without shroud or ceremony, other than the blankets which were rudely thrown over it, and thus transported to Middletown, where the friends of the deceased reside.

GOLD AT SAN FRANCISCO TO BE SHIPPED TO EUROPE.—The accumulation of gold in the sub-treasury at San Francisco, received for customs, now amounts to over two million of dollars. This the government has ordered to be shipped to Europe, and bills will be drawn against it and sold in New York.

FRIGHTENED AWAY BY A GIRL.—Two burglars, who entered the house of Rev. Charles R. Lord, at North Easton, Mass., Friday night, were frightened away by a servant girl, who came down stairs and confronted them.

A HOUSE FOR GEN. LEE.—The Common Council of Richmond has recently appropriated sixty thousand dollars for the purchase of a house for Gen. Lee. Meanwhile, the "poor white trash" of the city are starving.

SMALL POX.—Small pox prevails to such an extent in Nashville, Tenn., that an order has been issued from the military headquarters requiring all persons, citizens as well as soldiers to have themselves vaccinated at once.

☞ In order to judge of the suffering endured by Union prisoners in Richmond, it is stated that two thousand of these men have offered to give their parole until the end of the war to save themselves from actual death.

GOING TO BE REPRESENTED.—Mayor Alexander, of Springfield, says he is going to send *three men* to the war, to represent him.

"Insatiate mayor! will not *one* suffice?"

☞ Successful experiments with a great Armstrong gun, throwing shot and shell weighing 550 pounds, have been made.

# Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, DEC. 5, 1863.


### Our Annual Dun!

All persons indebted to this office for subscriptions, advertising, or job-work, are requested to make payment before the first of January, 1864. Subscribers will receive bills in their papers before that time, and prompt remittance is expected.

THE army of the Potomac, which advanced against Lee, last week, with a great flourish of trumpets, after crossing the Rapidan and pushing on a few miles, has returned to its old camp ground at Brandy Station, this side of the Rappahannock, having lost a thousand men in the enterprise and accomplished nothing. General Meade, like the King of France, has "marched up the hill and then marched down again." Winter quarters are now talked of for the army.

A second attempt to capture Knoxville was made by Gen. Longstreet on Sunday. An assault was made on Fort Saunders, with a repulse and loss of 300 men. Longstreet is said to be retreating, while our forces are in pursuit, and there is a prospect that he will be seriously damaged before getting out of the way.

Gold has gone up from 148 to 151 within a day or two.

### How it Will Be Done.

Those who expect a sudden collapse of the rebellion will, probably, be disappointed. It will wear itself out as it grew—not suddenly, but slowly. Those who reckoned that the traitors would be subdued in three months, are now satisfied that three years, at the shortest, will not be a long time in restoring peace. The inflation of currency and general prosperity which has followed the outbreak of the war would meet with a terrible recoil were peace to be suddenly restored. A million of men employed in carrying on this war would find themselves thrown back upon their own resources, and without employment. Prices would suddenly fall, and bankruptcy would engulf thousands of business men. But the keenest observer of events does not find any ground for such fears. We shall return to the old ways of peace in a manner that will ease the load from our shoulders without any excessive strain or break. From all experience of the past, says the N. Y. Times, we may safely conclude that we shall have no suddenly decisive victories over the rebels. We shall gain our advantages in the future, as we have in the past, by sheer *momentum*; by weight slowly moving. We shall wear them out, and push them out, and never lose an inch we have gained. We shall show no world-compelling genius, nor win any world-renowned battles; but we shall try the strain of Northern tenacity against Southern dash. We shall tire our enemy out. They will be forced into narrow and narrower limits. Gen. Grant will, next spring, in all probability, cut the Confederacy in two, through Georgia. The last battles and the last guerilla combats will, not improbably, be on the soil of the State which first threw down the guage of combat. Still, such results demand time—one or two years. They will be heralded by the gradual reduction of our armies and navy, and the slow diminution of manufactures for the Government. Prices will slowly fall, and the resumption of specie payments be very gradual in its approach. The country will have time to prepare for the change; and, though the apparent losses will be great, the real losses will be slight, and the shock scarcely appreciable.

SPRINGFIELD.—The municipal election of Springfield occurs next Monday, and a well-developed opposition to the present mayor, who will be a candidate for re-election, is showing itself. The seeds of discontent sown in the wholesale bolting at the election of representatives, have taken root, and will spring up to torment prominent republicans who were engaged in that unrighteous cause. Ex-mayor Stephen C. Bemis has been nominated by a respectable number of citizens as Mr. Alexander's successor, and among those who endorse him is Wm. C. Sturtevant, representative against whom a portion of his party bolted.—Other candidates are talked of, but the contest will be between Alexander and Bemis. The latter is a formidable opponent, but the successful administration of the former will be a powerful help towards his re-election. The city has never been better governed than during the past year, while its streets, during the same period, have been greatly improved. It would be a serious loss to Springfield not to continue the services of a servant who has labored so earnestly and energetically for everything that pertains to the welfare of the city.

MURDERER HUNG.—Peter E. Slocum, a former employee of the Bath Hotel, at Long Branch, was executed in the Monmouth county jail, at Freehold, N. J., on Friday, last week, for the murder of his wife by shooting in July last. He denied his guilt, but expressed himself resigned to his fate, which he met with remarkable fortitude. It was proved on the trial that he was in love with his wife's sister, with whom he had been on terms of improper intimacy, and this was the supposed motive to the murder.

ESCAPE OF THE GUERRILLA CHIEF, JOHN MORGAN.—The rebel guerrilla chief John Morgan, and five of his captains escaped from the penitentiary at Columbus, Ohio, Saturday night, and got safely away into Canada. They got out by cutting under the wall of their cell with pocket knives. It is thought they were aided by copperheads in that vicinity. Morgan telegraphed from Canada to Columbus Tuesday morning, announcing his safe arrival there. P. S. The telegram from Canada was a hoax.

ROYAL ILLNESS.—Illness is troubling big people in Europe. The Empress of Russia is so ill that she is not expected to recover. The French Emperor, not long ago, had so severe a fit of colic, that he was insensible for an hour. The Russian lady's death, would lead only to the loss of an estimable woman, and would be principally felt by her family; but the death of the chief of France would not improbably, throw the European world into confusion. The King of Denmark is dangerously sick.

## THE LATEST WAR NEWS!

### AN ADVANCE AND RETREAT!

Gen. Meade, with the Potomac Army, started towards Richmond on Thursday, last week, crossing the Rapidan and forming in line of battle. In the afternoon, a skirmish occurred with Hill's rebel corps, which continued till dark. On Friday, a cavalry fight took place; and, as on the day before, the rebels fell back. Gen. Meade struck out boldly towards the enemy, leaving his rear unprotected; and the rails of the Alexandria road were torn up and carried to Alexandria. On Saturday morning the army advanced to within four miles of Orange Court House. The enemy retreated to Mine Run, the valley of which separated the two armies. Gen. Meade found the rebels strongly entrenched on the opposite side, and the way impeded by impassable swamps. Gen. Lee is believed to have not more than 50,000 men, his army having been weakened to reinforce Bragg at Chattanooga.

Up to Tuesday noon, no battle had taken place, and it was reported that Gen. Meade had fallen back, re-crossing the Rappahannock. Another report says that Meade had fallen back on Fredericksburg, and his grand campaign was ended. This threatened attack may have been a feint, to prevent Lee from further reinforcing Gen. Bragg, while Grant follows him into the heart of Georgia; or it may be with a view to change the base of the Potomac Army to Fredericksburg or the James River. At any rate, nothing of importance has yet resulted from the movement.

### TENNESSEE AND GEORGIA.

The succession of Gen. Grant's battles, last week, with Bragg, resulted in the capture of sixty cannon, 7000 prisoners, and a large number of small arms. The last attack was by Gen. Hooker, on Bragg's rear, at Ringgold, when he inflicted a good deal of damage on the retreating rebels. Bragg has retreated to Tunnel Hill, more than twenty-five miles from Chattanooga. Grant's forces are now lying in wait for Longstreet, who has been besieging Gen. Burnside at Knoxville, and it will be a miracle if he gets back to Virginia or Georgia without the loss of a large part of his army.

The siege of Knoxville is believed to have been raised, since the rear of Longstreet became threatened. An attempt of the rebel General to cross the Tennessee, with the apparent intention of retreating to Virginia, on Sunday, was handsomely repulsed by Burnside, who captured a whole division of 5000 men. The pursuit of Bragg is, probably, ended for the present. An order from Bragg, on the 26th, recalled Longstreet from before Knoxville, and he is now trying to get to Dalton by a roundabout road. The situation, all the way from Knoxville to Bridgeport, is all that our side can desire. News from Burnside is to the 26th. The northern part of Knoxville had been burned.

### FROM CHARLESTON.

The bombardment of Sumter and other rebel forts is kept up by Gen. Gillmore. Half a dozen shells were recently sent into the city, creating a sensation among the inhabitants and firing several buildings.

A detachment of South Carolina volunteers distinguished itself, last week, by a raid upon the main land.

### TEXAS.

The advices from Gen. Banks' army, in Texas, show that it is making a very successful march. Corpus Christi was captured, on the 15th ult, by Gens. Banks and Dana, who marched upon the place, overland, from Brownsville. Aransas City was attacked, and taken after a very brief resistance. One hundred prisoners and three guns were taken.—The British brig Dashing Wave was captured by the gunboat New London, off the Rio Grande, with a cargo consisting of $70,000 in gold and a large quantity of clothing and medicines, intended for the rebels. The dispatches from Gen. Franklin, in the Teche district, Western Louisiana, report a gallant attack of Gen. Lee, chief of cavalry in that department, upon the rebel Camp Pratt, on the 19th ult, in which the Union troops captured 100 of the enemy, and killed 40, taking all their arms and equipage. In New Orleans, a building used for a colored school had been burned by rebel incendiaries.

### OTHER NEWS.

The rebels report a victory in the Valley of Virginia, at Mount Jackson, where 800 Yankees were whipped by a handful of Confederates, and lost 12 killed, 18 wounded, and 11 prisoners. Among the killed, they report a correspondent of the Baltimore American, known as "Grape Shot." All this took place on the 16th ult.

Gen. Burnside's force, including the East Tennessee levies, amounts to about 20,000 men. He has plenty of guns and ammunition, and some of the best batteries in the service, including one of 20 pound Parrots.

Col. Grass' brigade was left on the old battle-field at Chickamauga, burying our dead, a large number of whom had been left by the rebels uncovered since Sept. 20th.

The surgeons who have just been released from the horrors of the Richmond prisons, publish a statement, which has been officially presented to the Government, of the cruel treatment to which our captives are subjected. It is a thrilling chapter of human suffering and unmitigated barbarism.

DECLINED.—To save our prisoners from being actually starved to death Gen Meredith made a proposition to the rebel Commissioner Ould to exchange 12,000 well fed rebels for starved men. This humane offer was declined the rebel insisting that the other matters of difference should be first adjusted.

COTTON AT ATLANTA.—The letter writers and telegraphers have a wild story about the quantity of cotton at Atlanta, which they report at two million bales. If they had said two hundred thousand, it might have been within the limits of possibility, though 20,000 would be more within the bounds of probability.

☞ A new meaning for Chattanooga in Cherokee is announced. The word, according to this last version, means "fish-taking." We see that that eminent "fisher of men," Gen. Grant, has taken many of those loose fish the rebels, who were near Chattanooga.

LARGE SEIZURE OF NEGROES IN CUBA.—Eleven hundred Africans, landed by a slaver on the south end of Cuba, were seized by the authorities of that island a short time since.

ADVANCE IN WAGES.—The wages of Government employees are to be raised, to correspond with the rise of the necessaries of life.

GOVERNMENT EXPENSES.—It is safe to fix the estimates for the next fiscal year in round numbers at eight hundred millions of dollars. Five hundred millions of this amount will have to be raised either by borrowing or printing money. The present fiscal year ends June 30, 1864. Previous to that date the authority to issue five twenty bonds will have been exhausted and the proceeds disbursed from the Treasury. It is expected that the income of the Internal Revenue Department during the next fiscal year will come up to one hundred and fifty millions of dollars. The income from duties will not be less than $100,000,000 in coin. It will be necessary for the government to borrow largely or issue more currency. It is probable that Mr. Chase will resort to both methods of raising money, that he will issue legal-tender bonds in payment of claims against the government, and that he will also borrow from the people, either through the banks or directly by the sale of bonds.

NOT AN INVITING PLACE.—Mr. Prentice does not give one a very favorable idea of the present population of Memphis. He says that it is the abode of hordes of cotton speculators, adventurers, shrekeepers, cyprians, and secessionists. Its chief hotel starves its boarders at the rate of two dollars and a half a day, and the guests, like occasional suitors at law, are remediless. Every body is trying to make money in any manner that is possible. Memphis possesses the carrion and "where the carcass is, there will be eagles gathered together."

ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE.—A desperate attempt was made a few nights since to assassinate a Methodist minister named Orwig, in the streets of New Wilmington, N. J. He was first knocked senseless to the ground, and then an attempt was made to take his life by cutting the jugular vein. The instrument entered just back of the vein, cutting backward, and inflicting a serious if not fatal wound.—He had received previously three different anonymous notes threatening his life, from what source is not known. The perpetrator has not yet been discovered.

WHAT'S TO BE DONE WITH THEM?—Among the prisoners taken by Gen. Grant at Chattanooga, were many that he captured and paroled at Vicksburg. By the usages of war they are entitled to hanging, but they were no doubt forced into service against their will, and their wholesale slaughter would seem to be barbarous. Meantime the rebels refuse to do justice to us in the matter of exchanging prisoners.

ALTERED CURRENCY.—In Secretary Chase's department, on Wednesday last, the alteration of a large quantity of the new fractional currency, from 10 cents to 50 cents, was suddenly discovered. It was effected by splitting the paper on which the two denominations are printed, and pasting the tens on the back of the fifties. A large amount of it was presented for redemption. It was, of course, peremptorily refused.

LEGISLATIVE SEASON.—Europe's legislative season comes about the same time with ours. The Austrian Legislature is in session. The Prussian Chambers have just been opened, and so have those of France, Saxony, and Belgium. The German Diet is sitting, and that of Switzerland also. The British Parliament was to meet on the 1st of December.

BLOWN UP.—The court house at Sidney, Fremont county, Iowa, was blown up on the night of the 19th ult. No one was injured.—Fremont is the extreme southwestern county in the State, and has suffered from Missouri guerillas and their copperhead accomplices, and the work of destruction is attributed to them.

☞ In Alabama, many rebels go for the employment of black troops, and also for emancipation, as a sure means of obtaining foreign recognition of the Confederacy. They are shrewd fellows, and, if the war should last long, their views will become common throughout the South, and, perhaps, prove very useful.

☞ A ship belonging to a gentleman named Heaven sailed from the port of Greenock recently, for Canada, with a cargo of coal.—Shortly before she left, it was ascertained that the owner had not sent down sufficient lading for the vessel, and the agent started his clerk by the order, "Telegraph to Heaven for more coal!"

NOTHING BUT A STORY.—The story that the Queen of England is to marry again is, probably, a mere invention of the gossips, though there would be no harm in her marrying should she find a man to suit her; but the English are indignant at the mere circulation of the rumor.

NO MERCY TO FEMALES.—Two sisters have been sentenced to the gallows, in Warsaw; and a number of ladies, some of them young girls, and all persons of good position in society, have been transported. Gen. Berg, who has taken Grand Duke Constantine's place, is carrying things with a high and a harsh hand.

☞ Wednesday, the 25th ult., completed eighty years since the British forces left New York, a proceeding which closed what is specifically called the American Revolution. The federal victory won on that day in 1863 will render it doubly memorable.

WANT OF MEN.—Our armies have failed, eloquent speakers assure us, from lack or want of men. They are right. Several men have been lacking in foresight, and others have been wanting in energy. But things have changed somewhat.

LARGE APPLE ORCHARD.—Western New York is a sort of Garden of Eden, so far as apples are concerned. It is the Orchard of America, the Cider Land of the New World. Monroe county alone has shipped off 400,000 barrels; and Orleans county about 300,000.

A CHURCH TURNED INTO AN ARMORY.—The church formerly occupied by the Rev. Mr. Nevin's society, situated on Pearl street, Chelsea, is now being altered into an armory.—Some twenty-four feet are being added to its length.

THE WORLD MOVES.—The Missouri Senate has passed a bill repealing the old law prohibiting whites teaching slaves to read and write. The Senate, on a test vote, was tied on the second reading of the bill to call a State Convention.

## A VARIETY OF THINGS.

AUTUMN has faded into winter.
Beware of altered postage currency.
Coal is reported a little cheaper.
Death is relieving our prisoners at Richmond.
European news is not important.
Frenchmen are not doing much in Mexico.
Grant is the greatest general we have.
High prices rate everywhere.
Ice is shutting up northern navigation.
"Jerusalem!" how cold it is!
Knoxville is still held by Gen. Burnside.
Love has brought about many elopements lately.
Money is not quite as plenty as it has been.
Nothing is meaner than a copperhead.
"Onward!" is the word with our armies.
Pay the printer what thou owest him.
Quarrelsome neighbors—the rebels.
Remember the poor this winter.
Slavery is receiving its death blow.
Ten thousand Yankees are in rebel prisons.
Ulysses Grant is greater than ancient Ulysses.
Vallandigham is exhibiting himself in Canada.
Washington is full of people.
Xerxes' army excelled in numbers—ours in valor.
Young, Brigham, has sixty children!
Zealous copperheads are scarcer since elections.

—Lord Palmerston, who appears to be very little concerned about the scandal of which he is the object, spoke at the Lord Mayor of London's banquet, saying that England deplored the existence of civil war in America, and adding that she would have interfered, but that she was convinced of the vanity of intervention.

—Gen. Grant should be called "the cannon taker," for he is abnormally successful (U. S.) in getting hold of the enemy's guns. He must continue his old business of "city taker," and seize Richmond.

—The best way to relieve our men who are in the enemy's hands is to take the places where they are shut up. The rebels are a tribe of lawless scoundrels, with whom it is impossible to keep any terms.

—Blockade runners are now so often captured that there is some hope that we may have an efficient navy, one composed of ships and not of scows, before the war is over.

—The cabinet makers of Cincinnati have refused to work unless they are paid an advance on present rates, which advance their employers refuse to give.

—The Lynchburg Virginian confirms the capture of Bragg's train a few days ago. There were from 500 to 700 wagons, which the Yankees burned in sight of the rebel army.

—Some of the English peasantry took the recent earthquake for a sign that the world was coming to an end, and packed up to emigrate to America to avoid the calamity.

—The rebels are raising the price of bread, which they find it easier to do than to raise bread itself. Their bread is hard, and hard to rise.

WINTER.

"See Winter comes to rule the varied year,
Sullen and sad, with all his rising train—
Vapors, and clouds, and storms."

—The Nantucket Mirror states that on Monday last four silver quarters, three American and one Spanish, were exhibited, having been taken the previous evening in the collection box at the North Church.

—Connecticut is a just state, as she gives the same bounty to colored recruits as to white ones. That's practical equality.

—There are 500 recruits enlisted for the second Maine cavalry, of whom 300 are now in camp at Augusta. About 500 horses have already been purchased.

—At an enthusiastic meeting held at Westborn, Wednesday evening, the entire quota of the town (32) was raised.

—Mr. Seward's report for congress of diplomatic correspondence since January last, will, it is said, comprise a printed volume of 2,000 pages.

—A $3,500 sword, designed for Gen. Hooker, is on exhibition in New York. It is the gift of his California friends, and is resplendent with gold and jewels.

—The landlords of the three principal hotels in Washington have cleared from $30,000 to $100,000 a year since December, 1861.

—The hotel keepers of New York have petitioned for a special police to arrest hotel thieves.

—"A love of a bonnet" sells in Richmond for $800, confederate currency.

—The "nine months men" are to be included in the next draft.

NARROW ESCAPE.—A schooner lying at the stone dock at Governor's Island, in New York harbor, and having on board two hundred and fifty barrels of powder, took fire on Friday night in the forecastle, by the explosion of some loose powder. The explosion blew down the bulkheads and forced off the hatches. The barrels in the hold being perfectly tight and sealed in the bungs, further injury was escaped.

RETALIATION THREATENED.—Richmond papers state officially that "the Federal agent of exchange notified Judge Ould that if the rations sent to the Federal prisoners (to be distributed under the direction of Capt. Forbes) should not be received, the rations of our prisoners in the hands of the Yankees would be reduced."

RAPE.—Herbert Q. Streeter, of Northampton, a hackman, engaged, on Friday evening, last week, to carry Fannie Harris, a girl of 19, to Hospital Hill; but, instead, he carried her to Easthampton, and committed an outrage upon her in the carriage. He has been arrested, and excuses himself on the ground that the lady made no resistance.

LEAD MINE.—A company, with a capital of $500,000, has commenced operations on the Southampton lead mines, which geologists pronounce to be superior to any in the country, but which have never yielded anything to previous companies who have attempted to work them. There is a prospect, now, that something will be done.

PREPARING FOR WAR.—Sweden is making naval preparations for the Danish-German war. The people of the Duchies of Holstein and Schleswig have invited the Duke of Augustenburg, one of the next relatives of the Danish King, to place himself at their head against Denmark.

STRIFE FOR THE PRESIDENCY.—The strife between the friends of Secretary Chase and President Lincoln, as to whom shall be nominated next spring or summer for the Presidency, is becoming quite animated, and promises a breach of no small dimensions, in due time, in the republican party. The Lincoln party are ahead.

## PALMER AND VICINITY.

WHAT has become of the Farmer's Club that used to hold its meetings in this vicinity?

REPAIRING.—Mr. Granger has opened a repairing shop in connection with his boot and shoe store.

FARMERS should not forget the annual meeting of the Eastern Hampden Agricultural Society, to be held at the Antique house next Monday.

RETURNED.—Dr. E. B. Lyon, having completed his duties as demonstrator of anatomy in the medical college at Pittsfield, has returned to this village to resume his practice.

THE amount raised in Dr. Vaill's church for the Christian Sanitary Commission, Thanksgiving week, was $47.65. It is to be used in relieving starving union prisoners.

NEW FIRM—NEW GOODS.—Wm. R. Parks and Luther H. Arnold have entered into partnership in the manufacture of ladies' waterproof cloth. We have seen some of the cloth, which is a very good article.

PALMER'S QUOTA.—The selectmen are moving in the matter of obtaining volunteers, and now we feel that something will be done.—Three recruits were obtained up to the first of the week, but we do not learn how many have since volunteered.

MISS GOODELL will, no doubt, feel that her lectures are not appreciated, or that our people are lacking in gallantry. Her second attempt at lecturing met with no better success than the first, and she abandoned the enterprise.—Hereafter, Palmerians must take care of their own health, for Miss Gondell won't

REPEATED.—A large number assembled at the Cong. vestry last Sunday evening to listen to the sermon preached by Dr. Vaill on Thanksgiving day, and repeated at the request of a number of his congregation. The discourse was stirring and patriotic, a large portion being discursive of the past, present, and future of the nation.

ARCTIC OWL.—Solomon Squier, the Monson Nimrod, whose exploits in hunting we have chronicled before, shot an arctic owl on Thanksgiving day, which measured five feet from tip to tip of its wings. The plumage was of a beautiful snow-white, with grey dots along the feathers of its wings. It was purchased by H. W. Munger, of this village, who will have it preserved.

A BANK IN PALMER.—There is a movement among our business men to establish a National Bank in this place. One with a capital of $100,000 would easily find stockholders, and prove, no doubt, a paying business. What is more, there is great need of a bank here to accommodate the business interests of this vicinity. Let the movement go on to final success.

COMPLETED.—The new room for the post and express offices is now completed, and all who do business at either place must appreciate the increased conveniences. There are now about 400 boxes in the post office, and ample room for all having business there without the necessity of close crowding sometimes known heretofore. We can now boast one of the most convenient, as well as best conducted, post offices in this vicinity.

IN A BAD CONDITION.—A man from Brimfield or Wales, loaded himself too heavily with poor rum, while on a visit to Palmer, Monday. On returning he lost off one wheel to his wagon, but drove on till he reached the railroad crossing at Blanchardville, where he got stuck on the track, and would have obstructed an approaching train had he not been discovered in season. He refused to get out of his wagon, and was taken by force, and placed on his horse's back and sent homeward.

BELCHERTOWN.—The citizens of Belchertown voted in town meeting not to permit their new town house to be used for dancing, it being affirmed that the old one was so weakened by the jarring so received as to cause its fall. A meeting was held to reconsider this vote a few days since, at which "Young America" rallied in such overwhelming numbers as to give a majority of twelve in favor of the repeal of the interdiction. The "Conservatives," however, will call another meeting, and try again.

EXPRESS ARRANGEMENTS.—Thompson's Express Co have extended their line over the Amherst, Belchertown & Palmer Railroad; and, at present, Charles F. Bennett, who has been the express agent here for the past six months, is messenger on that line. A. G. Hyde, for many years express messenger between Springfield and Boston, and who was seriously injured by a smash-up last spring, is temporarily acting agent at the express office in this village.

OUR BOYS IN THE 36TH REGIMENT.—We hear bad news from the 36th regiment, in which is the Palmer and Monson company. The regiment is scattered all the way from Louisville, Ky., to Knoxville, Tenn., and of the company that went from Palmer and Monson not more than twenty are able to do duty. A meeting of the citizens of Monson was held a few evenings since to consider the matter and it was decided to send an agent out to look after our men. To do this funds are needed, and we presume there will be no lack of contributors to so worthy an object. If somebody is going to look after our sick and disabled boys, let the right man go—somebody who has a heart and soul larger than a ten cent piece.

"FIGHTING JOE."—Gen. Hooker has vindicated himself from the slanders of his enemies, at the fight in front of Chattanooga. He took the summit of Lookout Mountain, which was considered impregnable by the rebels.

HOGS.—Chicago has, this year, doubled the value of her dead hogs. Last year it was $10,000,000, and now it is $20,000,000. This should rather more than almost persuade Jewish capitalists to become christians.

A BATTLE ABOVE THE CLOUDS.—Quartermaster General Meigs, in his lively account of the three days' conflict before Chattanooga, mentions the notable fact that, in Gen. Hooker's fight up the slopes of Lookout Mountain, "much of the battle was fought *above the clouds*, which concealed him from our view, but from which his musketry was heard." There is on record at least one parallel to this in the campaign of Napoleon in the Carnic Alps, in 1797. The battle of the Col de Tarvis, March 22, 1797, was fought above the clouds—the artillery thundering in the very laboratory of storms and arsenal of the electric batteries—while the cavalry charged and performed their evolutions on the ice, and the infantry floundered to the attack through snow three feet deep.

SAD DEATH.—Mrs. Quidor, the wife of a formerly popular physician of Jersey City, died a few days since under the most distressing circumstances. Her husband entered the army recently, leaving her, as he supposed, enough money to keep her comfortable, but through some cause or other the means were soon expended, and the unfortunate woman died in the basement of the house, deserted by all her friends and relatives. Her five children are now left desolate and friendless, as no help can be expected from their remaining parent.

DESERTER IN CANADA.—Joseph Lackey deserted from the Union service, was captured and sentenced to be shot; but, while awaiting execution escaped into Canada. A reward was offered for his re-capture, which induced a Mr. Duclos, of St. Albans, Vt., to cross the line and make the bold attempt to carry Lackey back with him. He got him drunk, and had taken him within eighty rods of the province line, when a party of Canadians and secesh, who had smelled a rat, overtook them and released the deserter.

FEROCIOUS ASSAULT UPON A WAR WIDOW.—The wife of John Bastick, of South Woodstock, Ct., last week, made an assault upon a war widow, living in the same house, evidently intending to inflict a blow upon her head with a hatchet, but was prevented by a sudden dodge of her victim, which caused the weapon to hit her in the side, cutting through her clothes and making a flesh wound three or four inches in length. Rum and jealousy were the causes of the quarrel.

CURIOUS SCENE IN A CHURCH.—In the First Presbyterian Church in Newburyport, on Thanksgiving Day, a deacon of the church was highly indignant at the singing of the "President's Hymn," written by Dr Muhlenberg especially for the occasion. He arose in his seat and demanded by whose authority the hymn was sung, which occasioned a smile to pass over the faces of the congregation. Not receiving a satisfactory answer, he left the church.

FRENCH TOBACCO.—It is expected that a fleet of transports, under escort of a French corvette, will shortly appear in the James River, to take on board between 5,000 and 10,000 hogsheads of tobacco belonging to the French Government, which was bought and paid for prior to the 4th of March, 1861. This is the tobacco which has been the subject of so much diplomatic correspondence between France and the United States. The recent visit of the French Minister to Richmond is supposed to have had to do with this matter.

☞ Three million pairs of metal tips are annually applied to the toes of children's shoes. It is claimed that one pair will outwear three without tips. This would make an annual saving of nearly six million dollars to those who use them, an important item at the present time. An acquaintance, who has three children, informs us that, since he commenced buying metal-tipped shoes (one year ago), he has saved the price of new boots for himself.—*Commercial Bulletin.*

REBEL PRISONERS.—Some five hundred applications have recently been filed by rebel prisoners, at Chicago, for permission to take the oath of allegiance. Many of these applicants write in strong terms of censure against the secession government, and state that they were drafted into the service against their will and good judgment; but, as there is no arrangement at present for allowing prisoners of war to take the oath of allegiance, their labor is in vain.

BRUTAL.—A young man living in Hartford, Conn., with a family which brought him up, recently died, and to save the expenses both of coffin and a burial, his body was placed in a lumber wagon, without shroud or ceremony, other than the blankets which were rudely thrown over it, and thus transported to Middletown, where the friends of the deceased reside.

GOLD AT SAN FRANCISCO TO BE SHIPPED TO EUROPE.—The accumulation of gold in the sub-treasury at San Francisco, received for customs, now amounts to over two million of dollars. This the government has ordered to be shipped to Europe, and bills will be drawn against it and sold in New York.

FRIGHTENED AWAY BY A GIRL.—Two burglars, who entered the house of Rev. Charles B. Lord, at North Easton, Mass., Friday night, were frightened away by a servant girl, who came down stairs and confronted them.

A HOUSE FOR GEN. LEE.—The Common Council of Richmond has recently appropriated sixty thousand dollars for the purchase of a house for Gen. Lee. Meanwhile, the "poor white trash" of the city are starving.

SMALL POX.—Small pox prevails to such an extent in Nashville, Tenn., that an order has been issued from the military headquarters requiring all persons, citizens as well as soldiers to have themselves vaccinated at once.

☞ In order to judge of the suffering endured by Union prisoners in Richmond, it is stated that two thousand of these men have offered to give their parole until the end of the war to save themselves from actual death.

GOING TO BE REPRESENTED.—Mayor Alexander, of Springfield, says he is going to send *three men* to the war, to represent him.

"Insatiate mayor! will not *one* suffice?"

☞ Successful experiments with a great Armstrong gun, throwing shot and shell weighing 550 pounds, have been made.

GREAT HOTEL.—The great Lindell Hotel at St. Louis was opened on the evening of the 25th inst., by a ball of great splendor and brilliancy. Four thousand persons attended the ball.

OUT AGAIN.—The Sumter has again run the blockade at Wilmington, N. C., with 350 bales of cotton. She will go to Liverpool and fit up for another piratical expedition.

DEATH IN A BALL-ROOM.—While attending a ball in Boston Monday evening, Miss Mary Ann Bradshaw, fell upon the floor and suddenly expired. Heart disease was the cause.

A MAN'S NOSE BITTEN OFF.—On Saturday night, a party of roughs got into a row in Somerville, and, during the fight which ensued, one of them, named Patrick Mahoney, had his nose bitten off. The injured man was taken to Dr. Hooker, in East Cambridge, who replaced the injured member.

NEW YORK.—At the city election on Tuesday, Henry Gunther, the Union candidate, was elected by a handsome majority. The old Mozart and Tammny democracy opposed him, and got splendidly whipped.

**To Subscribers.**

We continue to club our paper with all the literary magazines, and furnish subscribers at reduced prices. We furnish our own paper and the Atlantic Monthly (a $4 magazine) for $3.75, or the Continental, Harper's, or Godey's Lady's Book for $3.50; or Peterson's Magazine and paper for $2.25. Now is the time to provide reading for the coming New Year.

**Special Notices.**

V.L. Dr. Tobias' Venetian Horse Liniment. V.L.

Pint bottles at 50 cents each, for lameness, cuts, galls, colic, sprains, &c., warranted cheaper than any other. It is used by all the great horsemen on Long Island courses. It will not cure ringbone nor spavin, as there is no liniment in existence that will. What it is stated to cure it positively does. *No owner of Horses will be without it after trying one bottle.* One dose revives and often saves the life of an over heated or driven horse. For colic and belly-ache it has never failed. Just as sure as the sun rises, just so sure is this valuable Liniment to be the Horse Embrocation of the day.

V.L. Sold by all druggists. Office, 56 Courtlandt street, New York. V.L.

[Communicated.]

**Pulmonary Consumption a Curable Disease.**
**A Card.—To Consumptives.**

The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address, REV. EDWARD A. WILSON.
4ms19 Williamsburgh, Kings County, N. Y.

*Sir James Clarke's Female Pills.*—Married ladies, whose health will not permit an increase of family, have here a safe remedy without the disagreeable necessity of consulting a physician. They will not injure the most delicate constitution.—Price one dollar. Sent by mail by all respectable druggists. See advertisement.

VOLUNTEERS, ATTENTION!—For the derangements of the system incidental to the change of diet, wounds, eruptions, and exposures to which every volunteer is liable, there are no remedies so safe, convenient, and reliable as Holloway's Pills and Ointment, 25 cents per box.

*The Confessions and Experience of a Nervous Invalid.*—Published for the benefit and as a caution to young men and others who suffer from nervous Debility, Early Decay, and their kindred ailments—supplying the means of self-cure. By one who has cured himself after being a victim of misplaced confidence in medical humbug and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid directed envelope, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., New York. j24

☞To the young or old, male or female—if you have been suffering from a habit indulged in by the youth of both sexes, which causes so many alarming symptoms; it unfits them for marriage, and is the greatest evil which can befall man or woman. See symptoms enumerated in advertisement, and if you are a sufferer cut out the advertisement and send for it at once. Delays are dangerous. Ask for Helmbold's—take no other.

Cures guaranteed. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. uI

**Important to Females.**

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.—The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations removing all obstruction, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of these irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the most effectual remedy ever known for all complaints peculiar to females. To all classes they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity. They are known to thousands who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America

☞Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each box—the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills sent by mail, promptly, by remitting to the Proprietors. Sold by Druggists generally.

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors, 81 Cedar st., New York. Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Agent, Palmer. 1yag.29

**MARRIED.**

In Warren, Nov. 26th, HENRY W. GREEN of Springfield, and NELLIE CHADWICK of Warren.

In Stafford, Nov. 26th, by Rev. Thomas Borden, EZRA J. STANTON and ANN E. TOURTELOTTE; also, GEORGE COLBURN and ELLEN M. CHAPMAN.

In Belchertown, Nov. 26th, by Rev. William N. Fay, ALBERT J. WINTWORTH of Chicopee, and HATTIE O. HOWARD of Belchertown.

In Stafford Springs, 2d, by Rev. A. W. Ide, CHARLES G. COOLEY of Springfield, and MARTHA WEST of Stafford.

In West Stafford, Nov. 26th, by Rev. Mr. Jones, AMASA BUGBEE of Stafford, and Mrs. SARAH A. THOMAS of Hartford.

In Stafford Springs, Nov. 23d, by Rev. J. T. Benton, A. C. PINNEY and HARRIET A. RUBY. *Corrected from last week.*

In West Brookfield, Nov. 26th, by Rev. Wm. Merrill, NELSON MCINTOSH of Mouson, and MARY H. FOSKIT of Warren.

**DIED.**

In Stafford, Nov. 28th, HENRY BLANCHARD, 17.

In Hardwick, 27th, MELINDA H., 39, wife of J. D. Mandell.

In Ware, 1st, ADDIE A., wife of Geo. W. Crossett of Springfield.

In Wales, Nov. 23d, of diptheria, HORACE W., 11 years, 9 months, son of Samuel B. Perry; 26th, Widow SUSAN BREWER, 84.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

A FIRST CLASS SHOEMAKER
IS WANTED IMMEDIATELY
At D. GRANGER'S Boot and Shoe Store, Palmer, to do Repairing and Custom Work.
A superior opportunity to make money, and to have steady employment. d5.

BOOTS AND SHOES REPAIRED!
By M. BARTON, at
*GRANGER'S BOOT & SHOE STORE,*
d5. Journal Block, Palmer.

THE NEW YORK
CLOTHING
COMPANY
Have taken the Store,
138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,
For the purpose of selling
CLOTHING,
From one of
*THE LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS*
in the City of New York,
—AT—
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

ANY ONE WISHING
A Good Substantial Article
FOR A
LITTLE MONEY,
WOULD DO WELL TO
EXAMINE OUR STOCK.
*ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE*
*W A R R A N T E D*
TO BE JUST AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit, or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,
WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.
Our terms of sale are strictly for cash, and
WE GUARANTEE
A BETTER ARTICLE
*OF CLOTHING FOR THE SAME PRICE*
than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at the
New York Clothing Co's
*SALESROOM,*
138 MAIN ST.,
Corner of Main and Vernon Streets, nearly opposite the Baptist Church,
SPRINGFIELD ..... MASS.
n21tf

NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS
lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.
As we deal largely in
FLOUR AND GRAIN,
we are enabled to make purchases at
LOW FIGURES,
and sell in the same manner
All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.
☞Remember the place—
At the Palmer Steam Mill.
HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.
Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

**HOLIDAY PRESENTS!**

MAGIC TIME OBSERVERS.
Being a Hunting or Open Face or Lady's or Gentleman's Watch Combined, with Patent Self-winding improvement, a pleasing novelty.
One of the prettiest, most convenient, and decidedly the best and cheapest time piece for general and reliable use ever offered. It has within it, and connected with its machinery, its own winding attachment, rendering a key entirely unnecessary. The cases of this Watch are composed of two metals, the outer one being fine 16 carat gold. It has the roby action lever movement, and is warranted an accurate time piece. Price, superbly engraved, per case of half dozen, $204. Sample Watches, in neat morocco boxes $35.
SILVER WATCHES!
First Class Hunting Time-Pieces, for accuracy of movement, beauty of material, and, above all, cheapness in price, these Watches must insure universal approbation.
An imitation so faultless that it can hardly be detected by the most experienced judges. The material being of two metals, the outer one first quality Sterling Silver, while the inner one is German Silver, it cannot be recognized by cutting or heavy engraving, making it not only in appearance, but in durability, the best resemblance of Solid Sterling Silver in existence.
The sale of these Watches in the army is a source of enormous profit, retailing, as they very readily do, at $25 and upwards. Many hundred dollars can be made in a single pay day by any one of ordinary business tact.
☞AT WHOLESALE ONLY! In heavy hunting cases, beautifully engraved white enamel dial, and fancy cut hands, in good running order, by the half dozen, $66. Sold only by the case of six.
Upon receipt of $2, as guarantee of good faith, we will send watches by express to any part of the loyal States, collecting balance of bill on delivery. This ensures buyers against fraud, giving them their watches before payment is required. Send orders to the sole importer,
GAIUS WHEATON, No 12 Jewelers' Exchange, Cor. Cortlandt st., and Broadway, New York

$20 REWARD!

LOST!—At the depot in Palmer, or on the cars between Springfield and Palmer, on Thursday morning, Nov. 26, a portmonnie containing $49 in bills and 90c in postal currency. $20 reward will be paid to the finder on leaving the same at the Journal Office, or with HENRY W. BENNETT Springfield. Nov. 28, 1863.

IT IS A WONDER that every business man don't have a Pack of Business Cards printed when he can get them so handsomely done at this office

AUCTION BILLS, Circulars, Ball Tickets and other kinds of Printing, executed as neat as wax, and cheap as one could wish, at this office.

GREAT BARGAINS!
FOR THE NEXT
SIXTY DAYS.
$25,000.00
WORTH OF
NEW
FALL AND WINTER GOODS!
JUST OPENED AT
J. H. STORRS & Co's,
WARE, MASS.

3000 Yards of the latest styles of
DELAINES,
Just received and selling at 25 cents
Also, 8000 yards of
COTTONS.
Fine Brown Cottons, 17 "
Heavy Brown Cottons, 28 "

DRESS GOODS.
Silk Warp Cashmeres. Empress Cloths.
Wool Repps. Plain Scarlet Merinos.
Scotch Plaids. Plain Alpaccas.
Comprising all the new shades and colors.
BLACK SILKS, at old prices.
FANCY SILKS, " "
In fact we have everything that can be found at
First Class Dry Goods Store.

Cloaks, Cloaks, Cloaks.
100 Cloaks, in new styles, on exhibition, and to be sold
*"AT PRICES that DEFY COMPETITION."*
Wool, Beavers, Doeskins, Union Beavers, Broadcloths, and other Cloakings, in great variety.

FURS! FURS! FURS!
$3000 WORTH, just opened, and selling
CHEAP! CHEAP! CHEAP!

Millinery Department.
We have just received from New York and Boston
*The Largest Assortment of Millinery Goods*
that was ever offered in this county, comprising
ALL THE LATEST STYLES AND NOVELTIES
Of the season.
100 *VELVET AND SILK BONNETS,*
Of the latest styles,
To be sold at $2 each less than they can be purchased for in other places.

New styles of HATS, RIBBONS,
NUBIAS, WREATHS,
WOOL HOODS, TRIMMINGS,
&c., &c., &c.

☞All those who wish to buy
DRY GOODS & MILLINERY
10 TO 20 PER CENT. CHEAPER
Than prices asked at other stores,
GO TO THE CELEBRATED
Millinery and Dry Goods
EMPORIUM
—OF—
J. H. STORRS & CO,
Ware Village, Mass.
☞To persons coming from a distance.☜
"Extra inducements are offered."

HEAD QUARTERS
—FOR—
CLOAKS!
TINKHAM & CO'S
CLOAK
EMPORIUM.

A large and well-lighted room, expressly for the exhibition and sale of
SHAWLS AND CLOAKS.
Now ready, the largest and most desirable stock ever offered in this city or part of the State,
*No other in Springfield comparing with it.*
We ask attention not only to quantity, but to
*Style, Make, and Prices,*
particularly to
*MEDIUM AND LOW-PRICED GARMENTS.*
in style and make equal to better. Our Cloaks are made from all the Fashionable Fabrics of the season, of which we keep a very large and full variety by the yard, or from which
WE MANUFACTURE GARMENTS TO ORDER.
if desired.
*CHILDREN'S and MISSES'*
*CLOAKS and CAPES.*
SHAWLS! SHAWLS!
A splendid stock, in every kind and style.
GREAT DRY GOODS STORE!
EVERY DEPARTMENT full of
DESIRABLE GOODS.
SILKS, DRESS GOODS, &c., &c.
*CARPETINGS, and*
*HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.*
184 AND 186 MAIN ST,
SPRINGFIELD, .... MASS.
Nov. 28, 1863. 13.

**The Great American Tea Company,**
No. 51 VESEY ST.....NEW YORK.

HAS created A NEW ERA in the history of wholesaling Teas in this country. They have introduced their selection of Teas, and sold them at not over TWO CENTS per pound above cost, never deviating from the one price asked; believing this will be attractive to the many who have heretofore been paying enormous profits. Parties can order Teas, and will be served by us as well as though they came themselves, being sure to get original packages, true weights and tares; and the Teas are warranted as represented. Our PRICE LIST is now ready.

**FARM FOR SALE!**

SITUATED in Enfield, on the Swift River, 1½ miles from Enfield village, containing about 200 acres, known as the "Clark Stone Farm." Said farm has 15 acres of wood-land, a large two-story house, and other outbuildings, including those suitable for drying tobacco. Good spring water is brought to the house in an aqueduct. It is well watered, lying on the river, which saves fencing, is free from stones, and well calculated for tobacco culture. Around the house are 38 large sugar maple trees, and a good orchard of grafted fruit. It has good pasturage for both sheep and cattle. Terms easy. Enquire on the premises of
Enfield, Nov. 28* HIRAM BALLOU.

A NICE PACK of Wedding or Visiting Cards can be printed at this office at short notice. Wedding Envelopes always on hand.

THE OLDEST
Book and Paper Hanging
ESTABLISHMENT
*IN WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS.*

BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,
Successors to MERRIAM, CHAPIN, & Co.,
*Corner of Main and State Streets,*
SPRINGFIELD ..... MASS.,
Offer to the citizens of this region
*THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK OF*
PAPER HANGINGS,
BORDERS AND CURTAINS,
To be found in the state. No one buying Paper Hangings, for a single room or for a whole house, should fail to call upon us, as
*Our Prices are Lower,*
*And Our Assortment Better,*
*Than can be found elsewhere.*

FIFTY THOUSAND
SCHOOL BOOKS,
JUST RECEIVED.
The winter schools are just beginning, and we have loaded our shelves from cellar to garret with School Books of every kind in use.
The attention of
*DEALERS IN SCHOOL BOOKS,*
*TEACHERS, AND COMMITTEE MEN,*
Is requested, as WE WILL SELL
—AT THE—
LOWEST NEW YORK & BOSTON
Wholesale Prices.
Our assortment is very complete of
WRITING PAPER,
All sizes and Grades;
ENVELOPES,
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,
CARD PHOTOGHAPHS,
*AMBROTYPES AND PHOTOGRAPHS From Fine Engravings.*
DIARIES FOR 1864,
From 10 cents to three dollars each,
*CURTAINS,*
*TASSELS,*
*CORD,*
*CURTAIN FIXTURES,*

Any one wishing the
GOVERNMENT
INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS
For NOTES, and all Business Documents, Patent Medicines, &c., can buy them of us by ordering them by mail. To those buying in large quantities, we will give the regular discount allowed at the Department.
Our assortment of
Miscellaneous Books,
JUVENILE BOOKS,
TOYS,
GAMES, &C.,
is very large.
☞An order or a call from you is requested.
BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,

SABBATH SCHOOLS
*BUYING BOOKS FOR THEIR LIBRARIES,*
WILL FIND HERE
EVERY BOOK PUBLISHED
By all the Tract and Sabbath School Societies,
AT THEIR LOWEST PRICES.
*WE WILL SEND ANY NUMBER TO BE* selected from, when it is desired, and will take back all that are not wanted.
Springfield, Nov. 21, 1863.

CHEAPER!
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
DRESS GOODS,
In variety of Styles, Colors, and Qualities.
STILL CHEAPER!
SEASONABLE
PRINTS,
D'LAINES AND CHALLIES,
Bleached & Brown Cottons,
&c., &c., &c.
ALSO,
PRETTY STYLES OF
SUMMER SHAWLS,
SUN UMBRELLAS
LIGHT BALMORALS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS
HOOP SKIRTS,
BESIDES A GENERAL VARIETY OF
HOSIERY, GLOVES, THREAD,
SILK,
AND SMALL WARES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
—AND—
FLOUR, TEAS, COFFEE,
SUGAR, OILS, SPICES, &c.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
M. W. FRENCH.

SOUTH SIDE
PICTURE ROOMS.
OPPOSITE THE ANTIQUE HOUSE.
PICTURES taken in all the Latest Styles, from a Gem to a Life Size Portrait.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED, OR NO CHARGE MADE.
Cartes de Visites, Ambrotypes.
Vignettes. Melaineotypes.
Imperial and Life Size Portrait.
☞Photographs colored if desired. By our new process of coloring Cartes de Visite Photographs, the
BEAUTY AND DURABILITY
of the Picture is very much improved. We cordially invite the public to
Give us a Trial.
We do not promise to work cheaper than others, but hope to please our patrons.
Rooms open from 7 to 12 A. M., and 1 to 5 P. M.
Palmer, Oct. 31. A. W. CLARK. J. M. BROWN, } Artists.

TAKEN UP!
CAME into my enclosure on the 14th of October AN EWE SHEEP, which the owner can have by proving property and paying charges.
Palmer, Nov. 16, 1863. SUSAN TENNEY.

NEW GROCERY STORE!
HAVING purchased of S. W. SMITH his stock in trade, I shall continue the Grocery business at his old stand in the
PALMER HOUSE BLOCK,
where I shall be happy to wait on all the old customers of the store, and as many new ones as will give me a call, and show them
A GOOD ASSORTMENT
—OF—
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,
which I will sell
*At the Lowest Market Prices for Cash.*
☞BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS and Farmers' Produce wanted in exchange for Goods.
☞Call and see me.
LYMAN DIMOCK.
Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

*New Church Music Book.*
THE HARP OF JUDAH;
A Collection of Sacred and Secular Music, for Choirs, Schools, Musical Conventions, Societies, and the Home Circle; Religious Worship, Choir and school practice.
By L. O. EMERSON, author of the "Golden Wreath," "Sabbath Harmony," &c.
The great favor with which Mr. Emerson's works have been received, has induced the publication of this book. In it the principles of Notation are plainly elucidated and Exercises given of a very pleasing and attractive style. Its Music, embracing every variety, being as a whole, neither very simple nor very elaborate, but conforming to the wants and capacities of the great majority of singers. The Anthems, Sentences, Chorus and Chants are superior to those of most collections, while the Metrical Tunes are equally good. In many instances music has been written to a whole hymn, thus giving a greater variety than can be possibly be obtained in any other way. At the same time each tune can be used for any other hymn of the same metre.
Choirs, Societies, Teachers, and all persons interested in a work of this kind, can order this book with perfect reliability of its being all it is represented to be—a real, live, music book, replete with all those features that tend to render such a book pleasing and popular.
Price, $9 per doz; single copies, $1. Specimen pages sent free.
n14 OLIVER DITSON & Co., publishers, Boston.

NOTICE!
WHEREAS my wife Clarissa, and four children, Henry, Francis, Lucy, and Clarissa, have left my bed and board without just provocation. I hereby forbid all persons harboring or trusting them on my account, as I shall pay no debts of their contracting. WM. FELTON.
Wales, Nov. 24, 1863. n26.

NEW FALL GOODS!
—AT—
BERAN & HORNER'S,
No. 3 State st., 2d door from Main,
SPRINGFIELD ..... MASS.,
Which we offer
CHEAP FOR CASH!
ALL OUR GOODS ARE MARKED WITH LAST YEAR'S PRICES.
PLEASE CALL EARLY,
And Secure Bargains.
Respectfully, BERAN & HORNER.
No 3, State st., 2d door from Main st. Springfield, Mass.

JOSEPH H. BLAIR,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
[In office formerly occupied by D. Granger, Esq.]
PALMER, MASS.
*References*—Hon. E. D. Beach, E. W. Bond, Esq., Ex-Lieut.-Gov. Trask, Springfield, Mass.
I hereby give notice to the public that I have given up the practice of Law, and my office to J. H. Blair, Esq. D. GRANGER.

SAPONIFIER,
Or Concentrated
LYE.
*THE FAMILY SOAP-MAKER.*
*Economy!* *Economy!*
Every Family can make its own Soap from waste kitchen grease, at a cost of only four cents per pound with Saponifier, which is three times the strength of Potash.
Full directions accompany each one-pound *iron* can.
NOTICE.—The genuine Saponifier is only put up in one-pound *iron* cans, by the
PENNSYLVANIA SALT-MANUFACTURING CO.,
Patentees and sole Manufacturers. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure you buy the *iron* can.
For sale by
CHAS. TOPPAN, 16 Blackstone st., Boston,
MERRILL BROS., 215 State st., "
n7. And Druggists and Grocers generally. 3m.
WOOD & ALLEN, Agents, Palmer, Mass.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.
SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.
Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.
This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the femal constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.
To MARRIED LADIES it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.
Each bottle, price $1, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.
CAUTION.—These Pills should not be taken by females during the first three months of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.
In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.
Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.
Sole Agent for the United States and Canada,
JOB MOSES, 27 Courtlandt st., New York
N. B.—$1 and 6 postage stamps, enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing 50 Pills, by return mail. 1y31
Sold in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.

BOOTS & SHOES.
The only Boot and Shoe store between Springfield and Worcester is at Palmer depot,
IN THE PALMER JOURNAL BLOCK.
The subscriber has over $2,500 worth of Boots and Shoes in his store, for sale at one-half of the profits usually made by retailers. His Men's, Boys', Youth's, and Children's Thick Boots were made expressly for him by the best manufacturers in the state, of the
BEST QUALITY OF STOCK,
Consisting of the celebrated "Monitor Boot," double sole and tap, double sole, and one-half double sole—great assortment. The greatest improvement is
THE RUBBER SOLE
water proof boots and shoes. Every man, woman, and child should have a pair. The very best men's, boys', and youth's
CALF BOOTS
may be found at this store. Women's, misses', and children's peble calf and serge, double sole,
TIP BALMORALS AND GAITERS,
in fact every variety, quality, and style may be had. A full assortment of
RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES.
Everybody will find it to their pecuniary interest to buy their fall and winter supply of boots and shoes of the subscriber.
Please Give Him a Call.
D. GRANGER.
Palmer, Oct. 10, 1863. 1y.

THE
Singer Sewing Machines,
OUR LETTER A FAMILY SEWING MACHINE is fast gaining a world-wide reputation. It is beyond doubt the best and cheapest and most beautiful of all Family Sewing Machines yet offered to the public. No other Family Sewing Machine has so many appliances for Hemming, Binding, Felling, Tucking, Gathering, Gusging, Braiding, Embroidering, Cording, and so forth. No other Family Sewing Machine has so much capacity for a great variety of work. It will sew all kinds of cloth, and with all kinds of thread. Great and recent improvements make our Family Sewing Machine most reliable, and most durable, and most certain in action at all rates of speed. It makes the interlocked stitch, which is the best stitch known. Any one, even of the most ordinary capacity, can see, at a glance, how to use the letter A Family Sewing Machine. Our Family Sewing Machines are finished in chaste and exquisite style.
The Folding Case of the Family Machine is a piece of cunning workmanship, of the most useful kind. It protects the machine when not in use, and when about to be operated may be opened as a spacious and substantial table to sustain the work. While some of the cases, made out of the choicest woods, are finished in the simplest and chastest manner possible, others are adorned and embellished in the most costly and superb manner.
It is absolutely necessary to see the Family Machine in operation, so as to judge of its great capacity and beauty.
It is fast becoming as popular for family sewing as our Manufacturing Machines are for manufacturing purposes.
The branch offices are well supplied with silk twist, thread, needles, oil, &c., of the very best quality.
Send for a Pamphlet.
*THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.,*
458 Broadway, New York.
BOSTON OFFICES, 69 Hanover street.
283 Washington street.
PROVIDENCE OFFICE,
Phœnix Build'g, Westminster st.
HARTFORD OFFICE,
n21 5 Allyn House Block.

WESLEYAN ACADEMY.
THE WINTER TERM of 14 weeks will commence Dec. 2. Average expenses, about $45. Send for a Catalogue. Address
n31 3w M. RAYMOND, Wilbraham, Mass.

HEAVY PAYMENTS.—The payments last Thursday at the Treasury Department amounted to over twenty-five millions, a larger sum than has ever before been paid out in a single day since the Government was organized.

☞ The propeller Racine, with a cargo of merchandise, struck a reef on Forty-mile Point, in Lake Huron, on the night of the 12th. The vessel and cargo will probably be a total loss.

☞ At the late local election at Springfield, Ill., the home of President Lincoln, this hitherto stronghold of the Copperheads was carried by the Union men with a Republican gain of 347 votes.

☞ The Hon. G. W. Lane, U. S. Judge from Alabama, and a refugee from that State on acount of his Union principles, died at Louisville on Thursday, of conjestion of the lungs.

☞ Since the war commenced 29 Union and 38 rebel generals have been killed in battle or died of wounds, 11 Union and 13 rebel died of disease, 18 Union and 13 rebel resigned, and 2 Union and 1 rebel dismissed the service.

**The Slaves of Prejudice.—Death Robbed of his Prey.**

There are queer people in the world; people with the most absurd, unreasonable, and indefensible prejudices. For example we have met with individuals who had a morbid antipathy to anything that was extensively advertised, no matter what might be its actual claim to the confidence of the public. These eccentrics looked with especial disfavor on advertised medicines. They could not see, for example, in Dr. Holloway's magnificent system of advertising, covering, as it does, all the mediums of publicity which the world affords, anything but a gigantic scheme of mere speculation. True, they could not gainsay the testimony pouring in spontaneously from the highest sources in favor of his incomparable Pills and Ointment, but still they shook their heads and muttered "humbug." Of course there is no possibility of arguing with men who won't reason. The best way is to let them alone. Fortunately such specimens of stupidity are "few and far between" in this enlightened era. The general feeling is, that if a thing is in itself excellent, its virtues should be proclaimed to the four winds of heaven for the general benefit of mankind. Hence, the proclamations made by Dr. Holloway through the entire newspaper press of the world, of the properties and operation of his remedies meets with the cordial approval of thinking men. The value of the preparations as specifics for the various internal and external complaints peculiar to different climates, or common to the world at large, is conceded, not only by the masses, but by governments, men of science, and candid men in every walk of life. Can such remedies be too widely known? Impossible!—*Cin. Dollar Columbian.*

G. L. BRAKENRIDGE'S

## PHOTOGRAPH & AMBROTYPE ROOMS!

are situated three doors west of W.W.Cross' store,
STRONG'S BLOCK, PALMER,
where you can get
*GOOD PICTURES IN CASES FOR 25 CTS.*

Having the best light and new process, *I do* promise to take pictures, either
Photographs, Ambrotypes,
Gem Pictures, or Melaineotypes,
*Cheaper than any other Establishment in Palmer.*

☞ All kinds of copying done.
GEO. L. BRAKENRIDGE.
Palmer, November 7, 1863.

FRIENDS AND RELATIVES
OF THE
BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

*HOLLOWAY'S*
## PILLS AND OINTMENT.

All who have friends and relatives in the army or navy should take especial care that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave soldiers and sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

*Coughs and Colds affecting Troops*
Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the directions which are attached to each pot or box.

*Sick Headache, and Want of Appetite, incidental to Soldiers.*
Those feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taken according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

*Weakness or Debility induced by over-fatigue*
Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach, and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system, however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

*Volunteers, Attention! Indiscretions of Youth.*
Sores and Ulcers, Blotches and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another; whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system, and leave the patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

*For Wounds either occasioned by the Bayonet, Sabre, or the Bullet, Sores or Bruises,*
To which every soldier and sailor are liable, there are no medicines so safe, sure, and convenient, as Holloway's Pills and Ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflammation.

Every soldier's knapsack and seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable remedies.

*CAUTION!*—None are genuine unless the words, "Holloway, New York and London," are discernible as a *water-mark*, in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box, the same may be plainly seen by holding the leaf to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines, or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞ Sold at the manufactory of Prof. Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States and the civilized world, in Pots and Boxes, at 25 cents, 63 cents, and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot or Box. 18.

☞ Dealers in my well known medicines can have Show Cards, Circulars, &c., sent them, *free of expense*, by addressing Thomas Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York.

OLMSTEAD & DICKINSON,

## UPHOLSTERERS,

And Manufacturers of and Dealers in

## FAHIONABLE FURNITURE,

MATTRASSES,
*CURTAINS AND SHADES.*

ALSO,
COMMON FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS.

UNION BLOCK - - - - - - MAIN STREET,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
H. OLMSTEAD. E. W. DICKINSON.

## GRAND OPENING!

## NEWTON & CONVERSE,

Have bought the stock of GROCERIES of K. H. ALLEN, and will keep
A FULL STOCK
on hand of
FLOUR, MEAL, SALT,
LIME, OILS, FLUID, BUTTER, CHEESE,
*Fish, Crockery,*
GLASS, STONE, AND WOODEN WARE,
and will sell
At Wholesale and Retail,
AS LOW, if not LOWER, than any other place in town.

☞ We are receiving fresh goods from market every week.

☞ CALL AND SEE. ☜
NEWTON & CONVERSE.
Palmer, Dec. 27, 1862.

## $100 REWARD!

For a medicine that will cure
COUGHS, INFLUENZA,
TICKLING IN THE THROAT,
WHOOPING COUGH.
Or relieve CONSUMPTIVE COUGH, as quick as

## COE'S COUGH BALSAM.

Over 5,000 bottles have been sold in its native town, and not a single instance of its failure is known.

We have in our possession any quantity of certificates, some of them from eminent physicians, who have used it in their practice, and given it the pre-eminence over any other compound.

IT DOES NOT DRY UP A COUGH, but loosens it, so as to enable the patient to expectorate freely.

Two or three doses will invariably cure tickling in the throat.

A half bottle has completely cured the most
STUBBORN COUGH,
and yet, though it is so sure and speedy in its operation, it is perfectly harmless, being purely vegetable. It is very agreable to the taste, and may be administered to children of any age.

☞ In cases of CROUP we will guarantee a cure if taken in season.

No family should be without it. It is within the reach of all, the price being ONLY 25 CENTS, and if an investment and thorough trial does not "back up" the above statement, the money will be refunded. We say this, knowing its merits, and feel confident that one trial will secure for it a home in every household.

Do not waste away with Coughing, when so small an investment will cure you. It may be had of any respectable druggist in town, who will furnish you with a circular of genuine certificates of cures it has made. C. G. CLARK & Co., Proprietors,
Wholesale Druggists, New Haven, Ct.

For sale by Druggists in city, country, and everywhere.

For sale at wholesale by D. S. BARNES & Co., New York, and GEO. C. GOODWIN & Co., Boston. 6ms19

## GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE,

A SURE RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERER.

This Salve is a vegetable preparation, invented in the 17th century, by DR. WM. GRACE, surgeon in King James's army. Through its agency he cured thousands of most serious sores and wounds that baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians of his day, and was regarded by all who knew him as a public benefactor.

Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Burns.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Scalds.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Flesh Wounds.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Corns.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Felons.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Frozen Limbs.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Wens.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Callouses.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Salt Rheum.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Chilblains.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Sore Breast.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Sore Lips.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Erysipelas Sores.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Abscesses.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Ulcers.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Chappad Hands.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Ringworms.

And from Sores and Wounds of the most serious nature down to a common Pimple. It eradicates Pimples from the face, and beautifies the skin. There is no preparation before the public that can equal this Salve in prompt and energetic action for the speedy cure of external diseases, as those who have tried its virtues testify. Soldiers, Sailors, and Fishermen, will find this Salve their best friend.

It has none of the irritating, heating properties of other remedies, but cools, cleanses, and heals the most serious Sores and Wounds. Every family, and especially those containing children, should keep a box on hand in case of accident, for it will save them much trouble, suffering, and money. All it wants is a fair trial to cure old and inveterate Sores.

MANUFACTURED BY
WILLIAM GRACE,
AMESBURY, MASS.

Weeks & Potter, 170 Washington st., Boston, wholesale agents.

Grace's Salve is for sale by all druggists and dealers in every city and town. jy18 1y.

## STOVES! STOVES!

A GREAT VARIETY of Stoves at the old Stove Shop in Palmer, which will be sold
LOWER THAN AT ANY OTHER SHOP IN THE COUNTY.

The Bay State, Harp, Pilot, Prize, Conquest, New England, Empire State, American, &c., &c.

PARLOR COOK STOVES,
PARLOR CAST & SHEET IRON,
of a variety of sizes and patterns.

☞ Any Stove not found in the shop will be furnished as low as at any other shop. A good stock of
CLOTHES WRINGERS, CHAIN, COPPER & Iron Pumps, Pump Curbs, Farmers' Boilers, English and Russia Pipe, Sheet Zinc, Tin Japanned, and Wooden Ware, Sad Irons, Oven Mouths, Boiler Doors, &c.

Cash paid for Old Iron, Copper, Brass, Lead, Pewter, and Rags.

JOB WORK done to order, with promptness.
CALL AND EXAMINE. ELIJAH NICHOLS.
Palmer, Oct. 10, 1863. tf.

TOWN REPORTS printed neatly, cheaply and expeditiously at this office.

THE ALL SUFFICIENT THREE,
THE GREAT "AMERICAN REMEDIES,"
Known as
*"HELMBOLD'S" Genuine PREPARATIONS,*
viz: HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT "BUCHU,"
" " SARSAPARILLA,
" " IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

*Helmbold's Genuine Preparation,*
"Highly Concentrated" Compound
## FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

A positive and specific remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the watery or calcerous dispositions, and all unnatural enlargements are reduced, as well as pain and inflammation, and it is good for men, women, or children.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, for Weaknesses arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:

| | |
|---|---|
| Indisposition to exertion, | Loss of Power, |
| Loss of Memory, | Difficulty of Breathing, |
| Weak Nerves, | Trembling, |
| Horrors of Disease, | Wakefulness, |
| Dimness of Vision, | Pain in the Back, |
| Universal Lassitude of the | Flushing of the body, |
| Euscular System, | Eruptions on the face, |
| Hot Hands, | Pallid Countenance, |

Dryness of the Skin.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow
IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS,
In one of which the patient may expire. Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "direful diseases,"
INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION.

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but none will confess. The records of the Insane Asylums, and the melancholy deaths by consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion, *the Constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness*, requires the aid of medicine to invigorate and strengthen the system, which Helmbold's Extract Buchu invariably does. A trial will convince the most skeptical.

Females, Females, Females,
Old or Young, Single, Married, or Contemplating Marriage.

In many affections peculiar to Females the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of the Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrous state of the Uterus, Leucorrhea, or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in
*The Decline or Change of Life.*
SEE SYMPTOMS ABOVE.

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.
Take no Balsam, Mercury or unpleasant Medicine for unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
CURES SECRET DISEASES
in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience,
AND NO EXPOSURE.

It causes frequent desire, and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing obstructions, preventing and curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying pain and inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling Poisonous, Diseased, and Worn-out Matter.

Thousands upon Thousands,
*Who Have Been the Victims of Quacks,*
and who have paid Heavy Fees to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "Poison" has, by the use of "Powerful Astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and perhaps after marriage.

USE
## Helmbold's Extract Buchu

For all Affections and Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

Diseases of these Organs require the aid of a Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and it is certain to have the desired effect in all Diseases for which it is recommended.

BLOOD! BLOOD! BLOOD!
Helmbold's Highly Concentrated Compound
FLUID EXTRACT
## SARSAPARILLA.

SYPHILLIS.

This is an affection of the Blood, and attacks the Sexual Organs, Linings of the Nose, Ears, Throat, Windpipe, and other Mucus Surfaces, making its appearance in the form of Ulcers. Helmbold's Extract Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and removes all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, giving to the complexion a clear and healthy color. It being prepared expressly for this class of complaints, its blood-purifying properties are preserved to a greater extent than any other preparation of Sarsaparilla.

*HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH.*

An excellent Lotion for Diseases of a Syphillitic Nature, and as an injection in Diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the Extracts Buchu and Sarsaparilla, in such diseases as recommended.

Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character will accompany the medicines.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES,
From eight to twenty years standing, with names known to science and fame.

For Medical Properties of BUCHU,
See Dispensatory of the United States.
See Professor DEWEES' valuable works on the Practice of Physic.
See remarks made by the late celebrated Dr. PHYSICK, Philadelphia.
See remarks made by Dr. EPHRAIM McDOWELL, a celebrated Physician, and Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland, and published in the Transactions of the King and Queen's Journal.
See Medico-Cirurgical Review, published by BENJAMIN TRAVERS, Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons.
See most of the late Standard Works on Medicine.

EXTRACT BUCHU,
$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.
EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,
$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.
IMPROVED ROSE WASH,
50 cts. per bottle, or six bottles for $2.50.

Or half a dozen of each for $12, which will be sufficient to cure the most obstinate cases, if directions are adhered to.

Delivered to any address, securely packed from observation.

☞ Describe symptoms in all communications. Cures guaranteed. Advice gratis.

AFFIDAVIT.

Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. Helmbold, who, being duly sworn, doth say, his preparations contain no narcotic, no mercury, or other injurious drugs, but are purely vegetable.
H. T. HELMBOLD.
Sworn and subscribed before me, this 22d day of November, 1854. WM. P. HIBBARD,
Alderman, Ninth street, above Race, Phila.

Address letters for information in confidence.
H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist,
Depot 104 South Tenth street, below Chestnut,
Philadelphia.

☞ BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS, and unprincipled dealers, who endeavor to dispose "of their own" and "other" articles on the reputation attained by

Helmbold's Genuine Preparations.
" " Extract Buchu.
" " " Sarsaparilla.
" " Improved Rose Wash.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ Ask for Helmbold's—take no other. ☜

Cut out the advertisement and send for it, and avoid imposition and exposure.

Sold by Wood & Allen, Palmer; Dr. Holden, Ware, and H. T. Small & Co., Stafford Springs.
March 21, 1863 1y

**PALMER BUSINESS DIRECTORY.**

ALBERT BURLEIGH,
Carpenter and Joiner, and dealer in Lumber, Doors, Windows, &c.

A. MASON,
Refreshment Saloon. Weddings and parties supplied with Cake and Ice Creams.

ANTIQUE HOUSE,
By E. B. SHAW, east of railroad bridge.

A. R. MURDOCK,
Licensed Auctioneer, Thorndike.

B. H. JOHNSON,
Carpenter and Joiner and Mover of Buildings.

CYRUS KNOX, JR.,
News Room and Stationery, at the Post Office.

D. MULVIHILL,
Merchant Tailor and dealer in Gents' Furnishing Goods.

E. B. ELSBREE,
Livery and Feeding Stable.

E. BROWN,
Dealer in Hardware, Iron, Steel, Paints, Oils, and Glass.

E. NICHOLS,
Dealer in Stoves, Tin Ware, Pipe, &c.

E. S. BROOKS,
Repairer of Watches and Jewelry. Billiard Room.

F. J. WASSUM,
Merchant Tailor and dealer in Gents' Furnishing Goods.

FREEMAN DODGE,
Meat Market, basement of Commercial Block.

HENRY JONES,
Barber and Hair Dresser, Opposite the depot.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE,
Wholesale and retail dealers in Flour, Meal, Grain and Feed.

H. W. MUNGER,
Merchant Tailor, and manufacturer of Custom Clothing.

IRON FOUNDRY,
By JOHN A. SQUIER, Furnace street.

J. G. ALLEN,
Counsellor and Attorney at Law, Notary Public, and General Insurance Agent.

JOHN FEENEY,
Eating Saloon, opposite the depot.

JOHN SHAW,
Brick Mason and Plasterer.

JOHN WAITE, AGT.,
Manufacturer and dealer in Harnesses, Trunks, Robes, Whips, &c.

J. S. LOOMIS,
Dealer in all kinds of House Furniture, Coffins, and Burial Caskets.

J. W. THOMPSON,
Dealer in Groceries, Crockery, Provisions, Flour.

M. FOX,
Wholesale dealer in Fresh Fish, Oysters, Nuts, Fruit, Ales, &c.

MRS. A. C. COLLINS,
Dealer in Millinery and Fancy Goods.

M. W. FRENCH,
Dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, opposite the depot.

NASSOWANNO HOUSE,
By J. W. WEEKS, opposite the Depot.

NEWTON & CONVERSE,
Wholesale and retail dealers in Flour, Grain, and Groceries.

N. PIPER, AGT.,
Manufacturer of Monuments, Tombstones, and other Marble Works.

P. P. KELLOGG & CO.,
Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Ready-Made Clothing, &c.

SMITH, LOOMIS, & CO.,
Carriage and Sleigh Manufacturers and repairers.

S. W. SMITH, AGT.,
Dealer in Family Groceries, Flour, Farmer's Produce, &c.

WM. A. COOPER,
Ambrotype and Photographic Artist Opposite the Palmer House.

WM. FULLER,
Nassowanno Livery and Feeding Stable.

WM. MERRIAM,
Currier and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Leather.

WOOD & ALLEN,
Druggists, and dealers in Medicines and Fancy Articles.

W. W. CROSS,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Millinery, Garpets, and Crockery Ware.

W. W. HAGAR,
Jeweller and Repairer of Watches.

M. FOX, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
FRESH FISH, OYSTERS,
Fruit, Confectionery Pies and Cakes, Vegetables Spruce and Hop Beer, Soda, and Sole Agent in Eastern Hampden for
*Millard & Barnard's Hudson Pale Ale.*
Store removed to
NASSOWANNO BLOCK.
Palmer, July 13, 1861. tf.

## CAUTION

TO Females in Delicate Health. DR. DOW, Physician and Surgeon, No. 7 Endicott street, Boston, is consulted daily for all diseases incident to the female system. Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Fluor Albus, Suppression, and other Menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed in a very few days. So invariably certain is the new mode of treatment, that most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the most afflicted person soon rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of diseases of women than any other physician in Boston.

Boarding accommodations for patients who may wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treatment.

Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole attention to an office practice for the cure of Private Diseases and Female Complaints, acknowledges no superior in the United States.

N. B.—All letters must contain one dollar, or they will not be answered.

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.
Boston, July 25, 1863. 1y.

"COSTAR'S" VERMIN
## EXTERMINATORS.

*For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in furs, woolens, &c., Insects on plants, fowls, animals, &c.*

Put up in 25c., 50c., and $1 boxes, bottles, and flasks, $3 and $5 sizes for Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞ Sold wholesale in all large cities.
☞ Sold by all druggists and retailers everywhere.
☞ ! BEWARE ! of all worthless imitations.
☞ See that 'COSTAR'S" name is on each box, bottle, and flask, before you buy.
☞ Address HENRY R. COSTAR.
☞ Principal Depot, 482 Broadway, New York.
☞ Sold by H. T. SMALL & CO., Stafford Springs, and WOOD & ALLEN, Palmer, wholesale and retail agents. 1 1y

LAWRENCE & Co. will pay the *highest market price* for HIDES and SKINS delivered at their market. Palmer, Jan. 24, 1863.

A. M. TITUS,
Plain and Ornamental
## PAINTER.

Particular attention given to
SIGN & ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, AND LETTERING of all kinds. I have hired a *Good, Practical House Painter*, and should be glad to get work enough to support us during the winter, and we will do our best to give satisfaction.
Shop near Squier's Foundry, Palmer. Nov.7.

I AM RECEIVING THIS WEEK
A FRESH SUPPLY OF
## GROCERIES,
LAMPS AND FIXTURES
Of all kinds, also a full
## Assortment of Flower Pots.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY!

At the OLD STAND OF S. W. SMITH,
PALMER HOUSE BLOCK
LYMAN DIMOCK.
Palmer, Sept. 19, 1863.

M. P. KNOWLTON,
*ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,*
249 Main Street, opposite Court Square,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

DR. SWEET'S
## INFALLIBLE LINIMENT,

THE GREAT EXTERNAL REMEDY FOR
Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Stiff Neck and Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts and Wounds, Piles, Headache, and all Rheumatic and Nervous Disorders,

DR. STEPHEN SWEET, OF CONNECTICUT,
The great natural Bone Setter.
DR. STEPHEN SWEET, OF CONNECTICUT,
Is known all over the United States.
DR. STEPHEN SWEET, OF CONNECTICUT.
Is the author of "Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment."
DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Cures Rheumatism, and never fails.
DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Is a certain remedy for Neuralgia.
DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Cures Burns and Scalds immediately.
DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Is the best known remedy for Sprains and Bruises.
DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Cures Headache immediately, and was never known to fail.
DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Affords immediate relief for Piles, and seldom fails to cure.
DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Cures Toothache in one minute.
DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Cures Cuts and Wounds immediately, and leaves no scar.
DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Is the best remedy for Sores in the known world.
DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Has been used by more than a million people, and all praise it.
DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Is truly a "friend in need," and every family should have it at hand.
DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Is for sale by all Druggists. Price 25 cents.
RICHARDSON & CO.,
Sole Proprietors, Norwich, Ct.
For sale by Wood & Allen, Palmer; Dr. Holden, Ware, and H.T.Small & Co., Stafford Springs. f21

E. & H. T. ANTHONY,
MANUFACTURER OF
PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS,
*501 Broadway, New York.*

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS.

Our catalogue now embraces considerably over FOUR THOUSAND different subjects, (to which additions are continually being made) of Portraits of Eminent Americans, etc., viz.:

| | |
|---|---|
| 72 Major-Generals | 525 Statesmen, |
| 199 Brigadier-Generals, | 127 Divines, |
| 259 Colonels, | 116 Authors, |
| 81 Lieutenant Colonels, | 30 Artists, |
| 207 Other Officers, | 112 Stage, |
| 60 Navy Officers, | 46 Prominent Women. |

147 Prominent Foreign Portraits,
2,500 Copies of Works of Art, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, &c.

Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp. An order for 12 pictures from our catalogue will be filled on receipt of $1.00, and sent by mail, FREE.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

Of these we manufacture a great variety, ranging in price from 50 cts. to $3 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others. The smaller kinds can be sent safely by mail at a postage of six cents per oz. The more expensive can be sent by express.

We also keep a large assortment of
Stereoscopes & Stereoscopic Views.

Our catalogue of these will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY, Manufacturers of Photographic Materials, 501 Broadway, N. York.

Friends or relatives of prominent military men will confer a favor by sending us their likenesses to copy. They will be kept carefully and returned uninjured.

FINE ALBUMS MADE TO ORDER for Congregations to present to their Pastors, or for other purposes, with suitable inscriptions, &c.
ag22 6m

BLACKSMITHING.

THE Subscriber has returned to his old stand, and is prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing in the best manner.

HORSE SHOEING

done to the satisfaction of every one entrusting their horses to my care.
PATRICK McMANAMY.
Palmer, Apr 25, 1863.

AMHERST, BELCHERTOWN, & PALMER RAILROAD.—On and after Sept. 1, 1863, trains will run daily as follows:

Leave Amherst at 9 a. m., and 4.00 p. m.
Leave Palmer at 2.15 and 5.45 p. m.

Passengers taking the mail trains from Albany or New York for Springfield, will not fail to connect at Palmer with cars for Amherst. Stage accommodations at Belchertown for Enfield, Greenwich, and Dana; at Amherst for Northampton, North Hadley, Hadley, and Sunderland. j7. to3'63. J. H. M. LELAND, Supt.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED, OR THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. Faucett's Safes or Preventives are a new and superior article; price, 3 for $1, or $3 per dozen. Dr. Faucett's Female Pills, for all irregularities; price, $1 per box. The Specific Pill, for young men suffering from seminal weakness, the evil effects of self-abuse; price, $1 per box, or six for $5.

Books, medicines, syringes, &c., furnished. Address all orders, MEDICAL AGENTS,
P. O. box, 5171, New York.

☞ Send for a circular.

## SASHES, DOORS, AND BLINDS

The subscriber makes to order all kinds of SASHES, DOORS, AND BLINDS, at short notice.
J. R. PARKHURST.
Palmer, Aug. 8, 1863. tf.

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY, Solicitor of Patents,
Late Agent of U.S. Patent Office Washington,
(under the Act of 1837.)
76 STATE ST., - - - (opp. Kirby St.) - - - BOSTON.

After an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States, also in Great Britain, France, and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Bonds, Assignments, and all Papers or Drawings for Patents executed on liberal terms, and with dispatch. Researches made into American or Foreign works to determine the validity or utility of Patents or inventions—and legal or other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington.

The Agency is not only the largest in New England, but through it inventors have advantages for securing Patents, of ascertaining the patentability of inventions, unsurpassed by, if not immeasurably superior to any which can be offered them elsewhere. The Testimonials below given prove that none is MORE SUCCESSFUL AT THE PATENT OFFICE than the subscriber, and as SUCCESS IS THE BEST PROOF OF ADVANTAGES AND ABILITY, he would add that he has abundant reason to believe, and can prove, that at no other office of the kind are the charges for professional services so moderate. The immense practice of the subscriber during the twelve years past has enabled him to accumulate a vast collection of specifications and official decisions relative to patents.

These, besides his extensive library of legal and mechanical works, and full accounts of patents granted in the United States and Europe, render him able, beyond question, to offer superior facilities for obtaining Patents.

All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a Patent, and the usual great delay there, are here saved inventors.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the MOST CAPABLE and SUCCESSFUL practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse." CHAS. MASON.
Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a person more competent and trustworthy, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office."
EDMUND BURKE,
Late Commissioner of Patents

"Mr. R. H. Eddy has made for me THIRTEEN applications, on all but one of which patents have been granted, and that is now pending. Such unmistakeable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend ALL inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges." JOHN TAGGART.

During eight months, the subscriber, in course of his large practice, made on TWICE rejected applications, SIXTEEN APPEALS, EVERY ONE of which was decided in his favor by the Commissioner of Patents. R. H. EDDY.
Boston, January 24, 1863. 1y

*To Nervous Sufferers of Both Sexes.*

A Reverend Gentleman having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing all the usual routine and irregular expensive modes of treatment without success, considers it his sacred duty to communicate to his afflicted fellow creatures the means of cure. Hence, on the receipt of a post-paid, addressed envelope, he will send (free) a copy of the prescription used. Direct to Dr. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186 Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y. j24

NEW LONDON NORTHERN RAILROAD.—On and after Monday, December 1, 1862, Trains leave Palmer 7 50 A. M. and 2.05 P. M., in connection with trains from Springfield.

Leave New London 7 30 A. M. and 1 40 P. M., connecting at Palmer with Western road for Springfield and Albany at 11 01, 11 39 A. M., and 5 08 P. M., and in time for trains to Amherst, Worcester and Boston.

Trains connect at Willimantic for Hartford, and at New London with Stonington, Providence, New Haven and N. York trains and boat for N. Y.
November 29, 1862. R. N. DOWD, Supt.

WATCHES & JEWELRY.

THE Subscriber has taken the Jewelry Store lately occupied by S. P. Blair, in Nassowanno Block, and offers to the public an excellent assortment of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, which he will sell at small profits.

WATCHES & JEWELRY REPAIRED
At short notice and in a workmanlike manner.
☞ Call and see W. W. HAGAR.
Palmer, Aug 18, 1860. 14tf.

## Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL,
*FEED, SALT, LIME,*
COAL, WOOD, &c.
AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.
Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

GOVERNMENT
## PENSION AGENCY!

GOVERNMENT BOUNTY OF $100

Collected for soldiers who have been discharged from service by reason of wounds or disability, without regard to length of time. Invalid soldiers discharged from service, and the widows and orphans of soldiers who died in the U. States service, or of wounds or disease contracted in line of duty are entitled to pensions. All pension claims against the government, and claims for arrears of pay and bounty, will be promptly attended to and collected at the lowest rates. No charge made to the soldier unless the claim is successful.

This Agency is duly licensed, and the undersigned does his business direct with the authorities at Washington, and not through third parties.
JAS. G. ALLEN, Counsellor & Attorney.
Palmer, March 21, 1863.

WOOD & ALLEN,
Druggists and Apothecaries,

Have a fresh supply of Drugs and the most popular Patent Medicines, Perfumes, Toilet Articles, &c.

☞ Dr. HIGGINS' justly celebrated medicines are prepared by us, and furnished wholesale and retail as formerly. THE ANTALGICA, the best PAIN RELIEVER of the age, has a large sale, and should be in every family. Those who have used it once never do without it. Our Scrofula Syrup is one of the best remedies to use for the cure of Humors, as hundreds can testify. A liberal discount to physicians and the trade. WOOD & ALLEN.
Palmer, July 11, 1863. 6m.

TERRIBLE DISCLOSURES — SECRETS FOR THE MILLION!

A most valuable and wonderful publication. A work of 400 pages, and 30 colored engravings,
Dr. HUNTER'S VADE MECUM,
An original and popular treatise on Man and Woman, their Physiology, Functions, and Sexual disorders of every kind, with Never-Failing Remedies for their speedy cure. The practice of Dr. Hunter long has been, and still is unbounded, but at the earnest solicitation of numerous persons he has been induced to extend his medical usefulness through the medium of his "Vade Mecum." It is a volume that should be in the hands of every family in the land, as a preventive of secret vices, or as a guide for the alleviation of one of the most awful and destructive scourges ever visited mankind. One copy, securely enveloped, will be forwarded free of postage, to any part of the United States, for 50 cents in P.O. stamps, or 3 copies for $1. Address, post-paid, Dr. HUNTER, No. 3 Division st., New York. 1yje6

E. C. RICHARDSON, M. D.,
EXAMINING SURGEON
FOR PENSIONS,
6ms19 WARE, Mass.

A. B. COWAN,
DENTIST,
Office and residence in
LAWRENCE BLOCK, PALMER, MASS.

# The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XIV. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1863. NUMBER 36.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.
—BY—
GORDON M. FISK & Co.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—One Dollar and Fifty Cents in advance; One Dollar and Seventy-five Cents if payment is delayed till the end of the year. For six months, seventy-five cents, for three months, thirty-eight cents; for one month, fourteen cents; single copies, four cents.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted on reasonable terms.

JOB PRINTING, of all kinds, executed in the best style and at short notice.

G. M. FISK. JAS. M'LAUGHLIN.


A PATRIOTIC MOTHER.—The following story is related of a lady of Rutland, Vt., who had a son residing in Tennessee at the outbreak of the rebellion. His son became an officer among the rebels, was captured, thrown into prison, and his estate confiscated. The mother recently received a letter from him, asking her aid in procuring his liberation and means with which to go abroad and repair his shattered fortunes. The mother answered, expressing sympathy and regret, informing him it was unnecessary he should go abroad; that she had the means to assist him, and would gladly do so on condition that he would take the oath of allegiance to the only government worth living under. Until that time, she could do nothing for him.

INTEMPERANCE.—Several of the Southern papers complain of the fearful increase of intemperance, especially among the army officers. One soldier writes, from Lee's army, that his regiment has not a field officer with it, and that the ranking captain is away, laid up by the effects of strong drink, and that the quartermaster, having got possession of a vessel of whiskey, nothing is to be expected from him till that is gone.

CONSCIENCE STRICKEN MAN.—A conscience-stricken New York defaulter, who early last week, sent $60 to the Treasury Department, has just remitted $50 more, which he had fraudulently withheld from the Government. It may encourage other defaulters to learn that no efforts are likely to be made to discover their identity; therefore they can remit with safety.

A NEW PROJECT.—The present high price of coal is suggesting many expedients for economizing its use. Mr. Harper, of the Philadelphia city council, proposes a committee to inquire into the feasibility of warming houses from a central source, and supplying the city with heat as gas is now supplied. The committee to make the inquiry into the matter has been appointed.

STILL NEUTRAL.—Lord Palmerston has made a speech, in the course of which he asserted that England would have interfered in the American war but for the belief that it would have been in vain. England intended, he said, to remain strictly neutral. Mr. Villiers, a leading supporter of the Cabinet, made a speech in behalf of the Federal Government.

PROBABLE REBEL BARBARITIES.—Dr. John T. Luck, of the navy, just exchanged, has been a prisoner in South Carolina since the assault on Fort Wagner, and says he is confident no officer of a negro regiment is prisoner there. He saw the body of Col. Shaw lying on the parapet of Wagner before it was buried.

EUROPEAN CONGRESS.—England has replied to Napoleon on the proposed Congress by asking more information on the subjects to be discussed by the Congress. The Pope has assented. It is supposed that all the principal Governments will, before assenting, desire further information as to the programme.

LEFT ALONE.—A soldier's wife died in Mansfield, Mass., last week, of small pox, leaving four children. One woman had the care of the sick woman and the four children, day and night, as no other person entered the house after it was known that the disease was small pox.

SOLD.—On Saturday last the estate of the late Senator Douglas, at Cottage Grove, near Chicago, was sold to satisfy the mortgage. It consisted of sixty acres, and brought $83,150, or $803 less than the amount to satisfy the mortgage. The average price was $1386 per acre.

☞Charles H. Walker, at New York, on Monday night undertook to kill Nancy E Vincent, an abandoned woman who had been his mistress. He attacked her with a knife, inflicting ten wounds. Her life is despaired of, and he is in prison.

TRYING TO LEAVE.—The Petersburg Express says that "sundry persons" are trying to leave the Confederacy for Nassau, Bermuda and elsewhere, with their wealth, in order to shirk taxation and military duty, and to do a blockade running business.

MORTIFYING MISTAKE.—A Philadelphia clergyman was somewhat astonished to find in a printed report of his Thanksgiving discourse an allusion to the rebel colors as "that *damned* and bloody flag," He said, *daring*.

HORSE THIEVES.—A gang of horse thieves, four in number, were arrested on Monday at Bradford, Vt. They had been engaged in stealing horses in Maine and running them to Vermont to sell, and, on their return, taking to Maine horses stolen in Vermont.

☞The Bedouins says the Levant Herald, have become numerous and lawless of late in the Holy Land that it is unsafe to go even the shortest distance from Jerusalem. Jordan cannot be visited, having become a hard road to travel.

☞A writer in the Railroad Advocate says that statistics show that travelling in the cars is safer by night than by day.

## ORIGINAL POETRY.

### "Lost, Strayed, or Stolen."

BY LAURA J. HODGES.

I once had a casket of jewels bright,
Of treasures, priceless and rare;
But they have all gone from my searching sight—
Can any one tell me where?

I had gems of youth—and of innocence too;
I had hopes of glittering ray;
I had dreams, with sheen of fancy's hue,—
But they have been stolen away.

I'd a charming brooch, 'twas a "white-winged dove"
I had trust, to wear in my breast;
And a diadem of the purest love,—
But they've strayed away with the rest.

I had a gem enclosed in a beautiful frame,
And worn in my heart every day;
A jewel it was, with a christian name,
But 'tis lost, or stolen away.

And a necklace I had, more rich than pearls,
With a cluster of sparkling eyes;
It was bound with a clasp of golden curls,
Oh, I know where that treasure lies!

I had precious gems in a human form,—
Their value was not their cost;
Sweet voices, smiles, and caresses warm,—
But they'r stolen, strayed, or lost.

The casket is here—but its treasures bright,—
My gems and my jewels rare,—
They are gone—all gone, from my searching sight,
Can any one tell me where?

STAFFORD, CT., Dec., 1863.

### GOLDEN HAIR.

'You are no better to-night, Harry?'

'No better, Miss Ariel.'

Ariel King bent thoughtfully over the low pallet bed, with her slight finger on the sick man's restless pulse, and her long amber curls almost touching the coverlet that stirred with the uneven laboring of the breast below. While the frosty October's sunset, drawing lines of moving gold athwart the rough plaster on the walls, lingered lovingly around the soft, shining hair and violet eyes, and transfigured her almost in a saint's shining beauty.

'He seems weak and languid,' she said, softly. 'Wine and cordials, and fresh fruit, are what he needs, Marian.'

'And that's just what the doctor told me,' did a dark, bustling, little woman, who was concocting some mixture over the sickly fire; 'but, bless you, Miss Ariel, how are we, poor folks, to get wine and fruit? No, no! he won't just get well on arrow root and gruel; *they* don't cost much.'

She tried to speak smilingly, this poor Marian Becker; but there were tears in her dark eyes as she pushed the hair back from her husband's hollow temples.

'It isn't altogether that, Miss Ariel, said Harry, uneasily. 'I think I should get stronger if it wasn't for fretting about the rent.—Old Keene is a hard landlord—one who wouldn't hesitate to turn a man into the street if he were dying. I don't so much mind it for myself—I shall soon be beyond all trouble—but Marian—'

He stopped abruptly. Ariel lifted her grave shocked eyes—this was a new revelation of want and woe.

'Do you mean to tell me that you have no money left?'

'None, Miss Ariel.'

She bent her head on her hands with a passionate shudder.

'And this is the way our country rewards the soldiers who, for her sake, have dared the perils of deadly battle-fields and fever-breathing swamps! She gives them an honorable discharge—a discharge to creep away into some hole or corner and die as soon as possible! She promises them bounty at the end of the war—as well say at the end of the world! Is this right? Is it justice?'

'Nay, Miss Ariel,' said the young soldier, 'it is partly my own fault. If I had chosen to remain in the hospital I should have incurred no expenses. Only I fancied that Marian could nurse me better, and—'

'And so you committed the unpardonable sin of preferring home to a hospital barrack, and this great and good country washes her hands of you accordingly. Oh, Harry, if I had but one tithe of my uncle's wealth!'

'Miss Ariel,' said the young man, earnestly, 'don't feel so grieved about it. I know you are hurt at your uncle's refusal to help me; but you must remember that he disapproved of my enlistment from the first—still more of the idle fancy, as he termed it, of my coming home. But, Oh, Miss Ariel, if he could have known the bitterness of the homesick pangs that come when you are sick in a strange place! He said, in that note, that the mere fact of my having once been a clerk in his employ gave me no claim on him; and he was right, Miss Ariel, only—'

He turned his face to the pillow, with a low, choking sob. Ariel watched him, with a strange, troubled light in her eyes, to see a human creature drifting slowly out of the world, and have no power to help or rescue him.

'How much is the rent?' she asked, after a brief silence.

'Twenty dollars, Miss Ariel; it is for three months.'

Twenty dollars! and she had but ten in her little silk purse; for Ariel King, a portionless orphan, had literally nothing of her own—the very watch at her girdle, the spot of opal fire that fastened her collar, were her uncle's. And to him she well knew how vain would be any application.

She sighed deeply as she rose up to go, and once more came the eager wish, the passionate longing, that she were rich!

The gas lights were beginning to quiver, like lines of fire, down the long, tumultuous streets, as she set out on her homeward way; and, with instinctive timidity, she drew down her veil, and folded her simple scarlet shawl closer round her shoulders, quickening her steps as she did so.

'Can't cross there, young woman! wait till them carts and carriages has got by!'

Ariel started in affright as the good-humored old policeman drew her back, and then smiled at her own timidity; but, as she stood waiting on the corner for something like a break in the apparent string of carts and omnibuses, her eyes fell on a brilliantly lighted window close at her side, and she mechanically read, emblazoned on the glass,

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR HUMAN HAIR.

She looked down on the long auburn curls that lay on her shoulders, with a strange, sudden thrill of joy. For the moment she was rich—she had something which she might call her own, to keep or to sell as she chose.—Harry Becker's wants might be partially relieved yet.

Without pausing for reflection, she laid her hand on the latch, and entered the perfumed realm of Macassar and false curls. A dazzling little French woman advanced behind the counter.

'In what may we have the happiness of serving madam?'

'I wish to sell my hair,' murmured poor Ariel, her cheeks all aflame, as if she had been doing a guilty thing.

Ah, certainly,' said the little woman, in a tone one or two degrees conciliatory. 'Will madam please lay aside her bonnet?'

With trembling fingers, Ariel untied the strings and removed the straw bonnet; like a cataract of shining, rippled gold, the long, soft curls fell around her shoulders.

'Ciel!' ejaculated the little woman, softly, with upraised eye-brows and clasped hands, 'the hair is fine, *variment*; it most be near three feet long. For what price do you wish to part with it, madam?'

'I must have ten dollars,' said Ariel, taking courage at the other's evident satisfaction.

'Ten dollars! that is too large a sum.'

'Then I must try elsewhere,' said Ariel, taking up her bonnet.

'Wait—stay!' said the woman, meditatively. 'It is long and thick; moreover, it is of a good color. Please walk into the other room, madame. Fanchette shall cut it off in half a second!'

Poor Ariel, as she sat, flushed and half frightened, in the little gas-lighted den at the back of the shop, with Fanchette's gleaming scissors flashing through her curls, would have given almost anything to have retraced the sudden step. The bright silken tresses that she had brushed and caressed, and twined with flowers, so many, many, times; the curls—O! how could she ever have forgotten—that Colonel Tylney had admired so much—that he had said were like coils of sunshine! An involuntary sob welled up from her heart.

'Did you speak, Mademoiselle?' said Fanchette, suspending the scissors in mid-air.

Ariel shook her head; she could not answer in words. There they lay, a soft, shining heap, full of golden lights and tender brown shadows—*her* curls no longer!

'Please give me one to keep?' she pleaded, with a wistful eagerness. The French woman smilingly tossed one across the counter; she was in good humor with herself; she had made a decided bargain.

And Ariel, not even daring to look in the glass, crept away; the hard-earned money in her pocket, and the curl held to her heart as if it had been a living thing.

'Is he asleep, Marian?'

'Miss Ariel! is it possible that this is you?'

'Myself, Marian! Hush! don't wake him. Here are the twenty dollars. Don't detain me, pray; it's late.'

'But, Miss Ariel, how—where—Oh, I see now! your hair, your beautiful brown curls are gone. Oh, Miss Ariel, how could you?'

'Pooh!' said Ariel, lightly; 'hair will grow again. Do you suppose I value my silly curls beyond poor Harry's life and strength?'

And before Mrs. Becker could find words to express her gratitude, Ariel was gone.

* * * * * *

'Upon my word,' said Miss Priscilla Vinaigre, 'this is quite a new freak of caprice on Miss King's part. What will not a girl do to keep up with the fashion?'

Colonel Tylney looked quickly up from the photographic album whose leaves he was slowly turning over. Yes, Miss Vinaigre was quite right; that was Ariel King, with her fair oval cheek shadowed by tiny brown rings, and her eyes bent downward with timid shame.

Colonel Tylney shut the album with considerable emphasis. Fashion! he hated the sound of the name. What were our girls dreaming about fashion for, when the nation was groaning with the agony of regeneration? Yet he had fancied Ariel King far superior to these foolish whims; well was it for him that disenchantment came ere it was too late.

'And she knew how much I admired that lovely hair,' was the next thought. 'It shows how much she cares for my likes and dislikes. Well, she is just like the rest of her silly sex, and I shall go back to Washington next week cured of one absurd fancy.'

And Ariel sobbed herself to sleep that night because Frank Tylney passed her with such a rigid bow.

Harry Becker had an unexpected visitor the next morning, the colonel of his regiment, who came in with a bright, encouraging smile, and a kindly grasp of the hand, that seemed to put new life into the invalid's worn frame.

'Why, Becker, where have you been hiding yourself? Why didn't you let us know where you were? It was by the merest chance that I stumbled upon you now.'

Becker's pale face reddened. 'I did not like to trouble others with my distress, Colonel.'

'Then, allow me to inform you that you are a foolish fellow. What can I do for you?—Nay, don't hesitate. I have not forgotten how you risked your life for me at Malvern Hill.'

"Thank you, Colonel. We have been in sore straits, my wife and I; but Miss Ariel King, my former employer's neice—'

'King—Ariel King—I know her.'

'Then, sir, you know the sweetest young lady in the world. Well, sir, she has aided us with her little means—my wife used to be seamstress in the family; and, last night, to crown all, what do you suppose she did to help us with the rent that was behind?'

'I am sure I do not know.'

'She sold her hair, sir—her beautiful golden head of hair, that she was as proud of as any woman could be—all to assist a poor dying soldier!'

And Harry turned his head aside to hide the big drops on his lashes. He need not have been so careful; there was a dimness in the colonel's dark eye, too.

'I have been a fool!' he ejaculated, striding out into the open air—'a mad, insensate fool!'

And he went straight to the little parlor where Ariel was sitting at her work, crying a little between whiles, and confessed all his sins at the shrine of her saintly beauty.

'And now, Ariel, now that you know what a suspicious, credulous, doubting, villain I have been, can you give the priceless treasure of your love into my keeping?'

She answered, seriously and tenderly, with soft, shy blushes, 'Yes.'

What more have I to say? Nothing, save that Becker, and Marian, his wife, are doing well; and Marian predicts that, by Ariel's wedding day, her curls will have grown out again, long and golden as of yore.

### The Farmer's Fireside.

Few spots are happier or more cosy, at this season of the year, than the rural fireside.—He who forms his views of it from the recollections of fifty years ago, or even twenty, has very poor conceptions of the place.—There is really no class that has shared more in the prosperity of the country, or that has been more benefitted by the investigations and discoveries of science. The old style farm-house, with its broad-mouthed fireplace, its pine table, bench, wood-bottomed chairs, with high backs, is superseded in many parts of the country; and well-built, substantial houses, in modern style, have taken their places. The old kitchen, which formerly served almost all purposes except that of a dormitory, has been succeeded by a well-furnished parlor and dining room, and by a kitchen which boasts more comforts than the whole of the old house afforded. The cooking apparatus is complete, from gridiron to tea-kettle, and the various processes of the culinary art are now conveniently done, and regulated by the clock that ticks on the mantle-piece.

And when the meals are over, and the labors of the day are done, a clean, carpeted sitting-room, well warmed and ventilated, invites the farmer's family to the enjoyments of the fireside. There is light enough upon the center table, no longer dispensed from a single tallow candle, with wick of span tow, that only served to make the darkness visible.—The farmer, and the farmer's wife and children, have a taste for reading; and religious, miscellaneous, and agricultural, papers are last becoming the necessities of farm life.—No class digest more thoroughly what they read. There is no force competition in their business, overtaxing the brain. At this season of the year, there is comparative leisure, and the suggestions of agricultural papers are turned to good account in forming plans for the coming season. These plans pertain to all the departments of husbandry, and are eagerly participated in by the female part of the household. It is cheering to see the progress of floriculture, and to notice how the flower border gains upon other parts of the garden as the younger members of the family come upon the stage. The agricultural matter that is now sown broadcast over the land, through the columns of the religious and political, as well as agricultural, journals is bearing fruit. There is a change for the better coming over the rural districts. New attractions are thrown around farm life, and many more of the sons and daughters of farmers will be induced to abide by the old homestead.

### How the Soldier Sleeps.

You would wonder, I think, to see men lie right down in the dusty road, under the full noon sun of Tennessee and Alabama, and fall asleep in a minute. I have passed hundreds of such sleepers. A dry spot is a good mattress, the flap of a blanket quite a downy pillow. You would wonder, I think, to see a whole army corps, as I have, without a shred of a tent to bless themselves with, lying anywhere and everywhere, in all-night rain, and not a growl nor a grumble. I was curious to see whether the pluck and good nature were washed out of them, and so I made my way out of the snug, dry, quarters I am ashamed to say I occupied, at five in the morning, to see what water had done with them. Nothing! Each soaked blanket hatched out as jolly a fellow as you would wish to see. Muddy, dripping, half-floundered, forth they came, wringing themselves out as they went, with the look of a troop of "wet down" roosters in a full rain storm, plumage at half mast, but hearts trumps every time. If they swore—and some did—it was with a laugh; the sleepy fires were stirred up; then came the coffee; and they were as good as new.—"Blood is thicker than water."—*B. F. Taylor.*

A FRAGMENT.—The hardy moss will thrive upon a sterile rock; the mystic mistletoe will flourish upon a withered branch; the tenacious ivy will cling to the mouldering ruin; the towering cedar will remain fresh and fadeless through the mutations of the passing year; the cloud-capped mountain stands firm and unshaken amid the war of opposing elements; and, Heaven be praised! something pleasing to the eye, something grateful to the senses, will, even in the darkest hours of destiny, still be visible—still twine around, and fondly cling to, the broken arches and crumbling altars of the most desolate temple of the human heart.—*L. J. Hodges, Stafford, Ct.*

LARGE CIDER BUSINESS.—Horace Johnson, Esq., of Middle Haddam, Ct., has, during the autumn just ended, ground up the enormous quantity of *sixteen thousand bushels* of apples in his mill. The product is 1700 barrels of cider. Most of this has been sold in the Philadelphia and Baltimore markets, and some of it (the latest and choicest, from picked lots of apples) sold at $8 per barrel.

☞Why are makers of the Armstrong guns the most dishonest persons in Her Majesty's service? Because they rifle all the guns, forge all the materials, and steel all the gun breeches.

☞We have now, in the United States, at least two hundred and thirty-five general hospitals for the use of the soldiers, containing about 80,000 patients.

☞Tom Hood, speaking of a woman who, in a rage, had thrown down a basin, says, "In fact, the Tartars of old began to rise on the ruins of China."

☞A prisoner, having been sentenced to the State Prison last week, it being the fourth time within the last twenty years, very coolly commenced singing, "Home, Sweet Home."

☞A man has been arrested in Washington for cracking his whip to a rebel tune. It must have been a crack air, the man being a thongster, not a songster.

ORIGINAL.

### MR. SLANGER, OF TWADDLETOWN.

BY MRS. L. J. HODGES.

Twaddletown is a cozy little village, nestled down among the hills, somewhere between 'Northern Lights' and 'Dixie.' Twaddletown is in peaceable possession of a tavern, store, steeple, 'sewing circle,' singing school, beer saloon, schoolhouse, and in brief, most of the conveniencies and adornments consequent on a thrifty condition of affairs *generally*, in a country village.

The 'principle feature,' of the 'Institution,' of Twaddletown, is Mr. Slanger. Almost everybody knows Slanger; yet, fearing lest some poor benighted individual may not have the honor of his acquaintance, I shall take the liberty to introduce the gentleman to your notice. O, Mr. Slanger's physical appearance, I will only say, that he is about five feet, twenty inches in height, and the color of his whiskers depends altogether upon the quality and quantity of the 'Hair Dye' which he uses. My purpose is to speak of Mr. Slanger's qualifications of *mind*, and *character*. Well, then, he is a person of very high mental endowment and culture,—or he is very *much mistaken!* He has acute perceptive faculty,—can 'see through a ladder,' especially, if the sun shines on it. His appreciative organ is well developed,—he can tell the difference between 'Tweedledum and Tweedledee,' as soon as some one *tells him*. He has 'traveled;' consequently understands that chalk isn't cheese. You may talk 'gammon' to peddlers; *he* is '*posted*'—not to be '*gummed*.' Slanger is a man of rare literary attainments; he has read 'Sinbad, the Sailor,' 'The House that Jack Built,' 'Tom Thumb,' and several other equally profound metaphysical, and *ethical*, treatises. He once commenced committing 'Mother Goose's Melodies' to memory, but his maternal progenitor, becoming apprehensive for his sanity, carefully concealed the volume, between the pages of the family Bible, and Slanger never found it.

Slanger, is a '*business* man,'—*his business*, is minding other people's business, and he evinces remarkable business tact, and devotion. His principal place of business is the hotel, or the store piazza, in summer season. Here he monopolizes the easiest chair, seats himself, (if resting the body midway between the hips and shoulders, may be termed *seated*). He then makes frantic efforts to place his locomotive attributes on the top shelf of a flower stand. Failing in this attempt, he compromises the matter by elevating them to the back of a neighboring chair. Facing the street (if exposing the *junction* of the four principal seams of his pants, may be termed *facing*), he inserts a cigar between his lips, plunges his right hand to the elbow in his breeches pocket, and he is prepared for observation and duty. If a lady passes, he comments upon her form, gait, size of her ankle, boot, &c. If she is simply attired, he brands her as a 'dowdy;' if elegantly arrayed, he 'holds forth,' on extravagance, and predicts bankruptcy, in that direction.

Should the observing gentleman chance to espy Deacon Brown's dog in widow Smith's premises, he infers that the Deacon is indoor, and, by well directed insendoes and skillfully uttered insinuations, he manages to electrify bystanders with the brilliant idea that he knows a 'thing or two,' that he don't care to 'promulgate.'

Slanger considers *home* an excellent place to eat and sleep in, and a nice place of resort when he can't stay anywhere else any longer. He has a firm conviction on the subject of 'wifely duties'—an unfaltering faith in 'obedience to husbands.' He considers it one of a wife's 'blessed privileges' to stay at home, and sit up nights until her liege lord sees fit to honor her humble self with his august presence 'All things considered,' he is satisfied that wives are an expensive luxury, children a disagreeable necessity, and teething babies actual nuisances. Mr. Slanger enjoys a full belief in war, capital punishment, 'Hardy's Salve,' and 'sea serpents,' he rejoices in a comfortable hope of 'Cattle Shows,' 'Fourth of July,' and 'brandy smashes.'

He entertains an established opinion that mankind in general, and himself in particular, are endowed with a capacity to smoke like a 'tar-kiln,' and, accordingly, cultivates his talent in that direction with most commendable zeal.

Slanger spends his evenings at the saloon; buys three cigars—15 cts.; eats an orange—4 cts.; six cents worth of peanuts; takes a glass of ale, 6 cts.—total 31 cents; goes home at half past ten o'clock; finds his weary-looking wife darning stockings; mentions the fact that sugar and tea are very high, and hints at the necessity of economy in the use of such superfluities; hangs his hat on the carpet, kicks his shoes under the table, throws his coat over the lounge, and retires, leaving his wife to 'tidy up.' Reader, did you ever see Mr. Slanger?

STAFEORD SPRINGS, CT., Dec., 1863.

METROPOLITAN MORALITY.—Any clever young artist, who may desire to rival Hogarth's series of pictures known as "The Rake's progress," will do well to come here and depict "Life in Washington." What is known across the water as the "Social Evil" is to be seen on every hand and in every phase. Some fair yet frail ones dress as magnificently, and drive as fine equipages as did the famous "Skittles," who electrified Hyde Park, and even attracted the editorial notice of the Thunderer; and thence, downward, are to be seen types of every stage of degradation, ending with the miserable contraband girls, cast adrift from all good influences and left to end a miserable existence.—Was it not Madame De Stael who spoke of the "strange destiny of the human species, to be drawn back into the same circle by the passions, while it constantly advances in the career of ideas." We are no better here now than was London life as Hogarth depicted it.—*Wash. Letter.*

☞An old Yankee, when he was told by an English tourist in this country that the celebration of the Fourth of July would soon become obsolete, answered:—"See here, stranger, don't talk that way. I tell you, when the resurrection day comes round, the first thing done in the morning will be to read the Declaration of Independence."

### Presentiments.

Napoleon I. had faith in presentiments.—"Paul," he observed to Count Montholon, in a conversation on the death of that Russian emperor, "was a man who had a soul, and was accessible to noble resolutions; but all his moral faults were concentrated by the restless forebodings of that animal instinct which I have so often observed in some of my bravest soldiers. Lascelles, for instance, who, in the middle of the night, wrote to me, from bivouac on the battle-field of Wagram, to ask me to sign immediately the decree for the transmission of his title and his *majorat* of count to his wife's son, because he felt that he was about to fall in the battle on the ensuing day; and the unfortunate man was right. Cervoni, who stood near me at Eckmuhl, and now faced cannon for the first time since the war in Italy, said to me, 'Sire, you forced me to quit Marseilles, which I loved, by writing to me that the cross of the legion of honor was only to be won by soldiers in the presence of the enemy. Here I am; but this is my last day.' A quarter of an hour afterwards, a ball carried away his head.—Paul was constantly dreaming of conspiracies and assassinations. He had brought a skillful mechanic from abroad, in order to make him a number of secret passages, by which he might escape from the different chambers which he must frequently used in his palace. There was one man alone who had his entire confidence, and that was Count Pahlem, Governor of St. Petersburg, and chief director of the police. He was at supper with the general the night before his assassination, when he received a letter revealing to him the most minute details, the whole scheme of the conspiracy, and warning him that the plot was completely ripe for execution. Some fatality prevented him from breaking the seal, and he thought no more of it when he retired to his private apartments. Had he opened the letter, he would have been saved.

### A Popular Danish Story.

In the village of Ebberup, in Funen, there lived a very wealthy farmer, who had to go one day to Assens with a load of barley; so one of his neighbors, a cottager, asked leave to go along with him for the sake of bringing home some goods in the empty cart. The farmer had no objection; so the cottager followed the cart on foot. As it was a very hot day, he pulled off his worsted stockings and wooden shoes, and stoffed them under the barley in the back of the cart. It happened to be Sunday, and they had to pass close by a church on the road-side. The man had got a little way behind the cart; so he could hear that the minister was in the pulpit. It struck him that, as the farmer was driving very slow, he might as well turn in and hear a bit of the sermon; he could soon catch up with the cart again. He did not like to go so far into the church that the minister could see him; so he stood just inside the door. The sermon for that day was about the rich man and the beggar. Just as the traveller entered the church, the minister shouted out, "But what became of the rich man?" The Ebberup man thought the minister was speaking to him; so he stepped forward and said, "He drove on to Assens with a load of barley."—"No!" thundered the minister, "he went to hell." "Mercy on us!" cried the other, running out of the church; "then I must look after my shoes."

### Sale of a Wife.

In a town adjoining Utica lives a man who is the father of three children and the husband of a wife, whose fidelity he has, justly or unjustly, suspected. Recently, the wife went to the house of a widower in the vicinity and became his housekeeper. The husband, a few nights ago, followed her and applied to her to come home and do some baking, for the family were out of bread. The appeal was made in the presence of the widower, and he was a participant in the conversation which followed. In the course of it, the fact that wives had been sold was mentioned, and the widower offered the husband a cow or $30 for his spouse. The married man accepted the offer and chose the cow.—The bargain being closed amicably, all parties retired to rest—the widower and husband occupying the same bed, and the hartered wife lodging with a female servant. In the morning, however, the husband repented; but the wife insisted that she had been fairly disposed of, and refused to accompany him home. The unhappy man departed with the cow, mourning that he had dispused of the "partner of his existence," but convinced that the woman was now beyond his reach.

### Aid to the Legal Profession.

The legal profession are to have valuable assistance, in the labors of Punch, from which we have the following:

Instead of laboring for years among the ponderosities of Lord, Coke, and other giants, a royal or patent mode is proposed, of reaching the same result by questions and answers, thus:

Q. What is a femme sole?

A. Don't know, but think it may be a mermaid.

Q. What are appurtenances?

A. Trimmings to a leg of mutton.

Q. What is a summary process?

A. Bathing and eating ices.

Q. What is a rejoinder?

A. It is when anybody asks you, "Has your mother sold her wash-tub?" and you reply, "Yes, and bought a guitar."

Q. What is understood by the term mystery?

A. That Lord Brougham should ever have been Chancellor.

Q. What is a maxim in law?

A. Do, and don't be done.

Q. What are first fruits?

A. Rhubarb and little green gooseberries.

Q. How are seamen impressed?

A. By the cat-o'-nine-tails or one of Father Matthew's sermons.

Q. When must you commence a new suit?

A. When the old one has grown too ventilating or seedy.

Q. What is a release?

A. To exchange the company of your ugly aunt for that of your pretty cousin.

Q. What is a clerical error?

A. Preaching a two hours' sermon.

☞Why is the letter F like Gen Meade? Because it makes Lee flee.

# Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, DEC. 12, 1863.


### Our Annual Dunt

All persons indebted to this office, for subscriptions, advertisin[illegible] or job work, are requested to make payment befo[illegible] the 1st of January, 1864. Subscribers will receive their bills in their papers before that time, and prompt remittance is expected.

REBEL papers claim a victory over the Yankees at Plaquemines, La., on the 27th ult., with the capture of 2900 of our men. The rebels claim that the Mississippi is again blockaded, and virtually closed to navigation.

### The $300 Exemption.

One great argument why young men should volunteer, and secure a large bounty, is the probable fact that the $300 exemption clause of the conscription act will be repealed before the draft takes place, in January next; and then service will be compelled unless a substitute should be furnished. Mr. Lane, Senator from Indiana, has given notice in Congress of his intention to introduce a bill repealing the money exemption, and there is little doubt that such a bill will pass. This will bring the price of substitutes up to from $1,000 to $2,000, and prove the maliciousness of that copperhead lie, that the $300 exemption provision was inserted for the benefit of the rich man. With that provision repealed, the poor man, who can hardly raise $300, will be distanced by the rich man's son, who can command his thousands if drafted. It is clear, then, that it is better for young men who are in the first class of the enrolled militia to volunteer and receive their bounties than to be drafted and get no bounty except the small one which the General Government pays. It will be impossible for the majority of drafted men to obtain substitutes at any price, and they must go into service on soldier's pay.

Aside from duty, pecuniary interest is at stake; and between the choice of serving with or without bounties those liable to draft can easily determine. The cheaper and better way is to volunteer.

### Copperhead Nomination.

There has been a great "Union" convention at Cincinnati, Ohio, to consider the dangers threatening this country. This tremendous gathering met in the parlor of the Burnett House, and Wm. B. Campbell, of Tenn., was chairman. This convention was addressed by Garrit Davis and Leslie Coombs of Kentucky, and other members of the old Bell-Everett party, each of whom considered that something important must be done in the next Presidential campaign, and that important thing was to support Gen. Geo. B. McClellan for the Presidency. In accordance with this desire, this great convention of half a dozen men nominated Gen. McClellan as a candidate for the next Presidency. The democracy of the country—we mean the copperhead democracy—will be expected to endorse this nomination; and, when the national convention of that party occurs, it will be only necessary to go through the motions of making this gallant general of several inglorious battles the regular candidate. By that time, all the old fogies in ruffled shirts and standing dickeys will be aroused to the necessity of saving the nation from the Lincoln dynasty and general bankruptcy. But all that cry will avail little when election takes place, and the men who have stood by and sustained the Government through its many trials come forth to defend it at the ballot box.

### Daring Exploit.

The steamer Chesapeake, which left New York for Portland on Saturday, was seized at 1½ o'clock Sunday morning by sixteen passengers—rebels in disguise. The commander, Capt. Millets, was shot at nine times, but not injured. The second engineer, in attempting to throw hot water upon the rebels was shot dead, and the first engineer was wounded. The seizure occurred off Cape Cod. The passengers and crew were sent from the boat Wednesday morning, near Partridge Island, and they made their way to St. Johns, N. B. The captain of the gang was Henry Braine. They said they should go into Wilmington, N. C., with the cargo of freight, but as the boat had only three days coal, unless she is assisted some of our vessels will probably overhaul her.

The New York Express publishes a letter purporting to have been picked up in a bottle in the Sound on Sunday, stating that the steamer Patapsco was seized by a band of ruffians who took passage on her at New York; also that the passengers were confined below, and that other steamers were near, and that cannon were being transferred to the boat. This may be a canard.

SPRINGFIELD ELECTION.—The "great moral question" which agitated Springfield last week was decided, on Monday, by the re-election of H. Alexander jr., mayor, by 340 majority over Stephen C. Bemis. Mr. Bemis, the Republican said, was the anti-improvement, anti-school house, rum, and brothel, candidate; while Mr. Alexander represented the reform, improvement, and respectable party. The triumph of the latter promises much for the morals of the city, which, according to the Republican, are about as bad as those of Sodom and Gomorrah. Alexander has his hands full to clean out this Augean stable: and, unless he exhibits the energy of a Hercules, he will find his second term insufficient for the task. The rest of the elected ticket was principally of the Alexander stamp.

DISASTER ON THE HUDSON.—The splendid steamer Isaac Newton, which, for seventeen years, has run between Albany and New York, was destroyed by fire on Saturday evening, opposite Fort Washington, a short distance from the latter city. Her boiler exploded, setting fire to the boat. Of the one hundred and fifty persons on board, all but seven escaped, being taken off by other boats. About twenty persons were severely scalded.

☞ There are in Connecticut 285 Congregational churches, with 45,987 members and 402 ministers; 123 Episcopal parishes, with 137 clergymen and 12,585 members.

### THE LATEST WAR NEWS!

Winter quarters is the talk of our armies in Virginia and the Southwest. We shall probably have no more fighting, other than skirmishing with guerrillas and cavalry raiders, this winter, for winter has really set in, and armies can do little when snow and frost get hold of the weather. The close of the fall campaign is really encouraging. It has not amounted to much in Virginia, and we have got so used to misfortunes in that state that nobody expected a victory there. With Meade back to Brandy Station, on the Orange and Alexandria railroad, he is supposed to be safe, though Lee advances to the Rappahannock, or this side of it. A new commander is talked of, and Gen. Pleasanton, who has managed our cavalry so well, is named for the place.

Knoxville and East Tennessee is relieved of danger from Longstreet, who is hurrying back to Virginia, his rear harassed by our cavalry. His was an inglorious enterprise, which brought defeat and retreat upon Bragg, and caused the removal of that general. Bragg's whipped men are falling back from Dalton, and will probably retire to Atlanta, Ga. We do not learn that Grant is pursuing him.

From Arkansas we have intelligence that the Union men are making energetic efforts for the return of the state to her allegiance. Conventions are being held, loyal men are organizing for home defence, and a member of the national congress has been elected. One of the conventions voted in favor of Arkansas as a Free State after the war.

HORRIBLE DISCOVERY.—An ancient brick building, standing in Jeffersonville, Indiana, formerly used as a hotel, and once the rendezvous of a desperate class of people, was purchased, a few days since, by the Jeffersonville Railroad Co., on account of the room it afforded for offices. In repairing the building, the workmen took up the old floor, and, to their astonishment, discovered the remains of several of the young ladies supposed to have been murdered in the house years ago, together with the skeleton of an infant, wrapped in cloth. The remains of the unfortunate creatures have reposed for, perhaps, upwards of thirty years beneath the floor of this notorious house; and, until very recently, it has been occupied by different persons during this entire period. The maidens whose skeletons are now exhumed, had they lived, would be old ladies, and the innocent babe would now be in the meridian of life. In all probability, their murderers have, ere this, passed from earth.

TREATMENT OF DEAD SOLDIERS.—It is a generally admitted fact that the enemy allowed our dead to remain unburied on the field of Chickamauga, though they spent days in picking up fragments of iron, broken arms, and anything which could possibly be made of use, with which the field was strewn. Contrasted with this was the conduct of Hooker's troops, who lately spent many hours in giving burial to the rebels who fell in the recent battle. And yet, after the battle at Richmond, where one Union regiment sustained such frightful slaughter, dead bodies were found savagely mutilated by rebel hands. This is asserted with more than usual emphasis in a recent telegram from Chattanooga.

WHO IS THE MAN?—The N. Y. Herald wants to know who are the persons who desire to realize a profit of five dollars a ton on coal, at the expense of untold misery to the poor; who it is that wants to acquire sudden wealth out of the poor man's pocket; who it is that wants to build his magnificent mansion, and cause such agonies thereby in every little hovel that no human life is long enough to expiate them; who wishes to cover his daughters with diamonds, every gem of which might be the concreted tears of a mother clasping a frozen child to her breast!

PLENTY OF COTTON.—Letters from officers in Gen. Banks' army say that large quantities of cotton are being discovered daily, by reconnoitering parties, in the interior of the State. Owners are very anxious to get it to market and to sell it for greenbacks. Preparations are being made to remove that nearest our lines to the river for shipment. The preponderating sentiment in the portion of Texas traversed by our army is represented to be Union.

THE RUSSIANS DELIGHTED.—Admiral Lesofsky is reported to have said that he had lately received communication from home, and that the people of St. Petersburg were perfectly delighted at the intelligence of the manner in which the officers of the fleet had been received in this country. Also, that he had received orders from the Czar to accept the hospitalities of as many places in the country as it was possible for him to visit.

A VERY BAD WIFE.—John Collins, of South Coventry, Ct., a returned soldier of the 25th C. V., came home from the war with $500, and thought to enjoy life with Mrs. Collins; but Mrs. Collins was given to evil ways, and he turned her off. She took advantage of his absence, a few days ago, and broke into his house, destroying everything—breaking furniture, stove, crockery, and all the windows.—He found his home in ruins when he returned.

A SOCIAL PROSPECT.—The Northern Members of Congress and the leaders in the ranks of wealth and fashion seem determined to spend a pleasant and social winter at Washington. The papers mention an unusual number of wealthy and political dignitaries who have taken houses in that city.

RIGHT.—A cartman in New York has been fined and lost his license for striking a gentleman who took hold of the reins of his horse, that his daughters might have a chance, after waiting a long time, to cross the street.

ELOPEMENT.—John Keehan, a boot and shoe maker, eloped, a few days since, with Mrs. Ringrose, a war widow and a neighbor of his, leaving three children behind her. On the morning of the departure of the twain, Mr. Ringrose arrived home from his regiment.

SHOT BY HIS PUPIL.—Mr. Allen M. Scott, a prominent school teacher in Memphis, Tenn., and the author of a work on grammar, died last week from the effect of shots received two or three weeks since, said to have been given by one of his scholars.

NOT HUNG.—Some of the captured officers of colored regiments are now in Libby Prison, at Richmond. The rebels, evidently, fear to carry out their threats of hanging them.

### Meeting of Congress.

The 38th Congress assembled at Washington on Monday, Schuyler Colfax, of Indiana, was elected Speaker of the House. Mr. Cox, of Ohio, was his competitor. The delegations from Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Oregon, Missouri, and Kansas, were ruled out by Mr. Etheridge, the clerk, on the ground that they were irregularly elected. On Tuesday, the House elected Edward McPherson, of Pa., its clerk. Mr. Buffington, of Massachusetts, who expected the place, got a poor show when the votes were counted. N. G. Ordway, of N. H., was elected sergeant-at-arms. The minor offices were filled without much delay, and the President was notified that both branches were ready to hear his message.

THE MESSAGE.

The President, after expressing gratitude to the Creator of the Universe for abundant harvests, enters at once upon the discussion of national affairs.

The nation is at peace with foreign powers, and the action of England and France, in restraining armed vessels from leaving their ports to war upon our commerce, is considered an omen of good faith and friendship.

A treaty between Great Britain and the United States has been entered into for the suppression of the slave trade.

Questions concerning the blockade have been amicably adjusted with foreign powers.

An important question concerning the jurisdiction of Spain in the waters around Cuba is yet undecided, but will be referred to some friendly power for decision.

The claim against Chili, for the seizure of a large amount of treasure belonging to American citizens, by Chilian officers, has been satisfactorily settled.

The rights of foreign citizens are alluded to, and a more thorough mode of ascertaining their intention concerning citizenship is recommended. Many of them have availed themselves of the right of franchise, but, when called upon to serve as soldiers, have denied being naturalized.

Our relations with Japan have been jeopardized by the hereditary aristocracy of the empire, who oppose the liberal policy of the tycoon, which is designed to bring the country into the society of other nations.

Arrangements have been made with Russia for a telegraph through that empire, from our Pacific coast.

The President desires that immigration may be encouraged, in order that the demand for labor may be supplied. Wrong to foreigners should be promptly redressed.

The finances of the country are shown in a more favorable light than the enemies of the administration have represented. The receipts during the year, from all sources, including loans and the balance in the treasury at its commencement, were $901,125,674 86, and its aggregate disbursements $895,796,630.65, leaving a balance on the first of July, 1863, of $5,329 044.21. Of the receipts, there were received from customs, $69,059,642.40; from internal revenue, $37,640,787.95; from the direct tax, $1,485,103.61; from the sale of lands, $167,617.17; from miscellaneous sources, $3,046,615.35; from loans, $776,682,361.57; making the aggregate $901,125,674.86. Of the disbursements, there were for the civil service, $23,253,922 08; for pensions and Indians, $4,216,526.59; for interest on public debt, $24,729,846.51; for the war department, $599,298,600.83; for the navy department, $63,211,106.27; for the payment of the funded and temporary debt, $181,086,635.07; making the aggregate $895,796,360.65, and leaving a balance of $5,329,044.21. But the payment of the funded and temporary debt having been made from moneys borrowed during the year, must be regarded as merely nominal payments, and the moneys borrowed to make these payments as only nominal receipts, and their amount, $181,086,635.07, should, therefore, be deducted both from the receipts and disbursements. This being done, there remains, as actual receipts, $720,039,039.79, and as actual disbursements, $714,709,995.58, leaving the balance as already stated.

The blockade has been increasing in activity. More than one thousand vessels have been captured since the blockade was instituted, and the value of prizes amounts to over $30,000,000. Our naval force consists of 588 vessels, of which 75 are iron-clad, armed steamers. The President recommends legislation for retaining seamen in the service, that they may not be lured into the army by high bounties.

The post office department has been nearly a paying concern. The expenses have been $11,314,246, and the receipts $11,163,789, leaving a deficiency of only $150,417. In the year preceeding the rebellion, the deficiency was $5,656,405.

The quantity of land disposed of during the last and the first quarter of the present fiscal years was 3,341,549 acres, of which 161,911 acres were sold for cash, 1,456,514 acres were taken up under the homestead law, and the residue was disposed of under laws granting lands for military bounties, and for railroad and other purposes.

Several Indian tribes have been removed during the year. A remodeling of the Indian system is recommended.

The Western Ship Canal is urged upon the attention of Congress, and a navy yard upon one of the Western rivers is suggested.

The President takes a hopeful view of the war. It has progressed greatly since the opening of the year, and the prospect of peace brightens.

The emancipation proclamation has worked charmingly. Slaveholders are yielding to its recommendations, and the border States are rapidly becoming free. Fully 100,000 slaves are now in the service of Government, many of them bearing arms in its defence, and they are as good soldiers as any.

Accompanying the message, the President issues a proclamation, promising pardon to any one in rebellion, except officers, civil and military, above a certain grade, who shall take an oath of allegiance to the United States and swear to support the emancipation proclamation of the President. Such men only may be allowed to vote and organize new governments in the rebellious States. This oath, however, is subject to such modifications as Congress may think advisable. The plan is a novel one, but it is the only one we have for the re-construction of government in the seceded States.

The President says we must still rely upon the war power to give confidence to the people in the rebel States who may desire to return to the Union, and urges us not to forget the gallant men, from commander to sentinel, to whom we are indebted for the freedom and happiness of our homes.

☞ Illinois has over seventy-five regiments under the immediate command of Gen. Grant. Trusty surgeons and nurses will be sent out by Gov. Yates as soon as they can get ready.

☞ The entire company of Captain White's rebel guerillas were captured on the 25th ult., by Captain Graham, of the 1st North Carolina cavalry, and brought into Newbern.

### A VARIETY OF THINGS.

OUTSIDE, our contributor, Mrs. Hodges, says many good things in her story of "Mr. Slanger, of Twaddletown." What village has not its Mr. Slanger?

—Last Wednesday morning, the rare sight of a rainbow in winter was visible in the northwest.—All the colors were very bright, and the bow completely arched the heavens. It rained a few moments after this exhibition.

—The names of all the nine months' men have been forwarded to the provost marshals, and they will be enrolled for the next draft. Many of them are enlisting.

—John C. Breckenridge, who was reported as having died of wounds received at the battle of Ringgold, has lately been serenaded, which is conclusive evidence that the rascally traitor isn't dead.

—Prof. Love, a magician, who has travelled in these parts, recently eloped with a married woman at Norwich, and got out of the scrape by enlisting. That was a "trick" which wasn't in his programme.

—Tempted by the present high prices, some of the farmers of Berkshire are baling their hay for exportation, and it is said that some 4000 tons have recently been bought up in the county by dealers from abroad.

—Whiskey is smuggled from points on the Mississippi to New Orleans and elsewhere, in iron-bound kegs purporting to be filled with vinegar.

—At a fashionable up-town hotel in New York, the board of pet dogs has been fixed at one dollar per day.

—Gen. Wheeler, the rebel who has made such savage raids in Tennessee and Kentucky, was born in Worcester county, Mass.

—The Ladies' Fair recently held at Indianapolis, Indiana, realized $12,000 for the benefit of soldiers' families.

Greek fire is played out at Charleston.
Gen. Morgan has got into rebeldom.
Gov. Andrew has returned from Washington.
Gen. Longstreet is escaping into Virginia.
Gen. Banks is redeeming Texas.
Girls are scarce out West.
Gen. Butler is reforming his department.
Gen. Hardee succeeds Bragg, temporarily.
Gen. Lee is following up Meade.
Gen. Pierce's wife, of N. H., is dead.
Gen. Meagher isn't captured.
Good skating is found in Maine.

—A decree against crinoline, it is stated, has gone forth from the Empress Eugenie. She revived the use of the hoop, but she may not be able to trundle it out of use.

—The Argentine Republic promises to supply the world with cotton if our war should last much longer.

—Gold lands in California sell at a thousand dollars an inch, a story gravely told, but which is to be taken with much allowance.

—More than 15,000 head of cattle have died of starvation in Southern California, a consequence of the drought which has there prevailed, but which has, at last, been removed by rains.

MADNESS.

"There is a pleasure in being mad,
Which none but madmen know."

—Butter is worth 36 cents a pound in New York. The scarcity is owing to heavy exportations.

—Governor Andrew has received authority to recruit a regiment of colored cavalry in this State.

—Snow has held off late this year.

—That witching little rebel in petticoats, Belle Boyd, has been sent to Richmond.

—Slavery has been abolished in Venezuela, and is in a fair way to be abolished in the United States.

—Italy don't allow her army officers to get married. Twelve hundred of them have transgressed, and are to be court-martialed.

—Tobacco can be raised in the Southwest for five cents a pound, and money made at that.

—In New Jersey, they make bouquets out of brilliant colored insects.

—A woman, who kept an inn at Krumau, in Austria, and recently died, weighed 853 pounds.

—Meteors are frequently seen now-o'nights.

—Garibaldi refuses a monument from his countrymen. He is not so vain as some men.

—The memory of rich men is as short-lived as the wealth they leave after them.

—Judge McCunn is re-elected at New York, after all, having about 50 majority. That is bad for Gotham.

—Recruiting grows active as the time for the draft approaches.

VOLUNTEERS FROM OLD REGIMENTS.—Towns are authorized to fill their present quotas from soldiers whose terms expire within a year. Already, the authorities of some towns have taken measures to procure volunteers in this way. Springfield has sent an agent to the Potomac army for this purpose. As none of the men in the regiments there are enrolled, all volunteers will count on the quotas of the towns which enlist them. The men in the old regiments have never received bounties, and $725 will be a great temptation for them to enlist again. Why should not our small towns, which have men in the old regiments, send on and secure their services for another term?

A YOUNG WOMAN ENLISTS IN THE HEAVY ARTILLERY.—A week or two ago, Miss Sallie Curtis, a resident of Richmond, Ind., enlisted as a private in the 3d Kentucky heavy artillery, in that city, under the name of John Curtis, and was mustered into service. Her sex was not discovered till a week ago Thursday, when she was promptly dismissed. Miss Curtis states that she has served twenty-two months in the Federal army, and is very anxious to go again.

ANOTHER THANKSGIVING.—The President, in view of the retreat of the insurgent forces from Tennessee, under circumstances which render it unlikely that the national forces can ever be dislodged from that position by the rebels, has issued a feeling and appropriate recommendation that, on the receipt of the news, all loyal people do assemble at their places of worship, and give thanks to Almighty God for this great advancement of the national cause.

AN OLD DISEASE.—Egypt is suffering from murrain as severely as she did in the days of the most hard-hearted of the Pharaohs. The value of the cattle destroyed, as far as ascertained, is about $45,000,000, but it is believed to be as high as $60,000,000. The plagues didn't all go out with the Israelites.

☞ Out of the 198 drafted men and substitutes mustered into the Third Vermont Regiment, *sixty-eight* are reported to the Adjutant General's office as deserters.

### PALMER AND VICINITY.

DR. E. B. LYON is appointed surgeon to examine volunteers from Palmer.

WARREN.—At an enthusiastic war meeting, held at Warren on Monday evening, four recruits were obtained.

REV. MR. WOODS, of Monson, is going out to Tennessee, to look after the men in the 36th regiment.

MONSON VOLUNTEERS.—Monson has sent three colored persons into camp on her quota of 34 men. One is "Sol" Pierce, who is well known in all this region.

VOLUNTEERS FROM PALMER.—The following volunteers from Palmer have gone into camp at Worcester: John A. Murdock, Asa Thompson, George Pasco, Horatio D. Green. Several others have enlisted, and will go into camp in a few days.

BELCHERTOWN.—The quota of Belchertown will take about every other man enrolled in the first class. The war fever runs high, and several have enlisted.—A barn, belonging to J. Burke, was burned on Friday night, last week, with two cows in it.

CARELESS SMOKER.—A fellow by the name of Pasco went to bed in the Palmer House a few nights ago, with a cigar in his mouth. The cigar set the bed on fire, and the smoker came near perishing before his situation was discovered. The loss was not serious—a burned bed and a scorched smoker.

WAR MEETING THIS EVENING.—There will be a war meeting this evening at the Congregational vestry, at which Rev. Mr. Woods, of Monson, and Rev. Mr. Parkhurst, of Warren, will deliver addresses. Let all the young men turn out to hear what may be said.

THE LIST PRINTED.—The list of enrolled men in Palmer is printed and posted up about town. A few names have been discovered that were overlooked by the enrolling officer. In the first class, after the physically exempt are deducted, our quota will require about one man in every three.

EVENING SCHOOL.—By an advertisement it will be seen that Wm. K. Vaill, teacher of the Graded School, proposes to open an evening school in this village, for the instruction of penmanship and book-keeping. Our young men and ladies should avail themselves of this opportunity for receiving instruction in these important branches.

WOUNDED.—The thirty-sixth Mass. regiment has participated in the defence of Knoxville, and some of our Palmer and Monson boys have been under fire. Capt. Warriner, of Monson, and Sergt. Merrick, of this town, are among the wounded. We do not learn how seriously, but hope that their injuries are slight. They are both brave, noble young men, who entered the army from a feeling of duty.

EASTERN HAMPDEN AG. SOCIETY.—The annual meeting of the Eastern Hampden Agricultural Society, held last Monday, elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, James K. Knox; Vice Presidents, Alured Homer, Charles Carpenter, Sherman Converse; Secretary, J. H. Blair; Treasurer, David Knox; Directors, Jacob Stever, S. G Newton, A. F. Beebe, Eli N. Fay, Silas Billings, J. S. Blair; Delegate to State Board of Agriculture, Alured Homer.

GOVERNMENT TAXES.—Some of the Government taxes, for the month of October, now in the hands of the collector, are: Boston Duck Co., Palmer, $1,123.44; Thorndike Co., $712.26; Hampden Cotton Co., Monson, $829.95; Monson Woolen Co., $555 99; Monson and Brimfield Man. Co., $105 54; J. L. Reynolds, Monson, $311 37; Shaw Man. Co., Wales, $260 19; Wales Man. Co., $173 43; Ravine Man. Co., South Wilbraham, $171.24; Dell Man. Co., Wales, $80; South Wilbraham Man. Co., $320.91.

FIRE IN WARE.—Early Wednesday morning a fire was discovered in the "picker" of Geo. H Gilbert & Co's balmoral skirt factory in Gilberiville. An alarm was given at the village, and both fire companies started with their engines, but it was extinguished before their arrival. The fire, though threatening at first, did but little damage, amounting to about $150, and causing a stoppage of three or four days.

ADULTERY CASE.—The adultery case against Elbridge Cummings, of Ware, which was adjourned from Nov. 17th to Dec. 7th, was disposed of without a hearing. The defendant waived an examination, and gave bonds in the sum of $1000 for his appearance at the next term of the Superior Court. E. D. Beach, of Springfield, appeared for the Commonwealth, and W. P. Strickland for the defendant.

SOLDIERS' AID SOCIETY.—The report of Miss C. M. Ward, secretary and treasurer of the Soldiers' Aid Society in this village, shows that during the first six months of their operations the receipts were $94.19, and the expenses $13.40, leaving $80.79 as the amount realized, of which $50 was sent to the Sanitary Commission in Boston, $15 was added to the Thanksgiving contribution of the Congregational Church for our prisoners in Richmond, and $15.79 now remain in the treasury. In addition to this they have knit and sent away 117 pairs of stockings and 16 pairs of mittens. The society are just commencing to hold their weekly meetings again, and the social attractions it is hoped will induce large gatherings, and a pecuniary success at least equal to that of last winter.

CHEAP PLACE TO LIVE.—In Detroit, Michigan, butter sells at twenty-five cents a pound, veal at from four to eight cents, mutton the same, beef at ten cents, ducks at fifty cents a pair, and other things in proportion.

CHILD MURDERED.—A case of child murder has been discovered at Westerly, R. I., and the supposed guilty parties have absconded.—The body of the child was found in the river, with a stone tied to its neck with a string.

OUR ARMIES FILLING UP.—There is but little danger of our armies becoming depleted.—The Washington Republican says that, since the 1st of January, 1863, we have raised 120,000 soldiers, and at least 60,000 of these were volunteers. 40,000 of the number are colored. These figures show that the resources of the country, in men, continue to be available. We learn that, within a few days past, a new impetus has been given to volunteering, and soldiers are enlisting with great rapidity. This fact, together with the statement given above, will be very disheartening to the rebels. Intelligent officers from Richmond inform us that the last hope of the rebellion was grounded upon the belief that the President's call for three hundred thousand more men would be ineffectual. When they see how our forces are steadily augmenting, they must utterly despair of maintaining the insurrection. They will, however, keep up a show of force to the latest possible moment, in order that their copperhead friends may negotiate for them the best possible terms of peace.

A GHOST STORY.—A ghost, in women's clothes, recently knocked at the house of old Mrs. Kennedy, of Cleveland, Ohio, in the night. Her son John chased the ghost in his shirt and with an axe. A spirited run ensued, and the ghost ultimately bolted into Tom McClane's coffin shop, where it finally disappeared, probably into one of the coffins. Tom and John, thereupon, had a terrific battle of words, and, next day, the former brought an action of slander. The costs were $400. Eighty witnesses were examined, and the defendant gained the case, the court charging that it would be difficult for a man to commit slander in his shirt, in the street, on a cold night, and while chasing a ghost.

INCREASE OF WAGES.—The American Straw Goods Association, comprising three-fourths of all the manufacturers of straw goods in the country, at their annual meeting, recently held in New York, voted to recommend an increase of wages to straw sewers generally of twenty per cent. above the prices paid at the commencement of last year, varying the advance upon the different classes of work as equity and equality shall require.

MURDER AND ASSAULT AT NORTH ADAMS.—Alonzo E. Gardner, of North Adams, murdered William Shadduck, last week Thursday night, by stabbing. Gardner was too intimate with Shadduck's wife, and the latter found them walking together in the street, and, after some words, the two men clinched. In the scuffle, Gardner stabbed the injured husband, who died about midnight. Gardner, who is a noted villain, and Mrs. Shadduck are under arrest.—Last week, the editor of the News and Transcript was assaulted, in his office, by Jack Callahan and John Fitzgerald, because he had exposed a thieving gang on "Pearl Street." The editor was knocked down and severely injured, but managed to fire a revolver at them as they were leaving, without effect, however. North Adams is getting to be a very bad place, if the village paper tells the truth.

DIAMOND WEDDINGS.—Several diamond weddings are on the tapis in New York. In one case, the bridegroom is a gallant brigadier and the bride the blooming daughter of one of the sensation clergymen. In another, the to-be husband is a distinguished foreigner and the lady is the eldest daughter of a well-known Wall street broker.

HAPPY CHANGE.—The "harvest-homes" celebrated in England are taking a new form.—Hitherto terminating, according to the authority of Lord Curzon, "in riot and debauchery," they are now changed into a thanksgiving service at the churches, field sports, a dance on the green, and a tea party.

RUNAWAY GIRLS.—Four school girls in Boston took it into their heads to run away. One of them stole money enough from her mother to pay the cost, and they all started in the cars for New York. On arriving at Worcester, their thoughts turned towards Boston; they became homesick, and went back to see their mammas.

HIGH LIVING.—The London Spectator has letters from Charleston, S. C., which confirm previous accounts of the great scarcity of food in consequence of the worthlessness of the currency. Butter was four dollars per pound; tea, twelve dollars; wood, forty dollars the cord, and calico five dollars the yard.

LIEUT. GENERAL.—It is proposed in Congress to re-create the office of Lieutenant General, with a view of giving the title to General Grant. Well, he deserves it; for he has captured, during the war, 90,000 prisoners and 500 cannon, besides a number of strongholds and cities.

GREAT FIRE.—Twenty vessels and half a million of Government property were destroyed by fire early on Thursday morning, at the wharf in New York. Many of the vessels or barges were loaded with hay for Government use.

CONVALESCENT.—President Lincoln has been sick with varioloid, which is prevalent at Washington. One report has it that the "varioloid" was a joke of Mr. Lincoln's, to keep office-seekers away from his house till he could write his message.

A GOOD GIRL.—An Irish girl, named Kate Murray, doing housework in Lewiston, Me., unable to contribute money in aid of the sick soldiers, made a cake and put in it the only gold piece she had. The cake was sold at a levee, and brought seven dollars.

☞ Four workmen at a brewery in Philadelphia are under arrest for the murder of a fellow laborer, whose death was caused by drinking a glass of ale into which they had purposely put some croton oil.

☞ A young man, named Miller, about eighteen years of age, was arrested in Groton last week for an attempt to violate the person of a girl ten years old. He was bound over for trial.

☞ By the burning of a house in Vine St., Hartford, Ct., on Tuesday morning, Thomas McGuire and wife were burned to death.—Their bodies were found in the ruins, burned to cinders.

☞ The Raleigh Standard says that thirteen blockade runners, all steamers, heavily laden, succeeded in running safely into Wilmington on the 19th ult.

**To Subscribers.**

We continue to club our paper with all the literary magazines, and furnish subscribers at reduced prices. We furnish our own paper and the Atlantic Monthly (a $3 magazine) for $3 75, or the Continental, Harper's, or Godey's Lady's Book for $3.50; or Peterson's Magazine and paper for $2.75. Now is the time to provide reading for the coming New Year.

**Special Notices.**

A WONDER FOR THE WORKSHOP.—The mechanic, of whatever kind, should alway have at hand a box of Grace's celebrated Salve, as it is a ready remedy for accidents, such as cuts, bruises, contused wounds, burns, scalds, poisoned skin, felons, and eruptions caused by operations in the bake house, the dyery and the like. Men engaged in lumbering should be provided with it, as a timely application in the forest will save pain and peace. It cures the stings of insects, mosquito bites, and for piles it is invaluable. Only 25 cts. per box. See advertisement in another column.

☞Volunteers for the army should not leave the city until supplied with Holloway's Pills and Ointment. For sores, scurvy, wounds, small pox, fevers, and bowel complaints, these medicines are the best in the world. Every French soldier uses them. Only 25 cents per box.

## CROUP.

New Haven, Dec. II, 1862.

Having been taught that medicines, in order to be valuable, must originate with some particular faculty or school, we considered patent medicines, (so-called,) a humbug, until after losing our beloved child with Croup, we were forced by the sufferings of another from the same disease, and the advice of friends, to try Coe's Cough Balsam. Little Eddie had gone, and though we loved him, we would not call him from his quiet rest to share the sorrows of this unfriendly world. But Willie, is there no remedy for thee? We found it in Coe's Cough Balsam. It relieved him in about twenty minutes, to our great joy, and the surprise of others. We cannot be hired to dispense with this priceless blessing, and we are glad to learn that Mr. Coe has made arrangements with parties whereby it may become more extensively known. In view of this let us say to every parent, when your child is suffering with croup give it this Balsam, give it freely. If we did not believe it to be the best remedy for you, we certainly would not say it.

EDWARD GWINNELL.
MERCY GWINNELL.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.
C. G. CLARK & CO., Proprietors, New Haven, Conn. See advertisement in another column.

V.L. **Dr. Tobias' Venetian Horse Liniment.** V.L.

Pint bottles at 50 cents each, for lameness, cuts, galls, colic, sprains, &c., warranted cheaper than any other. It is used by all the great horsemen on Long Island courses. It will not cure ringbone nor spavin, as there is no liniment in existence that will. What it is stated to cure it positively does. *No owner of Horses will be without it after trying one bottle.* One dose revives and often saves the life of an over heated or driven horse. For colic and belly-ache it has never failed. Just as sure as the sun rises, just so sure is this valuable Liniment to be the Horse Embrocation of the day.

Sold by all druggists. Office. 56 Courtlandt street, New York.
V.L. V.L.

[Communicated.]

**Pulmonary Consumption a Curable Disease.**
**A Card.—To Consumptives.**

The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost him nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address. REV. EDWARD A. WILSON.
4mus19 Williamsburgh, Kings County, N. Y.

*The Confessions and Experience of a Nervous Invalid.*—Published for the benefit and as a caution to young men and others who suffer from nervous Debility, Early Decay, and their kindred ailments—supplying the means of self-cure. By one who has cured himself after being a victim of misplaced confidence in medical humbug and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid directed envelope, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., New York. j24

☞To the young or old, male or female—if you have been suffering from a habit indulged in by the youth of both sexes, which causes so many alarming symptoms; it unfits them for marriage, and is the greatest evil which can befall man or woman. See symptoms enumerated in advertisement, and if you are a sufferer cut out the advertisement and send for it at once. Delays are dangerous. Ask for Helmbold's—take no other.

Cures guaranteed. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. nl

**Important to Females.**

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.—The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations removing all obstruction, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs &c, distorbed sleep which arise from interruption of nature.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of these irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the most effectual remedy ever known for all complaints peculiar to females. To all classes they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity. They are known to thousands who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America

☞Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each box—the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills sent by mail, promptly, by remitting to the Proprietors. Sold by Druggists generally.

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors, 81 Cedar st., New York. Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Agent, Palmer. 1yag 29

**BORN.**

In Greenwich, 7th, a daughter to ELEAZER W. ESTEY.

In Warren, Nov. 31st, a son to JOSEPH BLAIR; Dec. 5th, twin daughters to WM. L. POWERS.

In Ware, Nov. 15th, a son to TERRENCE MCBRIDE; 27th, a son to JOSHUA ROSS; Dec. 3d, a son to S. B. WITHERELL.

In Fox Village, Stafford, 30th, a son to DANIEL BRAMAN.

**MARRIED.**

In West Stafford, Nov. 28th, by Rev. J. T. Benton, Mr. WIRES and Miss NEFF, both of Square Pond, Ct.; Dec. 3d, ALONZO M. SHEPHERD and PHILINDA L. ELLIS of Stafford.

In Chicopee, 4th, by Rev. L. H. Cone, HENRY B. ABBEY, and ADDIE V. PIERCE, both of Belchertown.

**DIED.**

In Jamaica, Long Island, 2d, RILEY CHAPIN, 40, formerly of Palmer.

In Granby, 5th, Mrs. EUNICE S. TAYLOR, 72; 9th, Capt. LUCIUS FERRY, 63.

In Warren, Nov. 25th, RUTH, 86, widow of Joseph Ramsdell.

In Pelham, Nov. 16th, MARY A. BARROWS, 19.

In Three Rivers, 8th, Mrs. NANCY A. STOWELL, 49.

## EVENING SCHOOL.

THE undersigned will open an evening school for instruction in

**Penmanship and Book Keeping,**

at the School house on Monday evening, December 14th, at half-past six o'clock.

For terms, &c., apply to the subscriber.
Palmer, Dec. 12. 1863. WM. K. VAILL.

## LOOK HERE!

# HARNESSES,

LAP ROBES,

*Blankets and Surcingles,*

Can be found at the CARRIAGE FACTORY
d12 AT PALMER, at LOW PRICES. 3w*

## Winner's Perfect Guides

TO THE USE OF

EVERY MUSICAL INSTRUMENT.

Winner's Perfect Guide for the Violin.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Flute.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Guitar.
Winner's Perfect Goide for the Piano.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Melodeon.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Accordeon.
Winner's Perfect Goide for the Fife.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Clarionet.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Flageolet.

—ALSO—

Winner's Flute and Piano Duets.
Winner's Violin and Piano Duets.

The instructions in these books are given in a manner adapted to the comprehension of all grades of scholars. The exercises illustrating and enforcing the lessons are not dry and tedious, but sprightly and enlivening, and the selection of music, varying from the simple to the difficult, comprises the most popular melodies of the day. Price of each, 50 cents, on receipt of which copies will be mailed post paid.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers,
n14. 277 Washington St., Boston. 1y

HEAD QUARTERS
—FOR—

# CLOAKS!

## TINKHAM & CO'S
CLOAK
# EMPORIUM.

A large and well-lighted room, expressly for the exhibition and sale of

**SHAWLS AND CLOAKS.**

Now ready, the largest and most desirable stock ever offered in this city or part of the State,

*No other in Springfield comparing with it.*

We ask attention not only to quantity, but to

*Style, Make, and Prices,*

particularly to

*MEDIUM AND LOW-PRICED GARMENTS.*

in style and make equal to better. Our Cloaks are made from all the Fashionable Fabrics of the season, of which we keep a very large and full variety by the yard, or from which

WE MANUFACTURE GARMENTS TO ORDER.
if desired.

*CHILDREN'S and MISSES' CLOAKS and CAPES.*

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!

A splendid stock, in every kind and style.

## GREAT DRY GOODS STORE!

EVERY DEPARTMENT full of DESIRABLE GOODS.

SILKS, DRESS GOODS, &c., &c.

*CARPETINGS, and HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.*

184 AND 186 MAIN ST.,

SPRINGFIELD, . . . . MASS.

Nov. 28, 1863. 3.

## NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.

As we deal largely in

FLOUR AND GRAIN,

we are enabled to make purchases at

**LOW FIGURES,**

and sell in the same manner

All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

☞Remember the place—

At the Palmer Steam Mill.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

**HOLIDAY PRESENTS!**

MAGIC TIME OBSERVERS,

Being a Hunting or Open Face or Lady's or Gentleman's Watch Combined, with Patent Self-winding improvement, a pleasing novelty.

One of the prettiest, most convenient, and decidedly the best and cheapest time piece for general and reliable use ever offered. It has within it, and connected with its machinery, its own winding attachment, rendering a key entirely unnecessary. The cases of this Watch are composed of two metals, the outer one being fine 16 carat gold. It has the ruby action lever movement, and is warranted an accurate time piece. Price, superbly engraved, per case of half dozen, $204. Sample Watches, in neat morocco boxes, $35.

SILVER WATCHES!

First Class Hunting Time-Pieces, for accuracy of movement, beauty of material, and, above all, cheapness in price, these Watches must insure universal approbation.

An imitation so faultless that it can hardly be detected by the most experienced judges. The material being of two metals the outer one first quality Sterling Silver, while the inner one is German Silver, it cannot be recognized by cutting or heavy engraving, making it not only in appearance, but in durability, the best resemblance of Solid Sterling Silver in existence.

The sale of these Watches in the army is a source of enormous profit, retailing, as they very readily do, at $25 and upwards. Many hundred dollars can be made in a single pay day by any one of ordinary business tact.

☞AT WHOLESALE ONLY! In heavy hunting cases, beautifully engraved, white enamel dial, and fancy cut hands, in good running order, by the half dozen, $66. Sold only by the case of six.

Upon receipt of $2, as guarantee of good faith, we will send watches by express to any part of the loyal States, collecting balance of bill on delivery. This ensures buyers against fraud, giving them their watches before payment is required. Send orders to the sole importer,

GAIUS WHEATON, No 12 Jewelers' Exchange,
Cor. Cortlandt st., and Broadway, New York.

**The Great American Tea Company,**

No. 51 VESEY ST.....NEW YORK.

HAS created A NEW ERA in the history of wholesaling Teas in this country. They have introduced their selection of Teas, and sold them at not over TWO CENTS per pound above cost, never deviating from the one price asked; believing this will be attractive to the many who have heretofore been paying enormous profits. Parties can order Teas, and will be served by us as well as though they came themselves, being sure to get original packages, true weights and tares; and the Teas are warranted as represented. Our PRICE LIST is now ready.

# GREAT BARGAINS!

FOR THE NEXT

SIXTY DAYS.

## $25,000.00

WORTH OF

## NEW
## FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

JUST OPENED AT

J. H. STORRS & Co's,

WARE, MASS.

3000 Yards of the latest styles of

DELAINES,

Just received and selling at 25 cents

Also, 8000 yards of

COTTONS.

Fine Brown Cottons, 17 "
Heavy Brown Cottons, 28 "

## DRESS GOODS.

Silk Warp Cashmeres. Empress Cloths.
Wool Repps. Plain Scarlet Merinos.
Scotch Plaids. Plain Alpaccas.

Comprising all the new shades and colors.

BLACK SILKS, at old prices.
FANCY SILKS, " "

In fact we have everything that can be found at a

First Class Dry Goods Store.

## Cloaks. Cloaks. Cloaks.

100 Cloaks, in new styles, on exhibition, and to be sold

*"AT PRICES that DEFY COMPETITION."*

Wool, Beavers, Doeskins, Union Beavers, Broadcloths, and other Cloakings, in great variety.

FURS! FURS! FURS!

$3000 WORTH, just opened, and selling

CHEAP! CHEAP! CHEAP!

## Millinery Department.

We have just received from New York and Boston *The Largest Assortment of Millinery Goods* that was ever offered in this county, comprising

ALL THE LATEST STYLES AND NOVELTIES

Of the season.

100 *VELVET AND SILK BONNETS,*

Of the latest styles,

To be sold at $2 each less than they can be purchased for in other places.

New styles of HATS, RIBBONS,
NUBIAS, WREATHS,
WOOL HOODS, TRIMMINGS,
&c., &c., &c.

☞All those who wish to buy

DRY GOODS & MILLINERY

10 TO 20 PER CENT. CHEAPER

Than prices asked at other stores,

GO TO THE CELEBRATED

## Millinery and Dry Goods
EMPORIUM
—OF—
J. H. STORRS & CO,

Ware Village, Mass.

☞To persons coming from a distance, ☜
☞" Extra inducements are offered. "☜

## NEW GROCERY STORE!

HAVING purchased of S. W. SMITH his stock in trade, I shall continue the Grocery business at his old stand in the

**PALMER HOUSE BLOCK,**

where I shall be happy to wait on all the old customers of the store, and as many new ones as will give me a call, and show them

A GOOD ASSORTMENT
—OF—
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

which I will sell

*At the Lowest Market Prices for Cash.*

☞BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS and Farmers' Produce wanted in exchange for Goods.

☞Call and see me.

LYMAN DIMOCK.

Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

## THE COLD SNAP!

If you wish to protect yourself call on

H. T. SMALL & Co.,

and purchase

A FUR CAP, a FUR COLLAR, and a pair of FUR GLOVES. Received the past week

**A NEW LOT OF CLOTHING,**

Also No. 1 Potash. A new supply of Bass, London Porter, &c., &c.

☞Call and get your money's worth.

## JOSEPH H. BLAIR,
**ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.**

[In office formerly occupied by D. Granger, Esq.]

PALMER, MASS.

*References*—Hon. E. D. Beach, E. W. Bond, Esq., Ex-Lieut.-Gov. Trask, Springfield, Mass.

I hereby give notice to the public that I have given up the practice of Law, and my office to J. H. Blair, Esq. D. GRANGER.

## SOUTH SIDE
# PICTURE ROOMS.

OPPOSITE THE ANTIQUE HOUSE.

PICTURES taken in all the Latest Styles, from a Gem to a Life Size Portrait.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED, OR NO CHARGE MADE.

Cartes de Visites, Ambrotypes.
Vignettes. Melaincotypes.

Imperial and Life Size Portrait.

☞Photographs colored if desired. By our new process of coloring Cartes de Visite Photographs, the

BEAUTY AND DURABILITY

of the Picture is very much improved. We cordially invite the public to

**Give us a Trial.**

We do not promise to work cheaper than others, but hope to please our patrons.

Rooms open from 7 to 12 A. M., and 1 to 5 P. M.

A. W. CLARK. } Artists.
Palmer, Oct. 31. J. M. BROWN, }

**FARM FOR SALE!**

SITUATED in Enfield, on the Swift River, 1½ miles from Enfield village, containing about 200 acres, known as the "Clark Stone Farm." Said farm has 15 acres of wood-land, a large two-story house, and other outbuildings, including those suitable for drying tobacco. Good spring water is brought to the house in an aqueduct. It is well watered, lying on the river, which saves fencing, is free from stones, and well calculated for tobacco culture. Around the house are 38 large sugar maple trees, and a good orchard of grafted fruit. It has good pasturage for both sheep and cattle. Terms easy. Enquire on the premises of

Enfield, Nov. 28* HIRAM BALLOU.

## BOOTS AND SHOES REPAIRED!

—AT—

*GRANGER'S BOOT & SHOE STORE*

d5. Journal Block, Palmer.

THE OLDEST

## Book and Paper Hanging

**ESTABLISHMENT**

*IN WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS.*

# BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,

Successors to MERRIAM, CHAPIN, & Co.,

*Corner of Main and State Streets,*

SPRINGFIELD . . . . . MASS.,

Offer to the citizens of this region

*THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK OF*

PAPER HANGINGS,

BORDERS AND CURTAINS,

To be found in the state. No one buying Paper Hangings, for a single room or for a whole house, should fail to call upon us, as

*Our Prices are Lower,*

*And Our Assortment Better,*

*Than can be found elsewhere.*

FIFTY THOUSAND

SCHOOL BOOKS,

JUST RECEIVED.

The winter schools are just beginning, and we have loaded our shelves from cellar to garret with School Books of every kind in use.

The attention of

*DEALERS IN SCHOOL BOOKS,*
*TEACHERS, AND COMMITTEE MEN,*

Is requested, as WE WILL SELL

—AT THE—

LOWEST NEW YORK & BOSTON

**Wholesale Prices.**

Our assortment is very complete of

## WRITING PAPER,

All sizes and Grades;

# ENVELOPES,

## PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,

CARD PHOTOGHAPHS,

*AMBROTYPES AND PHOTOGRAPHS From Fine Engravings.*

# DIARIES FOR 1864,

From 10 cents to three dollars each,

*CURTAINS,*
*TASSELS,*
*CORD,*
*CURTAIN FIXTURES,*

Any one wishing the

GOVERNMENT

INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS

For NOTES, and all Business Documents, Patent Medicines, &c., can buy them of us by ordering them by mail. To those buying in large quantities, we will give the regular discount allowed at the Department.

Our assortment of

## Miscellaneous Books,

JUVENILE BOOKS,

# TOYS,

GAMES, &C.,

is very large.

☞An order or a call from you is requested.

BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,

**SABBATH SCHOOLS**

*BUYING BOOKS FOR THEIR LIBRARIES,*

WILL FIND HERE

**EVERY BOOK PUBLISHED**

By all the Tract and Sabbath School Societies,

AT THEIR LOWEST PRICES.

*WE WILL SEND ANY NUMBER TO BE* selected from, when it is desired, and will take back all that are not wanted.

Springfield, Nov. 21, 1863.

# CHEAPER!

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

# DRESS GOODS,

In variety of Styles, Colors, and Qualities.

STILL CHEAPER!

SEASONABLE

# PRINTS,

D'LAINES AND CHALLIES,

## Bleached & Brown Cottons,

&c., &c., &c.

ALSO,

**PRETTY STYLES OF**

SUMMER SHAWLS,
SUN UMBRELLAS
LIGHT BALMORALS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS
HOOP SKIRTS,

BESIDES A GENERAL VARIETY OF

## HOSIERY, GLOVES, THREAD,

SILK,

AND SMALL WARES,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

—AND—

# FLOUR, TEAS, COFFEE,

SUGAR, OILS, SPICES, &C.

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.

M. W. FRENCH.

## THE NEW YORK
# CLOTHING
COMPANY

Have taken the Store,

## 138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,

For the purpose of selling

# CLOTHING,

From one of

*THE LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS*

in the City of New York,

—AT—

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

ANY ONE WISHING

A Good Substantial Article

FOR A

LITTLE MONEY,

WOULD DO WELL TO

EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

*ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE*

*WARRANTED*

TO BE JUST AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit; or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,

WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.

Our terms of sale are strictly for cash, and

WE GUARANTEE

# A BETTER ARTICLE

*OF CLOTHING FOR THE SAME PRICE*

than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at the

## New York Clothing Co's

*SALESROOM,*

## 138 MAIN ST.,

Corner of Main and Vernon Streets, nearly opposite the Baptist Church,

**SPRINGFIELD.....MASS.**

n2Itf

## NOTICE!

WHEREAS my wife Clarissa, and four children, Henry, Francis, Lucy, and Clarissa, have left my bed and board without just provocation. I hereby forbid all persons harboring or trusting them on my account, as I shall pay no debts of their contracting. WM. FELTON.

Wales, Nov. 24, 1863. n28.

## NEW FALL GOODS!

—AT—

## BERAN & HORNER'S,

No. 3 State st., 2d door from Main,

**SPRINGFIELD . . . . . MASS.,**

Which we offer

# CHEAP FOR CASH!

ALL OUR GOODS ARE MARKED WITH LAST YEAR'S PRICES.

PLEASE CALL EARLY,
And Secure Bargains.

Respectfully, BERAN & HORNER.
No 3, State st., 2d door from Main st.
Springfield, Mass.

## SAPONIFIER,

Or Concentrated

LYE.

*THE FAMILY SOAP-MAKER.*

*Economy!* *Economy!*

Every Family can make its own Soap from waste kitchen grease, at a cost of only four cents per pound with Saponifier, which is three times the strength of Potash.

Full directions accompany each one-pound *iron* can.

NOTICE.—The genuine Saponifier is only put up in one-pound *iron* cans, by the

PENNSYLVANIA SALT-MANUFACTURING CO.,

Patentees and sole Manufacturers. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure you buy the *iron* can.

For sale by
CHAS. TOPPAN, 16 Blackstone st., Boston,
MERRILL BROS., 215 State st., "
n7. And Druggists and Grocers generally. 3m.
WOOD & ALLEN, Agents, Palmer, Mass.

## THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the femal constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price $1, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION.—These Pills should not be taken by females during the first three months of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sole Agent for the United States and Canada,
JOB MOSES, 27 Courtlandt st., New York

N. B.—$1 and 6 postage stamps, enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing 50 Pills, by return mail. 1y31

Sold in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and by Dr Wm. Holbrook.

# BOOTS & SHOES.

The only Boot and Shoe store between Springfield and Worcester is at Palmer depot,

IN THE PALMER JOURNAL BLOCK.

The subscriber has over **$2,500 worth of Boots and Shoes** in his store, for sale at one-half of the profits usually made by retailers. His Men's, Boys', Youth's, and Children's Thick Boots were made expressly for him by the best manufacturers in the state, of the

BEST QUALITY OF STOCK,

Consisting of the celebrated "Monitor Boot," double sole and tap, double sole, and one-half double sole—great assortment. The greatest improvement is

**THE RUBBER SOLE**

water proof boots and shoes. Every man, woman, and child should have a pair. The very best men's, boys', and youth's

CALF BOOTS

may be found at this store. Women's, misses,' and children's peble calf and serge, double sole,

TIP BALMORALS AND GAITERS,

in fact every variety, quality, and style may be had. A full assortment of

RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES.

Everybody will find it to their pecuniary interest to buy their fall and winter supply of boots and shoes of the subscriber.

**Please Give Him a Call.**

D. GRANGER.

Palmer, Oct. 10, 1863. 1y.

THE

## Singer Sewing Machines,

OUR LETTER A FAMILY SEWING MACHINE is fast gaining a world-wide reputation. It is beyond doubt the best and cheapest and most beautiful of all Family Sewing Machines yet offered to the public. No other Family Sewing Machine has so many appliances for Hemming, Binding, Felling, Tucking, Gathering, Guaging, Braiding, Embroidering, Cording, and so forth. No other Family Sewing Machine has so much capacity for a great variety of work. It will sew all kinds of cloth, and with all kinds of thread. Great and recent improvements make our Family Sewing Machine most reliable, and most durable, and most certain in action at all rates of speed. It makes the interlocked stitch, which is the best stitch known. Any one, even of the most ordinary capacity, can see, at a glance, how to use the letter A Family Sewing Machine. Our Family Sewing Machines are finished in chaste and exquisite style.

The Folding Case of the Family Machine is a piece of cabinning workmanship, of the most useful kind. It protects the machine when not in use, and when about to be operated may be opened as a spacious and substantial table to sustain the work. While some of the cases, made out of the choicest woods, are finished in the simplest and chastest manner possible, others are adorned and embellished in the most costly and superb manner.

It is absolutely necessary to see the Family Machine in operation, so as to judge of its great capacity and beauty.

It is fast becoming as popular for family sewing as our Manufacturing Machines are for manufacturing purposes.

The branch offices are well supplied with silk twist, thread, needles, oil, &c., of the very best quality.

Send for a Pamphlet.

*THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.,*
458 Broadway, New York.
BOSTON OFFICES, 69 Hanover street.
283 Washington street.
PROVIDENCE OFFICE,
Phœnix Build'g, Westminster st.
HARTFORD OFFICE,
n21 5 Allyn House Block.

## A FIRST CLASS SHOEMAKER
IS WANTED IMMEDIATELY

At D. GRANGER'S Boot and Shoe Store, Palmer, to do Repairing and Custom Work.

A superior opportunity to make money, and to have steady employment. d5

## $20 REWARD!

LOST!—At the depot in Palmer, or on the cars between Springfield and Palmer, on Thursday morning, Nov. 26, a portmonnie containing $19 in bills and 90c in postal currency. $20 reward will be paid to the finder on leaving the same at the Journal Office, or with HENRY W. BENNETT Springfield. Nov. 29, 1863.

☞ Mr. W. C. Jewett has returned to Europe to renew his agitation in favor of European mediation in our war. He has published a letter from Mr. Vallandigham, advocating the same views.

☞ John F. Kinney, formaly of Utah Territory, has been elected (without opposition) as Delegate in Congress from that Territory. Judge Kinney is a Demuerat.

☞ There are reports that the Alabama or some other Rebel privateer had been seen near Ceylon. The Georgia was expected to arrive at Southampton.

☞ The Portland Press says that a large proportion of the members of old regiments from Maine have signified their intention to the government to re-enlist for the war.

☞ Relieve misfortune quickly. A man is like an egg—the longer he is kept in hot water, the harder he is when taken out,

PROFITABLE ARRANGEMENT.—A New York blacksmith has made $30,000 by setting up wheelbarrows, which were made in New England and transported in pieces to save freight.

☞ Two hundred and eighty-five thousand bushels of oats were sent from Montreal last week, for the United States, principally for the army.

HIGHER TAXATION.—The tax on liquors is to be increased by the next Congress, that is, if Congressmen will consent to have the price of their brandy smashes raised.

☞ There may be as honest a difference between two men as between two thermometers. The difference in both cases may arise from difference in positions.

☞ Mrs. Murphy, giving evidence as to character in the case of a woman charged with theft, said she "was a dacent, honest, drunken, erathur."

CHEERING MOTTO.—'I cannot remember a night so dark as to hinder the coming day; nor a storm so furious and dreadful as to prevent the return of warm sunshine and a cloudless sky.'

G. L. BRAKENRIDGE'S

## PHOTOGRAPH & AMBROTYPE ROOMS!

are situated three doors west of W.W.Cross' store, STRONG'S BLOCK, PALMER, where you can get

*GOOD PICTURES IN CASES FOR 25 CTS.*

Having the best light and new process, *I do* promise to take pictures, either

Photographs, Ambrotypes, Gem Pictures, or Melaineotypes,

*Cheaper than any other Establishment in Palmer.*

☞ All kinds of copying done.

GEO. L. BRAKENRIDGE.

Palmer, November 7, 1863.

FRIENDS AND RELATIVES OF THE

## BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

*HOLLOWAY'S*

## PILLS AND OINTMENT.

All who have friends and relatives in the army or navy should take especial care that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave soldiers and sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

*Coughs and Colds affecting Troops*

Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the directions which are attached to each pot or box.

*Sick Headache, and Want of Appetite, incidental to Soldiers.*

Those feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taken according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

*Weakness or Debility induced by over-fatigue*

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach, and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system, however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

*Volunteers, Attention! Indiscretions of Youth.*

Sores and Ulcers, Blotches and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another; whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system, and leave the patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

*For Wounds either occasioned by the Bayonet, Sabre, or the Bullet, Sores or Bruises,*

To which every soldier and sailor are liable, there are no medicines so safe, sure, and convenient, as Holloway's Pills and Ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflammation.

Every soldier's knapsack and seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable remedies.

*CAUTION!*—None are genuine unless the words, "Holloway, New York and London," are discernible as a *water-mark*, in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box, the same may be plainly seen by holding the leaf to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines, or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞ Sold at the manufactory of Prof. Holloway 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States and the civilized world, in Pots and Boxes, at 25 cents, 63 cents, and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot or Box. 18.

☞ Dealers in my well known medicines can have Show Cards, Circulars, &c., sent them, *free of expense*, by addressing Thomas Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York.

A NICE PACK of Wedding or Visiting Cards can be printed at this office at short notice. Wedding Envelopes always on hand.

BOOK BINDING.—Persons having Magazines or Pamphlets, can get them bound at this office.

OLMSTEAD & DICKINSON,

## UPHOLSTERERS,

And Manufacturers of and Dealers in

## FASHIONABLE FURNITURE,

MATTRASSES,

*CURTAINS AND SHADES.*

ALSO,

COMMON FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS.

UNION BLOCK - - - - - - MAIN STREET,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

H. OLMSTEAD. E. W. DICKINSON.

## GRAND OPENING!

## NEWTON & CONVERSE,

Have bought the stock of GROCERIES of K. H. ALLEN, and will keep

A FULL STOCK

on hand of

FLOUR, MEAL, SALT, LIME, OILS, FLUID, BUTTER, CHEESE,

*Fish, Crockery,*

GLASS, STONE, AND WOODEN WARE,

and will sell

At Wholesale and Retail,

AS LOW, if not LOWER, than any other place in town.

☞ We are receiving fresh goods from market every week.

☞ CALL AND SEE. ☜

NEWTON & CONVERSE.

Palmer, Dec. 27, 1862.

## $100 REWARD!

For a medicine that will cure COUGHS, INFLUENZA, TICKLING IN THE THROAT, WHOOPING COUGH. Or relieve CONSUMPTIVE COUGH, as quick as

## COE'S COUGH BALSAM.

Over 5,000 bottles have been sold in its native town, and not a single instance of its failure is known.

We have in our possession any quantity of certificates, some of them from eminent physicians, who have used it in their practice, and given it the pre-eminence over any other compound.

IT DOES NOT DRY UP A COUGH, but loosens it, so as to enable the patient to expectorate freely.

Two or three doses will invariably cure tickling in the throat.

A half bottle has completely cured the most

STUBBORN COUGH,

and yet, though it is so sure and speedy in its operation, it is perfectly harmless, being purely vegetable. It is very agreeable to the taste, and may be administered to children of any age.

☞ In cases of CROUP we will guarantee a cure if taken in season.

No family should be without it. It is within the reach of all, the price being ONLY 25 CENTS, and if an investment and thorough trial does not "back up" the above statement, the money will be refunded. We say this, knowing its merits, and feel confident that one trial will secure for it a home in every household.

Do not waste away with Coughing, when so small an investment will cure you. It may be had of any respectable druggist in town, who will furnish you with a circular of genuine certificates of cures it has made. C. G. CLARK & Co., Proprietors, Wholesale Druggists, New Haven, Ct.

For sale by Druggists in city, country, and everywhere.

For sale at wholesale by D. S. BARNES & Co., New York, and GEO. C. GOODWIN & Co., Boston. 6ms19

## GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE,

A SURE RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERER.

This Salve is a vegetable preparation, invented in the 17th century, by Dr. WM. GRACE, Surgeon in King James's army. Through its agency he cured thousands of most serious sores and wounds that baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians of his day, and was regarded by all who knew him as a public benefactor.

Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Burns.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Scalds.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Flesh Wounds.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Corns.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Felons.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Frozen Limbs.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Wens.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Callouses.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Salt Rheum.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Chilblains.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Sore Breast.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Sore Lips.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Erysipelas Sores.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Abscesses.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Ulcers.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Chapped Hands.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Ringworms.

And from Sores and Wounds of the most serious nature down to a common Pimple. It eradicates Pimples from the face, and beautifies the skin. There is no preparation before the public that can equal this Salve in prompt and energetic action for the speedy cure of external diseases, as those who have tried its virtues testify. Soldiers, Sailors, and Fishermen, will find this Salve their best friend.

It has none of the irritating, heating properties of other remedies, but cools, cleanses, and heals the most serious Sores and Wounds. Every family, and especially those containing children, should keep a box on hand in case of accident, for it will save them much trouble, suffering, and money. All it wants is a fair trial to cure old and inveterate Sores.

MANUFACTURED BY

WILLIAM GRACE,

AMESBURY, MASS.

Weeks & Potter, 170 Washington st., Boston, wholesale agents.

Grace's Salve is for sale by all druggists and dealers in every city and town. jy18 1y.

## STOVES! STOVES!

A GREAT VARIETY of Stoves at the old Store Shop in Palmer, which will be sold LOWER THAN AT ANY OTHER SHOP IN THE COUNTY.

The Bay State, Harp, Pilot, Prize, Conquest, New England, Empire State, American, &c., &c.

PARLOR COOK STOVES,

PARLOR CAST & SHEET IRON,

of a variety of sizes and patterns.

☞ Any Stove not found in the shop will be furnished as low as at any other shop. A good stock of CLOTHES WRINGERS, CHAIN, COPPER & Iron Pumps, Pump Curbs, Farmers' Boilers, English and Russia Pipe, Sheet Zinc, Tin Japanned, and Wooden Ware, Sad Irons, Oven Mouths, Boiler Doors, &c.

Cash paid for Old Iron, Copper, Brass, Lead, Pewter, and Rags.

JOB WORK done to order, with promptness.

CALL AND EXAMINE. ELIJAH NICHOLS.

Palmer, Oct. 10, 1863. tf.

TOWN REPORTS printed neatly, cheaply and expeditiously at this office.

THE ALL SUFFICIENT THREE, THE GREAT "AMERICAN REMEDIES," Known as

*"HELMBOLD'S" Genuine PREPARATIONS,*

viz: HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT "BUCHU,"
" " SARSAPARILLA,
" IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

*Helmbold's Genuine Preparation,*

"Highly Concentrated" Compound

## FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

A positive and specific remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the watery or calcerous dispositions, and all unnatural enlargements are reduced, as well as pain and inflammation, and it is good for men, women, or children.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, for Weaknesses arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:

| | |
|---|---|
| Indisposition to exertion, | Loss of Power, |
| Loss of Memory, | Difficulty of Breathing, |
| Weak Nerves, | Trembling, |
| Horrors of Disease, | Wakefulness, |
| Dimness of Vision, | Pain in the Back, |
| Universal Lassitude of the | Flushing of the body, |
| Muscular System, | Eruptions on the face, |
| Hot Hands, | Pallid Countenance, |

Dryness of the Skin.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow

IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS,

In one of which the patient may expire. Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "direful diseases."

INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION.

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but none will confess. The records of the Insane Asylums, and the melancholy deaths by consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion, *thee Constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness*, requires the aid of medicine to invigorate and strengthen the system, which Helmbold's Extract Buchu invariably does. A trial will convince the most skeptical.

Females, Females, Females,

Old or Young, Single, Married, or Contemplating Marriage.

In many affections peculiar to Females the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of the Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrous state of the Uterus, Leucorrhea, or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in

*The Decline or Change of Life.*

SEE SYMPTOMS ABOVE.

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

Take no Balsam, Mercury or unpleasant Medicine for unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU CURES SECRET DISEASES

in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience,

AND NO EXPOSURE.

It causes frequent desire, and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing obstructions, preventing and curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying pain and inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling Poisonous, Diseased, and Worn-out Matter.

Thousands upon Thousands,

*Who Have Been the Victims of Quacks,*

and who have paid Heavy Fees to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "Poison" has, by the use of "Powerful Astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and perhaps after marriage.

USE

## Helmbold's Extract Buchu

For all Affections and Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

Diseases of these Organs require the aid of a Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and it is certain to have the desired effect in all Diseases for which it is recommended.

BLOOD! BLOOD! BLOOD!

Helmbold's Highly Concentrated Compound

FLUID EXTRACT

## SARSAPARILLA.

SYPHILLIS.

This is an affection of the Blood, and attacks the Sexual Organs, Livings of the Nose, Ears, Throat, Windpipe, and other Mucus Surfaces, making its appearance in the form of Ulcers. Helmbold's Extract Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and removes all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, giving to the complexion a clear and healthy color. It being prepared expressly for this class of complaints, its blood-purifying properties are preserved to a greater extent than any other preparation of Sarsaparilla.

*HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH.*

An excellent Lotion for Diseases of a Syphillitic Nature, and as an injection in Diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the Extracts Buchu and Sarsaparilla, in such diseases as recommended.

Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character will accompany the medicines.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES,

From eight to twenty years standing, with names known to science and fame.

For Medical Properties of BUCHU,

See Dispensatory of the United States.
See Professor DEWEES' valuable works on the Practice of Physic.
See remarks made by the late celebrated Dr. PHYSICK, Philadelphia.
See remarks made by Dr. EPHRAIM McDOWELL, a celebrated Physician, and Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland, and published in the Transactions of the King and Queen's Journal.
See Medico-Cirurgical Review, published by BENJAMIN TRAVERS, Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons.
See most of the late Standard Works on Medicine.

EXTRACT BUCHU.
$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.
EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,
$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.
IMPROVED ROSE WASH,
50 cts. per bottle, or six bottles for $2.50.

Or half a dozen of each for $12, which will be sufficient to cure the most obstinate cases, if directions are adhered to.

Delivered to any address, securely packed from observation.

☞ Describe symptoms in all communications. Cures guaranteed. Advice gratis.

AFFIDAVIT.

Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. Helmbold, who, being duly sworn, doth say, his preparations contain no narcotic, no mercury, or other injurious drugs, but are purely vegetable.

H. T. HELMBOLD.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 22d day of November, 1854. WM. P. HIBBARD, Alderman, Ninth street, above Race, Phila.

Address letters for information in confidence.

H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist, Depot 104 South Tenth street, below Chestnut, Philadelphia.

☞ BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS, and unprincipled dealers, who endeavor to dispose "of their own" and "other" articles on the reputation attained by

Helmbold's Genuine Preparations.
" " Extract Buchu.
" " " Sarsaparilla.
" " Improved Rose Wash.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ Ask for Helmbold's—take no other. ☜

Cut out the advertisement and send for it, and avoid imposition and exposure.

Sold by Wood & Allen, Palmer; Dr. Holden, Ware, and H. T. Small & Co., Stafford Springs.

March 21, 1863 1y

PALMER BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ALBERT BURLEIGH, Carpenter and Joiner, and dealer in Lumber, Doors, Windows, &c.

A. MASON, Refreshment Saloon. Weddings and parties supplied with Cake and Ice Creams.

ANTIQUE HOUSE, By E. B. SHAW, east of railroad bridge.

A. R. MURDOCK, Licensed Auctioneer, Thorndike.

B. H. JOHNSON, Carpenter and Joiner and Mover of Buildings.

CYRUS KNOX, Jr., News Room and Stationery, at the Post Office.

D. MULVIHILL, Merchant Tailor and dealer in Gents' Furnishing Goods.

E. B. ELSBREE, Livery and Feeding Stable.

E. BROWN, Dealer in Hardware, Iron, Steel, Paints, Oils, and Glass.

E. NICHOLS, Dealer in Stoves, Tin Ware, Pipe, &c.

E. S. BROOKS, Repairer of Watches and Jewelry. Billiard Room.

F. J. WASSUM, Merchant Tailor and dealer in Gents' Furnishing Goods.

FREEMAN DODGE, Meat Market, basement of Commercial Block.

HENRY JONES, Barber and Hair Dresser, Opposite the depot.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE, Wholesale and retail dealers in Flour, Meal, Grain and Feed.

H. W. MUNGER, Merchant Tailor, and manufacturer of Custom Clothing.

IRON FOUNDRY, By JOHN A. SQUIER, Furnace street.

J. G. ALLEN, Counsellor and Attorney at Law, Notary Public, and General Insurance Agent.

JOHN FEENEY, Eating Saloon, opposite the depot.

JOHN SHAW, Brick Mason and Plasterer.

JOHN WAITE, AGT., Manufacturer and dealer in Harnesses, Trunks, Robes, Whips, &c.

J. S. LOOMIS, Dealer in all kinds of House Furniture, Coffins, and Burial Caskets.

J. W. THOMPSON, Dealer in Groceries, Crockery, Provisions, Flour.

M. FOX, Wholesale dealer in Fresh Fish, Oysters, Nuts, Fruit, Ales, &c.

MRS. A. C. COLLINS, Dealer in Millinery and Fancy Goods.

M. W. FRENCH, Dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, opposite the depot.

NASSOWANNO HOUSE, By J. W. WEEKS, opposite the Depot.

NEWTON & CONVERSE, Wholesale and retail dealers in Flour, Grain, and Groceries.

N. PIPER, Manufacturer of Monuments, Tombstones, and other Marble Works.

P. P. KELLOGG & CO., Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Ready-Made Clothing, &c.

SMITH, LOOMIS, & CO., Carriage and Sleigh Manufacturers and repairers.

S. W. SMITH, AGT., Dealer in Family Groceries, Flour, Farmer's Produce, &c.

WM. A. COOPER, Ambrotype and Photographic Artist Opposite the Palmer House.

WM. FULLER, Nassowanno Livery and Feeding Stable.

WM. MERRIAM, Currier and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Leather.

WOOD & ALLEN, Druggists, and dealers in Medicines and Fancy Articles.

W. W. CROSS, Dealer in Dry Goods, Millinery, Carpets, and Crockery Ware.

W. W. HAGAR, Jeweller and Repairer of Watches.

M. FOX, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in FRESH FISH, OYSTERS, Fruit, Confectionery Pies and Cakes, Vegetables Spruce and Hop Beer, Soda, and Sole Agent in Eastern Hampden for

*Millard & Barnard's Hudson Pale Ale.*

Store removed to NASSOWANNO BLOCK.

Palmer, July 13, 1861. tf.

CAUTION

TO Females in Delicate Health. DR. DOW, Physician and Surgeon, No. 7 Endicott street, Boston, is consulted daily for all diseases incident to the female system. Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Fluor Albus, Suppression, and other Menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed in a very few days. So invariably certain is the new mode of treatment, that most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the most afflicted person soon rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of diseases of women than any other physician in Boston.

Boarding accommodations for patients who may wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treatment.

Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole attention to an office practice for the cure of Private Diseases and Female Complaints, acknowledges no superior in the United States.

N. B.—All letters must contain one dollar, or they will not be answered.

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

Boston, July 25, 1863. 1y.

"COSTAR'S" VERMIN EXTERMINATORS.

*For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in furs, woolens, &c., Insects on plants, fowls, animals, &c.*

Put up in 25c., 50c., and $1 boxes, bottles, and flasks, $3 and $5 sizes for Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.

"Only infallible remedies known."
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done to the satisfaction of every one entrusting their horses to my care.

PATRICK McMANAMY.

Palmer, Apr 25, 1863

AMHERST, BELCHERTOWN, & PALMER RAILROAD.—On and after Sept. 1, 1863, trains will run daily as follows:

Leave Amherst at 9 a. m., and 4.00 p. m.
Leave Palmer at 2.15 and 5 45 p. m.

Passengers taking the mail trains from Albany or New York for Springfield, will not fail to connect at Palmer with cars for Amherst. Stage accommodations at Belchertown for Enfield, Greenwich, and Dana; at Amherst for Northampton, North Hadley, Hadley, and Sunderland. jy.

o3'63. J. H. M. LELAND. Supt.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED, OR THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. Fancett's Safes or Preventives are a new and superior article; price, 3 for $1, or $3 per dozen. Dr. Fancett's Female Pills, for all irregularities; price, $1 per box. The Specific Pill, for young men suffering from seminal weakness, the evil effects of self-abuse; price, $1 per box, or six for $5.

Books, medicines, syringes, &c., furnished. Address all orders, MEDICAL AGENTS, P. O. box, 5171, New York.

☞ Send for a circular.

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J. R. PARKHURST.

Palmer, Aug. 8, 1863. tf.

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Late Agent of U. S. Patent Office Washington, (under the Act of 1837.)

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The Agency is not only the largest in New England, but through it inventors have advantages for securing Patents, of ascertaining the patentability of inventions, unsurpassed by, if not immeasurably superior to any which can be offered them elsewhere. The Testimonials below given prove that none is MORE SUCCESSFUL AT THE PATENT OFFICE than he subscribes, and as SUCCESS IS THE BEST PROOF OF ADVANTAGES AND ABILITY, he would add that he has abundant reason to believe, and can prove, that at no other office of the kind are the charges for professional services so moderate. The immense practice of the subscriber during the twelve years past has enabled him to accumulate a vast collection of specifications and official decisions relative to patents.

These, besides his extensive library of legal and mechanical works, and full accounts of patents granted in the United States and Europe, render him able, beyond question, to offer superior facilities for obtaining Patents.

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"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the MOST CAPABLE and SUCCESSFUL practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse." CHAS. MASON, Commissioner of Patents.

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During eight months, the subscriber, in course of his large practice, made on TWICE rejected applications, SIXTEEN APPEALS, EVERY ONE of which was decided in his favor by the Commissioner of Patents. R. H. EDDY.

Boston, January 24, 1863. 1y

*To Nervous Sufferers of Both Sexes.*

A Reverend Gentleman having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing all the usual routine and irregular expensive modes of treatment without success, considers it his sacred duty to communicate to his afflicted fellow creatures the means of cure. Hence, on the receipt of a post-paid, addressed envelope, he will send (free) a copy of the prescription used. Direct to Dr. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186 Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y. j21

NEW LONDON NORTHERN RAILROAD.—On and after Monday, December 1, 1862, Trains leave Palmer 7 50 A. M. and 2.15 P. M., in connection with trains from Springfield.

Leave New London 7 30 A. M. and 1 40 P. M., connecting at Palmer with Western road for Springfield and Albany at 11 01, 11 30 A. M., and 5 55 P. M., and in time for trains to Amherst, Worcester and Boston.

Trains connect at Willimantic for Hartford, and at New London with Stonington, Providence, New Haven and N. York trains and boat for N. Y.

November 29, 1862. R. N. DOWD, Supt.

WATCHES & JEWELRY.

THE Subscriber has taken the Jewelry Store lately occupied by S. P. Blair, in Nassowanno Block, and offers to the public an excellent assortment of Watches, Clock and Jewelry, which he will sell at small profits

WATCHES & JEWELRY REPAIRED

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☞ Call and see W. W. HAGAR.

Palmer, Aug 18, 1860. 14tf.

## Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

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AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

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Palmer, Mass., Dec. 23, 1862.

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Collected for soldiers who have been discharged from service by reason of wounds or disability, without regard to length of time. Invalid soldiers discharged from service, and the widows and orphans of soldiers who died in the U. States service, or of wounds or disease contracted in line of duty are entitled to pensions. All pension claims against the government, and claims for arrears of pay and bounty, will be promptly attended to and collected at the lowest rates. No charge made to the soldier unless the claim is successful.

This Agency is duly licensed, and the undersigned does his business direct with the authorities at Washington, and not through third parties.

JAS. G. ALLEN, Counsellor & Attorney.

Palmer, March 21, 1863.

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Druggists and Apothecaries,

Have a fresh supply of Drugs and the most popular Patent Medicines, Perfumes, Toilet Articles, &c.

☞ Dr. HIGGINS' justly celebrated medicines are prepared by us, and furnished wholesale and retail as formerly. THE ANTALGICA, the best PAIN RELIEVER of the age, has a large sale and should be in every family. Those who have used it once never do without it. Our Scrofula Syrup is one of the best remedies to use for the cure of Humors, as hundreds can testify. A liberal discount to physicians and the trade. WOOD & ALLEN.

Palmer, July 11 1863. 6m.

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# The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XIV. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1863. NUMBER 37.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.
—BY—
GORDON M. FISK & Co.

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### Mechanics Masters of the World.

A fine field for speculation, and sober reflection as well, is afforded in the adoption of machinery in doing the work of the world. Paragraphists never tire in recounting the wonders of steam; essayists exhaust their rhetoric in recounting the wonderful deeds performed by iron and steel arms; and statisticians enumerate and detail at length the saving obtained by the use of quick-working and powerful tools, instead of the slower methods of hand labor.

But each and all of these fail in conveying that vivid and intense appreciation of the indispensability of machinery to the existence of the world, as exhibited in the daily economy of society. No more striking proof can be found of the rapid innovations mentioned than the vessels of war now in use, compared with the bluff-bowed, dull-sailing, heavily-armed frigates of old. We do not claim it as an original assertion, but it is none the less true, that the naval battles of the world will soon be performed by engineers and machinists; and the brave captains and admirals will find their occupations gone.

In place of the gallant frigate standing down upon her adversary, turning heavily in her course, and full of shot holes, we have a long, low, lithe vessel, unsightly to the eye, deadly to the foe. She draws near with incredible swiftness, delivers a crushing fire from one or two guns, every shot of which tells upon her adversary, and instead of fighting for hours, either demolishes her antagonist in a few minutes or is disabled herself, in proof of which witness the conflict between the rebel craft Atlanta and the monitors in Warsaw Sound. No exhibition of seamanship avails against twin screws, which allow a vessel to turn almost upon her keel, and manœuver with the celerity of a dancing master; and it is not too much to say, in view of the continual improvements going forward, that in a short time our artillery will be so perfected that it will be impossible to render a vessel shot-proof and at the same time seaworthy.

It is, therefore, true that the art of successfully resisting the encroachments of foreign powers, or of prosecuting aggressive measures, rests in a great degree upon the skill, energy, intelligence, and inventive talent of the engineering and mechanical professions. Of what use is it for a mariner to safely navigate an iron-clad ship through perils by shoals and storm, if he falls into an enemy's hands at last through weakness or faults of construction?

Great guns are peace-makers. If they disturb public quiet they also aid in restoring it. The long arm of the 300 pound Parrott gun at Charleston reached over all forts and struck heavily in the very citadel of the enemy. Here again, are the science and skill of the engineer and mechanic made manifest. The enemy in fancied security lurked behind the protections his science taught him were secure, when lo! a stronger and greater than he reached over his guard and destroyed the illusion. So engineering science progresses. Possibly, in turn, the aggressor may learn from the assailed and be driven out; but now the engineer and mechanic are masters of the world; and, in either event the result will be due to a more perfect and thorough knowledge of the true principles of science and art.

WOODEN HOOPS.—The New York Sunday Times mildly protests against women wearing wooden hoops, which some have adopted for economy's sake. It says: "If a member of the gentler gender must make a sixteen-banded armadillo of herself, let her orbicular surroundings be made of something that will *give*. Beauty in a barrel is objectionable.—Hickory hurts.

☞A Vermont farmer sent to an orphan asylum for a boy that was smart, active, brave, tractable, prompt, industrious, clean, pious, intelligent, good looking, reserved, and modest. The superintendent replied that their boys were all human though they were orphans, and referred him to the New Jerusalem if he wanted to get his order filled.

A HARD CHEESE.—The editor of a Berkshire county paper says: "The man who left a cheese with us, to pay his subscription, is respectfully informed that, as we have signally failed to make use of it as *cheese* and cannot dispose of it to our shoemaker for boot taps, he is requested to take it away and bring us instead one not harder than a brick-bat."

☞It is told of a Montgomery county field officer, better acquainted with farming than soldiering, that when circumstances placed him in command of a regiment at Hatteras, and wishing to oblique his column in marching, he gave the order: "Haw around that mud-puddle!"

☞When Cromwell first coined his money, an old cavalier looking upon one of the pieces, read this inscription on one side, "God with us," on the other, "The Commonwealth of England." "I see," said he, "God and the Commonwealth are on different sides."

☞We are ruined, not by what we really want, but what we think we do; therefore, never go abroad in search of your wants. If they be real wants, they will come home in search of you; for he who buys what he does not want will soon want what he cannot buy.

☞An Irishman says that Scotland far surpasses China in its productions, as it has always a whole river of Tay runing through it.

☞A waggish candidate coming in the course of his canvass to a tailor's shop, said, "what we look for here are measures, not men."

☞A youth of sixty years has been arrested in Rhode Island for whipping his mother. He said the old lady's morals were bad!

☞The inventor of the "Greek fire" is now with Gen. Gilmore.

## ORIGINAL POETRY.

### Eulalaine.

BY F. OERRY FAIRFIELD.

In a kingdom of yore,
For a season or more,
In a palace by the main,
Did I know a high-born woman,
Too beautiful to be human,
And her name was Eulalaine.

More fairy-like she,
Than the foam of the sea,
In this palace by the main;
More happy was I,
Than a king of the sky,
With my beautiful Eulalaine.

Yes, more beautiful she,
In our house by the sea,
Than any daughter of the main;
And we sported at ease,
Under shadow like trees—
Olden, and ghost-like, and shadow-like trees,—
I and my Eulalaine.

The winds all day,
With odors of May,
Went fainting by the main—
With trailing wings all faint by the main—
And the stars of old,
Sifted down their gold,
All night on me and my Eulalaine.

"Not wilder on high,
Shall they love," said I,
"Than we in our palace by the main."
"Our souls have been wed,
And living or dead,
They are one," said Eulalaine.

But the demons of evil,
Whose king is the devil,
Came up from under the main—
From the cities of evil down under the main—
With shadow-like wings
Of evil things,
To separate me and my Eulalaine.

So they bore her away,
And they bore me away,
From this palace by the main;
And they shut us up alone,
In a mansion made of stone—
Me and my Eulalaine.

But to and fro,
Move the souls of two,
All day, in the palace by the main;
And lieth my soul
By the side of the soul
All night, of the beautiful Eulalaine—
All night by the side of the passionate soul—
Of the passionate palpitating soul—
Of the beautiful Eulalaine.

### ANGLING FOR A HUSBAND.

Madam ——, who resided at Chatun, was a lady of the strictest character, and a heart proof against allurements. She prided herself on her great insensibility, and her profound indifference had repulsed all those gallants who had volunteered to offer her their addresses. The country was, for her, a veritable retreat; she shunned re-unions, and was only happy in solitude. The charms of a chosen circle, the pleasures of the world, had no attraction for her; and her favorite recreation was that of angling, an amusement well suited to her unfeeling nature.

She was accustomed, every pleasant day, to station herself at the extremity of the lonely island of Chaton; and there, with her book in one hand and her line in the other, her time passed away, reading or dreaming.

A lover, who had always been intimidated by her coolness, and who had never ventured on a spoken or written declaration, surprised her at her pursuit one day, when he had come to the island for the purpose of enjoying a swimming bath.

He observed her for a long time without discovery, and busied himself with thinking how he might turn to his advantage this lonely amusement of angling. His reverie was so deep and so fortunate that he, at last, hit upon the desired plan—a novel expedient, indeed; yet such expedients are always most successful with such women as pretend to be invulnerable.

The next day, our amorous hero returned to the island, studied the ground, made his arrangements, and, when Madame D—— had assumed her accustomed place, he slipped away to a remote and retired shelter, and, after divesting himself of his entire clothing, entered the stream. An excellent swimmer and skilful diver, he trusted to his aquatic talents for the success of his enterprise. He swam to the end of the island with the greatest precaution, favored by the changes of the bank, and the bushes, which hung their dense foliage above the water. In his lips was a note, folded and sealed; and, on arriving near the spot where Madame D—— was sitting, he made a dive, and, lightly seizing the hook, attached to it his letter.

Madame D——, perceiving the movement of her line, supposed that a fish was biting.

The young man retired as he came; he doubled the cape which extended out into the water, separating them from each other, and regained the spot from which he had started, without the least noise in his passage under the willows. The deed was done.

Madame D—— pulled in her line, and what was her surprise to observe, dangling upon the hook, not the expected "shiner," but an unexpected letter.

This was, however, trifling; but her surprise became stupefaction when, removing the transfixed billet she read upon it her name.

So, then, this letter, which she had fished up, was addressed to her.

This was somewhat miraculous. She was afraid. Her troubled glance scrutinized the surrounding space, but there was nothing to be seen or heard; all was still and lonely, both on land and water.

She quitted her seat, but took away the letter. As soon as she was alone and closeted with herself, and as soon as the paper was dry—a paper perfectly water-proof and written upon with indelible ink—she unsealed the letter and commenced its perusal.

"A declaration of love!" cried she, at the the first words. "What insolence!"

Still, the insolence had come to her in such an extraordinary manner that her curiosity would not suffer her to treat this letter as she had so many others—pitilessly burn it without a reading.

No—she read it quite through. The lover, who dated this letter from the bottom of the river, had skillfully adopted the allegory, and introduced himself as a grotesque inhabitant of the waters. The fable was gracefully managed, and with the jesting tone which he had adopted was mingled a true, serious, ardent sentiment, expressed with beauty and eloquence.

The next day, Madame D—— returned to the island, not without emotion and a trace of fear.

She threw her line with a trembling hand, and shuddered as, a moment after, she perceived a movement of the hook.

Is it a fish? Is it a letter? It is a letter.

Madame D—— was no believer of vain magic; still there was something strange and supernatural in all this.

She had an idea of throwing the letter back into the stream, but relinquished it. The most stubborn and haughty woman is always disarmed in face of the mystery which captivates her imagination.

The second letter was more passionate, more tender, more charming, than the first.—Madame D—— read it several times, and could not help thinking about the delightful merman who wrote such bewitching letters.

On the subsequent day, she stretched her line to the shore, and left it swimming in the water, while she withdrew to a landing place upon the extremity of the island. She was watching for a long time, but saw nothing.—She returned to the place, withdrew the line, and there was the letter.

This time, an answer was requested. It was rather premature; yet the audacious request met with full success. The reply was written, after some hesitation, and the hook dropped into the stream. The letter was intended to say nothing, and effect a sort of badinage, but was, nevertheless, a bulletin of a victory gained over the hard severity of a woman till then unapproachable.

Madame D—— had too much shrewdness not to guess that her mysterious correspondent employed, instead of magic, the art of a skillful diver. Scruples easily understood restrained her from that portion of the bank where she was sure that the diver would emerge from the water.

But this game of letters amused her. It pleased her intellect, and her curiosity became so lively that she wrote:

"Let us give up this jesting, which has pleased me for the moment, but should continue no longer; and come, with your apologies, to Chaton."

The lover answered—

"Yes, if you will add 'Hope.'"

"If only a word is necessary to decide you, be it so."

And the word was written. The young man appeared, and was not a loser. The gift of pleasing belonged to his person as much as to his style, and he had made such rapid progress under water that it was easy to complete his conquest on land. They were married.

### Play upon Words.

Of course the whole innumerable host of puns, good and bad, which are floating about in books and newspapers, as well as in social circles, are all predicated upon similarities in pronunciation. A pun that has in it a sharp and witty meaning is a good thing; but the immense deal of trash and of far-fetched constructions that are put in circulation by laborers after the fun, which is worth nothing if it is not spontaneous, has given this kind of literature a bad reputation, so that few good authors will use it. The similarity of sound has given rise to such senseless productions as the following, which may be queer but are certainly not witty:

Mr. Popp, of Poppville, in Popp county, fancying himself to be very popular with his lady-love, "popped the question to her under the poplar tree, when she referred him to her poppy, who, when asked for his consent, laboring under the influence of ginger-pop, popped him out of the door to the tune of "Pop goes the weasel."

Or this:

You have no business to have any business with other people's business; but mind your own business, and that is business enough.

Of a more witty cast was the comment of a waggish woodsawyer upon his dull saw:

"Of all the saws I ever saw, I never saw a saw saw like that saw saws."

The following is given as a statement of fact, which may possibly add to its value:

There is a young man in the army who was born July 4th, at 4 o'clock P. M., at No. 44 in a street in Boston, 1844, a fourth child, has four names, enlisted into company D, of the 4th battallion, 44th regiment, 4th company, and on the 4th day of September was appointed 4th corporal, and is now going forth to defend his country.

Here is a traveller's report of a conversation with a backwoodsman:

'Whose house?' 'Mogs.' 'Of what built?' 'Logs.' 'Any neighbors?' 'Frogs.' 'What is the soil?' 'Bogs.' 'The climate?' 'Fogs.' 'Your diet?' 'Hogs.' 'How do you catch them?' 'Dogs.'

An original instance is given of answering two questions at a time:

'Here, Biddy, me darlint, what's the time o'night, and where's the pertaty pudding?'

'Its eight, sir.'

Which may as well be followed by an account of a curious misunderstanding:

'I come for the saw, sir,' said an urchin.

'What saucer?'

'Why, the saw, sir, that you borrowed.'

'I borrowed no saucer.'

'Sure you did, sir—borrowed our saw, sir.'

'Be off, I never saw your saucer.'

'But you did,—there's the saw, sir, now, sir.'

'Oh! you want the saw!'

And another similar one, caused by a peculiarity of speech:

'Pleathe, thir, father wants to athe your hog-pen to put two thowth and pigth in.'

'Two thousand pigs! Why, my pen won't hold fifty.'

'Two thowth and pigth. I thaid.'

'But my pen won't hold so many.'

'You don't understand me; I don't mean two thouthand pigth, but two thowth and their pigth.'

'Oh, yes, why didn't you say so.'

Here is a Quaker toast that has a thought in it:

This is me and mine to thee and thine. I wish when thou and thine come to see me and mine, that me and mine will treat thee and thine as kindly as thee and thine have treated me and mine.

This is a new version of the old compliment, which runs somewhat after this wise:

I wish thee and thy folks loved me and my folks as well as me and my folks love thee and thy folks. For sure, there never was folks, since folks was folks, that ever loved folks half so well as me and my folks love thee and thy folks.

### A TOUCHING STORY.

THE STRANGER'S BURIAL.

It was on a Sabbath morning, the last in October. The blackbirds and the blue, who had left you at the approach of winter, to gladden themselves in the Southern sun, were chattering in the groves, while the queen of song, the mocking-bird, sat off alone, as if conscious of her regal title, while the little throat was tremulous with melody. It had rained on Saturday, and this morning was fresh as one of June's sweetest. I was strolling along, after breakfast, when I met a friend, who asked me if I would go with him to a funeral. Now, I have a dread of funerals—not of death, not of the grave, but of the funeral. They are, to me, horrible things. Fashion, which regulates even the cut of the clergyman's coat, the form of his prayer, must step in here and regulate all save the manner of one's dying. I said they were horrible—that is the word—so offensive to taste, to art, to all that is high in sensitive, impressionable natures.

First, strangers, who feel no interest in the sleeper, criticise his dress and cerements; then the heart-broken mourners, the stricken ones, are paraded before the spectators; poor hearts torn asunder, grief unutterable, is shown to strangers; then the cheerless and lonely ride to the last resting place, perhaps miles away, is to be suffered; at the grave, the mourners are again made to show the bleeding heart to the multitude. This is wrong; it is in bad taste, to say nothing of its inhumanity. None of this grief should be seen except by those who are in bonds of love with those who weep. Let the farewell be taken before the multitude come.

I asked, "Who is dead?" and this was his story:

"A wife, who dwelt in the West, beyond the lakes, whose husband is an officer in the army, had not heard from him for some weeks. Two small boys were with him, their only ones. While she sat at home, reading a paper, her eyes fell upon a notice of the death of her husband.

"All the tenderness of a mother's love, all the strength of a wife's devotion, nerved her to start immediately for her children, and clasp them to a widowed heart. Day after day passed—how slowly, let another tell; how tediously, let a widow speak who knows her idol broken in a distant land. Two weeks were passed ere she reached Vicksburg. Three days on a sand-bar! What torture! At last she reached the hoped-for city. As the boat neared the wharf, she looked at the crowd, and saw her two boys upon ponies, and beside them the father and husband.—One long, piercing cry of joy filled the air; the husband flew, rather than ran, and took the lifeless form in his arms. It was too much of joy for a heart o'ercharged with grief. The strings snapped, and reason tottered for a time, to fall, in two days, to the sleep of death. This is the funeral I would have you attend."

This was his story. I went.

The assemblage was small. There were only five women present, and they not dwellers here, but sojourners. Gay uniforms filled the room; the birds sang sweetly; the sun shone brightly; and the fragrance of the rose and honeysuckle, swept through the window, over the face of the sleeper, to kiss the cheeks of the living. The old chaplain, with silver hair, while almost the aureola of the crown that is laid up for the righteous might be seen upon his brow, arose and read that sweetest of all hymns and sweetest of all poetry—

"I would not live alway; I ask not to stay
Where storm after storm rises, dark, o'er the way;
The few furtive mornings that dawn on us here,
Are followed by gloom or beclouded by fear."

After a request that some one would start the hymn, and a deep silence, one who was a singer, and stood in a corner, as though he would get away from the throng, began the melody in a tremulous voice, to which all the rest added theirs, until the sweet anthem filled the room and mingled with the fragrance of the flowers.

The stricken one was unfit to leave his bed, but the two motherless boys stood among us, unconscious of their greatest of all losses—a mother's tender care. Then a prayer, in which the aged teacher, with tearful eyes and trembling voice, implored the Giver of all good to give us peace, to take from us the vices which follow war and give us the blessings which follow peace. His prayer was beautiful.

The solemn words, "Man, that is born of woman, is of few days and full of trouble.—He cometh forth as a flower, and is cut down; he fleeth as a shadow, and continueth not." "For what is life? It is even as a vapor."—"Man walketh in a vain shadow * * he heapeth up riches, and cannot tell who shall gather them * *," were touchingly illustrated in the present case.

All were strangers. No resident of the place was there to honor one who gave evidence of those qualities which make the name of Mary more sacred and Ruth a sweet household word—that make Hannah a word of music to obedient sons, and the Jewish mother, with her slain sons, in the lonely watch, day after day that fowls might not tear them, and night after night that the beasts might not feed upon them, one of the saddest pictures of human love.

In silence, carriage after carriage left the door for the grave, until all save me and a few contrabands had gone, and we were left alone on the lawn, where the sun shone so brightly and the birds sang so sweetly in the perfume that swept from the flowers.

A WOMAN'S HAND.—A tender-hearted writer says: "Who has not felt the beauty of a woman's arm—the unspeakable suggestions of tenderness that lie in the dimpled elbow, and all the varied and gently lessening curves down to the delicate wrist, with tiny and almost imperceptible nicks in its soft texture."

To this an exchange paper says: "We remember distinctly the sensations produced by a woman's hand, some years since, when our short clothes were in fashion, but the 'impression' was more enlivening than pleasant, as we recall it."

PRICE OF A KISS.—A young man named James Santorange, a clerk in a store in Cincinnati, was fined $29.54, on Tuesday of last week, for kissing a married lady against her will.

### Marriage.

Nature never did betray the soul that loved her, and Nature tells men and women to marry. Just as the young man is entering upon life, just as he comes to independence and man's estate, just at the crisis of his being, is to be seen whether he decides for the good, and great, and true, or whether he sinks and is lost forever—matrimony gives him ballast and a right impulse. War with nature, and she takes sure revenge. Tell a young man not to have an attachment that is virtuous, and he will have one that is vicious. Virtuous love, the honest love of man for the woman he is about to marry, gives him an anchor for his heart; something pure and beautiful for which to labor and live. And the woman, what a clear light it sheds upon her path! It makes life, for her, no day-dream, no ideal hour, no painful shadow, no passing show; but something real, earnest, worthy of her heart and head. But the most of us are cowards, and dare not think so; we lack grace, are of little faith; our inward eye is deep and dark. The modern young lady must marry in style; her modern young gentleman marries a fortune. But, in the meantime, the girl grows an old maid, and the youth takes chambers—ogles the nursery maids, and becomes a "man-about-town," a man whom it is dangerous to invite into your house, for his business is intrigue. The world might have had a happy couple; instead, it gets a woman who is fretful and a plague to all around her. He becomes a skeptic in all virtue, a corrupter of the youth of both sexes, and a curse in whatever domestic circle he may penetrate. Even worse may result. He may rush from one folly to another; associate only with the vicious and depraved; bring disgrace and sorrow upon himself and all around him, and sink into an early grave. Our cities show what becomes of men and women who do not marry. Worldly fathers and mothers advise not to marry till they can afford to support a wife; and the boys wickedly expend double the amount in bad company. Hence it is that all wise men (like Franklin) advise early marriages, and that all great men, with rare exceptions, have married young. Wadsworth had only one hundred pounds a year when he first married. Lord Eldon was so poor that he had to go to Clare Market, London, to buy sprats for supper.—We can't discover that Coleridge and Southey had any income at all when they got married. We question whether, at any time, Luther had more than fifty pounds a year. We blast humanity in its very dawn. Fathers, you say you teach your sons prudence—you do nothing of the kind; your world wise and clever son is already ruined for life. You will find him at faro tables and free-love circles. Your wretched worldly wisdom taught him to avoid the snare of marrying young; and soon, if he is not involved in embarrassments which will last him his life, he is a base fellow—heartless, false, without a single generous sentiment or manly aim. He has "no God, no Heaven in the wide world."

### A Short Patent Sermon.

Old Lorenzo Dow was a very sensible reformer. He is said to have shown his peculiar good sense, at one time, by preaching the following excellent words in behalf of the printing fraternity:

"Perhaps it may not be amiss to remind you of the printer in my discourse. He is in a very disagreeable situation. He trusts everybody, he knows not whom. His money is scattered everywhere, and he scarcely knows where to look for it. His paper, his ink, his type, his journeymen, his labor, &c., must be punctually paid for. You, Mr. ——, and you, Mr. ——, and a hundred others I could name, have taken his paper; and you, and your children, and your neighbors, have been improved by it. If you miss one paper, you think hard of the printer—you would rather go without your best meal than be deprived of your paper. Have you ever complied with the terms of your subscription? Have you ever taken pains to furnish the printer with *his* paper? Have you paid him for his type, his press, and his hands' work? If you have not, go and pay him off. *He needs the money.*

RUSSIA.—The sacred language of Russia is Greek, her polite language French, her vulgar tongue a compound of Latin, Greek, German, French, and Sclavonian. Her *literati* are Germans; her mechanics and merchants, to a great extent, are French and British; and her bravest officers have been Poles, Cossacks, and British. So that, if we except those of foreign race who have been localized within the last three quarters of a century, the inhabitants of Russia are now as much a camp of barbarians as any Genghis Khan ever led to slaughter.

JOKING.—The man who makes a joke without intending it, frequently amuses us more than the most ingenious of professional jokers; as when the milkman, in a play, is charged with putting calves' brains in his milk, and he answered: "I never had such a thing in my head!" It was the same sort of a case when a juryman, having asked the judge to excuse him from serving on account of deafness, the latter said: "Couldn't you hear my charge to the grand jury?" "Yes, I heard it," said the man, "but I couldn't make any sense of it!"

NATURAL ENOUGH.—A good anecdote is told of a Federal officer who had been largely engaged in cotton speculations. Falling sick, and becoming half delirious from fever, the chaplain, fearing he might die, was urging him to repentance and preparation for Heaven. "Dear General," he said, "you will, perhaps, receive your marching orders soon, and you should have your armor on, ready to obey the order." Turning over, with a sigh, the General responded: "I am always ready to act when the orders come, but how much cotton can I get there?"

☞Squabbles, an old bachelor, shows his stockings, which he has just darned, to a maiden lady, who contemptuously remarks, 'Pretty good for a man darner.' Whereupon, Squabbles rejoins—"Good enough for a woman, darn her!"

☞If any great artist wishes to get up a painting to be called the picture of desolation, he had better get the rebel Confederacy to sit for him.

### Woman's Hate of Woman.

This sentiment is embodied, as everybody knows, in the old English legend of "Fair Rosamond," representing Queen Eleanor, wife of Henry II., giving to this fair damsel the choice of dying by steel or poison. This was about the year 1173. The *Publishers' Circular*, in criticising a new translation of a Latin book of legends, thus gives its mention of this popular story:

"The death of Fair Rosamond is detailed as follows: "The queen had her taken and stripped all naked, and made her sit between two great fires in a chamber quite closed, so that this very beauteous damsel was greatly terrified, for she thought for certain she should be burnt, and began to be in great sorrow by reason thereof. And in the meantime, the queen had caused a bath to be prepared, and then made the beauteous damsel enter therein; and forthwith, she made a wicked old hag beat this beauteous damsel upon both her arms with a staff; and then so soon as ever the blood gushed forth, there came another execrable sorceress, and brought two frightful toads upon a trowel, and put them upon the breasts of the gentle damsel; whereupon they immediately seized her breasts and began to suck. Two other old hags held her arms stretched out, so that the beauteous damsel might not be able to sink down into the water until all the blood that was in her body had run out. And all the time that the filthy toads were sucking the breasts of this most beauteous damsel, the queen, laughing the while, mocked her, and had great joy in her heart in being thus revenged upon Rosamond. And when she was dead, the queen had the body taken and buried in a filthy ditch, and with the body, the toads.' The body was subsequently removed to Godestowe, near Oxford, and was met on the road by King Henry, who fainted when he recognized it. The Chronicle adds: 'And when he had prayed, he commanded them forthwith to ride straight on to Godestowe with the body of the lady, and there had her burial celebrated in that religious house of nuns; and there did he appoint thirteen chaplains to sing for the soul of the said Rosamond so long as the world shall last.—In this religious house of Godestowe, I tell you for truth, lieth the fair Rosamond buried. May very God Almighty of her soul have mercy. Amen.' Whatever the manner of Rosamond's death, Queen Eleanor was believed to have been concerned in it, and when she went down the Thames to London bridge after the murder, the Chronicle declares that the citizens launched curses and imprecations and that she only escaped a shower of rotten eggs by seeking safety in the Tower."

### Homely Hints for Husbands.

If you fail in raising the wind abroad, that is no reason why you should kick up a breeze at home. No soil favors the cultivation of spare time so well as the domestic hearth.—Beware of hiding the family bread basket in your wine-merchant's hamper. Keep your passion flowers outside the walls of your homestead. If cultivated within doors, they are apt to scatter the seeds of dissension around the family table. Embrace a golden opportunity with caution; like a fashionable friendship, it too often turns out a 'golden fleece.' If your wife pins a fresh rosebud in your button-hole when you go forth to business in the morning, be careful to present her with heartsease on your return at night. Some men grow suddenly ashamed of an unassuming pot of mignonette if a wealthy friend happens to present them with a few flowers from his conservatory, and hide it away in some obscure corner, to make way for the brilliant but scentless exotics. Wives are not unfrequently treated after a similar fashion; and perhaps it would be well for their fastidious 'lords and masters' to jot down the following lines upon the tablets of their minds:—

As the myrtle, whose perfume enriches the bower,
Is prized far beyond e'en the gaudiest power;
So a wife, who a household can skillfully rule,
Is a jewel of price to all men—save a fool.

A LITTLE STORY.—Mrs. Crissey, of Decatur, Ill., whose husband is chaplain of an Illinois regiment, recently related to a visitor that, many years ago, her little baby, while playing in the street, fell down and began to cry. A very tall young man, who was passing with a yoke of oxen, picked the child up, and, landing him inside the gate, said, cheerily:—"You will never make a soldier if you cry for that." The little fellow at once banished his grief. The tall young man was named Abraham Lincoln, and Mrs. Crissey introduced to the visitor a young captain, home on furlough, as her son, who had become a soldier after all.

PHILOSOPHY OF A HEARTY LAUGH.—No other exercise is equal to laughing. Nothing acts so directly and happily upon the organs within both chest and abdomen. Ten hearty laughs, real shouts, will do more to advance the general health and vitality than an hour spent in the best attitudes and motions, if done in a sober, solemn spirit. Of course, I cannot laugh at will; so you must play with the dog, play with your children, introduce a hundred games which involve competition and fun. Open the folding doors, move back the centre-table, and go it. Play with the bags, run for the pins, play any of the games which you can recall from your early experience. One good laugh is worth more than medicine to restore health.—*The Key.*

THE MAN WITH A COLD IN HIS HEAD.—My dabe is Jodes—Daddel Jodes. I ab the bost biserable bad udder the sun. I ab eterdally catchidg cold; by doze is everlastidly gubbed up, so dat I dever cad talk plaid. I tried ebery thig in the work to prevedt it; subber ad widther it is all the sabe. I beath through by bouth from Jaduary to Decebber, frob the begging to the edding of the year. I've tried every systeb of hedicid, but id vaid. All kiids of teas, drops, oh old wibbid doctruhs, have bed tried; I've swallowed eduff of theb to drown be; but it's do use. Dothidg udder heaved cad keep by feet warb; dothing keep be wab catchidg cold.

☞There is a lake in Minnesota called Minnetonka, which must be very clear and very deep, for a strange genius in describing it, says by looking into it you can see them making tea in China.

# Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, DEC. 19, 1863.


### Our Annual Dunt

All persons indebted to this office, for subscriptions, advertisin S or job work, are requested to make payment befo the 1st of January, 1864. Subscribers will receive their bills in their papers before that time, and prompt remittance is expected.

THE Chesapeake, which was seized by rebel pirates a week ago last Sunday, was overhauled and captured by the Ella and Annie, in Sanbro Harbor, Thursday morning. All but three of her crew escaped in boats. She was taken into Halifax.

### Determined Resistance.

In spite of all the favorable premonitions of peace which come from various quarters of the rebel Confederacy—in spite of the growing weakness of the rebels themselves, and the closing around them of Union armies—the leaders of this great revolt still hurl defiance at our Government, and brace themselves determinedly against all insinuations of, or approaches to, peace except by an acknowledgement of the independence of the Southern States. Jeff Davis reiterated this in his annual message, while he acknowledges that the prospects of the Confederacy are gloomy enough. That old rascal, Gov. Letcher, of Virginia, is fiery as ever in denunciation of the old Government, and radical as ever in his purpose to fight to the last for the Southern rebellion. He even demands the restoration of Western Virginia, which has set itself up as a State, with all the modern Yankee improvements. The Governors of other rebel States are, also, fierce in prosecuting the war to the extermination of all Yankee invaders. All this talk, however, is a bluff game, to keep up the sinking courage of the people of the South. The leaders know that success alone shields them from the halter or eternal exile; that it is a desperate game, which will cost them dear if failure happens; and they cannot fail to see how the rebellion is drifting.—Now, they are putting forth every exertion to save themselves and everything they possess from the threatening abyss; but their shouts of defiance are the shouts of despair, which will soon be drowned in the overwhelming flood of retribution that is overtaking them.

### Congress.

Congress, though hardly at work yet, talks of adjourning over the holidays, according to custom. The committees of both branches have been announced, New England getting the chairmanship of 11 out of 23 in the Senate, and the West getting a majority of the important chairmanships in the House. Henry L. Dawes, from the 10th Mass. district, is re appointed chairman of the committee on elections, and he has introduced a bill authorizing elections in Tennessee and Louisiana. The bill provides that any elector whose right to vote is challenged shall be presented with the oath included in the President's recent amnesty proclamation, which he must take before casting his vote. This is looking towards a recognition of the President's proclamation; and, if Congress should pass the bill, it will be all that the President has desired. A lively debate sprung up in the Senate on Tuesday, which carried us back to the days when slaveholders were rampant at the Capitol. Garrit Davis called up his resolutions concerning exchange of prisoners, and made an onslaught upon the Administration, denouncing its policy, and calling it the reign of Abraham the First. His speech was full of professions of hatred for Secession and Abolitionism, and of bitter denunciation of the policy of protecting black soldiers. Reverdy Johnson replied, taking ground in favor of protecting all soldiers, and of the right to use all men and all means to save the country. Mr. Davis replied that the President had no power to raise men at all, and developed the favorite secession doctrine of the helplessness of the Federal Government. Mr. Davis was in a high state of excitement. Mr. Hale denounced the Kentucky Senator's charges as infamous. The discussion was stopped by referring the resolutions to the Military Committee.

MURDER AND BANK ROBBERY.—A daring murder and robbery of a bank was perpetrated in Malden, at mid-day, on Monday. The cashier of the Malden Bank had gone to Boston, leaving the bank in charge of the teller, Frank Converse, 17 years old, and son of the President of the bank. About $5000 was left with him by the cashier, who locked the safe before leaving. About noon, half an hour after a gentleman of the village had left the bank, young Converse was found, nearly dead, upon the floor, with a bullet hole in his head. He died in a few minutes, without being able to utter a word. All the money left with him was gone, and no trace of the murderer and robber can be found.

THE STATES REPRESENTED IN CONGRESS.—There are twenty-five States represented in the United States Senate, being one more than the number which formed the Union in President Jackson's time, toward the close of which the original thirteen were doubled by the admission of Arkansas and Michigan. This is very well, recollecting how many States have gone out into the cold, like communities gone mad. Twelve of the Senators form the opposition, and four of the twelve are old Whigs. The delegations of Pennsylvania, Illinois, Indiana and California are divided, and those of New Jersey, Delaware, Kentucky and Oregon are composed of democrats, but some of them are war men.

DISASTER TO OUR NAVY.—The monitor Weehawken suddenly sank, at her anchorage before Charleston, on Sunday, the 6th inst., during a gale, carrying down with her thirty of her crew, including four assistant engineers, who were down in the cabin of the vessel and could not get out. Proper precaution had not been taken to keep the water out of the monitor, and the shipping of a heavy sea sent her to the bottom. The death of the crew, shut up in the cabin, was, indeed, horrible. As the vessel was sunk in fifteen feet of water, it could easily raised.

### THE LATEST WAR NEWS!

Since our armies and the armies of the rebellion have commenced constructing winter quarters, very little has transpired in the way of fighting. The armies of Virginia are very quiet. A reconnoissance toward Sperryville, on Saturday, developed no rebels beyond a small force of cavalry.

At midnight, on the 10th, about thirty guerillas made a dash at our picket lines, about three miles from the Chain Bridge and five from Georgetown, and captured one man and six horses. The picket reserve rallied, and fired three volleys into them, killing one and capturing another.

On Sunday, 700 rebels made an attack upon our force protecting the bridge over Cedar Run, near Catlett's Station, to destroy Gen. Meade's communication with Washington; but they were repulsed, after a short fight.

Gen. Butler is waking up his department.—On the 12th inst., an expedition penetrated as far as Charles City Court House, on the north side of James River, not far below City Point, which captured eight officers and eighty-two enlisted men, being the whole force of three companies. The enemy's camp, with its equipments, arms, ammunition, and provisions, was destroyed. Our loss was two killed and four wounded.

The news from Texas continues to be good. Gen. Banks announces that our forces, under Maj. Gen. Washburne, have seized the approaches to Matagorda. The rebel garrison of Fort Esperanza, consisting of 1,000 men, fled at the approach of our troops, first blowing up the magazines. Ten guns were captured, ranging from 24 to 108-pounders. The command of Matagorda Bay substantially gives us the control of Central and Western Texas, and all the important points on the east coast, except Galveston.

The shelling of Charleston and Fort Sumter continues. The city has been set on fire several times, and a number of soldiers have been killed in Fort Sumter.

Advices from Knoxville announce that Gen. Burnside had relinquished the command of the forces in East Tennessee to Gen. Foster, and is himself on his way to Cincinnati. The troops in pursuit of Longstreet's retreating column had advanced beyond telegraphic communication with headquarters, but scouts had brought in unconfirmed reports that much of the enemy's artillery had been captured.

Richmond papers say that Longstreet's command is at Rutledge, 30 miles north-west of Knoxville, on the road to Bristol, South-western Virginia, and in a comparatively safe position. His rear was skirmishing with our cavalry, but our pursuit is said not to have been vigorous. There is a rumor that Gen. Sheridan, commanding the column in pursuit of Longstreet, encountered the rebel rear-guard east of Knoxville, and sustained a heavy repulse, in which Gen. Sheridan is said to have been badly wounded.

A rebel raiding party has penetrated to Mt. Sterling, Ky., encountering a body of our troops, whom it claims to have routed after a stout fight. The rebels then burned the court house and jail, and returned to Abingdon, Va., with $100,000 in greenbacks by way of booty.

The rebels refuse to receive any more supplies for our prisoners at Richmond, alleging that they are unjustly accused of withholding them from the prisoners.

A later account from Texas says that the entire coast is in possession of our troops, including Galveston and Brownsville, and that a Federal force was ascending Red River and marching on Alexandria, where the rebel Gen. Taylor awaited their attack.

A DIFFICULT PLACE TO FILL.—It is stated that the President and Secretary Stanton favor the re-instatement of Gen. Hooker as commander of the army of the Potomac, but that Gen. Halleck strenuously opposes it.—Difficulty is experienced in finding any prominent military commander who is willing to assume command of this gallant but unfortunate army.

GENEROUS MAN.—Samuel Williston, of Easthampton, has recently added $10,000 to the permanent funds of Williston Seminary.—This, together with the gymnasium which is in process of construction and will be completed next summer at a cost of not less than $15,000, will make the magnificent sum of $110,000 which Mr. Williston has given to this single institution.

A SINGULAR CASE.—Thomas Ladd, an Englishman, has been put under $500 bonds, at Philadelphia, for having two wives, the second wife being the daughter of the first wife, who was a widow when he married her. His first wife lived in his family till they came to this country, when the second wife left her husband, and, in order to escape him, had him arrested.

A GOVERNOR REDEEMING HIMSELF.—Ex-Governor Matteson, of Illinois, who was convicted, some years ago, of permitting fraudulent issues of canal scrip, &c., and was held to the State for the amount, has just paid, in full, the balance due, by a transfer of 4226 acres of land owned by him, the State taking the land at seven dollars an acre.

THE CARGO OF THE CHESAPEAKE.—The Chesapeake, which was seized by rebel pirates, had on board one hundred bales of cotton, worth, probably, forty thousand dollars, purchased for the mills for which Messrs. Frank Skinner & Co., of Boston, are agents, and ten thousand dollars' worth of sugar owned in Quebec.

PRIVATEERING.—The Japanese are going into the privateering business with steamships. They'll probably make a good thing of it, as there is much shipping to be preyed upon in the Eastern seas. Japan's back is up, and she means to vindicate Know Nothing principles by doing something.

LOST HIS MONEY.—Lieut. Gov. Trask, who went from Springfield to the army of the Potomac, to obtain re-enlistments, did not get further than Washington, where he fell among thieves and lost his money.

### The War Department.

The Secretary of War, in his annual report, says that our successes during the past year have saved over $200,000,000 for the next year. He says we hold 40,000 prisoners against 30,000 in the hands of the rebels, and the difficulty in exchange is the demand of Jeff Davis that we should release the 40,000 for the 30,000. The late draft has realized 50,000 soldiers and $10,000,000. He says that the testimony of commanding generals is to the effect that conscripts make as good soldiers as volunteers, but thinks the force now to be raised can be got by volunteering. Over 50,000 colored men are now doing service as soldiers. The Secretary recommends that they be paid the same bounty and wages as other soldiers. He also adds the following interesting statements:

The seaboard and border fortifications have been improved during the year. A competent officer has been sent to the lakes, to report on necessary measures to guard against rebel plots. The army has been paid up to the 1st of November. Thirteen and a half per cent. of our troops are in hospitals, of whom eleven per cent. are sick and two and a half per cent. wounded. The Surgeon General reports one hundred and eighty-two hospitals, with a capacity of 84,472 beds. The military telegraph corps has constructed, during the year, 1,755 miles of telegraph line, and during the war 5,326 miles; and over these wires twelve hundred thousand messages were sent during the year ending June 30th, 1863. This is at the rate of about three thousand three hundred messages every day.

During the past year, the army has been supplied with 1577 field, siege, and sea-coast cannon, with carriages, caissons, and other implements; 1,082,841 muskets and rifles for foot soldiers; 282,389 carbines and pistols for mounted troops; 1,295,600 cannon balls and shells; 48,719,862 pounds of lead and lead bullets; 1,435,046 cartridges for artillery; 250,022,216 cartridges for small arms; 347,276,470 percussion caps; 3,925,369 friction primers; 5,764,768 pounds gun-powder; 919,676 sets of accoutrements for men; 94,679 sets of accoutrements for cavalry horses; and 3,281 sets of artillery harness, each set for two horses. These articles cost the nation $42,313,630.21. The Secretary remarks that our manufacturers excel those of Europe so much in arms and ammunition that our soldiers are no longer willing to use those which have been imported.

BOLTING.—The Springfield Republican publishes an article arguing that bolting from regular party nominations is right in all cases, and works a healthful condition of the body politic. "Hereafter," it says, "bolting is to be a prevailing custom." According to the Republican's arguments, the rebels have done right in bolting from the Union compact made by our forefathers, and we are doing wrong in compelling them to come back. In connection with this subject, our neighbor says, "It is the duty of the press to ascertain and publish the truth, whoever suffers." Ah! Mr. Republican, do you do that? It is the universal complaint of Springfield people that you will not allow an aggrieved party to deny or set right a false statement made in your paper. It sounds well enough to talk about "honest judgment of men and measures," but when a man preaches piety and acts devil we have not much confidence in his religion.

EXECUTION OF A YOUNG MAN.—On Friday, last week, Charles H. Brooks, convicted of the murder of his father near Vincentown, N. J., on the 12th of March, 1863, paid the penalty of his crime with his life. He was publicly hanged in the yard of the Mount Holly jail, in the presence of about five hundred persons.—The career of the youthful murderer is calculated to fill one with horror and dismay that there should throb, in this enlightened age, a heart so wicked and depraved. He was only 22 years of age, and murdered his father at the instigation of his mother and brother-in-law that they might come into possession of his property. He waylaid his father while returning from an evening meeting, knocking him down and cutting his throat.

DAGUERREOTYPES IN THE DEAD LETTER OFFICE.—Among a thousand curious and interesting facts in the Postmaster General's report, we see it stated that about ten thousand letters containing photographs and daguerreotypes have been received at the dead letter office in Washington, of which eight thousand two hundred and seventy-two have been restored to the writers of the letters or those to whom they were addressed.

THE LAST WORDS OF A GOOD WOMAN.—The wife of a bishop, in England, died recently; and, being a woman remarkable for her piety and excellence of character, her last words were expected to be full of interest—and so they were. Just before she expired, the good woman said to her attendants—"Remember to give the bishop his warm soup every night!"

MEXICO.—If French accounts from Mexico are to be believed, that country is fast coming under imperial sway, and Emperor Max. will find his empire ready for him by next spring. Perhaps they are not to be believed, but matters wear a bad face for the patriots. If the new regime should be established, how could our government avoid recognizing it?

TAPE WEAVING.—The Patterson, (N. J.) Daily Press says there are, in that city, 11 power and 124 hand looms engaged in weaving tapes for hoop skirts, representing 750 operatives, besides 240 more who are indirectly supported by this branch of industry. The amount of money annually distributed among them is about $75,000.

FREE PORT.—Wilmington is the freest port in America. Thirteen heavy-laden blockade-breakers entered it recently, in one night.—Some blockade-breaker should be sent to supersede the fellow now in command of that station. A new fleet is fitting out to more thoroughly blockade that port.

BOSTON.—The municipal election of Boston occurred on Monday, and, for a wonder, the Republican ticket was elected (the mayor), by 4,000 majority. Not only was Mayor Frederic W. Lincoln, Jr., re-elected, but the entire party ticket for aldermen was, also, triumphantly chosen, together with 40 out of 47 councilmen.

### A VARIETY OF THINGS.

WE are getting into the season of snow storms, the second one visiting us on Thursday. It would be contrary to nature for a Christmas to come without sleighing; yet such a thing does happen sometimes.

—New York is said to swarm with spies, traitors, and rebels. So do some other places, Washington in particular.

—The present session of the rebel Congress will be a stormy one, it is predicted.

—Some peace resolutions recently introduced in the North Carolina House of Commons got only two votes.

—The secessionists abroad think the Confederacy past praying for. Rebel funds are at a heavy discount, and must go still lower.

—The Loyal Leagues of the country have been sending a delegation to the President, advising him in matters pertaining to the war and his Cabinet. Meantime, Abraham keeps on doing just as he likes.

—There is talk of a Brigadier and even a Major General being interested in the stupendous frauds in the Quartermaster's Department at Alexandria.

—The Richmond Examiner says that what Longstreet has effected in East Tennessee may be summed up in the word *nothing*.

—Three men got into the bedroom of Mr. Hays, near Nashville, and demanded his money. Pretending to get it, he obtained his revolver, killed one, wounded the second, and captured the third.

—The Marblehead fishermen have all returned in safety from their year's labor, having been successful in obtaining large fares, which have sold for good prices.

—The Washington correspondent of the Worcester Spy says that a military hospital will, in all probability, be established at Worcester.

Whole regiments are re enlisting.
The fall campaign of our armies is ended.
Good sleighing up in Canada.
The shortest day of the year—next Monday.
Back to Richmond—Gen. Morgan.
Caught—the Chesapeake and three pirates.
Hutting for the winter—our soldiers.
Doing something—Gen. Butler.

—A Charleston journal says that the monthly pay of a rebel soldier will out suffice to buy a pair of gloves. What matters it, so long as the rebels fight without gloves?

—Gen. Grant is in favor of destroying slavery, as the only way to restore the country to its old state, and to keep the peace of the continent.—He is a statesman as well as a strategist.

—The army that Bragg lately commanded is supposed to be not above 20,000 strong, without counting the militia that may have joined it since Chattanooga's three glorious days.

—The Russian officers are having a pleasant time at Washington, where the representatives of the bear are lions.

—The rebel soldiers in Virginia call Jeff Davis' Message a "funeral oration."

—All the Indiana regiments in General Banks' department are re-enlisting for three years' additional service. The Indiana troops in General Grant's army will, also, re-enlist.

—Look out for cold weather "about these days," as the almanac says.

—A farmer took a single wagon-load of his produce to Syracuse, N. Y., last Saturday, and sold it for $1,588.50. It was the wool produced by his 380 sheep.

—The house of John Snyder, in Baltimore, was robbed of a safe containing $45,000 on Saturday. The safe was afterwards found, two miles out from the city, with the door beaten in and the money gone.

—There is no country in the world where labor is so well paid as in the United States at the present time.

—Happiness may grow at our fireside, but is not to be picked up in our neighbor's garden.

—A fast man, like a fast stream, is, usually, shallow.

—The propeller of the iron-clad Dictator has been cast. It has four blades, and weighs 45,000 pounds.

TE SOUTH "MUST SUCCUMB."—The rebel secretary of the treasury talks discouragingly of the finances of the confederacy. He says the debt of the rebels is $1,000,000,000, and $475,000,000 is needed to carry on the war till the 30th of next June. He says:

"The continuance of the notes as a circulating medium to their present extent involves the ruin of public and private credit, and will deprive the government of the means of defending the lives and property of its citizens. If the currency remains in the present expanded state, no measures of relief can be made effectual. Prices must advance, and the means of the government to pay these prices must daily lose efficiency. Taxes become fruitless by reason of the depreciation of the money. The army can neither be paid, clothed, nor fed; arms and munitions of war can no longer be supplied; the officers of the government cannot be supported; AND THE COUNTRY MUST SUCCUMB."

THE NEXT DRAFT.—Senator Wilson has introduced in Congress an amendatory bill to the enrollment act, which makes several important changes in regard to exemptions, &c. The bill consolidates the two classes, and there is a feeling in Congress favorable to striking out the $300 clause altogether, which would require every drafted man to serve or furnish a substitute. The military committee insist that the bill shall be shoved through before Congress takes a recess to enjoy the holidays, so that it may apply to the next draft. The bill makes it a penal offence for one man to aid another in procuring exemption, if any remuneration is made for such assistance.

UNSAFE NAVIGATION.—The Southern guerrillas have resumed their infernal attacks upon the Mississippi steamboats. Between the liability of these steamers to get burned to the water's edge through the agency of rebel incendiaries, and the danger of being destroyed by rebel batteries along the shores, the navigation of the Mississippi is not a little precarious, and a very uninviting enterprise in a business point of view. There are a few gunboats stationed along the river at long intervals, and an occasional patrol by others, but these precautions prove altogether inadequate to the present emergency on the lower Mississippi.

THE NAVY.—Some Western folk are frightened because of the magnitude of the sums asked for the support of the navy; but where would the country have been, but for the navy's work in this war? Among the things of the past. Good things are always expensive.

☞ It is reported that Madame Schnell, a fortune-teller of Louisville, Ky., and her two children, were lost on the steamer Sunny Side. She had accumulated $70,000 by the practice of her art, but failed to read her own fate.

### PALMER AND VICINITY.

MR. VAILL'S writing school opened with a fair attendance on Monday evening. It will be open to new scholars for the present.

ANOTHER WAR MEETING.—Another war meeting is to be held at the Cong. vestry this (Saturday) evening. Let there be a large rally.

PRESENTATION.—Orderly Sergt. J. E. Lazell, of Enfield, was presented with a sabre and belt, by his friends, a few nights ago, at the camp at Readville. Sergeant Lazell belongs to Co. I., First Mass. Cavalry.

BY the breaking of a rail on the Amherst & Belchertown Railroad, the Tuesday evening train did not reach Amherst till after 10 o'clock Wednesday morning. The rail broke on the down trip, letting the passenger car off the track, and the passengers were brought down on the tender of the engine.

A UNION IN PROSPECT.—The larger part of the stock of the Amherst & Palmer road is now owned by the controlling parties in the New London & Palmer road; and the two will be united, and their track pushed north thirteen miles, through Leverett, to the Vermont and Massachusetts road at Montague, after obtaining the necessary authority from the legislature this winter.

REENLISTMENTS.—The boys who went from this vicinity in the 27th Mass. regiment, now at Newport News, Va., are, pretty generally, re-enlisting. Besides the two who have re-enlisted from Palmer, Munson is credited with 5, Ludlow 3, Brimfield 8, Belchertown 4, Ware 3, Wilbraham 8. This speaks well for men who have been in service more than two years.

OUR selectmen are working valiantly in procuring enlistments for the next quota. They have done well the present week, and one week more of earnest labor ought to secure the number. About twenty more men are wanted. Let other war meetings be held if necessary, and keep the ball rolling till our quota is full. Men had rather receive $600 or $700 dollars as volunteers than $13 a month as conscripts, and it is simply an alternative—they must do one or the other. Some can afford to be drafted, while others cannot. When the chances are against a man he had better do what is most for his advantage.

POLICE.—On Saturday, Catharine Donahue of Ware was before justice Allen, charged with stealing a vest, hood, and scarf from the store of W. W. Cross the day previous. Catharine owned up to the larceny of the vest, but denied stealing anything else. "I'm a poor, lone woman," said she, "with half a duzen childers, an' I only took the garmint to keep my poor boy from frazin'. While our great men are staling millions of dollars from the government, an' making theirselves rich widout nobody's arrestin' 'em, I am complained of for jest takin' a poor shoddy vest from a whole store full of goods that the 'prietor wants to get rid of. This is an unjust counthry, yer honor, an' the Howly Virgin'll not forgive the man who thus oppresses a lone widder." This affecting speech drew tears to the eyes of the "'prietor" of the vest, and caused the husband of the "widow" to weep audibly, but justice was inexorable, and the "lone woman" was sent to the house of correction for three months.

THREE RUNAWAYS IN ONE DAY.—There must have been an unlucky "conjunction" of horse planets on Tuesday, judging from what happened in this village. In the morning, a span of horses owned by J. W. Weeks got advantage of him, and ran through Main street, creating quite a little excitement; but they were brought up on a short turn at Mr. Loomis' cabinet shop, without injury to anybody. About 3 o'clock P. M., another and more serious affair happened. The wife and child of Dwight Shaw, of Monson, were left alone in a carriage while Mr. Shaw stepped into a store in Nassowanno Block. The horse took fright at the display of crinoline which a lady made on getting out of another carriage, and started off, making a turn around Cooper's ambrotype saloon and turning the carriage completely bottom side up. The woman and baby rolled out, the former receiving a severe bruise upon the forehead and an injury to the shoulder, but the child was unhurt. The carriage was essentially used up. The horse freed himself from the ruins, but was secured before getting out of the village. An hour later, a horse owned by F. J. Wassum took fright near the corner of Pleasant and Church streets, and ran with a buggy to the Antique House, taking one wheel off by a collision with the railroad bridge, and turning over the vehicle and making a wreck of it after crossing the bridge.

THE WAR MEETING.—A war meeting was held at the vestry of the Cong. church Saturday evening. The weather was unpropitious, but the house was well filled. P. P. Kellogg presided, and speeches were made by Rev. Mr. Parkhurst, of Warren, Captain Putnam, of the —— regiment, Capt. Thomas Francis, of Thorndike, and Lieut. Geo. H. Howe, who is recruiting in this village. The result was three volunteers and an awakened feeling on the subject of filling up our quota. There have been enlisted, up to this time, 13 men, and two have re-enlisted in the 27th regiment. There is little doubt that the quota of Palmer will be filled before the time announced for the draft. Those who contemplate volunteering and securing the high bounty must hurry up, or there will be no room for them.

ANNUAL GOVERNMENT TAXES.—The amount of annual Government taxes just collected in the towns of Palmer, Brimfield, Monson, Holland, Wales, and Wilbraham, is $5,924.74.—This amount was collected on incomes, business licenses, carriages, and silver plate. The sum of $4,022.64 was collected on incomes.—The largest income tax in Palmer was $52, and the whole income tax of this town is about $344.71. Monson did better, yielding a revenue from this source of about $1,000. Brimfield did still better. The income tax of Samuel A. Hitchcock was $1,059.29, and that of S. C. Hengrri, the safe man, was $792. Wales and Wilbraham did better than Palmer in the way of incomes.

The amount collected for licenses was $1,735.37. Of this amount, auctioneers paid $23.33; billiard keepers, $9.99; cattle brokers, $9.17; bowling alley keepers, $3.33; dentists, $13 34; distillers, $16.66; horse dealers, $16.67; hotel keepers, $46.68; lawyers, $13 34; livery keepers, $100; manufacturers, $204.75; apothecaries, $6.67; peddlers, $173.37; photographers, $26.67; physicians, $117.55; retail dealers, $406.85; retail liquor dealers, $399.92; soap makers, $6.67; owners of stallions, $50; wholesale dealers, $66 68; butchers, $13.34.

The tax on carriages, silver plate, and billiard tables, amounted to $166.73. Of this sum, $89 was for single carriages, $29 for two horse carriages, $30 for billiard tables, and $17.73 for silver plate. Delinquents paid $28.03 as a ten per cent. penalty for not paying at the time notified.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—While Cornelius Conner, one of the operatives in the woolen mill of Geo. H. Gilbert & Co., of Ware, was standing in a door in the fifth story, Wednesday morning, a gust of wind blew the door against him with such force as to precipitate him to the ground, badly breaking his limbs and fracturing his skull. He was taken home, where he died in about an hour and a half. He was 58 years of age, and leaves a wife and two small children in destitute circumstances.

WARREN.—The young people of Warren will hold a festival on Christmas Eve (Thursday, Dec. 24th), the proceeds to be devoted to the aid of sick and wounded soldiers.

FAIR SMUGGLERS.—On Friday last, the Provost Marshal of Cairo had in custody several ladies, some of respectability, suspected of being engaged in smuggling goods across the lines to the rebels. They were subjected to search by a lady engaged for the purpose. Some startling developments were made. One had one bolt of the finest linen adjusted to her, answering the purpose of a bustle, and the corset was filled with gold coin, quilted in, to the amount of $1200. Another had her form well rounded out with padding made of the best dress silks, worth five dollars and upwards per yard. Her hose were found to conceal a quantity of men's cravats, which were carefully swathed about her delicate limbs. The third lady's ample hoops were found to cover a number of yards of broadcloth. Her bust was filled out with numerous articles, consisting mainly of jewelry, silk thread, needles, and medicines.—These fair smugglers were detained for trial.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.—At Mill No. 2, Stark Corporation, Manchester, N. H., last week Thursday, a man named Peter Britton attempted to throw off a belt from a pulley with his foot, when his leg caught in the loose belt, and he was drawn up to the revolving shaft and carried round a large number of times before the machinery could be stopped, dashing him against the timbers and killing him instantly. His body was terribly mangled.—One leg was torn completely off, and his brains were dashed out and scattered over the machinery.

AN OLD LAW IN FORCE.—An old law exists in Maryland, made in 1777, imposing a fine of £500 sterling upon any minister who marries a man under 21 and a girl under 18, without the written consent of their parents and guardians. The law has never been regarded until now, when the Rev. Jas. J. Marks is sued for the penalty by the friends of a girl aged 15, whom he united, in September last, to Samuel McMannos, since arrested on a charge of murder and desertion from the army. A divorce is also applied for.

SHOCKING CASUALTY.—Three soldiers, at Nashville, ill with the small pox, were being taken to the pest house in a hack, lately, when the negro driver found out their complaint, and immediately ran off. One of the soldiers then took the reins, but, being unacquainted with the ford, drove the hack off an embankment into deep water, and was drowned, together with the other men and the horses.

REMARKABLE.—The Worcester Spy states that, at a war meeting held in East Brookfield Dec. 8th, William Hatch, Benjamin Hatch, and Hiram Hatch, three brothers, and only sons of Mr. Stillman Hatch, enlisted. All three of the boys are under age, but the father came forward and signed the papers giving his consent.

LUCKY RAILROADS.—The aggregate length of the railroads in Vermont is 500 miles, and some of them have been running fifteen years; yet, with the exception of two persons who were killed by a car blown from the track at Manchester, no one has ever been killed inside of any passenger car in the State.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Capt. Gammell, of the 11th Mass. regiment, home on a furlough, was killed, with his wife, by being struck by a train of cars on the Eastern railroad, at Chelsea, on Wednesday forenoon. They were crossing the track in a carriage when struck by the train. Capt. Gammell's furlough expired next Monday.

GODEY'S Lady's Book for Jan. contains two extension fashion plates, two fine steel engravings, and over 80 other engravings. The reading matter is excellent, opening with a new novel by Marion Harland, "Nobody to blame." This number commences the 68th volume. The terms are reduced to the old rates, as given by us a few weeks since.

☞ We would call attention to the advertisement of L. W. Avery of Springfield. He has the largest stock of furs in the county, and persons in pursuit of any article in his line can purchase them at great bargains. Just read his advertisement, and then go and look at his stock.

NEATLY SOLD.—A citizen of Jamaica, L. I., was neatly sold by his wife lately. She managed to make him find a baby (her own) in a basket at the street door. A note pinned to the child's dress said he was the father, which he stoutly denied until the joke was explained.

☞ The Chattanooga country is said to be full of "tumbling ridges." There were many tumbling rebels on Missionary Ridge in the last week of November. It is, also, described as abounding in "serpentine courses;" but Bragg made a very straight course for Dalton.

☞ In Worcester, the citizens' ticket, with the name of Hon. Daniel Waldo Lincoln for mayor, was elected. The old board of aldermen were re-elected.

THE LEADING JOURNAL OF NEW ENGLAND.

**Springfield, Mass., Republican.**

*A First-class Family Newspaper, on a large quarto sheet of 8 pages and 48 colums.*

The Only Journal that gives all the New England Local News.

Its leading characteristics are great comprehensiveness and compactness of News; fullness and variety of Editorial Discussions on political, moral, religious and literary subjects; and large space devoted to Choice Literature. In each and all of these respects, it challenges comparison with any journal in America.

Among the prominent features of its pages every week are;—An editorial Review and Summary of the news; details of the important Events of the Week; the local news of all the New England states, carefully collated and arranged by states,—an original department, to be found in no other journal; letters from special correspondents at Boston, Washington, and New York; six to eight columns of leading Editorials and Editorial Paragraphs; Reviews of New Books, and Literary, Art, and Musical News; Money and Business review and summary, with the latest market quotations of New York, Albany, Boston, Hartford, and Springfield; Religious Intelligence; Agricultural Articles, by a practical farmer; Stories original and selected, choice and fresh; Literary Miscellanies; a Column for the Children; Poetry; Births, Marriages, and Deaths.

The Republican has a corps of eight editors, including Dr. J. G. Holland, ("Timothy Titcomb") and a lady of high literary culture. Its Weekly Edition is printed and mailed on Friday for $2 a year, ten copies $15, always in advance. It is also issued Daily at $7 a year, and Semi-Weekly (on a double sheet) at $4. Ten copies of the latter for $30. Specimen copies will be sent on application.

The circulation of the Daily Republican is 10,000 copies; of the Weekly, 12,000; which is greater than that of any other interior journal in the country, and excelled by but few of the city papers. Both in the number and high character of its subscribers, it presents especial inducements for all kinds of general advertising.

SAMUEL BOWLES & COMPANY,
Publishers, Springfield, Mass

V. L. Dr. Tobias' Venetian Horse Liniment. V. L.

Pint bottles at 50 cents each, for lameness, cuts, galls, colic, sprains, &c., warranted cheaper than any other. It is used by all the great horsemen on Long Island courses. It will not cure ringbone nor spavin, as there is no liniment in existence that will. What it is stated to cure it positively does. *No owner of Horses will be without it after trying one bottle.* One dose revives and often saves the life of an over heated or driven horse. For colic and belly-ache it has never failed. Just as sure as the sun rises, just so sure is this valuable Liniment to be the Horse Embrocation of the day.

Sold by all druggists. Office, 56 Courtlandt street, New York.
V. L. V. L.

CROUP.

New Haven, Dec. 11, 1862.

Having been taught that medicines, in order to be valuable, must originate with some particular faculty or school, we considered patent medicines (so-called) a humbug, until after losing our beloved child with Croup, we were forced by the sufferings of another from the same disease, and the advice of friends, to try Coe's Cough Balsam. Little Eddie had gone, and though we loved him, we would not call him from his quiet rest to share the sorrows of this unfriendly world. But Willie, is there no remedy for thee? We found it in Coe's Cough Balsam. It relieved him in about twenty minutes, to our great joy, and the surprise of others. We cannot be hired to dispense with this priceless blessing, and we are glad to learn that Mr. Coe has made arrangements with parties whereby it may become more extensively known. In view of this let us say to every parent, when your child is suffering with croup give it this Balsam, give it freely. If we did not believe it to be the best remedy for you, we certainly would not say it.

EDWARD GWINNELL.
MERCY GWINNELL.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

C. G. CLARK & CO., Proprietors, New Haven, Conn. See advertisement in another column.

[Communicated.]

**Pulmonary Consumption a Curable Disease.**
**A Card.—To Consumptives.**

The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address. REV. EDWARD A. WILSON.
4ms19 Williamsburgh, Kings County, N. Y.

*The Confessions and Experience of a Nervous Invalid.*—Published for the benefit and as a caution to young men and others who suffer from nervous Debility, Early Decay, and their kindred ailments—supplying the means of self-cure. By one who has cured himself after being a victim of misplaced confidence in medical humbug and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid directed envelope, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., New York. j24

☞ To the young or old, male or female—if you have been suffering from a habit indulged in by the youth of both sexes, which causes so many alarming symptoms; it unfits them for marriage, and is the greatest evil which can befall man or woman. See symptoms enumerated in advertisement, and if you are a sufferer cut out the advertisement and send for it at once. Delays are dangerous. Ask for Helmbold's—take no other.

Cures guaranteed. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. n1

**Important to Females.**

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.—The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations removing all obstruction, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c, disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of these irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the most effectual remedy ever known for all complaints peculiar to females. To all classes they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity. They are known to thousands who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America

☞ Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each box—the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills sent by mail, promptly, by remitting to the Proprietors. Sold by Druggists generally.

HUTCHINGS & HELLYER, Proprietors, 81 Cedar st., New York. Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Agent, Palmer. 1yag.20

☞ Gen. McClellan's report of his campaigns, soon to be published by the War Department, will make three octavo volumes, equal in size to those containing the report of the Committee on the Conduct of the War.

**BORN.**

In Belchertown, 4th, a daughter to WILLIAM F. WORCESTER.

**MARRIED.**

In Springfield, 17th, WM. WOOD and MARY J WILLIAMS of Belchertown.

In Boston, 12th, HIRAM B. CHAPMAN and MARY ANN B. PENNOCK, both of Ware.

In Mystic, Ct., 7th, HELON M. FALES of Monson, and EMMA J. DAWLEY.

In Belchertown, 8th, by Rev. William N. Fay, ELIJAH S. BISSELL and HATTIE A. ROSS, both of Montague; 13th, JAMES SEFTON, jr., of Holyoke, and MARY E. READ.

In Palmer, 16th, by Rev. Dr, Vaill, JAMES STRICKLAND and MARY KNOWLTON, both of Palmer.

**DIED.**

In Wilbraham, 12th, MARIANA, 81, widow of Gillen Atchinson.

In Three Rivers, Nov. 29th, CLARA A., 9 years, 4 months, daughter of Chauncey and Amelia Squires.

In Warren, Iowa, Sept. 16th, of typhoid fever, MOSES F., 18, only son of Harvey Smith of Brimfield.

In Monson, 4th, Miss BETSEY BRADFORD, 69. A faithful and successful nurse; her whole life has been devoted to that noble work—the care of the sick.

In Geneva, Minn., Nov. 10th, ALICE, 63, widow of Lyman Brooks, formerly of Ware.

In Middletown, Ct., Nov. 28th, ANN P., 41, wife of Geo. W. Burke, M. D., formerly of Palmer.

In South Wilbraham, 8th, AUGUSTA A., 45, widow of S. V. Chaffee; 14th, STEPHEN STEBBINS, 84.

In North Wilbraham, 14th, ELIZA ANN, 17, daughter of Miner Hitchcock.

In Newton, 15th, LEROY S. BRIDGMAN, 20, son of E. S. Bridgman, formerly of Palmer. Funeral at Cong. Church, Palmer, to-day (Saturday), at 11 o'clock A. M.

In Staffordville, 14th, DELLA, 7, daughter of Horatio Needham.

In Windsor Locks, Ct., 10th, Mrs. MATILDA CRANE, 73, formerly of Stafford.

In Northboro, 5th, SARAH P. BARTLETT, 70, and 6th, her husband, Capt. JOEL BARTLETT, 69. They had lived together more than 49 years, and were buried in the same grave.

In North Willbraham, 15th, SABRINA D., 54, wife of John Trask, jr.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

FURS! FURS! FURS!

GREAT BARGAINS
—IN FURS AT—
L. W. AVERY'S,
195 MAIN ST. . . . . SPRINGFIELD.

One of the LARGEST STOCKS in Western Mass. to select from, consisting of

American Sable Capes, Collars, and Muffs.
Hodson Bay Sable " " "
Fitch " " "
Siberian Squirrel " " "
River Sable " " "
French Sable " " "
Gent's Beaver Caps, Collars, and Gloves.
" Nutre " " "

☞ All of which will be sold at prices which ☜ will defy competition. ☜

—ALSO—

HATS, CAPS,
—AND—
FURNISHING GOODS,

In Great Variety! Come One! Come All!

*Now is the Time for Bargains!*

Remember the Place,
No. 195 MAIN ST., UNION BLOCK, SPRINGFIELD.
P. S.—Cash paid for Shipping Furs. 3md19.

STATEMENT OF THE
Thames Fire Insurance Co.,
Of Norwich, Connecticut, to the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts, for the year ending Nov 1, 1863.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| When Incorporated, | | | 1859 |
| Amount of Capital, | | | $1 3,900 00 |
| Amount of Capital actually paid in, | | | 115,900 0 |
| Number of shares and par value, | 1139 | 100 | 00 |
| Amount of Fire Risks outstanding, | | | 3,253,821 92 |
| Amount of United States Stock or Treasury Notes owned by the Company, par value, $24,950 00; market value | | | 25,666 25 |
| Amount of Bank Stock. | par val. | mkt. val. | |
| 100 shs. Merchants' B'k, N.Y. | $5,000 | $5,500 | |
| 250 shs. Phenix B'k, N.Y. | 5,000 | 5,500 | 11 000 00 |
| Cash on hand, | | | 3,126 .0 |
| Cash in hands of Agents | | | 3,0.6 26 |
| Loaned on real estate, | | | 71,350 00 |
| Loaned on Collateral, | | | 9,8.0 00 |
| Bills receivable, | | | 273 69 |
| All other investments, | | | 4:8 00 |
| Accrued interest, | | | 3,700 00 |
| Losses adjusted, not due, | | | 5,082 32 |
| Amt of losses claimed and unpaid, and upon which the liability of the Company is not determined, | | | 1,909 64 |
| No other claims. | | | |
| Cash received for premiums on fire risks, | | | 37,71482 |
| Amount of cash received for interest, | | | 7,124 27 |
| Fire losses paid last year, | | | 28,105 95 |
| Amt. of expenses of office, | | | 3,098 44 |
| Amt. of other expenditures, (including commissions, returned premiums, taxes, postage, agency expenses, travelling expenses, Internal Revenue, and Stamp Tax, | | | 7,146 26 |
| Amt. received on fire risks not terminated, | | | 40,000 00 |
| Amt. required to reinsure all outstanding risks, | | | 16,000 00 |
| Highest rate of interest received, | | | 7 3 10 per ct. |
| Balance to debit of profit and loss account, | | | 16,301 63 |

AMOS W. PRENTICE, President.
W. S. BRAKENRIDGE, Secretary.

State of Connecticut, }
New London Co., ss. Norwich, Nov. 7, 1863. }

Personally appeared Amos W. Prentice, President, and W. S. Brakenridge, Secretary of the above company, and severally made oath that the above statement, by them subscribed, is, in their belief, true. Before me,
JEREMIAH HALSEY, Justice of the Peace.

DIRECTORS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Amos W. Prentice. | Henry Bill. |
| N. C. Brakenridge. | J. Lloyd Greene. |
| Isaac Johnson. | Jeremiah Halsey. |
| H. H. Osgood. | George W. Smith. |
| H. H. Starkweather. | James D. Mowry. |
| Wm. P. Nash. | Ashbel Woodward. |
| A. P. Willoughby. | David Gallup. |

E. R. Thompson.
AMOS W. PRENTICE, President.
JAS. LLOYD GREENE, Treasurer.
W. S. BRAKEENRIDGE, Secretary.
CHARLES E. DYER, Assistant Secretary.
d19. CHARLES W. RICE, Agent.

Winner's Perfect Guides
TO THE USE OF
EVERY MUSICAL INSTRUMENT.

Winner's Perfect Guide for the Violin.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Flute.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Guitar.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Piano.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Melodeon.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Accordeon.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Fife.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Clarionet.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Flageolet.

—ALSO—

Winner's Flute and Piano Duets.
Winner's Violin and Piano Duets.

The instructions in these books are given in a manner adapted to the comprehension of all grades of scholars. The exercises illustrating and enforcing the lessons are not dry and tedious, but sprightly and enlivening, and the selection of music, varying from the simple to the difficult, comprises the most popular melodies of the day. Price of each, 50 cents, on receipt of which copies will be mailed post paid.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers,
n14. 277 Washington St., Boston. 1y

CHRISTMAS

— AND —

NEW YEARS

GIFTS!

BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,

*Corner of Main and State Streets,*

SPRINGFIELD . . . . . MASS.,

Are now ready to show by far

THE BEST ASSORTMENT

—OF—

CHRISTMAS BOOKS

Ever offered by them or any one else in this section.

CALL AND EXAMINE our

Illustrated Books,

In Fine Bindings,

All the NEW GIFT BOOKS,

PHOTOGRAPHS FOR FRAMING,

CARD PHOTOGHAPHS,

For Photograph Albums.

OVER 300 AMBROTYPES, from the Purest Engravings, framed in

BLACK WALNUT, PLAIN and CARVED, and *PASSE PARTOUT.*

To these we would call especial attention, and to our

CARVED BLACK WALNUT BRACKETS,

PICTURE FRAMES,

BOOK RACKS, &c., &c.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,

A Splendid Assortment, of every style and Price.

**BOOKS FOR THE CHILDREN.**

An ENDLESS VARIETY of them, and of

PICTURE BOOKS,
TOY BOOKS,
GAMES! GAMES!

*Writing Desks,*

Rosewood, Mahogany, and Morocco.

PORTFOLIOS.

DRESSING CASES,
Beautiful Styles.

FAMILY BIBLES,

From two to twenty-five dollars,

SUPERB STYLES.

POCKET BIBLES, PRAYER BOOKS,

LADIES' HAND BAGS,

ELEGANT BOOK MARKS.

GOLD PENS,

A new supply.

FANCY PEN-HOLDERS,

A Fresh Stock of

FINE STATIONERY.

FANCY ARTICLES,
For Gifts.

Children's Books,

For all ages.

Those who have examined our Christmas Gifts for many years, will find them this year more numerous and beautiful than ever.

BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,
Corner of Main and State Streets,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

GREAT BARGAINS!
FOR THE NEXT
SIXTY DAYS.

$25,000.00
WORTH OF
NEW
FALL AND WINTER GOODS!
JUST OPENED AT
J. H. STORRS & Co's,
WARE, MASS.

3000 Yards of the latest styles of
DELAINES,
Just received and selling at 25 cents
Also, 8000 yards of
COTTONS.
Fine Brown Cottons, 17 "
Heavy Brown Cottons, 28 "

DRESS GOODS.

Silk Warp Cashmeres. Empress Cloths.
Wool Repps. Plain Scarlet Merinos.
Scotch Plaids. Plain Alpaccas.
Comprising all the new shades and colors.
BLACK SILKS, at old prices.
FANCY SILKS, " "
In fact we have everything that can be found at a
First Class Dry Goods Store.

Cloaks. Cloaks. Cloaks.

100 Cloaks, in new styles, on exhibition, and to be sold
*"AT PRICES that DEFY COMPETITION."*
Wool, Beavers, Doeskins, Union Beavers, Broadcloths, and other Cloakings, in great variety.

FURS! FURS! FURS!
$3000 WORTH, just opened, and selling
CHEAP! CHEAP! CHEAP!

Millinery Department.

We have just received from New York and Boston *The Largest Assortment of Millinery Goods* that was ever offered in this county, comprising
ALL THE LATEST STYLES AND NOVELTIES
Of the season.
100 *VELVET AND SILK BONNETS,*
Of the latest styles,
To be sold at $2 each less than they can be purchased for in other places.

New styles of HATS, RIBBONS,
NUBIAS, WREATHS,
WOOL HOODS, TRIMMINGS,
&c., &c., &c.

☞ All those who wish to buy
DRY GOODS & MILLINERY
10 TO 20 PER CENT. CHEAPER
Than prices asked at other stores,
GO TO THE CELEBRATED
Millinery and Dry Goods
EMPORIUM
—OF—
J. H. STORRS & CO,
Ware Village, Mass.

☞ To persons coming from a distance. ☜
☞ " Extra inducements are offered. " ☜

NEW GROCERY STORE!

HAVING purchased of S. W. SMITH his stock in trade, I shall continue the Grocery business at his old stand in the
PALMER HOUSE BLOCK,
where I shall be happy to wait on all the old customers of the store, and as many new ones as will give me a call, and show them
A GOOD ASSORTMENT
—OF—
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,
which I will sell
*At the Lowest Market Prices for Cash.*
☞ BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS and Farmers' Produce wanted in exchange for Goods.
☞ Call and see me.
LYMAN DIMOCK.
Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

**HOLIDAY PRESENTS!**

MAGIC TIME OBSERVERS.

Being a Hunting or Open Face or Lady's or Gentleman's Watch Combined, with Patent Self-winding Improvement, a pleasing novelty.

One of the prettiest, most convenient, and decidedly the best and cheapest time-piece for general and reliable use ever offered. It has within it, and connected with its machinery, its own winding attachment, rendering a key entirely unnecessary. The cases of this Watch are composed of two metals, the outer one being fine 16 carat gold. It has the ruby action lever movement, and is warranted an accurate time-piece. Price, superbly engraved, per case of half dozen, $204. Sample Watches, in neat morocco boxes, $35.

SILVER WATCHES!

First Class Hunting Time-Pieces, for accuracy of movement, beauty of material, and, above all, cheapness in price, these Watches must insure universal approbation.

An imitation so faithless that it can hardly be detected by the most experienced judges. The material being of two metals, the outer one first quality Sterling Silver, while the inner one is German Silver, it cannot be recognized by cutting or heavy engraving, making it not only in appearance, but in durability, the best resemblance of Solid Sterling Silver in existence.

The sale of these Watches in the army is a source of enormous profit, retailing, as they very readily do, at $25 and upwards. Many hundred dollars can be made in a single pay day by any one of ordinary business tact.

☞ AT WHOLESALE ONLY! In heavy hunting cases, beautifully engraved, white enamel dial, and fancy ent hands, in good running order, by the half dozen, $66. Sold only by the case of six.

Upon receipt of $2, as guarantee of good faith, we will send watches by express to any part of the loyal States, collecting balance of bill on delivery. This ensures buyers against fraud, giving them their watches before payment is required. Send orders to the sole importer,
GAIUS WHEATON, No 12 Jewelers' Exchange,
Cor. Cortlandt st., and Broadway, New York.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS
lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish
FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.
As we deal largely in
FLOUR AND GRAIN,
we are enabled to make purchases at
LOW FIGURES,
and sell in the same manner.
All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.
☞ Remember the place—
At the Palmer Steam Mill.
HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.
Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

AUCTION BILLS, Circulars, Ball Tickets and other kinds of Printing, executed as neat as wax, and cheap as cure could wish, at this office.

CHEAPER!

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

DRESS GOODS,

In variety of Styles, Colors, and Qualities.

STILL CHEAPER!

SEASONABLE

PRINTS,

D'LAINES AND CHALLIES,
Bleached & Brown Cottons,
&c., &c., &c.

ALSO,

PRETTY STYLES OF

SUMMER SHAWLS,
SUN UMBRELLAS
LIGHT BALMORALS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS
HOOP SKIRTS,

BESIDES A GENERAL VARIETY OF

HOSIERY, GLOVES, THREAD,
SILK,
AND SMALL WARES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
—AND—
FLOUR, TEAS, COFFEE,
SUGAR, OILS, SPICES, &c.

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.

M. W. FRENCH.

THE NEW YORK
CLOTHING
COMPANY

Have taken the Store,
138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,
For the purpose of selling
CLOTHING,
From one of
*THE LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS*
in the City of New York,
—AT—
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

ANY ONE WISHING
A Good Substantial Article
FOR A
LITTLE MONEY,
WOULD DO WELL TO
EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

*ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE*
*WARRANTED*
TO BE JUST AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit; or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,
WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.
Our terms of sale are strictly for cash, and
WE GUARANTEE
A BETTER ARTICLE
*OF CLOTHING FOR THE SAME PRICE*
than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at the
New York Clothing Co's
*SALESROOM,*
138 MAIN ST.,
Corner of Main and Vernon Streets, nearly opposite the Baptist Church,
SPRINGFIELD . . . . . MASS.
n21tf

SEWING MACHINES!

ANY person desiring to purchase a first-rate Sewing Machine can get one cheaper at this office than at any other place.
Palmer, Feb. 7.

IT IS A WONDER that every business man don't have a Pack of Business Cards printed when he can get them so handsomely done at this office.

SOUTH SIDE
PICTURE ROOMS.
OPPOSITE THE ANTIQUE HOUSE.

PICTURES taken in all the Latest Styles, from a Gem to a Life Size Portrait.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED, OR NO CHARGE MADE.

Cartes de Visites, Ambrotypes.
Vignettes. Melaineotypes.
Imperial and Life Size Portrait.

☞ Photographs colored if desired. By our new process of coloring Cartes de Visité Photographs, the
BEAUTY AND DURABILITY
of the Picture is very much improved. We cordially invite the public to
Give us a Trial!
We do not promise to work cheaper than others, but hope to please our patrons.
Rooms open from 7 to 12 A. M., and 1 to 5 P. M.
A. W. CLARK. } Artists.
Palmer, Oct. 31. J. M. BROWN, }

NEW FALL GOODS!
—AT—
BERAN & HORNER'S,
No. 3 State st., 2d door from Main,
SPRINGFIELD . . . . . MASS.,
Which we offer
CHEAP FOR CASH!

ALL OUR GOODS ARE MARKED WITH LAST YEAR'S PRICES.

PLEASE CALL EARLY,
And Secure Bargains.
Respectfully, BERAN & HORNER.
No 3, State st., 2d door from Main st. }
Springfield, Mass. }

SAPONIFIER,
Or Concentrated
LYE.
*THE FAMILY SOAP-MAKER.*
*Economy!* *Economy!*

Every Family can make its own Soap from waste kitchen grease, at a cost of only four cents per pound with Saponifier, which is three times the strength of Potash.

Full directions accompany each one-pound iron can.

NOTICE.—The genuine Saponifier is only put up in one-pound *iron* cans, by the

PENNSYLVANIA SALT-MANUFACTURING CO.,

Patentees and sole Manufacturers. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure you buy the *iron* can.

For sale by
CHAS. TOPPAN, 16 Blackstone st., Boston,
MERRILL BROS., 215 State st., "
n7. And Druggists and Grocers generally. 3m.
WOOD & ALLEN, Agents, Palmer, Mass.

BOOTS & SHOES.

The only Boot and Shoe store between Springfield and Worcester is at Palmer depot,

IN THE PALMER JOURNAL BLOCK.

The subscriber has over **$2,500 worth of Boots and Shoes** in his store, for sale at one-half of the profits usually made by retailers. His Men's, Boys', Youth's, and Children's Thick Boots were made expressly for him by the best manufacturers in the state, of the

BEST QUALITY OF STOCK,

Consisting of the celebrated "Monitor Boot," double sole and tap, double sole, and one-half double sole—great assortment. The greatest improvement is

THE RUBBER SOLE

water proof boots and shoes. Every man, woman, and child should have a pair. The very best men's, boys', and youth's

CALF BOOTS

may be found at this store. Women's, misses', and children's peble calf and serge, double sole,

TIP BALMORALS AND GAITERS,

in fact every variety, quality, and style may be had. A full assortment of

RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES.

Everybody will find it to their pecuniary interest to buy their fall and winter supply of boots and shoes of the subscriber.

Please Give Him a Call.
D. GRANGER.
Palmer, Oct. 10, 1863. 1y.

THE
Singer Sewing Machines,

Our LETTER A FAMILY SEWING MACHINE is fast gaining a world-wide reputation. It is beyond doubt the best and cheapest and most beautiful of all Family Sewing Machines yet offered to the public. No other Family Sewing Machine has so many appliances for Hemming, Binding, Felling, Tucking, Gathering, Gauging, Braiding, Embroidering, Cording, and so forth. No other Family Sewing Machine has so much capacity for a great variety of work. It will sew all kinds of cloth, and with all kinds of thread. Great and recent improvements make our Family Sewing Machine most reliable, and most durable, and most certain in action at all rates of speed. It makes the interlocked stitch, which is the best stitch known. Any one, even of the most ordinary capacity, can see, at a glance, how to use the letter A Family Sewing Machine. Our Family Sewing Machines are finished in chaste and exquisite style.

The Folding Case of the Family Machine is a piece of cunning workmanship, of the most useful kind. It protects the machine when not in use, and when about to be operated may be opened as a spacious and substantial table to sustain the work. While some of the cases, made out of the choicest woods, are finished in the simplest and chastest manner possible, others are adorned and embellished in the most costly and superb manner.

It is absolutely neccessary to see the Family Machine in operation, so as to judge of its great capacity and beauty.

It is fast becoming as popular for family sewing as our Manufacturing Machines are for manufacturing purposes.

The branch offices are well supplied with silk twist, thread, needles, oil, &c., of the very best quality.

Send for a Pamphlet.

*THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.,*
458 Broadway, New York.
BOSTON OFFICES, 69 Hanover street.
283 Washington street.
PROVIDENCE OFFICE,
Phœnix Build'g, Westminster st.
HARTFORD OFFICE,
n21 5 Allyn House Block.

LOOK HERE!

HARNESSES,
LAP ROBES,
*Blankets and Surcingles,*

Can be found at the CARRIAGE FACTORY AT PALMER, at LOW PRICES. 3m*
d12

**The Great American Tea Company,**
No. 51 VESEY ST., . . . . . NEW YORK.

HAS created A NEW ERA in the history of wholesaling Teas in this country. They have introduced their selection of Teas, and sold them at not over TWO CENTS per pound above cost, never deviating from the one price asked; believing this will be attractive to the many who have heretofore been paying enormous profits. Parties can order Teas, and will be served by us as well as though they came themselves, being sure to get original packages, true weights and tares; and the Teas are warranted as represented. Our Price List is now ready.

☞ A Western presiding elder, boasting of the ample provisions made for preachers in his district, said he had left the parsonage at A, while a donation was going on, where he saw one thousand seven hundred feet of sausages, which had been brought in, and it was coming when he left.

☞ A house-maid, who was sent to call a gentleman to dinner, found him engaged in using a tooth-brush. "Well, is he coming?" asked the lady of the house as the servant returned. "Yes, ma'am, directly," was the reply; "he's just sharpening his teeth."

☞ Sometimes a girl says "No" to an offer, when it is as plain as the nose on her face that she means yes. The best way to judge whether she is in earnest or not is to look straight into her eyes, and never mind her *noes*.

☞ It has been thought that people are degenerating because they do not live so long as they did in the days of Methuselah; but the fact is, that provisions are so high that no one can afford to live long at current prices.

☞ "Ah, Jemmy," said a sympathizing friend to a man who was just too late for the train, "you did not run fast enough!" "Yes, I did," said Jemmy; "I ran fast enough, but I did not start soon enough."

☞ A young man advertises his desire for a wife thus: "Pretty, and entirely ignorant of the fact!"

☞ Let not our armies talk about going into winter quarters. Let them go into the rebel quarters.

☞ A battery of rifled guns has been mounted at Cleveland, Ohio, to defend the city against assault from Canadian rebel gunboats, should any wander thither.

---

G. L. BRAKENRIDGE'S

## PHOTOGRAPH & AMBROTYPE ROOMS!

are situated three doors west of W. W. Cross' store,

**STRONG'S BLOCK, PALMER,**

where you can get

*GOOD PICTURES IN CASES FOR 25 CTS.*

Having the best light and new process, *I do* promise to take pictures, either

**Photographs, Ambrotypes,**
Gem Pictures, or Melaineotypes,

*Cheaper than any other Establishment in Palmer.*

☞ All kinds of copying done.

GEO. L. BRAKENRIDGE.

Palmer, November 7, 1863.

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FRIENDS AND RELATIVES OF THE

## BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

*HOLLOWAY'S*

## PILLS AND OINTMENT.

All who have friends and relatives in the army or navy should take especial care that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave soldiers and sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

*Coughs and Colds affecting Troops*

Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the directions which are attached to each pot or box.

*Sick Headache, and Want of Appetite, incidental to Soldiers.*

Those feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taken according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

*Weakness or Debility induced by over-fatigue*

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach, and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system, however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

*Volunteers, Attention! Indiscretions of Youth.*

Sores and Ulcers, Blotches and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another; whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system, and leave the patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

*For Wounds either occasioned by the Bayonet, Sabre, or the Bullet, Sores or Bruises,*

To which every soldier and sailor are liable, there are no medicines so safe, sure, and convenient, as Holloway's Pills and Ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflammation.

Every soldier's knapsack and seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable remedies.

*CAUTION!*—None are genuine unless the words, "Holloway, New York and London," are discernible as a *water-mark*, in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box, the same may be plainly seen by holding the leaf to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines, or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞ Sold at the manufactory of Prof. Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States and the civilized world, in Pots and Boxes, at 25 cents, 63 cents, and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot or Box. 18.

☞ Dealers in my well known medicines can have Show Cards, Circulars, &c., sent them, *free of expense*, by addressing Thomas Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York.

---

JOSEPH H. BLAIR,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

[In office formerly occupied by H. Granger, Esq.]

PALMER, MASS.

*References*—Hon. E. D. Beach, E. W. Bond, Esq., Ex-Lieut.-Gov. Trask, Springfield, Mass.

---

I hereby give notice to the public that I have given up the practice of Law, and my office to J. H. Blair, Esq. D. GRANGER.

---

A NICE PACK of Wedding or Visiting Cards can be printed at this office at short notice. Wedding Envelopes always on hand.

---

BOOK BINDING.—Persons having Magazines or Pamphlets, can get them bound at this office.

---

OLMSTEAD & DICKINSON,

## UPHOLSTERERS,

And Manufacturers of and Dealers in

## FASHIONABLE FURNITURE,

MATTRASSES,

*CURTAINS AND SHADES.*

ALSO,

COMMON FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS.

UNION BLOCK . . . . . MAIN STREET,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

H. OLMSTEAD. E. W. DICKINSON.

---

## GRAND OPENING!

## NEWTON & CONVERSE,

Have bought the stock of GROCERIES of K. H. ALLEN, and will keep

A FULL STOCK

on hand of

FLOUR, MEAL, SALT,
LIME, OILS, FLUID, BUTTER, CHEESE,
*Fish, Crockery,*

GLASS, STONE, AND WOODEN WARE,
and will sell

**At Wholesale and Retail,**

AS LOW, if not LOWER, than any other place in town.

☞ We are receiving fresh goods from market every week.

☞ CALL AND SEE. ☜

NEWTON & CONVERSE.

Palmer, Dec. 27, 1862.

---

## $100 REWARD!

For a medicine that will cure
COUGHS, INFLUENZA,
TICKLING IN THE THROAT,
WHOOPING COUGH.
Or relieve CONSUMPTIVE COUGH, as quick as

## COE'S COUGH BALSAM.

Over 5,000 bottles have been sold in its native town, and not a single instance of its failure is known.

We have in our possession any quantity of certificates, some of them from eminent physicians, who have used it in their practice, and given it the pre-eminence over any other compound.

IT DOES NOT DRY UP A COUGH, but loosens it, so as to enable the patient to expectorate freely.

Two or three doses will invariably cure tickling in the throat.

A half bottle has completely cured the most

**STUBBORN COUGH,**

and yet, though it is so sure and speedy in its operation, it is perfectly harmless, being purely vegetable. It is very agreeable to the taste, and may be administered to children of any age.

☞ In cases of CROUP we will guarantee a cure if taken in season.

No family should be without it. It is within the reach of all, the price being ONLY 25 CENTS, and if an investment and thorough trial does not "back up" the above statement, the money will be refunded. We say this, knowing its merits, and feel confident that one trial will secure for it a home in every household.

Do not waste away with Coughing, when so small an investment will cure you. It may be had of any respectable druggist in town, who will furnish you with a circular of genuine certificates of cures it has made. C. G. CLARK & Co., Proprietors,

Wholesale Druggists, New Haven, Ct.

For sale by Druggists in city, country, and everywhere.

For sale at wholesale by D. S. BARNES & Co., New York, and GEO. C. GOODWIN & Co., Boston. 6ms19

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## GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE,

A SURE RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERER.

This Salve is a vegetable preparation, invented in the 17th century, by DR. WM. GRACE, surgeon in King James's army. Through its agency he cured thousands of most serious sores and wounds that baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians of his day, and was regarded by all who knew him as a public benefactor.

Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Burns.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Scalds.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Flesh Wounds.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Corns.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Felons.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Frozen Limbs.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Wens.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Callouses.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Salt Rheum.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Chilblains.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Sore Breast.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Sore Lips.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Erysipelas Sores.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Abscesses.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Ulcers.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Chapped Hands.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Ringworms.

And from Sores and Wounds of the most serious nature down to a common Pimple. It eradicates Pimples from the face, and beautifies the skin. There is no preparation before the public that can equal this Salve in prompt and energetic action for the speedy cure of external diseases, as those who have tried its virtues testify. Soldiers, Sailors, and Fishermen, will find this Salve their best friend.

It has none of the irritating, heating properties of other remedies, but cools, cleanses, and heals the most serious Sores and Wounds. Every family, and especially those containing children, should keep a box on hand in case of accident, for it will save them much trouble, suffering, and money. All it wants is a fair trial to cure old and inveterate Sores.

MANUFACTURED BY

WILLIAM GRACE,

AMESBURY, MASS.

Weeks & Potter, 170 Washington st., Boston, wholesale agents.

Grace's Salve is for sale by all druggists and dealers in every city and town. jy18 1y.

---

## STOVES! STOVES!

A GREAT VARIETY of Stoves at the old Stove Shop in Palmer, which will be sold

LOWER THAN AT ANY OTHER SHOP IN THE COUNTY.

The Bay State, Harp, Pilot, Prize, Conquest, New England, Empire State, American, &c., &c.

PARLOR COOK STOVES,

PARLOR CAST & SHEET IRON,

of a variety of sizes and patterns.

☞ Any Stove not found in the shop will be furnished as low as at any other shop. A good stock of

CLOTHES WRINGERS, CHAIN, COPPER & Iron Pumps, Pump Curbs, Farmers' Boilers, English and Russia Pipe, Sheet Zinc, Tin Japanned, and Wooden Ware, Sad Irons, Oven Mouths, Boiler Doors, &c.

Cash paid for Old Iron, Copper, Brass, Lead, Pewter, and Rags.

JOB WORK done to order, with promptness.

CALL AND EXAMINE ELIJAH NICHOLS.

Palmer, Oct. 10, 1863. tf.

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TOWN REPORTS printed neatly, cheaply and expeditiously at this office.

---

THE ALL SUFFICIENT THREE,
THE GREAT "AMERICAN REMEDIES,"
Known as
"*HELMBOLD'S*" *Genuine PREPARATIONS*,
viz: HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT "BUCHU."
" " SARSAPARILLA,
" IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

*Helmbold's Genuine Preparation,*
"Highly Concentrated" Compound

## FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

A positive and specific remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the watery or calcerous dispositions, and all unnatural enlargements are reduced, as well as pain and inflammation, and it is good for men, women, or children.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, for Weaknesses arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:

| | |
|---|---|
| Indisposition to exertion, | Loss of Power, |
| Loss of Memory, | Difficulty of Breathing, |
| Weak Nerves, | Trembling, |
| Horrors of Disease, | Wakefulness, |
| Dimness of Vision, | Pain in the Back, |
| Universal Lassitude of the | Flushing of the body, |
| Muscular System, | Eruptions on the face, |
| Hot Hands, | Pallid Countenance, |
| | Dryness of the Skin. |

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow

IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS,

In one of which the patient may expire. Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "direful diseases."

INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION.

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but none will confess. The records of the Insane Asylums, and the melancholy deaths by consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion, *thee Constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness*, requires the aid of medicine to invigorate and strengthen the system, which Helmbold's Extract Buchu invariably does. A trial will convince the most skeptical.

**Females, Females, Females,**

Old or Young, Single, Married, or Contemplating Marriage.

In many affections peculiar to Females the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of the Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrous state of the Uterus, Leucorrhea, or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in

*The Decline or Change of Life.*

SEE SYMPTOMS ABOVE.

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

Take no Balsam, Mercury or unpleasant Medicine for unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
CURES SECRET DISEASES

in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience,

AND NO EXPOSURE.

It causes frequent desire, and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing obstructions, preventing and curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying pain and inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling Poisonous, Diseased, and Worn-out Matter.

Thousands upon Thousands,

*Who Have Been the Victims of Quacks,*

and who have paid Heavy Fees to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "Poison" has, by the use of "Powerful Astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and perhaps after marriage.

USE

## Helmbold's Extract Buchu

For all Affections and Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

Diseases of these Organs require the aid of a Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and it is certain to have the desired effect in all Diseases for which it is recommended.

---

BLOOD! BLOOD! BLOOD!

Helmbold's Highly Concentrated Compound
FLUID EXTRACT

## SARSAPARILLA.

SYPHILLIS.

This is an affection of the Blood, and attacks the Sexual Organs, Linings of the Nose, Ears, Throat, Windpipe, and other Mucus Surfaces, making its appearance in the form of Ulcers. Helmbold's Extract Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and removes all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, giving to the complexion a clear and healthy color. It being prepared expressly for this class of complaints, its blood-purifying properties are preserved to a greater extent than any other preparation of Sarsaparilla.

*HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH.*

An excellent Lotion for Diseases of a Syphillitic Nature, and as an injection in Diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the Extracts Buchu and Sarsaparilla, in such diseases as recommended.

Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character will accompany the medicines.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES,

From eight to twenty years standing, with names known to science and fame.

For Medical Properties of BUCHU,

See Dispensatory of the United States.
See Professor DEWEES' valuable works on the Practice of Physic.
See remarks made by the late celebrated Dr. PHYSICK, Philadelphia.
See remarks made by Dr. EPHRAIM McDOWELL, a celebrated Physician, and Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland, and published in the Transactions of the King and Queen's Journal.
See Medico-Cirurgical Review, published by BENJAMIN TRAVERS, Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons.
See most of the late Standard Works on Medicine.

EXTRACT BUCHU.
$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.
EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,
$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.
IMPROVED ROSE WASH,
50 cts. per bottle, or six bottles for $2.50.

Or half a dozen of each for $12, which will be sufficient to cure the most obstinate cases, if directions are adhered to.

Delivered to any address, securely packed from observation.

☞ Describe symptoms in all communications. Cures guaranteed. Advice gratis.

AFFIDAVIT.

Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. Helmbold, who, being duly sworn, doth say, his preparations contain no narcotic, no mercury, or other injurious drugs, but are purely vegetable.

H. T. HELMBOLD.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 22d day of November, 1854. WM. P. HIBBARD, Alderman, Ninth street, above Race, Phila.

Address letters for information in confidence,

H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist,
Depot 104 South Tenth street, below Chestnut, Philadelphia.

☞ BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS, and unprincipled dealers, who endeavor to dispose "of their own" and "other" articles on the reputation attained by

Helmbold's Genuine Preparations.
" " Extract Buchu.
" " " Sarsaparilla.
" " Improved Rose Wash.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ Ask for Helmbold's—take no other. ☜

Cut out the advertisement and send for it, and avoid imposition and exposure.

☞ Sold by Wood & Allen, Palmer; Dr. Holden, Ware, and H. T. Small & Co., Stafford Springs.

March 21, 1863 1y

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PALMER BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ALBERT BURLEIGH,
Carpenter and Joiner, and dealer in Lumber, Doors, Windows, &c.

A. MASON,
Refreshment Saloon. Weddings and parties supplied with Cake and Ice Creams.

ANTIQUE HOUSE,
By E. B. SHAW, east of railroad bridge.

A. R. MURDOCK,
Licensed Auctioneer, Thorndike.

B. H. JOHNSON,
Carpenter and Joiner and Mover of Buildings.

CYRUS KNOX, Jr.,
News Room and Stationery, at the Post Office.

D. MULVIHILL,
Merchant Tailor and dealer in Gents' Furnishing Goods.

E. B. ELSBREE,
Livery and Feeding Stable.

E. BROWN,
Dealer in Hardware, Iron, Steel, Paints, Oils, and Glass.

E. NICHOLS,
Dealer in Stoves, Tin Ware, Pipe, &c.

E. S. BROOKS,
Repairer of Watches and Jewelry. Billiard Room.

F. J. WASSUM,
Merchant Tailor and dealer in Gents' Furnishing Goods.

FREEMAN DODGE,
Meat Market, basement of Commercial Block.

HENRY JONES,
Barber and Hair Dresser, Opposite the depot.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE,
Wholesale and retail dealers in Flour, Meal, Grain and Feed.

H. W. MUNGER,
Merchant Tailor, and manufacturer of Custom Clothing.

IRON FOUNDRY,
By JOHN A. SQUIER, Furnace street.

J. G. ALLEN,
Counsellor and Attorney at Law, Notary Public, and General Insurance Agent.

JOHN FEENEY,
Eating Saloon, opposite the depot.

JOHN SHAW,
Brick Mason and Plasterer.

JOHN WAITE, AGT.,
Manufacturer and dealer in Harnesses, Trunks, Robes, Whips, &c.

J. S. LOOMIS,
Dealer in all kinds of House Furniture, Coffins, and Burial Caskets.

J. W. THOMPSON,
Dealer in Groceries, Crockery, Provisions, Flour.

M. FOX,
Wholesale dealer in Fresh Fish, Oysters, Nuts, Fruit, Ales, &c.

MRS. A. C. COLLINS,
Dealer in Millinery and Fancy Goods.

M. W. FRENCH,
Dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, opposite the depot.

NASSOWANNO HOUSE,
By J. W. WEEKS, opposite the Depot.

NEWTON & CONVERSE,
Wholesale and retail dealers in Flour, Grain, and Groceries.

N. PIPER,
Manufacturer of Monuments, Tombstones, and other Marble Works.

P. P. KELLOGG & CO.,
Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Ready-Made Clothing, &c.

SMITH, LOOMIS, & CO.,
Carriage and Sleigh Manufacturers and repairers.

S. W. SMITH, AGT.,
Dealer in Family Groceries, Flour, Farmer's Produce, &c.

WM. A. COOPER,
Ambrotype and Photographic Artist Opposite the Palmer House.

WM. FULLER,
Nassowanno Livery and Feeding Stable.

WM MERRIAM,
Currier and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Leather.

WOOD & ALLEN,
Druggists, and dealers in Medicines and Fancy Articles.

W. W. CROSS,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Millinery, Carpets, and Crockery Ware.

W. W. HAGAR,
Jeweller and Repairer of Watches.

---

M. FOX, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

FRESH FISH, OYSTERS,

Fruit, Confectionery, Pies and Cakes, Vegetables Spruce and Hop Beer, Soda, and Sole Agent in Eastern Hampden for

*Millard & Barnard's Hudson Pale Ale.*

Store removed to

NASSOWANNO BLOCK.

Palmer, July 13, 1861. tf.

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## CAUTION

TO Females in Delicate Health. DR. DOW, Physician and Surgeon, No. 7 Endicott street, Boston, is consulted daily for all diseases incident to the female system. Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Fluor Albus, Suppression, and other Menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed in a very few days. So invariably certain is the new mode of treatment, that most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the most afflicted person soon rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of diseases of women than any other physician in Boston.

Boarding accommodations for patients who may wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treatment.

Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole attention to an office practice for the cure of Private Diseases and Female Complaints, acknowledges no superior in the United States.

N. B.—All letters must contain one dollar, or they will not be answered.

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

Boston, July 25, 1863. 1y.

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"COSTAR'S" VERMIN

## EXTERMINATORS.

*For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in furs, woolens, &c., Insects on plants, fowls, animals, &c.*

Put up in 25c., 50c., and $1 boxes, bottles, and flasks, $3 and $5 sizes for Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞ Sold wholesale in all large cities.
☞ Sold by all druggists and retailers everywhere.
☞ ! BEWARE ! of all worthless imitations.
☞ See that "COSTAR'S" name is on each box, bottle, and flask, before you buy.
☞ Address HENRY R. COSTAR.
☞ Principal Depot, 482 Broadway, New York.
☞ Sold by H. T. SMALL & Co., Stafford Springs, and WOOD & ALLEN, Palmer, wholesale and retail agents. 1 1y

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LAWRENCE & Co. will pay the *highest market price* for HIDES and SKINS delivered at their market. Palmer, Jan. 24, 1860.

---

A. M. TITUS,
Plain and Ornamental

## PAINTER.

Particular attention given to

SIGN & ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, AND LETTERING of all kinds. I have hired a *Good, Practical House Painter*, and should be glad to get work enough to support us during the winter, and we will do our best to give satisfaction.

Shop near Squier's Foundry, Palmer. Nov. 7.

---

I AM RECEIVING THIS WEEK
A FRESH SUPPLY OF

## GROCERIES,

LAMPS AND FIXTURES

Of all kinds, also a full

## Assortment of Flower Pots.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY!

At the OLD STAND OF S. W. SMITH,
PALMER HOUSE BLOCK.

LYMAN DIMOCK.

Palmer, Sept. 19, 1863.

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M. P. KNOWLTON,

*ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,*

249 Main Street, opposite Court Square,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

---

DR. SWEET'S

## INFALLIBLE LINIMENT,

THE GREAT EXTERNAL REMEDY FOR

Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Stiff Neck and Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts and Wounds, Piles, Headache, and all Rheumatic and Nervous Disorders,

DR. STEPHEN SWEET, OF CONNECTICUT,
The great natural Bone Setter.

DR. STEPHEN SWEET, OF CONNECTICUT,
Is known all over the United States.

DR. STEPHEN SWEET, OF CONNECTICUT,
Is the author of "Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment."

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Cures Rheumatism, and never fails.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Is a certain remedy for Neuralgia.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Cures Burns and Scalds immediately.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Is the best known remedy for Sprains and Bruises.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Cures Headache immediately, and was never known to fail.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Affords immediate relief for Piles, and seldom fails to cure.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Cures Toothache in one minute.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Cures Cuts and Wounds immediately, and leaves no scar.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Is the best remedy for Sores in the known world.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Has been used by more than a million people, and all praise it.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Is truly a "friend in need," and every family should have it at hand.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Is for sale by all Druggists. Price 25 cents.

RICHARDSON & CO.,
Sole Proprietors, Norwich, Ct.

For sale by Wood & Allen, Palmer; Dr. Holden, Ware, and H. T. Small & Co., Stafford Springs. f21

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E. & H. T. ANTHONY,
MANUFACTURER OF

## PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS,

501 *Broadway, New York.*

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS.

Our catalogue now embraces considerably over FOUR THOUSAND different subjects, (to which additions are continually being made) of Portraits of Eminent Americans, etc., viz.:

| | |
|---|---|
| 72 Major-Generals | 524 Statesmen, |
| 199 Brigadier-Generals, | 127 Divines, |
| 259 Colonels, | 116 Authors, |
| 84 Lieutenant Colonels, | 39 Artists, |
| 297 Other Officers, | 112 Stage, |
| 60 Navy Officers, | 46 Prominent Women. |

147 Prominent Foreign Portraits,
2,500 Copies of Works of Art, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, &c.

Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp. An order for 12 pictures from our catalogue will be filled on receipt of $1.00, and sent by mail, FREE

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

Of these we manufacture a great variety, ranging in price from 50 cts. to $3 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others. The smaller kinds can be sent safely by mail at a postage of six cents per oz. The more expensive can be sent by express.

We also keep a large assortment of

**Stereoscopes & Stereoscopic Views**

Our catalogue of these will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY, Manufacturers of Photographic Materials, 501 Broadway, N. York.

Friends or relatives of prominent military men will confer a favor by sending us their likenesses to copy. They will be kept carefully and returned uninjured.

FINE ALBUMS MADE TO ORDER for Congregations to present to their Pastors, or for other purposes, with suitable inscriptions, &c.

ag22 6m

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## BLACKSMITHING.

THE Subscriber has returned to his old stand, and is prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing in the best manner.

HORSE SHOEING

done to the satisfaction of every one entrusting their horses to my care.

PATRICK McMANAMY.

Palmer, Apr 1 25, 1863.

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AMHERST, BELCHERTOWN, & PALMER RAILROAD.—On and after Sept. 1, 1863, trains will run daily as follows:

Leave Amherst at 9 a. m., and 4.00 p. m.
Leave Palmer at 2.15 and 5.45 p. m.

Passengers taking the mail trains from Albany or New York for Springfield, will not fail to connect at Palmer with cars for Amherst. Stage accommodations at Belchertown for Enfield, Greenwich, and Dana; at Amherst for Northampton, North Hadley, Hadley, and Sunderland, j7.
o3'63. J. H. M. LELAND, Supt.

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IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED, OR THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. Fancett's Safes or Preventives are a new and superior article; price, 3 for $1, or $3 per dozen. Dr. Fancett's Female Pills, for all irregularities; price, $1 per box. The Specific Pill, for young men suffering from seminal weakness, the evil effects of self-abuse; price, $1 per box, or six for $5. Books, medicines, syringes, &c., furnished. Address all orders, MEDICAL AGENTS, P. O. box, 5171, New York.

☞ Send for a circular.

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## SASHES, DOORS, AND BLINDS.

The subscriber makes to order all kinds of SASHES, DOORS, AND BLINDS, at short notice.

J. R. PARKHURST.

Palmer, Aug. 8, 1863. w.

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AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY, Solicitor of Patents,

Late Agent of U. S. Patent Office, Washington, (under the Act of 1837.)

76 STATE ST., - - - (opp. Kilby St.) - - - BOSTON.

After an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States, also in Great Britain, France, and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Bonds, Assignments, and all Papers or Drawings for Patents executed on liberal terms, and with dispatch. Researches made into American or Foreign works to determine the validity or utility of Patents or inventions—also legal or other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington.

The Agency is not only the largest in New England, but though it inventors have advantages for securing Patents, of ascertaining the patentability of inventions, unsurpassed by, if not immeasurably superior to any which can be offered them elsewhere. The Testimonials below given prove that none is MORE SUCCESSFUL AT THE PATENT OFFICE than the subscriber, and as SUCCESS IS THE BEST PROOF OF ADVANTAGES AND ABILITY, he would add that he has abundant reason to believe, and can prove, that at no other office of the kind are the charges for professional services so moderate. The immense practice of the subscriber during the twelve years past has enabled him to accumulate a vast collection of specifications and official decisions relative to patents.

These, besides his extensive library of legal and mechanical works, and full accounts of patents granted in the United States and Europe, render him able, beyond question, to offer superior facilities for obtaining Patents.

All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a Patent, and the usual great delay there, are here saved inventors.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the MOST CAPABLE and SUCCESSFUL practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse." CHAS. MASON, Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a person more competent and trustworthy, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office." EDMUND BURKE, Late Commissioner of Patents

"Mr. R. H. Eddy has made for me THIRTEEN applications, on all but one of which patents have been granted, and that is now pending. Such unmistakeable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend ALL inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges." JOHN TAGGART.

During eight months, the subscriber, in course of his large practice, made on TWICE rejected applications, SIXTEEN APPEALS, EVERY ONE of which was decided in his favor by the Commissioner of Patents. R. H. EDDY.

Boston, January 24, 1863. 1y

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*To Nervous Sufferers of Both Sexes.*

A Reverend Gentleman having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing all the usual routine and irregular expensive modes of treatment without success, considers it his sacred duty to communicate to his afflicted fellow creatures the means of cure. Hence, on the receipt of a post-paid, addressed envelope, he will send (free) a copy of the prescription used. Direct to Dr. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186 Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y. j24

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NEW LONDON NORTHERN RAILROAD.—On and after Monday, December 1, 1862, trains leave Palmer 7 55 A. M. and 2.05 P. M., in connection with trains from Springfield. Leave New London 7 30 A. M. and 1 40 P. M., connecting at Palmer with Western road for Springfield and Albany at 11 01, 11 30 A. M., and 5 55 P. M., and in time for trains to Amherst, Worcester and Boston.

Trains connect at Willimantic for Hartford, and at New London with Stonington, Providence, New Haven and N. York trains and boat for N. Y.

November 29, 1862. R. N. DOWD, Supt.

---

WATCHES & JEWELRY

THE Subscriber has taken the Jewelry Store lately occupied by S. P. Blair, in Nassowanno Block, and offers to the public an excellent assortment of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, which he will sell at small profits.

WATCHES & JEWELRY REPAIRED

at short notice and in a workmanlike manner

☞ Call and see W. W. HAGAR.

Palmer, Aug 18, 1860. 14tf.

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## Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL,
*FEED, SALT, LIME,*
COAL, WOOD, &c.
AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

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GOVERNMENT

## PENSION AGENCY!

GOVERNMENT BOUNTY OF $100

Collected for soldiers who have been discharged from service by reason of wounds or disability, without regard to length of time. Invalid soldiers discharged from service, and the widows and orphans of soldiers who died in the U. States service, or of wounds or disease contracted in line of duty, are entitled to pensions. All pension claims against the government, and claims for arrears of pay and bounty, will be promptly attended to and collected at the lowest rates. No charge made to the soldier unless the claim is successful.

This Agency is duly licensed, and the undersigned does his business direct with the authorities at Washington, and not through third parties.

JAS. G. ALLEN, Counsellor & Attorney.

Palmer, March 21, 1863.

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WOOD & ALLEN,

**Druggists and Apothecaries,**

Have a fresh supply of Drugs and the most popular Patent Medicines, Perfumes, Toilet Articles, &c.

☞ Dr. HIGGINS' justly celebrated medicines are prepared by us, and furnished wholesale and retail as formerly. THE ANTALGICA, the best PAIN RELIEVER of the age, has a large sale, and should be in every family. Those who have used it once never do without it. Our Scrofula Syrup is one of the best remedies to use for the cure of Humors, as hundreds can testify. A liberal discount to physicians and the trade. WOOD & ALLEN.

Palmer, July 11, 1863. 6m.

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TERRIBLE DISCLOSURES — SECRETS FOR THE MILLION!

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# The Palmer Journal.

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### A Singular Mistake.

A dead man was found, a few years since, floating near the Brooklyn shore of the East River; and, on being taken to the dead house, was unhesitatingly recognized by a young woman and her mother as the husband of the former, to whom she had been married but a few months previously. The strong personal resemblance of the deceased to the husband, who had been missing for several days, was fully confirmed by a very singular circumstance, which settled the matter beyond all question in the minds of both. The missing husband was known to have worn, on leaving home, a woolen undershirt, that his wife, in sport, had ornamented with some sort of fancy stitch in the closing up of the garment on one side; and, not having suitable buttons at hand, had, in the same spirit, substituted hooks and eyes upon the bosom. Both of these peculiarities, very singularly, existed in the undershirt found upon the deceased. The youthful widow, as she imagined herself to be, thrown upon her own resources for support, obtained a situation in the store of a fashionable millinery establishment, where her good looks, and, especially, a display of luxuriant curls, attracted the attention of a young man who had occasion to pass the place daily on his way to New York. He sought her acquaintance, and offered her marriage, which she accepted after satisfying herself as to his correctness of character.—They had been married but a few months, when the wife was, one day, astonished beyond measure by the re-appearance of her former husband, who could give no satisfactory reason, beyond a mere freak of fancy, for his sudden disappearance; and, her second partner having, in every way, proved more worthy and desirable than the first, she refused to comply with his demand of resuming her relations to him as his wife. He then sought redress through the aid of the law, and the subject was brought before one of the courts. Able counsel was employed on both sides, and the singularity of the affair made it, for the time, as would naturally be supposed, a matter of much public interest, which was, in no small degree, enhanced by the personal charms of the defendant in the case. When the presiding judge had heard the evidence and arguments on both sides, and had taken a proper time to consider the case, he decided that, in consequence of the voluntary abandonment of the wife by her first husband, for which he could offer no reason whatever, providing no means for her support in his absence, and the second husband proving, in every way, more worthy the regard she professed for him in refusing to return to her former partner, he considered it but common justice that she should be permitted to choose between the two. It is scarcely necessary to add that she decided in favor of her last husband. The two left the court room together, amid applause from the spectators, which the presiding officer had as little inclination as he had power to suppress. There may have been less of law than of common sense in this decision, but its *justice* was no less apparent than the wisdom of Solomon in the matter of the two women in relation to the child; and it was so regarded by the public at large.

KEEP BUSY.—Men who have half a dozen irons in the fire are not the ones to go crazy. It is the man of voluntary or compelled leisure who mopes, and pines, and thinks himself into the mad-house or the grave. Motion is all Nature's law. Action is man's salvation, physical and mental; and yet, nine out of ten are wistfully looking forward to the coveted hour when they shall have leisure to do nothing, or something only when they feel like it—the very siren that has lured to death many a successful man. He is only truly wise who lays himself out to work till life's latest hour; and he is the man who will live the longest and live to most purpose.

☞ "My dear Ellen," said Mr. Eastman to a young lady whose smiles he was seeking, "I have long wished for this sweet opportunity, but I hardly dare trust myself now to speak the deep emotions of my palpitating heart; but I declare to you, my dear Ellen, that I love you most tenderly. Your smiles would shed—would shed—" "Never mind the wood-shed," said Ellen, "but go on with that pretty talk."

A PLEASANT PLACE.—Vicksburg cannot, after all, be a very forbidding place to live in.—At latest accounts, the weather was delightful; flowers were blooming in every niche and garden which our shells had spared; and ladies, going abroad, found their parasols necessary for comfort.

SNOW STORMS.—The N. Y. Post says that, if the old tradition be true, that the number of snow storms in a winter is equal to the day of the month on which the first one occurs, New Yorkers will have just a month of storms during the present season, or one every third day throughout the winter.

WEEDING OUT GENERALS.—Steps are to be taken by Congress at an early date for mustering out of service a large number of Major and Brigadier Generals. It is estimated that about forty will thus be weeded out from the army.

THE SUGAR CROP.—In Louisiana, they say it takes three years to bring the sugar cane to a good crop. As the plantations are thoroughly destroyed, it will, therefore, be some time before New Orleans sugar is plenty.

THE WORK OF ANNIHILATION.—While Northern journals are censuring Gen. Meade for not annihilating Gen. Lee, Southern papers are censuring Gen. Lee for not annihilating Meade. The work of annihilation in war is not so easy a piece of business as some people suppose it to be.

☞ Genius and talent are a mental fortune; but they can be gambled away pretty much like meaner fortunes.

## ORIGINAL POETRY.

### Snow Flakes.

BY L. H. R.

Feathery flakes are falling, gently,
O'er the cold and frozen ground,
With so fairy-like a motion,
Scarcely can we hear a sound.

Welcome, welcome, fleecy snow flakes,
To the chilled and barren earth;
Spread around a glistening carpet,
Where the loveliest flowers have birth.

Shelter them when Winter reigneth;
Guard them from his freezing hold—
White-winged snow-flakes, sent to teach us
Of the Heavenly Shepherd's fold.

Where the blessings fall like snow-flakes,
Noiseless in their swift descent,
Warming hearts chilled by misfortune—
Hope with sun-rays sweetly blent.

Mortal life hath, oft, cold winters;
Oft-times blessings come disguised;
But a glorious spring awaits us,
In the "City of the Skies."

LUDLOW, MASS., Dec 12th, 1863.

### Bury Me Under the Willows.

BY LAURA J. HODGES.

O! bury me under the willows;
Let me rest my weary head
Where the streamlet's limpid billows
Lave the purple violet's bed.
Yes, bear me away from the haunts of men,
And leave me to rest in the violet glen.

And often, when pensive twilight
Shall mantle creation o'er,
Or the gushing flood of moonlight
Through ethereal space shall pour,
Then steal away from the haunts of men,
And come to my grave, in the violet glen.

Let the sod that presses my bosom
No tear of anguish drink;
But gather the fragrant blossom,
From the purling streamlet's brink,
And twine them in dewy chaplets then,
O'er my quiet grave, in the violet glen.

O! there I would peacefully slumber,
Through months of wintry gloom;
For my grave no season shall number,
Save that when the violets bloom.
But oft let thy foot-steps wander, then,
To my resting-place, in the violet glen.

STAFFORD, CONN., Nov. 13th, 1863.

## A CHRISTMAS STORY.

"Merry Christmas!" rang from a dozen silvery voices, as a troop of light-hearted boys passed through the quiet streets of Holden, announcing to its inhabitants the coming of that time-honored day, so fraught with rosy happiness to the juveniles.

"Merry Christmas!" And from many a warm fireside came back a joyful echo; and weary faces, flushed with the day's toil, brightened into happy smiles as a stray thought flitted by, of charming little presents safely laid away for "Santa Claus," soon to be deposited, through his agency, in empty stockings, whose contents would make the hearts of their little owners so happy.

It was a bright and cheerful picture which the snowy curtains drawn aside from the broad windows of Farmer Nelson's sitting-room revealed to the passer-by. The knots blazed merrily on the clean hearth, and the warm light, falling in dancing shadows on the shining floor and walls, crept up to the flowers on the window-seat, which, in spite of cold and frost, had put on their brightest dress, and now seemed to have caught an additional tinge of richness and beauty from the ruddy fire-light that played among the green leaves. Little Ruth, "a stray sunbeam," as grandmother said, "God had sent to warm up the old homestead," had draped the curtains and looking-glass with the bright evergreen she had gathered in the spring and stored away in the damp cellar, where it was kept fresh for the occasion. The contrast between the soft green mosses and the snowy whiteness of the curtains had a beautiful effect. Ruth thought she had never seen anything so very lovely before.

Farmer Nelson sat in a warm spot in the corner, watching the firelight as it rose, first in a broad sheet of yellow light, and then, tapering away in spires of red flame, wound slowly up the old-fashioned chimney; and thinking, perchance, as the red coals fell, one by one, and added their number to the glowing bed beneath, how the years of his life had gathered thus, till now their weight rested heavily on his head. Perhaps he thought of other Christmas days, when he was young and dreamed not of silver locks and failing strength. Apparently, the retrospect was a pleasant one, for it called forth a happy smile, and the seal of peace and contentment, so beautiful because so seldom seen in the aged, rested calmly on his furrowed brow.

Ruth, who had been busy all day, helping Aunt Rachel, sat by the window, her head resting on one hand, watching the stars as they melted away in the fleecy clouds that were floating across the sky, and thought they must be playing "hide and seek," and how nice it would be to have so much room and such pretty hiding places. Her heart was full of that bright happiness which is satisfied with the present and has no thought of care for the future—a happiness which is felt only in childhood.

Aunt Rachel's quick step was heard in the pantry, where she was busily engaged adding the finishing touch to the white shelves, crowned with innumerable pies and cakes, rich and delicate enough to tempt the most fastidious appetite. Soon her task was completed; there could be no more improvement, and, moving back a few paces, she took a last survey of her arrangements. The look was satisfactory. No wonder; for it was a goodly sight, and one which might worthily call forth admiration from a less enthusiastic housekeeper than Aunt Rachel. With a bright smile on her face, she came into the cheerful sitting room and sat down in her easy chair. Ruth left the windows, and, drawing her stool close to her side, laid her head in her lap, saying, as she did so, "Isn't it pleasant here?" "Very pleasant," said her Aunt Rachel, as her hand wandered caressingly over the sunny hair of the child, and her aged face turned toward the chimney corner, radiant with a look of grateful joy that he who had been the light of her youthful Christmas days still lingered, and, amid life's lengthening shadows, was the same. "Very pleasant," replied Farmer Nelson, with moistened eyes, answering back the loving glances.

There was a long pause, in which each seemed absorbed in their own happy thoughts. Then Farmer Nelson said, "I guess I'll run into our new neighbor's to-night. Perhaps they may need some assistance; for I heard, to-day, they were very poor, and he is so sickly, you know." Aunt Rachel looked as if she felt sorry to have him go, but said, "I hope they are not needy; it would be a pity to have any one suffering so near us, when we have so much;" and she looked around the pleasant room as if she almost doubted the possibility of such a thing. Shall we precede the good man and look in upon the new neighbors?

There was little, save neatness, in their humble home. "Merry Christmas" had cast a deeper shadow on the hearts of that lonely household; for the "barrel of meal and cruise of oil" had well nigh failed, and they were in the midst of strangers. The last candle burned dimly on the table, and Mary Morris was busily improving its waning light, endeavoring to make more comfortable, by the addition of new patches, a much worn and tattered garment, while its little wearer was asleep. Opposite her, occupying an easy chair, the only luxury the room afforded, sat her husband, the wreck of a noble manhood. The two eldest, girls of five and ten years, were sitting on low stools in the corner, close beside each other. There was an air of sadness even about them; for some remark of little Allie's about Christmas had so deepened the look of sorrow on the faces of their parents that, children as they were, they could not but notice, and they sat very still, fearing to break the silence, though they could not tell why.

James Morris sat, long after his children had kissed him and said "Good night," with his head bowed on his thin hands; and when his wife came back to her seat by the table he looked up and said, bitterly: "It is too hard, Mary, too hard. I can bear my own sufferings, but to see you and these helpless children deprived of all comforts is too much. God is unjust to afflict us so."

"O! James, don't talk so," said his wife, entreatingly. "We have seen a great deal of trouble, but God has never left us; He never will. 'Though he slay me, yet will I trust in Him;'" and, taking up the Bible, she opened it and read the nineteenth Psalm, every word of which seemed meant for them. Scarcely had she finished it, when the candle sank in the socket and went out. Still she read on by the flickering fire-light; for, in her hours of affliction, Mary Morris had learned the blessed words which follow. Her spirit seemed to have caught inspiration from the soothing promises, and she read in a thrilling voice, as if she knew every one would be fulfilled.

"You must pray to-night, Mary," said her husband, when she had finished reading. "I can't; it would be mockery. I wish I had your faith."

She did not chide her husband, for she knew how feeble he was; but, kneeling in the dim light, she poured out her heart in prayer to God, for her husband, herself, and their little ones. She prayed as one only can who feels in the soul every word offered up. Deep sobs shook the frame of James Morris, as he listened to the words of childlike faith as she committed him to the care of a loving Heavenly Father. And there was another listener, too, who, all unknown to them, brushed away the silent tear.

A twelve-month before, theirs had been a happy household, with no lack of Christmas gifts. James Morris was an industrious man, and, by his daily labor, supplied his family with the comforts and even luxuries of life. He had met with many reverses, but now a brighter hour seemed to dawn upon him, and cheerfully he toiled through the day, gladdened by thoughts of his quiet home; but disease laid its withering hand upon him, and sent the sluggish blood coursing like lava through his veins. Through long days and weeks the fever burned within, while the strong man lay powerless and unconscious.

Farmer Nelson had pushed open the outer door, and was about to seek admittance, when the voice of prayer fell upon his ears. He could not intrude upon their devotions; but something in the earnest tones arrested his attention, and, as he listened, the story of their destitution was revealed to him. When the prayer was finished, he softly closed the door and retraced his steps. To the inquiring looks of Aunt Rachel as he entered the house, Farmer Nelson told the story he had learned, and then said to Ruth, "Bring me the new basket I bought to-day; it will have a good Christening." The basket was quickly brought, and, taking it, he entered his well furnished store-room. Two fine turkeys hung upon the wall. Farmer Nelson lifted down the smaller one, then quickly put it back; "No, no; we are feeding God's children now—let them have the best." When the basket was partially filled with substantials, Aunt Rachel led the way to the pantry; and soon, here and there on the white shelves, there was a vacant place, as one delicacy after another was added, by her generous hand, to the donation gift. When they came into the sitting room with their now quite heavily laden basket, Ruth brought a little box, saying, "This must have place somewhere. It was a present for Cousin Willie; but he will have enough without this, and those little children need it a great deal more than he does."

Farmer Nelson went to the bureau, and, opening one of the drawers, he took from it four bright dollars, and, putting them in the box, said: "These shall go with your present, Ruth; they may need something of which we do not know." By the help of Aunt Rachel, the basket was placed upon the sled which Farmer Nelson had brought to the door, and soon the good old man was on his mission of love. The house was perfectly still as he approached; and, lifting the basket, he placed it softly on the low door-step, and quickly moved away.

That was a happy walk home to Farmer Nelson. He wondered why his step was so light, and what made the white earth look so beautiful. True, it was a glorious night.—One part of the heavens was intensely blue, and sprinkled thick with the silvery "star dust," while in the other the moon was sailing through airy clouds; and, in its clear light, the fields and orchards shone like polished glass. He had seen many such before, but now the fragrance of a holy deed shed its sweetness over his spirit and lent an added charm to surrounding objects.

His was a soft pillow that night; and the next day, when there were greetings and blessings in the old homestead, and his children, with their little ones, gathered, in smiling groups, around him, Farmer Nelson said it was the happiest Christmas he had ever known. It might have heightened his happiness could he have seen the joy of the "new neighbors" upon the discovery of their unlooked-for treasure, doubly dear because they had thought that no human heart cared for them; Could he have witnessed the look of humble penitence on the face of James Morris as he said, "I will never doubt God again, Mary."

He knew not that he had saved a soul from the dark waters of unbelief; and he needed not to know it, for he had learned that great yet simple lesson, that it is a hundred fold more blessed to give than to receive.

### A Printer's Christmas.

A Western editor says that, on Christmas Eve, an expressman delivered to him an exceedingly mysterious box. After paying the charges—thirty-eight cents—being just the amount of cash on hand, he proceeded, with nervous hands, to examine the contents. He says:

The cover was removed, when our eyes were gladdened with the sight of a fine, fat turkey. The next thing brought to light was a bottle of champagne; and the next and last was a huge demijohn, marked "O. Tar." What in the world is O. Tar? It must mean old tar. But what in the world induced any one to send us either old or new tar? We hav'n't got any wagon; and as for getting up a bonfire for the benefit of the Republicans, we are not in the humor. We have it! We will sell it to the livery man. Called on him, and he said he did not use tar, but grease, on his wagons. Brought it back to the office in not a very good humor, still wondering why it was sent to us. Resolved, finally, to draw the cork. Did so. It wasn't tar. Smelt of it. Knew, by the smell, it wasn't tar. Tasted of it, and became fully satisfied that it wasn't tar. Tasted again, and drew up a resolution, declaring, in the most emphatic terms, that it wasn't tar. Tasted again, and began to feel happy. Tasted again, and felt very happy.—Tasted again, and began to feel very rich; and resolved to give our cottage to a poor widow, and purchase the elegant mansion over the way—to donate the office to Jake, and buy out the New York Ledger. Gave the "devil" a $20 gold piece for Christmas, and promised him a round hundred for New Year. Bought a $5,000 pair of nags, and a sleigh cushioned with scarlet velvet and decorated with gold and pearls. Ordered from the South a driver and footman, whose faces shone like a glass bottle under a direct sun-ray. Went over to the "Union," and told Fred. to send every poor family in town a barrel of good flour, and nameless other articles, to render them comfortable. Bought all the wood in the market, and ordered it sent to the aforesaid poor families. Gave a thousand dollars to each of the clergymen in town. Adopted fourteen orphan girls and orphan boys. Went round and paid all debts (What printer on earth ever did that?). We put on slippers (imagining we heard music). We did hear music; for somebody came near being kicked out of bed. Alas! we had only been dreaming.

### The English Language.

The words of the English language are a compound of several foreign languages. It may be looked upon as a complication, both of words and expressions, of various dialects. Their origin was from the Saxon language. Our laws were derived from the Norman; our military terms from the French; our scientific names from the Greek; and our stock of nouns from the Latin, through the medium of the French. Almost all the verbs in the English language are taken from the German, and nearly every other noun or adjective is taken from other dialects. The English language is composed of 15,734 words; of which 6,732 are from the Latin, 4,321 from the French, 1,665 from the Saxon, 1,669 from the Greek, 691 from the Dutch, 211 from the Italian, 106 from the German (not including verbs), 90 from the Welch, 75 from the Danish, 55 from the Spanish, 50 from the Icelandic, 31 from the Sweedish, 41 from the Gothic, 16 from the Hebrew, 15 from the Teutonic, and the remainder from the Irish, Scotch, Arabic, Syriac, Turkish, Portugese, and other languages.

A "BRICK" OF A GIRL.—An incident growing out of this "cruel war" is related by the Chicago Post. A young man came from New York to Chicago, and fell in love. His cruel parient opposed the proceeding, but the day was set; when, alas! the young man was drafted. The old man would not let him have the $300; so the lover had to go. The expectant wedding party assembled, and waited, until a messenger arrived and told the sad tale of national and patriarchal despotism.—It was then that the fiery spirit of the expectant bride flashed out in startling splendor. Looking through her tears, she nobly exclaimed:

"I don't keer a durn; there's a smart chance of other fellers in the world, I reckon. Dod rot his pictur, let's have some grub!"

TO CATCH RATS.—When a house is infested by rats which refuse to nibble at toasted cheese and the usual baits, a few drops of the highly scented oil of rhodium, poured on the bottom of a cage trap, will, almost invariably, attract it full of the "mischievous rodents" before morning. We have known this to be tried with the most extraordinary success. Where a trap, baited with all manner of edibles, had failed to attract a single rat, the oil of rhodium caused it to be *completely crowded* night after night, until the house was cleared of the noisome visitors.—The same oil of rhodium is used by some keepers of rat pits, who, when their hands are smeared with it, do not hesitate to take the animals up by the dozen out of bags, fearless of bites.

☞ A Frenchman once saw a gentleman walk up to an open snuff-box in the hands of another and take a pinch of snuff, having prefaced the act with the words—

"May I take the liberty?"

On the next day, the Frenchman went to a tobacco shop and asked for a shilling's worth of liberty.

### Letter from North Carolina.

From Our Own Correspondent.

BEAUFORT, N. C., Dec. 7, 1863.

MR. EDITOR:—You have, doubtless, heard of some, and seen many more, whittling Yankees. You are, also, well aware of the many stale jokes levelled at the Yankees for their whittling propensities. It has been the theme of many a would-be-smart English traveller, and enabled him or her to turn a fine sentence or to create in the imagination a laughable incident. This peculiar trait has not passed unheeded by the *chivalry* of our own land; but many a time and oft have our Southern brethren indulged their disposition to sneer at anything which has the appearance of labor by allusions to the Yankees and their jack-knives. We have often read all this in books, newspapers, and magazines.—We have often seen it practically exemplified, Mr. Editor, to say nothing of personal experience and prowess with our own knives.—We had obtained the opinion that this disposition of Yankees to whittle was indicative of their industry and perseverance, with the inclination to make the most of everything, and, if possible, whittle out for themselves a fortune or a name; or in remembrance of what many have learned in their school-boy days, that—

"Satan finds some mischief, still, for idle hands to do."

Therefore, during moments of relaxation, though busy in thought, still bear in mind the moral of the above quotation, learned in early life, and, almost by intuition, go to whittling, to avoid "idle hands" and thus prevent the encroachments of the great mischief-maker. Having, all our life, been accustomed to see the whittling process, and to read the observations of others, foreigners and natives, we supposed it belonged exclusively to the Yankee race. Moreover, we had the impression that a Yankee usually whittles to some purpose—that he will whittle out a close bargain to its finest point; or, equally well, a problem in science, or a project which is working in his mind, and which, perhaps, has never had an airing in words. He means something by it; therefore, let him go on whittling.

But the reason for all this long preliminary is, to show you how much we have been deceived, hitherto, on this subject. As we said, we supposed this propensity belonged exclusively to the "universal Yankee nation," until our present sojourn in the "Sunny South," where it is not to be supposed that any thing or any body can find a dwelling place, that is so mean, sordid, ignoble, or low-minded, as to whittle. Of course, all the dwellers in this goodly portion of our fair land are of the high-minded and noble chivalry—dwellers in lordly mansions, whose whole thoughts and purposes are occupied in deeds of noble daring or in high-minded, philanthropic enterprises; counsellors for the nation, whose wisdom has alone been able to hold together so long the opposite extremes of this great people, by magnanimously condescending, in greatness and nobleness of character, to be dwellers under the same government with those Yankee whittlers. But I am undeceived. The lords of creation who inhabit this sacred soil (composed of sand and swamps) can, and what is more, they *do*, whittle, and that most inveterately—almost as devotedly as they chew huge quids of tobacco, or the women "dip snuff." In all the experience of my "life among Yankees," I never saw, heard of, or dreamed there could be, so much whittling done, even by the most expert native of New England, as I see constantly performed here, by the citizens "to the manor born;" and they whittle to no purpose whatever, either in mind, art, science, or morals. Old men, young men, boys, black, white, rich, poor, all classes—*everybody*—must do some whittling. Almost daily, until since the weather has become cool and the winds have a bleakness which curls up these loafers, I have seen groups, made up of the classes above-named, sitting on steps, benches, platforms, wharves, anywhere in the shade, from morning till dinner, and from dinner till night, with great lumps of wood and their *dirk* knives in motion—not using them as though they had a purpose, but lazily drawing them through the wood, and as lazily talking of subjects which their puerile minds could best comprehend. During an entire *sitting*, not one of them would or could fashion anything of workmanlike form, such as a ten year old Yankee would do in half an hour. Day after day, numbers of great, robust, healthy men, will sit and whittle and squirt tobacco, then another splash of tobacco juice and whittle.—Let the vaunting Southerner or the prejudiced foreigner say or write no more of whittling Yankees, but turn their eyes homeward—Southward—and they can see whittling pursued as an employment, though to no practical purpose. Their whittling is quite indicative of their enterprise and capabilities. I will illustrate by giving the substance of a conversation to which I listened three or four weeks ago, among some natives. I had occasion to enter a small store on some errand. The owner is a native-born gentleman, and has been a captain; though, for that matter, the most of Southern gentlemen have been captains, majors, or colonels, and the balance are esquires. As I entered his store, there were three or four native "chivalry" gathered over his counter, and, with him, intently examining a small box, which some Yankee soldier had, with his jack-knife and a hammer, *razed* from a cigar box. He had, also, with the help of a little glue or mucilage, neatly covered the box with shells, which are very plenty in these waters, of various sizes, forms, and colors. The whole was, evidently, a wonder to the merchant and his auditors:

'Who made that thar box?'

'A Yankee soldier,' was the reply by the trader.

'Wall, now,' said one, 'that's a right smart piece of work. Why couldn't we have found out how to do that as well as the Yankees?'

'Cause we haint got mind 'nuff,' said another; 'an' ther aint mind nuff in the South to invent so much. I tell ye what 'tis, neabors, the Yankees is wot's got the minds.—We're a great ways behind them Yankees.—Did any on ye ever hearn of a man in the Southern States that could make a pair of cotton keards to use in our families?'

'No, *I* didn't,' was answered by two or three.

'I did,' replied the other. 'I heerd of one who worked at it two years, an' then he hadn't made nary a keerd; an' I tell ye thar aint mind nuff in the hull Southern Confusion to make so much as a keerd. When our troubles first begun, we heard a great deal said about what *we* could do. *We* could make guns, pistols, swords, cannons, powder, balls, bullets, an' everything else we wanted; and then we could whip the Yankees; and, by the talk, *we* could do n'most everything. But when we cum to the case on't, we found out, too late, that we could do but little or nothing. I tell you wot, we're fifty years behind the Yankees; an' ye may say wot ye're mind ter 'bout it.'

'Yes,' said another; 'these Yankees knows things we don't think on. Only think on't; the boys used to pick a few shells 'thout mindin' much 'bout 'em, but sence the Yankees cum there's been thousands of dollars' worth fished up; an' ye can see how *they* use 'em on these little boxes, in a way we never thought on before.'

This, and more, was a conversation growing out from a small box of Yankee make.—If we Yankees whittle, it is often to some purpose. If a Southerner whittles, it is often for want of thought. This ends the chapter on whittling.

Having made an unusually long, and, perhaps, stupid letter, I ought to be content; but I wish to say just this in addition: Now is the time to enlist—volunteer. Not *because* of the bounties offered, which, even to 'sordid, money-loving Yankees,' ought to be a secondary consideration. A regiment of *volunteers* has far greater force in subduing the rebellion than the same number of conscripts; for, while it puts in the field an equal number of *better* men, it has a doubly disheartening effect on the rebels. They take more courage when northern troops are *forced* to duty; but, when they see northern troops voluntarily coming forward for this purpose, and rapidly filling the ranks, while they don't know where they can raise another regiment, it is disheartening to them. A despondent feeling is creeping over the Southern mind. It would be greatly accelerated, and perhaps urged into a gallop, if the men at the North would rise voluntarily and say, "This *shall* be finished." It is plainly to be seen that this would hasten the close of the war. It would shorten it months, perhaps years, to have a hearty, vigorous, enlistment *now*. Don't permit another draft. The moral effect is immense, whether of volunteering or drafting, but in opposite directions.

DEW.

☞ Dr. ——, one morning, when visiting a gentleman, was asked to stay to dinner, which invitation he accepted. The gentleman stepped into the next room and told his wife that he had invited the doctor to dinner, and desired her to provide something extraordinary. Hereupon, she began to murmur and scold, and make a thousand words; till, at last, her husband, being very much provoked at her behavior, protested that, if it were not for the strange gentleman in the next room, he would turn her out of doors immediately. Dr. ——, who heard all, cried out: "Pray, sir, do not make a stranger of me!"

☞ An ecclesiastical trial lately occurred at Peoria, Ill.; and, to prevent its publication, all the persons were previously sworn not to divulge the proceeding. The trial was held in a building in one of the rooms of which a fire company were accustomed to meet. Two reporters for the press took a suction hose, fastened it to the end of the stove-pipe, inserted it in the chimney, and, by that means, conveyed the sound to the room below, where they took notes, which, next morning, appeared in the newspapers, much to the surprise of the court.

☞ We happened to pick up the following stray waif the other evening; and, although it is dedicated to ladies in particular, we do not think it inapplicable, at this time, to mankind in general:-

"If you your lips would save from slips,
Five things observe with care:
Of whom you speak to whom you speak,
And how, and when, and where."

☞ "Halloa, Fred! What, you writing poetry?"

"Yes," said Fred; "I'm writing an owed (ode) to my tailor."

"What's the time and tune?" continued Tom.

"Time, sixty days," said Fred; "and it's set to notes of mine in his possession."

☞ None of us are either so much praised or so much censured as you think; and men would be thoroughly cured of vanity if they would only rehearse their own funeral and walk abroad incognito the day after their supposed burial.

☞ A celebrated writer has said: There is one place in the Bible where the girls are requested to kiss men, and that is—"whatsoever ye would that men should do unto you do ye even so unto them." Bully for him.

☞ Coleridge, the poet and philosopher, once arriving at an inn, called out, "Waiter, do you dine here collectively or individually?" "Sir," replied the knight of the napkin, "we dines at six."

☞ The three rules given by the celebrated John Hunter for the rearing of healthy children were, "plenty of milk, plenty of sleep, and plenty of flannel."

☞ The individual who attempted to raise colts from horse chestnuts went into the market the other day, and inquired for a mock-turtle, to make mock-turtle soup of.

OBITUARY.—A place in newspapers where virtues are discovered in dead people which they were not known to have possessed when in life.

☞ A petrified rattlesnake was recently found in a block of stone. Petrified copperheads are quite plenty since the elections.

☞ It was a bright chap who said the world could not be round, for if it was there could be no end to it.

☞ If men will but amuse the world, it will freely forgive them for cheating it.

# Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, DEC. 26, 1863.


### Our Annual Dun!

All persons indebted to this office, for subscriptions, advertising or job work, are requested to make payment before the 1st of January, 1864. Subscribers will receive their bills in their papers before that time, and prompt remittance is expected.

### Merry Christmas!

The holiday season is at hand—Merry Christmas has arrived! There is a jingle of sleigh bells in the street, a ring of laughter in the house! The fire burns bright on the hearth, and cheerful voices sound through the hall. No matter how crisp the winter air; no matter how loud the wind howls over the hill-tops, or how ingeniously the frost weaves its net-work on the window; Christmas is here, and we should be merry! The colder the atmosphere, the warmer the fireside and the brighter the smiles within doors. There are happy salutations on the street, warm greetings at the threshold, hearty welcomes in the household. Age looks cheerful, youth laughs, and baby crows. So, it is Merry Christmas all around. There are bundles of presents on the table; friends are exchanging compliments; Santa Claus comes down the chimney with toys for the children, and they will awaken to find joy and playthings on the morrow. So the Old Year is rocked to sleep to the melody of sweet voices, like an old man who closes a well-spent life, hearing the music of the angel host as he approaches the new world beyond the tomb.

Merry Christmas! Glorious season for sleigh rides, social gatherings, and healthful amusements. Nowhere in our broad country can the occasion be more enjoyed than in New England. Our climate is drear and uninviting; our hills are snow-clad; our streams are ice-bound; but the hearts of our people are warm, and, with a joyful remembrance of the day that gave a Savior to the world, they seize upon the occasion for bestowing friendly gifts and wishes, making merry the season and gladdening many a heart.

Reader, we wish you a Merry Christmas!

### The New Conscription.

Congress is tinkering the conscription act passed at its last session, but the amendments proposed will not likely become law for several weeks to come; so that, if the draft actually takes place on the 5th of January, as announced by the President, it will be confined to the first class, and under the same circumstances that the late draft was made. It is highly probable, however, that the draft will be postponed a few weeks, so that the act may be amended. There are numerous propositions before Congress in relation to amendments, the most prominent of which are the consolidation of the two classes and the abolition of the $300 exemption. One day, we are told by Washington correspondents that the $300 clause will be retained; and the next day, that it will be struck out; and the succeeding day, that the sum will be raised to $500 or $600. One of the proposed amendments exempts judges of courts, and another clergymen. This may be justifiable, but there are other professions and occupations in which it is just as necessary that exemptions should be made. There are business concerns where, if the head were drafted and obliged to serve, his employees would be thrown out of work, and the community at large would suffer. It is as necessary that business should be kept moving as that the war should go on. Make it otherwise, and the distress and suffering of the rebels will be brought to our own doors.—There is no government under heaven, even to that of the rebels, which has a more conscriptive law than ours, with the proposed amendments.

But great sacrifices must be made; and, if the necessities of the occasion demand it, we must submit to every requirement of the country. Volunteering is, no doubt, better than drafting; and, with the present bounties offered, the quotas of the States are in a fair way to be raised without a resort to conscription. In Massachusetts, some of the towns have entirely filled their quotas, and in others the number is more than half raised. Our armies will be idle for a month or two to come, during which time, at the rate enlistments are going on, the quotas will all be full. Is it not better, then, to keep on obtaining volunteers than to resort to a draft, which is so hateful to Americans?

A Great Prize Fight!—Heenan Whipped!—The long-talked-of prize fight between Heenan and King, for which both parties have been several months in training, took place in England, near London, on the 8th inst. Large bets had been made on Heenan, and great interest was felt in the fight on both sides of the Atlantic. At the commencement of the fight, the odds were in favor of Heenan, but the superior power of endurance soon became manifest with King. His blows were as hard as those of a sledge-hammer, and, when the 25th round was called, the sponge was thrown up by Heenan's second. The mortification of Heenan's friends is great. The championship of the world, which Heenan claimed for America, will now be claimed for England. Heenan was badly punished, while King was not much injured.

Re-enlisted.—The Ninth, Twenty-ninth and Thirty-fifth Indiana regiments have re-enlisted for three years, to a man. They will have a short furlough home in a few days. They are now at Chattanooga. Recruits from all portions of Indiana are pouring into Indianapolis. At least one hundred arrive daily, and are sent into the numerous camps.

Amusing Presentation.—A patriotic old lady recently sent three smoking-caps as presents to officers in the Army of the Potomac. One was for Gen. Meade, and the remaining two she desired to be presented to two Generals, one of whom must be a teetotaller, and the other one who never indulged in profanity. Gen. Williams, Chief of Gen. Meade's Staff, took the Anti-Profanity Cap, and Gen. Hunt the Temperance Cap. A great deal of fun is made about the distribution of these presents.

## THE LATEST WAR NEWS!

All is quiet in the Potomac Army, with the exception of small cavalry and guerrilla skirmishes. Gen. Lee's army is represented to be without blankets and shoes, and constructing huts for winter quarters. One report says that Gen. Longstreet has joined Lee, and that an overwhelming advance will be made upon Gen. Meade. This will do for a story. The number of veterans who have re-enlisted for the war, in that army, exceeds ten thousand. The whole of Kilpatrick's cavalry division and the famous Excelsior Brigade have accepted the terms of re-enlistment. Paymasters have gone to the army, to pay the veteran bounties.

On Thursday night, a force of rebel cavalry, of Moseby's command, said to be 800 to 1,000 strong, fell upon Co. I., 155th New York, at Sangster's Station, three miles west of Fairfax, wounded one man, captured four, burned the tents of the company, robbed two women of their jewelry, and tried to burn the railroad bridge. Our boys fought them bravely from behind their encampment, and succeeded in driving them off. The rebels had wagons with them, and took off all but one of their killed and wounded.

At Chattanooga, everything is quiet. Supplies are arriving by river freely. The post office has been re-established. The citizens and camp-followers have been enrolled for a draft.

News from East Tennessee gives particulars of a fight at Bean's Station on the 14th.—Longstreet made a vigorous effort to cut off Gen. Shackleford's command, but the promptness of Gen. Ferrero's movements frustrated his intentions. The fight lasted from 2 o'clock until dark, when Gen. Shackleford fell back, with a loss of from 150 to 200 in killed and wounded. Our forces were concentrating at Blair's Cross Roads.

During the march of our troops from Chattanooga, against Longstreet at Knoxville, Granger's corps got in advance of Longstreet's ammunition train, while Howard's troops were in the rear. There being no escape for the train, forty loads of ammunition and two locomotives were run into the river at Loudon.

Gen. Washburne holds the coast of Texas, from the Rio Grande to within 100 miles of Galveston. Another division of the 13th corps has started for the Texan coast, and the expectation is that Galveston is the next place to be put down in the history of the war as having been reduced by the Unionists. Gen. Franklin is still at New Iberia, with about four divisions. Gen. Weitzel goes north, to join Gen. Butler's command, in a few days.—It is not yet known who takes his place.

Gen. Averill and his cavalry have made a 300 mile raid into the regions of the enemy, cutting the Tennessee and Virginia Railroad, destroying the track for 15 miles, burning bridges, depots, army supplies, and cars, amounting to a heavy loss for the enemy. He captured 200 prisoners, and lost 4 officers and 80 men.

By way of St. Louis, we have reports from Fort Smith, Arkansas, to the 20th inst., which say that a force of 1,600 rebels, under Standwaite, had attacked Fort Gibson and been repulsed, retreating across the Arkansas River.

Three or four thousand troops, under Wirt Adams, Crosby, and Logan, appeared in the vicinity of Natchez about the 5th inst., and ataeked our forces under Gen. Gresham, but were repulsed and pursued. It is said we took 800 prisoners.

More Rigid than the Rebel Law.—The rebel conscription laws have been condemned by us, as more despotic and sweeping than the edicts of any foreign monarch; but even the rebel conscription act is not so sweeping as ours. Their law exempts the following persons:

Ministers of religion, superintendents of asylums for the deaf, dumb, blind, and insane, one editor of each newspaper and the employees in newspaper establishments, physicians, and apothecaries.

A Jolly Soldier.—A soldier belonging to an Iowa regiment, at the battle of Lookout Mountain, coolly sat down on a rock during the thickest of the engagement, to wait for his gun to cool off, as he had fired it very often and effectively. The boys who were fighting around him deliberately ceased their firing and waited till he sung for them an old and familiar song, "Root, Hog, or Die," which he is said to have sung with such humor as to make all merry and forgetful of the fearful scenes around them. When the song was finished, they reloaded their guns and entered the fight again, doing damage to the rebels.

Set to Work.—It is stated that the War Department has ordered Lieut. Col. Greve, Chief Quartermaster of the Department of Washington, to break up all the contraband camps in and around Washington, north of the Potomac, and transfer all the inmates to the contraband farms in the vicinity of Arlington, where they will be put to work at farming on the abandoned estates of absconding secessionists. All negroes not employed in the quartermaster's department, who have, heretofore, been depending, partially or wholly, on government for support, are, also, to be sent over to the farms and set to work.

Suspicious Willingness.—A very large proportion of the rebels in our hands—not less than a third of them, it is said—are desirous of enlisting in the navy, and it is understood that the Secretaries of War and the Navy have agreed to permit them to do so.—Gen. Maston is reported to have said that he could, on very slight notice, furnish one thousand sailors from the prisoners' camp at Point Lookout, of which he is in charge.

One Hundred and Ten.—James Douglas, of Stony Creek, Ct., died on Wednesday, last week, at the extraordinary age of one hundred and ten years. He was born August 1st, 1753, and was, consequently, one hundred and ten years four months and sixteen days old. He retained possession of all his faculties, and was smart and active to the last.

Slave Recruits.—It is estimated that five hundred colored recruits will be obtained from Boone, one of the largest slaveholding and intensely rebel counties in Missouri. The negroes are enlisting in crowds, and their masters do not appear anxious to secure anything except receipts of three hundred dollars for their property.

Sad End.—Wm. H. Graham, once proprietor of Graham's Magazine, of Philadelphia, which subsequently passed into the hands of his brother, George R. Graham, died on Friday in New York, at the age of 40 years. It appears from evidence before a coroner that Mr. Graham died from intemperance and exposure.

☞ Over 2500 applications for appointments as officers in the Invalid Corps are now in the hands of the Provost Marshal General.

## A VARIETY OF THINGS.

The promised sleighing for Christmas is realized, though the body of snow is light, and some people persist in going on wheels.

—Our prisoners at Richmond are in a fair way to be exchanged. Gen. Butler is cutting the knot which Commissioners Meredith and Ould have quarreled over so long. The stories about the sufferings of our prisoners have been exaggerated, though they have suffered badly enough.

—Cora Hatch, the well-known Spiritualist, has obtained a divorce from her husband, and resumes her maiden name of Scott.

—A strong pressure is being made to have McClellan and other shelved generals mustered out of service, to make room for other and meritorious officers in the line of promotion. It should be done at once, for what is the use of paying generals for doing nothing?

—Among the novelties of trade and caprices of commerce, we notice the receipt of tobacco in the New Orleans market, from the State of Connecticut.

—Three men were drowned at Louisville, Ky., on the 20th, by going over the Falls, while attempting to row a large scow, containing a locomotive, across the river. The locomotive was sunk.

—The President has presented to Senator Sherman, for transmission to the Cincinnati Sanitary Fair, the original draft of the proclamation appended to his late message.

The ice crop is promising.

Mercury has been down to 8 above zero.

Our armies are in winter quarters.

The great American tune—the spit-toon.

Volunteering is progressing finely.

Adjourned for the holidays—Congress.

Beautiful—these moonlight evenings.

The skating is splendid.

—The rebels are so given to lying that we don't know when to believe them. A few days ago, they reported that our gunboat Daylight had been blown up by one of their shells at Wilmington; and now, they represent that the Ironsides and several other iron-clads have met with a disaster at Charleston. The former story proves to be a humbug, and we doubt not the latter will.

STATESMEN.

"A statesman all but interest may forget,
And only ought in his own strength to trust;
'Tis not a statesman's virtue to be just."

—Mrs. Wheeler, widow of the late Augustus Wheeler, of Dublin, N. H., hung herself on Thursday, last week. She leaves seven children. No special cause is assigned for the deed.

—The various soup houses in Philadelphia are now making preparations for distributing soup to the poor during the winter.

—The Southern Confederacy is not satisfied with the Bible "as it is." A commission, with Bishop Gen. Polk at its head, has been appointed by the Episcopal Council, to revise and get up a version to suit rebeldom and slavery.

—Edward Southworth, of Springfield, who was appointed on the new board of State Charities, declines the position.

—John Mitchell, of the Richmond Enquirer, tries to make out that the ancestors of Jeff Davis were Irish.

—A suit has been brought against the Adams Express Co., to recover for the loss of money stolen from the company by guerrillas.

—A fair held by the American ladies in Montreal, for the benefit of the Sanitary Commission, yielded the sum of $700.

—The cheese manufacturers of New York have convened to take measures for the prevention and punishment of adulteration of milk.

—Five deserters were executed on Friday, the 18th, in the Army of the Potomac.

—About two hundred men in the 27th Mass. regiment have re-enlisted for three years.

A "Paper Blockade."—Jeff Davis devoted a large part of his message to the work of showing that our blockade of Southern ports is a mere "paper blockade," and that England is guilty of a great neglect of duty in not breaking it. But, surely, that must be a most extraordinary paper blockade which has captured one thousand and forty-five blockade runners, of which 547 were schooners, 179 steamers, 131 sloops, 30 brigs, 26 barques, 15 ships, and 117 smaller crafts.

Suffering at the South.—Evidence of the suffering of the people of the South increases. Every commissary is crowded with applicants for relief, and letters from the South, found in deserted rebel camps, evince that the famine is universal. The army is the only hope of the rebel leaders; therefore, it will be fed as long as provisions can be obtained, and as plentifully as stores on hand will admit; and this must be done though the people starve.

Suffering on the Plains.—There has been a severe snow-storm on the Western Plains.—Many persons are believed to have perished from cold, and cattle, by thousands, have died from lack of food. A large number of trains are out, and much anxiety is felt for them.—At Leavenworth, on the 18th, snow was 14 inches deep, and so drifted that the roads were blockaded.

A Chance to Give the Mitten.—One of the most important articles of comfort to the soldier is a pair of substantial mittens. Cold weather is rapidly approaching, and we trust our warm-hearted ladies will not forget the importance of making suitable preparations for defending the fingers of our soldiers against the attacks of Jack Frost.

North Carolina Unionists Joining the Federal Armies.—A letter from Newbern says that hundreds of starved-out rebels are coming into our lines, while large numbers of loyal North Carolinians are joining the Federal armies. In the words of the writer, "'Greybacks' are turning into 'Bluebellies' at the rate of one hundred per day."

Cattle Disease.—The Lowell Courier says the cattle disease has made its appearance at Littleton, Mass., within a few days, and one man, Mr. Andrew Priest, has been obliged to kill sixteen head of cattle; and others are fearful of being obliged to make sacrifices of the same character.

Elopement at Louisville.—The people of Louisville are gossiping over a bit of scandal, caused by the elopement of a young lady of St. Louis with an old man. The pair fled to Louisville, whither the maiden's father followed her; but, after a great deal of excitement, the fugitives escaped.

Death of Gen. Corcoran.—Gen. Corcoran died at Fairfax Court House on Tuesday evening. A few days previous, he was severely injured by falling from his horse.

A Daring Robbery.—Mr. Rosenthal, of Indianapolis, Ind., was robbed, a few nights since, in a very daring manner. The back door from the yard was forced, and the door opening into Mr. Rosenthal's bedroom entered by means of burglar's implements. Suddenly, Mr. Rosenthal was awakened by a man standing with a knife over him, and threatening to kill him if he made the slightest noise or the slightest demonstration. He threatened Mrs. Rosenthal, who is in a delicate way. The result was, that the burglar, who was masked, took from the pillows under Mr. and Mrs. Rosenthal's heads twenty-five hundred dollars in greenbacks, ten dollars in gold coin, and one dollar in another. The burglar, coolly standing over Mr. and Mrs. Rosenthal, with his knife drawn, counted the money, pronounced it right, and then, saying that he was going to search a bureau in another room, backed out, knife in hand, and probably loaded down with pistols, keeping his eye all the time upon Mr. and Mrs. Rosenthal, lying in bed. He, the burglar, according to all suppositions of the case, did not stop at the aforesaid bureau, but went out the back way, climbed the fence, and put with his $2,511.

Human Frailties.—E. P. Ambler, a prominent citizen of Trumbull, Ct., is now on trial for the seduction of a deaf and dumb girl, who is "a mother but no wife."——Henry Abbe of Enfield, Ct., has been acquitted of the seduction of Miss Georgiana Comwell, notwithstanding parties who had watched them swore to seeing them have illicit intercourse in a grove one evening after singing school. The parties are highly respectable, and the testimony of the girl, who swore to going directly home after the singing school, upset all other witnesses against her.——The New Bedford Mercury says the young lady who suddenly disappeared from that city several days since has been heard from in New York.

The Funeral of Gen. Buford.—The funeral of Gen. Buford, who died in Washington last week, took place at West Point, Tuesday afternoon. He was a brave and valuable cavalry officer. He scarcely ever slept in a tent, but wrapped himself up in his blanket and laid down in front of a big fire, and thus was ever ready for any emergency. If there was one man in our army more hated and feared than another by the rebels, that man was Brig. Gen. John Buford. His last words were highly characteristic of the man and the soldier: "Send for the brigade commanders; put guards on all these roads and keep those men from going to the rear."

A National Bankrupt Law.—We notice that Judge Spaulding of Ohio—one of the ablest and soundest of the many able and sound new Members of Congress has moved the appointment of a Select Committee of Nine on the subject of a National Bankrupt Law, and that the House adopted the resolution, after defeating, by a vote of 86 to 69, a motion that it do lie on the table. Is it with a view of National bankruptcy, to follow the war, that such a law is needed? If so, go on Mr. Spaulding.

Riot Suppressed.—One hundred and forty nail-makers in the iron foundry at Neponset struck for higher wages Saturday afternoon, and there were indications of a serious riot. The town authorities on being notified of the affair, sent to Boston for police aid, which was promptly furnished, and eleven of the leading strikers were arrested and committed to jail. The other workmen then quietly dispersed, and will probably resume work at the old prices.

Napoleon Implicated.—In the capture of a recent blockade runner at Wilmington, N. C., a mail bag was secured, in which were found letters from the rebel agent in Paris, stating that the Emperor of France had clandestinely given his influence to blockade running by way of Matamoras, which has been stopped by Gen. Banks. Personal interviews with the emperor are mentioned, in which he is reported to have guaranteed protection to blockade runners.

Canadian Laborers.—Large batches of young men, principally French Canadians from the country, are daily leaving Montreal for the Iron Mountain and other places in the States. Many go to the mines in Pennsylvania for employment, being attracted by the reported high rates of wages. It is estimated that during the past few weeks several hundred from Montreal and the country have left for Yankee land in search of employment.

Our Neutral Friends.—When the Chesapeake was captured and our authorities had some of the pirates in their hands, they were rescued by a mob at Halifax, and there is little prospect that the villains will ever be caught again. The capture of the Chesapeake was, undoubtedly, a Nova Scotia enterprise, which our "neutral" friends felt bound to protect.

Terrible Affair.—At Shelbyville, Indiana, on Thursday night, last week, two young boys were arrested for a slight misdemeanor and sent to the Shelbyville jail, where a crazy man was confined, previous to being sent to the asylum. Next morning, when the jailor went to give his prisoners their breakfast, the boys were found weltering in blood their throats cut from ear to ear.

Boiler Explosions.—By the explosion of a steam boiler in a morocco factory at South Danvers, Mass., on the 22d, a Mr. Cutler was killed, and two engineers were seriously wounded.——A locomotive on the Fitchburg road exploded Tuesday, killing the engineer and fireman, and throwing several cars off the track. A brakeman was also seriously injured.

A Life Sentence.—Some months since, Mr. James Monroe Sawyer was fatally stabbed in the street in Boston by Edward Owens, while walking with a young woman named Etta Stanley—jealousy being the cause. Owens pleaded guilty of murder in the second degree, and on the 21st was sentenced to the State Prison for life.

Abolition of Slavery in Virginia.—The Joint Committee of the Senate and House of Delegates of Virginia, at Alexandria, have agreed on a bill calling a convention for abolishing slavery in that State.

## PALMER AND VICINITY.

The Baptist society have procured a new instrument, a harmonium, for their choir.

Commercial School.—Mr. J. M. Brown advertises in another column that he will open a commercial school at his photograph rooms next Wednesday evening.

Anniversary Levee.—The anniversary of the battle of New Orleans will be celebrated by a Social Levee at the Nassowanno House, on the evening of the 8th of January.

Wales Soldier Killed.—A Palmer boy in the 16th Mass. regiment writes us that Austin Pratt, of Wales, was killed in a skirmish with the enemy, when Meade made his last attempt to annihilate Lee's army.

The dancing school of Mr. Bacon, at Antique Hall, has commenced on the last half, and outsiders can now participate in the pleasant little cotillon parties which occur after school hours. The schools are held on Friday evenings.

Wilbraham.—A fair and festival will be held in the Methodist church at Wilbraham, next Wednesday evening, at which Rev. Nelson Stutson, of Springfield, will recite a poem on King Cotton.

Our Neighboring Towns.—Brimfield has filled its quota of 16 men; Monson has raised 6 of its quota of 34; and Wilbraham 20 of its 28. We do not learn that Wales or Holland have raised the first man on their quotas.

Teeth Extracted without Pain.—Prof. Williams, of Boston, is in town, and will remain till next Thursday, stopping at Dr Cowan's office, and will attend to the extraction of teeth, promising to do it without pain, the patient taking nitrous oxide gas.

F. T. Wallace, Esq., formerly of Palmer, recently made a very sensible speech at a banquet given at Cleveland, Ohio, to Hon. A. G. Riddle, previous to his departure as United States Consul at Mantanzas. The speech was frequently applauded for its outbursts of eloquence and wit.

The big squash raised in Brimfield, and shown at the recent exhibition of our Eastern Hampden Agricultural Society, was drawn through the streets of New York last week, by Mr. Herring's notable team of horses, and attracted a good deal of notice. Mr. Herring, with his family, is spending the winter in Cuba.

Wants to Correspond.—A young soldier in the Mass. 27th regiment sends us an advertisement to publish, in which he expresses a desire to correspond with a young lady, for the sake of amusing himself in camp. If the pay for the advertisement had been sent too, some young lady might have had a chance at the soldier.

Going on Bravely.—As the day of drafting draws near, volunteering grows livelier.—We have now twenty-four men on our quota, and have only 13 more to raise. Several others are talking of enlisting, and the prospect is good that our selectmen will secure the number before the 5th of January. Yet there is some earnest work to be done before that time in order to bring this about.

Runaway.—Dr. Comins' horse ran, with a sleigh, from the Antique House on to the track of the New London railroad, on Thursday. The sleigh, coming in contact with a freight car, was smashed into kindling wood, and the doctor's medicine was profusely scattered about the premises. Some poor fellow has escaped taking disagreeable doses by that accident.

Belchertown.—War meetings are the order of the day in Belchertown, and volunteering is lively.——The ladies will hold a festival in the new town house next Thursday and Friday evenings.——John T. Thurston and Calvin Bridgman, merchants, have dissolved partnership, the former remaining at the old stand.—The trees up in Logtown were so loaded down with ice, last Sunday, that many of them had to be cut down in order to clear the roads that people might get to church.

Business Changes.—Messrs. Newton & Converse have sold out their grocery business in Nassowanno Block to D. B. Bishop, of Thorndike. Mr. Dimock has, also, sold out his grocery and provision business, in Palmer House Block, to Alonzo Parks; and Mr. Dimock has bought out the boot and shoe store of Daniel Granger, in the Journal Block. Mr. Granger contemplates opening a clothing store in Commercial Block. Several other business changes are talked of.

The Second War Meeting.—The second war meeting, held last Saturday evening, was not attended with much success, as no recruits were obtained that evening. Rev. Mr. Parkhurst, of Warren, was the principal speaker. He was followed by Capt. Francis, of Thorndike, who made the novel proposition that, if twenty men could be found in the audience willing to serve without bounties, he would be one to go with them. On putting the question to a vote, Capt. Francis was the only one who voted "aye." He is still waiting for the twenty volunteers to go with him down to Dixie, where he may find use for that polished sword presented to him by the people of Palmer previous to his return from the army, last spring.

☞ A man with his face blacked lately called on Mrs. Hubbard, of Dayton, Ohio, and, presenting a pistol at her head, ordered her to fetch him what silver she had. She went up stairs and brought down a loaded pistol, when he left.

☞ The 56th (veteran) regiment, at Readville, contains upwards of 500 men, made up, to a great extent, from the nine months' regiments.

☞ A man sat down on the sidewalk, in Quebec, a few days ago, and froze to death, dozens of people passing all the while.

☞ Gen. Burnside has returned home, and will retire from the army.

### New Publications.

Three pretty volumes, and appropriate gifts for the holidays are those entitled "The Wild Man of the West," "Red Eric, or the Whaler's Last Cruise," and "Dick Rodney, or Adventures of the Eton Boy," published by Crosby & Nichols, Boston, and for sale by Bridgman & Whitney, Springfield. All that is wild, daring and exciting to a thrilling degree is woven into these pages—adventures by sea and land, mountain explorations, eventful voyages, and even adventures among the clouds, including touches of love and romance, such as always interest. The young reader will find these volumes just what the eager appetite for reading craves, and will feel happily rewarded in perusing them.

The January number of the Atlantic Monthly, commences the 13th volume. This periodical has steadily increased in popularity under the management of its present publishers, Ticknor & Fields, and now stands high in the literary world. Among its writers are such names as Longfellow, Whittier, Emerson, Holmes, Agassiz, Bryant, Hawthorne, Lowell, Mrs. H. B. Stowe, and others, many of whom have won their celebrity to a great degree in its pages. Its good aid to the cause of liberty and progress is always freely given.

A New Book.—"Beyond the lines, or a Yankee prisoner loose in Dixie," by Rev. Capt. J. J. Geer, being an account of his capture at the battle of Shiloh, his trial for his life before Hardee, Bragg, Beauregard, and several other prominent rebel generals, his long imprisonment in various places, escape and wanderings barefoot 250 miles through swamps and woods, by night, now fed by negroes, now subsisting on frogs, roots, and berries, and his recapture 35 miles from our gunboats. His account of subsequent sufferings is of thrilling interest. With a fine steel portrait of the author, and numerous illustrations of the most striking incidents. On good paper, well bound in cloth, 285 pages. Sent post-paid, with particulars to agents, on receipt of the price, $1, by the publisher, J. W. Daughaday, 1308 Chestnut st., Philada.

Fire.—Not far from one o'clock on Wednesday morning, a fire was discovered in the dry house of George H. Gilbert & Co.'s woolen mill, in Ware village. The alarm soon brought both fire engines; but, when they were placed in proper position, both of them refused to work. For some unknown cause, pumping brought no water. The force pump of the factory was in no better condition just then, and had no better success. Thus stood men and machines, all impotent for good, while the fire did its perfect work. Loss, about $1500.

Reconstruction in Tennessee.—Steps are likely very soon to be taken in Tennessee to reorganize the local authorities of the State, and put the machinery of Government again in motion. Hon. Horace Maynard, Attorney General of the State, has written a letter on the subject, which advises an election for county and town officers on the first Saturday of March next. The old Constitution, and the laws as they stood in May, 1861, will be the guide.

Shocking Explosion.—The Richmond Whig of Dec. 15, says: On Thursday last an explosion took place at the Chesterfield Coal pits from the ignition of gas in Raccoon Pit, near Clover Hill, 29 miles from Richmond. Sixteen men were killed and three injured. The accident occasioned a tremendous explosion, and the flames from the hissing gas ascended some hundreds of feet above the orifice of the pit. The overseer, Mr. Raritan, is among the dead.

A Debt to be Paid.—If a man could pay a debt with one dollar before the fifth day of January, for which he would be obliged to pay two dollars after that date, we should all say that he would be foolish not to avail himself of the privilege. We have got to discharge a debt to our country in *men*, not in dollars. One man now will count more than two hereafter. Every man now enlisted is equal to two drafted men. Keep it before the people.

Singular Fire.—The barns and shops of Mr. Chase of Springfield, Vt., were destroyed by fire, 11th instant, under very peculiar circumstances. He states that seeing a light he went out and found his barns on fire, and his cows, twelve in number, turned out in the yard, a horse led out and tied to the fence, with an old harness beside him; a part of his farming tools had also been brought out, and all this before six o'clock in the evening.

Kerosene Explosion.—A kerosene lamp exploded in a New York horse-car Thursday, with a report like that of a pistol. The burning fluid was scattered over one of the passengers, who took his coat off, and thus saved himself from fearful injury. The straw on the floor was also set on fire, but was soon extinguished. The car was full, and the greatest consternation prevailed for a few moments.

Hate South Carolinians.—Col. Lockwood's regiment (the 7th Virginia, Union,) captured several prisoners belonging to the 6th Georgia, who, being asked whether there were any South Carolinians among them replied—"No! —— South Carolinians! if we'd only turned in and whipped South Carolina, we' been a —— sight better off!"

Want Peace.—The two Sioux chiefs, Sweetcorn and Standing Buffalo, have sent a message to Major Hatch, at Pembina, expressing a desire to make a treaty of peace. General Sibley has appointed Father Andrie, the Catholic priest at St. Joseph, Commissioner on the part of the United States to confer with them.

Damaged Hearts.—The daughter of a well known commission merchant in Chicago has instituted a suit against a prominent physician of that city for a breach of promise of marriage—damages $25,000. Another young lady in Chardon, Wisconsin, has just received a verdict of $10,000 damages in a similar case.

☞ A man holding a policy of one thousand dollars in one of the Manchester life insurance offices, enlisted a few days since, and, visiting the office where he was insured, said he was going to war, and, in all probability, should be killed. He had, therefore, come down to see if they could pay him half the sum, on account!

Torn Down.—A row of shanties on New Jersey Avenue, represented to be a place where drunkenness and disorder ruled, and where soldiers were robbed and beaten, and others, probably, aided to desert, was, a few days ago, quietly torn down by the military authorities. This is, certainly, a summary way of abating an alleged nuisance.—*Wash. Cor.*

DR. HALSTED, of Round Hill Water Cure, Northampton, Mass., has so far perfected his "Motopathic System" of treatment, that many cases of incipient *prolapsus uteri*, kindred weaknesses and ulcerations can be cured by one consultation, and the following of his instructions. The plan and remedies for self or home treatment are potent and restorative. They dispel pain and weakness in the back, strengthen the nerves, tone the stomach and obviate indigestion and constipation.

Confirmed cases and bed-ridden patients can be so much relieved from one visit as to give them faith of ultimate recovery at his institution. Water-treatment may be used to tone the system, or it may not; but supporters, caustic or harsh treatment never. The organ, once only Motopathically adjusted, no ordinary exertion will displace it; and after a short treatment its healthy condition becomes fixed and permanent.

This method is so simple and reliable that it is a revolution in the treatment of woman's diseases. Physicians are cordially invited to test its value. Their attention is also called to his treatment for neuralgia and spinal difficulties by which the vital forces are renewed, strength and elasticity restored and broken down constitutions renovated. The names of thousands of invalids who have been cured at his institution are on record with a history of their sufferings. Further information will be given if desired.

WAR AND PEACE.—The law of compensation always holds—one man invents a new bullet, another produces a box of salve to heal the wound the bullet inflicts. *Grace's celebrated Salve* is now packed side by side with cartridges in the soldier's knapsack. Let every friend of the soldier take care to provide him with a box of this invaluable remedy for burns, scalds, flesh wounds, boils, bruises, piles, erysipelas, and all inflammatory diseases of the skin. The most excruciating pains are allayed by its use better than by the strongest opiate. 25 cts. a box. See advertisement in another column.

GUERRILLA BANDS.—It has been ascertained that the rebel Government has sent commissions to guerrilla leaders, and given them special authority to raise bands for marauding purposes. The returned soldiers and deserters from the rebel army are organizing into pillaging bands with great alacrity, in order to escape all possibility of conscription into the rebel service. The guerrilla warfare is more pleasant than that in the regular rank and file of the Confederate army, besides being far more profitable.

ATTENTION COMPANY!—Volunteers, who expect to retain their health unimpaired during the campaign, must see to it themselves, do not trust to the Army Surgeons, supply yourselves with HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT. Every English Soldier's Knapsack contains them. Only 25 cents per box or pot. 212

V. L. Dr. Tobias' Venetian Horse Liniment. V. L.

Pint bottles at 50 cents each, for lameness, cuts, galls, colic, sprains, &c., warranted cheaper than any other. It is used by all the great horsemen on Long Island courses. It will not cure ringbone nor spavin, as there is no liniment in existence that will. What it is stated to cure it positively does. *No owner of Horses will be without after trying one bottle.* One dose revives and often saves the life of an over heated or driven horse. For colic and belly-ache it has never failed. Just as sure as the sun rises, just so sure is this valuable Liniment to be the Horse Embrocation of the day.

Sold by all druggists. Office. 56 Courtlandt street, New York. V. L. V. L.

## CROUP.

New Haven, Dec. 11, 1862.

Having been taught that medicines, in order to be valuable, must originate with some particular faculty or school, we considered patent medicines, (so-called,) a humbug, until after losing our beloved child with Croup, we were forced by the sufferings of another from the same disease, and the advice of friends, to try Coe's Cough Balsam. Little Eddie had gone, and though we loved him, we would not call him from his quiet rest to share the sorrows of this unfriendly world. But Willie, is there no remedy for thee? We found it in Coe's Cough Balsam. It relieved him in about twenty minutes, to our great joy, and the surprise of others. We cannot be hired to dispense with this priceless blessing, and we are glad to learn that Mr. Coe has made arrangements with parties whereby it may become more extensively known. In view of this let us say to every parent, when your child is suffering with croup give it this Balsam, give it freely. If we did not believe it to be the best remedy for you, we certainly would not say it.

EDWARD GWINNELL.
MERCY GWINNELL.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

C. G. CLARK & CO., Proprietors, New Haven, Conn. See advertisement in another column.

[Communicated.]

**Pulmonary Consumption a Curable Disease.**
**A Card.—To Consumptives.**

The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address. REV. EDWARD A. WILSON.
4ms19 Williamsburgh, Kings County, N. Y.

*The Confessions and Experience of a Nervous Invalid.*—Published for the benefit and as a caution to young men and others who suffer from nervous Debility, Early Decay, and their kindred ailments—supplying the means of self-cure. By one who has cured himself after being a victim of misplaced confidence in medical humbug and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid directed envelope, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., New York. j24

☞To the young or old, male or female—if you have been suffering from a habit indulged in by the youth of both sexes, which causes so many alarming symptoms; it unfits them for marriage, and is the greatest evil which can befall man or woman. See symptoms enumerated in advertisement, and if you are a sufferer cut out the advertisement and send for it at once. Delays are dangerous. Ask for Helmbold's—take no other.

Cures guaranteed. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. n1

**Important to Females.**

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.—The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations removing all obstruction, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs &c, disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of these irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the most effectual remedy ever known for all complaints peculiar to females. To all classes they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity. They are known to thousands who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America

☞Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each box—the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills sent by mail, promptly, by remitting to the Proprietors. Sold by Druggists generally.

HEECHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors, 81 Cedar st., New York. Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Agent, Palmer. 1yag.29

FROM THE WESTERN PLAINS.—Capt. Fiske and his party have arrived at St. Paul from their journey over the plains. His party consisted of but fifty-three men, three of whom deserted on the 26th of July and went to Pembina, where they connected the story of the massacres which we received some time since. They report that Bannock City is being depopulated by the rush to the Virginia City mines. At the Virginia City mines the miners averaged $15 per day, and some as high as $50, $55 and even $100. The inhabitants of this gulch number some 4,000 or 5,000, and the average product is from $250,000 to $300,000 per week.

### MARRIED.

In Blackstone (Millville,) 22d, by Rev. Mr. Rumney, JAMES KNOX of Palmer, and Miss N. M. ROBINSON of Millville.

In Tolland, Ct. 17th., by Chauncey Griggs, Esq., LUCIUS FRENCH of Coventry, and JULIA WEBSTER of Tolland.

### DIED.

In Ware, 16th, CARRIE MARIA, 4, daughter of Samuel French.

In Warren, 12th, HORACE WILLIAM, 19, son of Daniel Combs.

In Stafford, 19th. LUCRETIA WARHBURN, 74.

In Tolland, 17th. LEICEST R H. DRAKE, 51.

In Staffordville, 20th, of diptheria, GEORGE, 3, son of Warren Chapin.

In Springfield, 10th, Mrs HANNAH B. ALDEN, 58, widow of the late Dr. W. B. Alden of Ludlow

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST—A PLAIN GOLD SCARF PIN. Somewhere on Main street. The finder will confer a favor by leaving it at this office.

Palmer, Dec. 24, 1863.

## TEETH EXTRACTED, POSITIVELY WITHOUT PAIN!

## Nitrous Oxide Gas,

Will positively produce insensibility to pain, is perfectly harmless and pleasant to inhale, and produces no disagreeable effects.

Although administered for years, has only recently been adopted as an anæsthetic for extracting teeth, but with astonishing success.

PROF. WILLIAMS,

Has administered it for Dental operations in Boston, Springfield, Hartford, and other cities during the last three months, hundreds manifesting their appreciation of its uniform and favorable results.

DR. A. B. COWAN,

Would respectfully announce that he has engaged the services of Prof. R. W. Williams, of the "Williams Dental Association" of Boston, formed for the introduction of this new anæsthetic, who will administer the gas for a few days only, at his rooms in LAWRENCE BLOCK, PALMER,

From SATURDAY, DEC. 26, 1863, until THURSDAY MORNING, DEC. 31.

Prof. Williams has had extensive practice in making and administering the Nitrous Oxide to over 7,000 persons, as an anæsthetic for Dental operations.

Let it be distinctly understood that this gas as prepared by Prof. Williams, does not produce any exciting effect; it pleasantly, quietly and quickly renders the patient insensible to pain, while its influence is transient, and never produces ill effects. We give it to persons in the most delicate health, to those suffering from Heart Disease, Lung Complaint, &c., with perfect impunity. Tens of thousands have inhaled it without the first injurious result.

The following statement by Dr. C. T. Jackson is a sufficient guarantee of its purity, the apparatus of Messrs. Dillingham & Coolidge having been furnished by Prof. Williams, and the gas manufactured and administered by him:

BOSTON, Oct. 17, 1863.

Drs. J. R. Dillingham and J. B. Coolidge, Dentists.—GENTLEMEN:—I have examined the apparatus, materials, and your process for preparation of "Nitrous Oxide Gas," and also tested the gas in your gasometer, and find the apparatus of the most approved kind, the materials PURE, and the gas free from all deleterious matter.

C. T. JACKSON, M. D., State Assayer.

N. B. Persons wishing to avail themselves of the experience of Prof. Williams in administering the Nitrous Oxide, are requested to bear in mind that his stay in Palmer will necessarily be limited, on account of engagements in Boston and elsewhere.

PALMER, Dec. 26th, 1863.

## Brown's Commercial College.

THE FIRST COURSE of Brown's Commercial College will commence on Wednesday evening, Dec. 30, at 6½ o'clock, at the Palmer Art Gallery, known as the South Side Picture Rooms, to continue Monday and Friday evenings of each week.

Business Penmanship upon the Spencerian basis, Book-keeping, Commercial Arithmetic, Business Correspondence, &c., will be taught. No class system—Students may enter at any time. Ladies and Gentlemen received for any one or all of the above branches.

For terms, &c., apply to J. M. BROWN,
Palmer, Dec. 26, 1863. Principal.

## FURS! FURS! FURS!

## GREAT BARGAINS

—IN FURS AT—

S. W. AVERY'S,

195 MAIN ST. . . . . SPRINGFIELD.

One of the LARGEST STOCKS in Western Mass. to select from, consisting of

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| American Sable Capes, Collars, and Muffs. | | | |
| Hudson Bay Sable | " | " | " |
| Fitch | " | " | " |
| Siberian Squirrel | " | " | " |
| River Sable | " | " | " |
| French Sable | " | " | " |
| Gent's Beaver Caps, Collars, and Gloves. | | | |
| " Nutre | " | " | " |

☞All of which will be sold at prices which ☞will defy competition.☜

—ALSO—

## HATS, CAPS,

—AND—

FURNISHING GOODS,

In Great Variety! Come One! Come All!

*Now is the Time for Bargains!*

Remember the Place,
No. 195 MAIN ST., UNION BLOCK, SPRINGFIELD.
P. S.—Cash paid for Shipping Furs. 3md19.

## SOUTH SIDE PICTURE ROOMS.

OPPOSITE THE ANTIQUE HOUSE.

PICTURES taken in all the Latest Styles, from a Gem to a Life Size Portrait.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED, OR NO CHARGE MADE.

Cartes de Visites, Ambrotypes.
Vignettes. Melaineotypes.
Imperial and Life Size Portrait.

☞Photographs colored if desired. By our new process of coloring Cartes de Visite Photographs, the

BEAUTY AND DURABILITY

of the Picture is very much improved. We cordially invite the public to

**Give us a Trial.**

We do not promise to work cheaper than others, but hope to please our patrons.

Rooms open from 7 to 12 A. M., and 1 to 5 P. M.

Palmer, Oct. 31. A. W. CLARK. J. M. BROWN, } Artists.

NOTICE.—Whereas my daughter, AGNES L. WASHBURN, has left her home, I hereby forbid any one harboring or trusting her on my account. SETH B. WASHBURN.
JERSEY CITY, N. J., Dec. 16th, 1863.

## BOOTS & SHOES.

The only Boot and Shoe store between Springfield and Worcester is at Palmer depot,

IN THE PALMER JOURNAL BLOCK.

The subscriber has over **$2,500 worth of Boots and Shoes** in his store, for sale at one-half of the profits usually made by retailers. His Men's, Boys', Youth's, and Children's Thick Boots were made expressly for him by the best manufacturers in the state, of the

BEST QUALITY OF STOCK,

Consisting of the celebrated "Monitor Boot," double sole and tap, double sole, and one-half double sole—great assortment. The greatest improvement is

THE RUBBER SOLE

water proof boots and shoes. Every man, woman, and child should have a pair. The very best men's, boys', and youth's

CALF BOOTS

may be found at this store. Women's, misses,' and children's peble calf and serge, double sole,

TIP BALMORALS AND GAITERS,

in fact every variety, quality, and style may be had. A full assortment of

RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES.

Everybody will find it to their pecuniary interest to buy their fall and winter supply of boots and shoes of the subscriber.

Please Give Him a Call.

D. GRANGER.
Palmer, Oct. 10, 1863. 1y.

## NEW GROCERY STORE!

HAVING purchased of S. W. SMITH his stock in trade, I shall continue the Grocery business at his old stand in the

PALMER HOUSE BLOCK,

where I shall be happy to wait on all the old customers of the store, and as many new ones as will give me a call, and show them

A GOOD ASSORTMENT

—OF—

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

which I will sell

*At the Lowest Market Prices for Cash.*

☞BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS and Farmers' Produce wanted in exchange for Goods.

☞Call and see me.

LYMAN DIMOCK.
Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

## NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.

As we deal largely in

FLOUR AND GRAIN,

we are enabled to make purchases at

LOW FIGURES,

and sell in the same manner.

All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

☞Remember the place—

At the Palmer Steam Mill.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.
Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

## NEW FALL GOODS!

—AT—

BERAN & HORNER'S,

No. 3 State st., 2d door from Main,
SPRINGFIELD . . . . . MASS.,

Which we offer

## CHEAP FOR CASH!

ALL OUR GOODS ARE MARKED WITH LAST YEAR'S PRICES.

PLEASE CALL EARLY,
And Secure Bargains.

Respectfully, BERAN & HORNER.
No 3, State st., 2d door from Main st. Springfield, Mass.

## LOOK HERE!

## HARNESSES,

LAP ROBES,

*Blankets and Surcingles,*

Can be found at the CARRIAGE FACTORY AT PALMER, at LOW PRICES. d12 3w*

STATEMENT OF THE

## Thames Fire Insurance Co.,

Of Norwich, Connecticut, to the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts, for the year ending Nov 1, 1863.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| When incorporated, | | 1859 |
| Amount of Capital, | | $1'3,900 00 |
| Amount of Capital actually paid in, | | 113,900 00 |
| Number of shares and par value, | 1139 | 100 00 |
| Amount of Fire Risks outstanding, | | 3,253,821 92 |
| Amount of United States Stock or Treasury Notes owned by the Company, par value, $24,950 00; market value | | 25,666 25 |
| Amount of Bank Stock. | par val. | mkt. val. |
| 100 shs. Merchants B'k, N.Y. | $5,000 | $5,500 |
| 250 shs. Phenix B'k, N. Y. | 5,000 | 5,500—11 000 00 |
| Cash on hand, | | 3,126 40 |
| Cash in hands of Agents | | 3,056 26 |
| Loaned on real estate, | | 74,350 00 |
| Loaned on Collateral, | | 9,800 00 |
| Bills receivable, | | 273 69 |
| All other investments, | | 428 00 |
| Accrued interest, | | 3,700 00 |
| Losses adjusted, not due, | | 5,082 32 |
| Amt of losses claimed and unpaid, and upon which the liability of the Company is not determined, | | 1,909 64 |
| No other claims. | | |
| Cash received for premiums on fire risks, | | 37,714 82 |
| Amount of cash received for interest, | | 7,124 27 |
| Fire losses paid last year, | | 28,105 95 |
| Amt. of expenses of office, | | 3,098 44 |
| Amt. of other expenditures, (including commissions, returned premiums, taxes, postage, agency expenses, travelling expenses, Internal Revenue, and Stamp Tax, | | 7,146 26 |
| Amt. received on fire risks not terminated, | | 40,000 00 |
| Amt. required to re insure all out-standing risks, | | 16,000 00 |
| Highest rate of interest received, | | 7 3 10 per ct. |
| Balance to debit of profit and loss account, | | 16,301 63 |

AMOS W. PRENTICE, President.
W. S. BRAKENRIDGE, Secretary.

State of Connecticut, }
New London Co., ss. Norwich, Nov. 7, 1863. }

Personally appeared Amos W. Prentice, President, and W. S. Brakenridge, Secretary of the above company, and severally made oath that the above statement, by them subscribed, is, in their belief, true. Before me,

JEREMIAH HALSEY, Justice of the Peace.

DIRECTORS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Amos W. Prentice. | Henry Bill. |
| N. C. Brakenridge. | J. Lloyd Greene. |
| Isaac Johnson. | Jeremiah Halsey. |
| H. H. Osgood. | George W. Smith. |
| H. H. Starkweather. | James D. Mowry. |
| Wm. P. Nash. | Ashbel Woodward. |
| A. P. Willoughby. | David Gallup. |

E. R. Thompson.
AMOS W. PRENTICE, President.
JAS. LLOYD GREENE, Treasurer.
W. S. BRAKEERIDGE, Secretary.
CHARLES E. DYER, Assistant Secretary.
d19. CHARLES W. RICE, Agent.

## CHRISTMAS

— AND —

## NEW YEARS

## GIFTS!

## BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,

*Corner of Main and State Streets,*

SPRINGFIELD . . . . . MASS.,

Are now ready to show by far

THE BEST ASSORTMENT

—OF—

CHRISTMAS BOOKS

Ever offered by them or any one else in this section.

CALL AND EXAMINE our

Illustrated Books,

In Fine Bindings,

All the NEW GIFT BOOKS,

PHOTOGRAPHS FOR FRAMING,

CARD PHOTOGHAPHS,

For Photograph Albums.

OVER 300 AMBROTYPES, from the Purest Engravings, framed in

BLACK WALNUT, PLAIN and CARVED, and *PASSE PARTOUT.*

To these we would call especial attention, and to our

CARVED BLACK WALNUT BRACKETS,

PICTURE FRAMES,

BOOK RACKS, &c., &c.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,

A Splendid Assortment, of every style and Price.

BOOKS FOR THE CHILDREN.

An ENDLESS VARIETY of them, and of

PICTURE BOOKS,
TOY BOOKS,
GAMES! GAMES!

*Writing Desks,*

Rosewood, Mahogany, and Morocco.

PORTFOLIOS.

DRESSING CASES,

Beautiful Styles.

FAMILY BIBLES,

From two to twenty-five dollars,

SUPERB STYLES.

POCKET BIBLES, PRAYER BOOKS,

LADIES' HAND BAGS,

ELEGANT BOOK MARKS.

GOLD PENS,

A new supply.

FANCY PEN-HOLDERS,

A Fresh Stock of

FINE STATIONERY.

FANCY ARTICLES,

For Gifts.

Children's Books,

For all ages.

Those who have examined our Christmas Gifts for many years, will find them this year more numerous and beautiful than ever.

BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,
Corner of Main and State Streets,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

## CHEAPER!

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

## DRESS GOODS,

In variety of Styles, Colors, and Qualities.

STILL CHEAPER!

SEASONABLE

## PRINTS,

D'LAINES AND CHALLIES,

Bleached & Brown Cottons,

&c., &c., &c.

ALSO,

PRETTY STYLES OF

SUMMER SHAWLS,
SUN UMBRELLAS
LIGHT BALMORALS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS
HOOP SKIRTS,

BESIDES A GENERAL VARIETY OF

HOSIERY, GLOVES, THREAD,

SILK,

AND SMALL WARES,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

—AND—

FLOUR, TEAS, COFFEE,

SUGAR, OILS, SPICES, &c.

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT.

M. W. FRENCH.

## GREAT BARGAINS!

FOR THE NEXT

SIXTY DAYS.

## $25,000.00

WORTH OF

## NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

JUST OPENED AT

J. H. STORRS & Co's,

WARE, MASS.

3000 Yards of the latest styles of

DELAINES,

Just received and selling at 25 cents

Also, 8000 yards of

COTTONS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Fine Brown Cottons, | 17 " |
| Heavy Brown Cottons, | 28 " |

## DRESS GOODS.

Silk Warp Cashmeres. Empress Cloths.
Wool Repps. Plain Scarlet Merinos.
Scotch Plaids. Plain Alpaccas.
Comprising all the new shades and colors.
BLACK SILKS, at old prices.
FANCY SILKS, " "

In fact we have everything that can be found at a

First Class Dry Goods Store.

## Cloaks. Cloaks. Cloaks.

100 Cloaks, in new styles, on exhibition, and to be sold

*"AT PRICES that DEFY COMPETITION."*

Wool, Beavers, Doeskins, Union Beavers, Broadcloths, and other Cloakings, in great variety.

FURS! FURS! FURS!

$3000 WORTH, just opened, and selling CHEAP! CHEAP! CHEAP!

## Millinery Department.

We have just received from New York and Boston *The Largest Assortment of Millinery Goods* that was ever offered in this county, comprising

ALL THE LATEST STYLES AND NOVELTIES

Of the season.

100 *VELVET AND SILK BONNETS*

Of the latest styles,

To be sold at $2 each less than they can be purchased for in other places.

New styles of HATS, RIBBONS,
NUBIAS, WREATHS,
WOOL HOODS, TRIMMINGS,
&c., &c., &c.

☞All those who wish to buy

DRY GOODS & MILLINERY

10 TO 20 PER CENT. CHEAPER

Than prices asked at other stores,

GO TO THE CELEBRATED

Millinery and Dry Goods

EMPORIUM

—OF—

J. H. STORRS & CO,
Ware Village, Mass.

☞To persons coming from a distance, ☞"Extra inducements are offered."

## Winner's Perfect Guides

TO THE USE OF

EVERY MUSICAL INSTRUMENT.

Winner's Perfect Guide for the Violin.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Flute.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Guitar.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Piano.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Melodeon.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Accordeon.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Fife.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Clarionet.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Flageolet.

—ALSO—

Winner's Flute and Piano Duets.
Winner's Violin and Piano Duets.

The instructions in these books are given in a manner adapted to the comprehension of all grades of scholars. The exercises illustrating and enforcing the lessons are not dry and tedious, but sprightly and enlivening, and the selection of music, varying from the simple to the difficult, comprises the most popular melodies of the day. Price of each, 50 cents, on receipt of which copies will be mailed post paid.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers,
n14. 277 Washington St., Boston. 1y

## THE NEW YORK CLOTHING COMPANY

Have taken the Store,

138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,

For the purpose of selling

## CLOTHING,

From one of

*THE LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS*

in the City of New York,

—AT—

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

ANY ONE WISHING

A Good Substantial Article

FOR A

LITTLE MONEY,

WOULD DO WELL TO

EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

*ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE*

*WARRANTED*

TO BE JUST AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit; or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,

WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.

Our terms of sale are strictly for cash, and

WE GUARANTEE

## A BETTER ARTICLE

*OF CLOTHING FOR THE SAME PRICE*

than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at the

New York Clothing Co's

*SALESROOM,*

138 MAIN ST.,

Corner of Main and Vernon Streets, nearly opposite the Baptist Church,

SPRINGFIELD . . . . . MASS.

n21tf

## SAPONIFIER,

Or Concentrated

LYE.

*THE FAMILY SOAP-MAKER.*

*Economy! Economy!*

Every Family can make its own Soap from waste kitchen grease, at a cost of only four cents per pound with Saponifier, which is three times the strength of Potash.

Full directions accompany each one-pound *iron* can.

NOTICE.—The genuine Saponifier is only put up in one-pound *iron* cans, by the

PENNSYLVANIA SALT-MANUFACTURING CO.,

Patentees and sole Manufacturers. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure you buy the *iron* can.

For sale by
CHAS. TOPPAN, 16 Blackstone st., Boston,
MERRILL BROS., 215 State st., "
n7. And Druggists and Grocers generally. 3m.
WOOD & ALLEN, Agents, Palmer, Mass.

THE

## Singer Sewing Machines,

Our LETTER A FAMILY SEWING MACHINE is fast gaining a world-wide reputation. It is beyond doubt the best and cheapest and most beautiful of all Family Sewing Machines yet offered to the public. No other Family Sewing Machine has so many appliances for Hemming, Binding, Felling, Tucking, Gathering, Guaging, Braiding, Embroidering, Cording, and so forth. No other Family Sewing Machine has so much capacity for a great variety of work. It will sew all kinds of cloth, and with all kinds of thread. Great and recent improvements make our Family Sewing Machine most reliable, and most durable, and most certain in action at all rates of speed. It makes the interlocked stitch, which is the best stitch known. Any one, even of the most ordinary capacity, can see, at a glance, how to use the letter A Family Sewing Machine. Our Family Sewing Machines are finished in chaste and exquisite style.

The Folding Case of the Family Machine is a piece of cabinet workmanship, of the most useful kind. It protects the machine when not in use, and when about to be operated may be opened as a spacious and substantial table to sustain the work. While some of the cases, made out of the choicest woods, are finished in the simplest and chastest manner possible, others are adorned and embellished in the most costly and superb manner.

It is absolutely necessary to see the Family Machine in operation, so as to judge of its great capacity and beauty.

It is fast becoming as popular for family sewing as our Manufacturing Machines are for manufacturing purposes.

The branch offices are well supplied with silk twist, thread, needles, oil, &c., of the very best quality.

Send for a Pamphlet.

*THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.,*
458 Broadway, New York.
BOSTON OFFICES, 69 Hanover street.
283 Washington street.
PROVIDENCE OFFICE,
Phœnix Build'g, Westminster st.
HARTFORD OFFICE,
5 Allyn House Block.
n21

☞ James Hibbs and James Anderson, horse thieves, confined in the jail at Nashville, Tenn., were recently taken out by two men, who exhibited a pretended order from Gov. Johnson, requiring them for trial in another county, and were found, a few hours afterwards, tied to a tree and dead. They had been shot.

NOBODY TO BLAME.—The jury of inquest in the case of the steamer Isaac Newton, destroyed by the explosion of her boiler, has returned a verdict that the officers and crew were free from all charge of negligence, and the accident was one that could not be forseen or provided against.

☞ The new State of West Virginia has been divided by her legislature into townships, like other free States, and unlike the slave States, which have no civil divisions below counties. She has, also, adopted a comprehensive free school system.

☞ Nearly every evil has its compensation. If a man has but one foot he never treads upon his own toes.

☞ To make a young girl's cheeks red, place her at the wash tub, roll up her sleeves, and then, introduce her beau.

☞ Sidney Smith compares the wishtle of a locomotive to the squeal of an attorney when Satan first gets him.

☞ You cannot dream yourself into a character; you must hammer and forge yourself one.

---

G. L. BRAKENRIDGE'S

## PHOTOGRAPH & AMBROTYPE ROOMS!

are situated three doors west of W. W. Cross' store, STRONG'S BLOCK, PALMER, where you can get

*GOOD PICTURES IN CASES FOR 25 CTS.*

Having the best light and new process, *I do* promise to take pictures, either

Photographs, Ambrotypes, Gem Pictures, or Melaineotypes,

*Cheaper than any other Establishment in Palmer.*

☞ All kinds of copying done.

GEO. L. BRAKENRIDGE.

Palmer, November 7, 1863.

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FRIENDS AND RELATIVES OF THE

BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

*HOLLOWAY'S*

PILLS AND OINTMENT.

All who have friends and relatives in the army or navy should take especial care that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave soldiers and sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

*Coughs and Colds affecting Troops*

Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the directions which are attached to each pot or box.

*Sick Headache, and Want of Appetite, incidental to Soldiers.*

Those feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taken according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

*Weakness or Debility induced by over-fatigue*

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach, and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system, however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

*Volunteers. Attention! Indiscretions of Youth.*

Sores and Ulcers, Blotches and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another; whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system, and leave the patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

*For Wounds either occasioned by the Bayonet, Sabre, or the Bullet, Sores or Bruises.*

To which every soldier and sailor are liable, there are no medicines so safe, sure, and convenient, as Holloway's Pills and Ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflammation.

Every soldier's knapsack and seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable remedies.

*CAUTION!*—None are genuine unless the words, "Holloway, New York and London," are discernible as a *water-mark*, in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box, the same may be plainly seen by holding the leaf to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines, or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞ Sold at the manufactory of Prof. Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States and the civilized world, in Pots and Boxes, at 25 cents, 63 cents, and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot or Box. 18.

☞ Dealers in any well known medicines can have Show Cards, Circulars, &c., sent them, *free of expense*, by addressing Thomas Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York.

---

JOSEPH H. BLAIR,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

[In office formerly occupied by D. Granger, Esq.]

PALMER, MASS.

*References*—Hon. E. D. Beach, E. W. Bond, Esq., Ex-Lieut.-Gov. Trask, Springfield, Mass.

I hereby give notice to the public that I have given up the practice of Law, and my office to J. H. Blair, Esq. D. GRANGER.

A NICE PACK of Wedding or Visiting Cards can be printed at this office at short notice. Wedding Envelopes always on hand.

BOOK BINDING.—Persons having Magazines or Pamphlets, can get them bound at this office.

SEWING MACHINES!

ANY person desiring to purchase a first-rate Sewing Machine can get one cheaper at this office than at any other place.

Palmer, Feb. 7.

---

OLMSTEAD & DICKINSON,

## UPHOLSTERERS,

And Manufacturers of and Dealers in

## FASHIONABLE FURNITURE,

MATTRASSES,

*CURTAINS AND SHADES.*

ALSO,

COMMON FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS.

UNION BLOCK - - - - - - MAIN STREET,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

H. OLMSTEAD. E. W. DICKINSON.

---

## GRAND OPENING!

NEWTON & CONVERSE,

Have bought the stock of GROCERIES of K. H. ALLEN, and will keep

A FULL STOCK

on hand of

FLOUR, MEAL, SALT, LIME, OILS, FLUID, BUTTER, CHEESE,

*Fish, Crockery,*

GLASS, STONE, AND WOODEN WARE,

and will sell

At Wholesale and Retail,

AS LOW, if not LOWER, than any other place in town.

☞ We are receiving fresh goods from market every week.

☞ CALL AND SEE. ☜

NEWTON & CONVERSE.

Palmer, Dec. 27, 1862.

---

## $100 REWARD!

For a medicine that will cure COUGHS, INFLUENZA, TICKLING IN THE THROAT, WHOOPING COUGH.

Or relieve CONSUMPTIVE COUGH, as quick as

## COE'S COUGH BALSAM.

Over 5,000 bottles have been sold in its native town, and not a single instance of its failure is known.

We have in our possession any quantity of certificates, some of them from eminent physicians, who have used it in their practice, and given it the pre-eminence over any other compound.

IT DOES NOT DRY UP A COUGH, but loosens it, so as to enable the patient to expectorate freely.

Two or three doses will invariably cure tickling in the throat.

A half bottle has completely cured the most

STUBBORN COUGH,

and yet, though it is so sure and speedy in its operation, it is perfectly harmless, being purely vegetable. It is very agreable to the taste, and may be administered to children of any age.

☞ In cases of CROUP we will guarantee a cure if taken in season.

No family should be without it. It is within the reach of all, the price being ONLY 25 CENTS, and if an investment and thorough trial does not "back up" the above statement, the money will be refunded. We say this, knowing its merits, and feel confident that one trial will secure for it a home in every household.

Do not waste away with Coughing, when so small an investment will cure you. It may be had of any respectable druggist in town, who will furnish you with a circular of genuine certificates of cures it has made. C. G. CLARK & Co., Proprietors, Wholesale Druggists, New Haven, Ct.

For sale by Druggists in city, country, and everywhere.

For sale at wholesale by D. S. BARNES & Co., New York, and GEO. C. GOODWIN & Co., Boston. 6ms19

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## GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE,

A SURE RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERER.

This Salve is a vegetable preparation, invented in the 17th century, by Dr. WM. GRACE, surgeon in King James's army. Through its agency he cured thousands of most serious sores and wounds that baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians of his day, and was regarded by all who knew him as a public benefactor.

Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Burns.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Scalds.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Flesh Wounds.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Corns.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Felons.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Frozen Limbs.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Wens.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Callouses.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Salt Rheum.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Chilblains.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Sore Breast.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Sore Lips.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Erysipelas Sores.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Abscesses.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Ulcers.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Chapped Hands.
Grace's Celebrated Salve cures Ringworms.

And from Sores and Wounds of the most serious nature down to a common Pimple. It eradicates Pimples from the face, and beautifies the skin. There is no preparation before the public that can equal this Salve in prompt and energetic action for the speedy cure of external diseases, as those who have tried its virtues testify. Soldiers, Sailors, and Fishermen, will find this Salve their best friend.

It has none of the irritating, heating properties of other remedies, but cools, cleanses, and heals the most serious Sores and Wounds. Every family, and especially those containing children, should keep a box on hand in case of accident, for it will save them much trouble, suffering, and money. All it wants is a fair trial to cure old and inveterate Sores.

MANUFACTURED BY

WILLIAM GRACE,

AMESBURY, MASS.

Weeks & Potter, 170 Washington st., Boston, wholesale agents.

Grace's Salve is for sale by all druggists and dealers in every city and town. 1y18 1y.

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## STOVES! STOVES!

A GREAT VARIETY of Stoves at the old Stove Shop in Palmer, which will be sold LOWER THAN AT ANY OTHER SHOP IN THE COUNTY.

The Bay State, Harp, Pilot, Prize, Conquest, New England, Empire State, American, &c., &c.

PARLOR COOK STOVES,

PARLOR CAST & SHEET IRON,

of a variety of sizes and patterns.

☞ Any Stove not found in the shop will be furnished as low as at any other shop. A good stock of CLOTHES WRINGERS, CHAIN, COPPER & Iron Pumps, Pump Curbs, Farmers' Boilers, English and Russia Pipe, Sheet Zinc, Tin, Japanned, and Wooden Ware, Sad Irons, Oven Mouths, Boiler Doors, &c.

Cash paid for Old Iron, Copper, Brass, Lead, Pewter, and Rags.

JOB WORK done to order, with promptness.

CALL AND EXAMINE. ELIJAH NICHOLS.

Palmer, Oct. 10, 1863. tf.

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TOWN REPORTS printed neatly, cheaply and expeditiously at this office.

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THE ALL SUFFICIENT THREE, THE GREAT "AMERICAN REMEDIES," Known as

*"HELMBOLD'S" Genuine PREPARATIONS,*

viz: HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT "BUCHU,"
" " SARSAPARILLA,
" IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

*Helmbold's Genuine Preparation,*

"Highly Concentrated" Compound

## FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

A positive and specific remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the watery or calcerous dispositions, and all unnatural enlargements are reduced, as well as pain and inflammation, and it is good for men, women, or children.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, for Weaknesses arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:

| | |
|---|---|
| Indisposition to exertion, | Loss of Power, |
| Loss of Memory, | Difficulty of Breathing, |
| Weak Nerves, | Trembling, |
| Horrors of Disease, | Wakefulness, |
| Dimness of Vision, | Pain in the Back, |
| Universal Lassitude of the | Flushing of the body, |
| Muscular System, | Eruptions on the face, |
| Hot Hands, | Pallid Countenance, |

Dryness of the Skin.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow

IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS,

In one of which the patient may expire. Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "direful diseases."

INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION.

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but none will confess. The records of the Insane Asylums, and the melancholy deaths by consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion, *thee Constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness*, requires the aid of medicine to invigorate and strengthen the system, which Helmbold's Extract Buchu invariably does. A trial will convince the most skeptical.

Females, Females, Females,

Old or Young, Single, Married, or Contemplating Marriage.

In many affections peculiar to Females the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of the Costomary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrous state of the Uterus, Leucorrhea, or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in

*The Decline or Change of Life.*

SEE SYMPTOMS ABOVE.

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

Take no Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant Medicine for unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU CURES SECRET DISEASES

in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience,

AND NO EXPOSURE.

It causes frequent desire, and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing obstructions, preventing and curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying pain and inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling Poisonous, Diseased, and Worn-out Matter.

Thousands upon Thousands,

*Who Have Been the Victims of Quacks,*

and who have paid Heavy Fees to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "Poison" has, by the use of "Powerful Astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and perhaps after marriage.

USE

## Helmbold's Extract Buchu

For all Affections and Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

Diseases of these Organs require the aid of a Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and it is certain to have the desired effect in all Diseases for which it is recommended.

BLOOD! BLOOD! BLOOD!

Helmbold's Highly Concentrated Compound

FLUID EXTRACT

## SARSAPARILLA.

SYPHILLIS.

This is an affection of the Blood, and attacks the Sexual Organs, Linings of the Nose, Ears, Throat, Windpipe, and other Mucus Surfaces, making its appearance in the form of Ulcers. Helmbold's Extract Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and removes all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, giving to the complexion a clear and healthy color. It being prepared expressly for this class of complaints, its blood-purifying properties are preserved to a greater extent than any other preparation of Sarsaparilla.

*HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH.*

An excellent Lotion for Diseases of a Syphillitic Nature, and as an injection in Diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the Extracts Buchu and Sarsaparilla, in such diseases as recommended.

Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character will accompany the medicines.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES,

From eight to twenty years standing, with names known to science and fame.

For Medical Properties of BUCHU,

See Dispensatory of the United States.
See Professor DEWEES' valuable works on the Practice of Physic.
See remarks made by the late celebrated Dr. PHYSICK, Philadelphia.
See remarks made by Dr. EPHRAIM McDOWELL, a celebrated Physician, and Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland, and published in the Transactions of the King and Queen's Journal.
See Medico-Cirurgical Review, published by BENJAMIN TRAVERS, Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons.
See most of the late Standard Works on Medicine.

EXTRACT BUBHU.
$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.
EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,
$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.
IMPROVED ROSE WASH,
50 cts. per bottle, or six bottles for $2.50.

Or half a dozen of each for $12, which will be sufficient to cure the most obstinate cases, if directions are adhered to.

Delivered to any address, securely packed from observation.

☞ Describe symptoms in all communications. Cures guaranteed. Advice gratis.

AFFIDAVIT.

Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. Helmbold, who, being duly sworn, doth say, his preparations contain no narcotic, no mercury, or other injurious drugs, but are purely vegetable.

H. T. HELMBOLD.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 22d day of November, 1854. WM. P. HIBBARD, Alderman, Ninth street, above Race, Phila.

Address letters for information in confidence.

H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist,
Depot 104 South Tenth street, below Chestnut, Philadelphia.

☞ BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS, and unprincipled dealers, who endeavor to dispose "of their own" and "other" articles on the reputation attained by

Helmbold's Genuine Preparations.
" " Extract Buchu.
" " Sarsaparilla.
" " Improved Rose Wash.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ Ask for Helmbold's—take no other. ☜

Cut out the advertisement and send for it; and avoid imposition and exposure.

Sold by Wood & Allen, Palmer; Dr. Holden, Ware, and H. T. Small & Co., Stafford Springs.

March 21, 1863 1y

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PALMER BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ALBERT BURLEIGH, Carpenter and Joiner, and dealer in Lumber, Doors, Windows, &c.

A. MASON, Refreshment Saloon. Weddings and parties supplied with Cake and Ice Creams.

ANTIQUE HOUSE, By E. B. SHAW, east of railroad bridge.

A. R. MURDOCK, Licensed Auctioneer, Thorndike.

B. H. JOHNSON, Carpenter and Joiner and Mover of Buildings.

CYRUS KNOX, JR., News Room and Stationery, at the Post Office.

D. MULVIHILL, Merchant Tailor and dealer in Gents' Furnishing Goods.

E. B. ELSBREE, Livery and Feeding Stable.

E. BROWN, Dealer in Hardware, Iron, Steel, Paints, Oils, and Glass.

E. NICHOLS, Dealer in Stoves, Tin Ware, Pipe, &c.

E. S. BROOKS, Repairer of Watches and Jewelry. Billiard Room.

F. J. WASSUM, Merchant Tailor and dealer in Gents' Furnishing Goods.

FREEMAN DODGE, Meat Market, basement of Commercial Block.

HENRY JONES, Barber and Hair Dresser, Opposite the depot.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE, Wholesale and retail dealers in Flour, Meal, Grain and Feed.

H. W. MUNGER, Merchant Tailor, and manufacturer of Custom Clothing.

IRON FOUNDRY, By JOHN A. SQUIER, Furnace street.

J. G. ALLEN, Counsellor and Attorney at Law, Notary Public, and General Insurance Agent.

JOHN FEENEY, Eating Saloon, opposite the depot.

JOHN SHAW, Brick Mason and Plasterer.

JOHN WAITE, AGT., Manufacturer and dealer in Harnesses, Trunks, Robes, Whips, &c.

J. S. LOOMIS, Dealer in all kinds of House Furniture, Coffins, and Burial Caskets.

J. W. THOMPSON, Dealer in Groceries, Crockery, Provisions, Flour.

M. FOX, Wholesale dealer in Fresh Fish, Oysters, Nuts, Fruit, Ales, &c.

MRS. A. C. COLLINS, Dealer in Millinery and Fancy Goods.

M. W. FRENCH, Dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, opposite the depot.

NASSOWANNO HOUSE, By J. W. WEEKS, opposite the Depot.

NEWTON & CONVERSE, Wholesale and retail dealers in Flour, Grain, and Groceries.

N. PIPER, Manufacturer of Monuments, Tombstones, and other Marble Works.

P. P. KELLOGG & CO., Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Ready-Made Clothing, &c.

SMITH, LOOMIS, & CO., Carriage and Sleigh Manufacturers and repairers.

S. W. SMITH, AGT., Dealer in Family Groceries, Flour, Farmer's Produce, &c.

WM. A. COOPER, Ambrotype and Photographic Artist Opposite the Palmer House.

WM. FULLER, Nassowanno Livery and Feeding Stable.

WM. MERRIAM, Currier and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Leather.

WOOD & ALLEN, Druggists, and dealers in Medicines and Fancy Articles.

W. W. CROSS, Dealer in Dry Goods, Millinery, Carpets, and Crockery Ware.

W. W. HAGAR, Jeweller and Repairer of Watches.

---

M. FOX, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in FRESH FISH, OYSTERS, Fruit, Confectionery Pies and Cakes, Vegetables Spruce and Hop Beer, Soda, and Sole Agent in Eastern Hampden for

*Millard & Barnard's Hudson Pale Ale.*

Store removed to

NASSOWANNO BLOCK.

Palmer, July 13, 1861. tf.

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CAUTION

TO Females in Delicate Health. DR. DOW, Physician and Surgeon, No. 7 Endicott street, Boston, is consulted daily for all diseases incident to the female system. Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Fluor Albus, Suppression, and other Menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed in a very few days. So invariably certain is the new mode of treatment, that most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the most afflicted person soon rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of diseases of women than any other physician in Boston.

Boarding accommodations for patients who may wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treatment.

Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole attention to an office practice for the cure of Private Diseases and Female Complaints, acknowledges no superior in the United States.

N. B.—All letters must contain one dollar, or they will not be answered.

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

Boston, July 25, 1863. 1y.

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"COSTAR'S" VERMIN EXTERMINATORS.

*For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in furs, woolens, &c., Insects on plants, fowls, animals, &c.*

Put up in 25c., 50c., and $1 boxes, bottles, and flasks, $3 and $5 sizes for Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞ Sold wholesale in all large cities.
☞ Sold by all druggists and retailers everywhere.
☞ ! BEWARE ! of all worthless imitations.
☞ See that "COSTAR'S" name is on each box, bottle, and flask, before you buy.
☞ Address HENRY R. COSTAR,
☞ Principal Depot, 482 Broadway, New York.
☞ Sold by H. T. SMALL & Co., Stafford Springs, and WOOD & ALLEN, Palmer, wholesale and retail agents. 1y

LAWRENCE & Co. will pay the *highest market price* for HIDES and SKINS delivered at their market. Palmer, Jan. 24, 1863.

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A. M. TITUS,

Plain and Ornamental

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HOUSE PAINTING,

SIGN & ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, AND LETTERING of all kinds, also Paper Hanging, Glazing, &c.

☞ Orders solicited, and promptly executed.

Shop near Squier's Foundry, Palmer. Nov. 7.

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I AM RECEIVING THIS WEEK A FRESH SUPPLY OF

## GROCERIES,

LAMPS AND FIXTURES

Of all kinds, also a full

## Assortment of Flower Pots.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY!

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LYMAN DIMOCK.

Palmer, Sept. 19, 1863.

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*ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,*

249 Main Street, opposite Court Square, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

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INFALLIBLE LINIMENT,

THE GREAT EXTERNAL REMEDY FOR Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Stiff Neck and Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts and Wounds, Piles, Headache, and all Rheumatic and Nervous Disorders,

DR. STEPHEN SWEET, OF CONNECTICUT, The great natural Bone Setter.

DR. STEPHEN SWEET, OF CONNECTICUT, Is known all over the United States.

DR. STEPHEN SWEET, OF CONNECTICUT, Is the author of "Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment."

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Cures Rheumatism, and never fails.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Is a certain remedy for Neuralgia.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Cures Burns and Scalds immediately.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Is the best known remedy for Sprains and Bruises.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Cures Headache immediately, and was never known to fail.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Affords immediate relief for Piles, and seldom fails to cure.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Cures Toothache in one minute.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Cures Cuts and Wounds immediately, and leaves no scar.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Is the best remedy for Sores in the known world.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Has been used by more than a million people, and all praise it.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Is truly a "friend in need," and every family should have it at hand.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT Is for sale by all Druggists. Price 25 cents.

RICHARDSON & CO., Sole Proprietors, Norwich, Ct.

For sale by Wood & Allen, Palmer; Dr. Holden, Ware, and H. T. Small & Co., Stafford Springs. f21

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MANUFACTURER OF

PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS,

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FINE ALBUMS MADE TO ORDER for Congregations to present to their Pastors, or for other purposes, with suitable inscriptions, &c. ag22 6m

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BLACKSMITHING.

THE Subscriber has returned to his old stand, and is prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing in the best manner.

HORSE SHOEING

done to the satisfaction of every one entrusting their horses to my care.

PATRICK McMANAMY.

Palmer, Apr 25, 1863.

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AMHERST, BELCHERTOWN, & PALMER RAILROAD.—On and after Sept. 1, 1863, trains will run daily as follows:

Leave Amherst at 9 a. m., and 4.00 p. m.
Leave Palmer at 2.15 and 5.45 p. m.

Passengers taking the mail trains from Albany or New York for Springfield, will not fail to connect at Palmer with cars for Amherst. Stage accommodations at Belchertown for Enfield, Greenwich, and Dana; at Amherst for Northampton, North Hadley, Hadley, and Sunderland, j7. fo3'63. J. H. M. LELAND, Supt.

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IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED, OR THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. Faucett's Safes or Preventives are a new and superior article; price, 3 for $1, or $3 per dozen. Dr. Faucett's Female Pills, for all irregularities; price, $1 per box. The Specific Pill, for young men suffering from seminal weakness, the evil effects of self-abuse; price, $1 per box, or six for $5. Books, medicines, syringes, &c., furnished. Address all orders, MEDICAL AGENTS. P. O. box, 5171, New York.

☞ Send for a circular.

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SASHES, DOORS, AND BLINDS.

The subscriber makes to order all kinds of SASHES, DOORS, AND BLINDS, at short notice. J. R. PARKHURST.

Palmer, Aug. 8, 1863.

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AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.

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Late Agent of U. S. Patent Office, Washington, (under the Act of 1837.)

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After an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States, also in Great Britain, France, and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Bonds, Assignments, and all Papers or Drawings for Patents executed on liberal terms, and with dispatch. Researches made into American or Foreign works to determine the validity or utility of Patents or inventions—and legal or other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington.

The Agency is not only the largest in New England, but through it inventors have advantages for securing Patents, of ascertaining the patentability of inventions, unsurpassed by, if not immeasurably superior to any which can be offered them elsewhere. The Testimonials below given prove that none is MORE SUCCESSFUL AT THE PATENT OFFICE than the subscriber, and as SUCCESS IS THE BEST PROOF OF ADVANTAGES AND ABILITY, he would add that he has abundant reason to believe, and can prove, that at no other office of the kind are the charges for professional services so moderate. The immense practice of the subscriber during the twelve years past has enabled him to accumulate a vast collection of specifications and official decisions relative to patents.

These, besides his extensive library of legal and mechanical works, and full accounts of patents granted in the United States and Europe, render him able, beyond question, to offer superior facilities for obtaining Patents.

All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a Patent, and the usual great delay there, are here saved inventors.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the MOST CAPABLE and SUCCESSFUL practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse." CHAS. MASON, Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a person more competent and trustworthy, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office." EDMUND BURKE, Late Commissioner of Patents.

"Mr. R. H. Eddy has made for me THIRTEEN applications, on all but one of which patents have been granted, and that is now pending. Such unmistakeable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend ALL inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges." JOHN TAGGART.

During eight months, the subscriber, in course of his large practice, made on TWICE rejected applications, SIXTEEN APPEALS, EVERY ONE of which was decided in his favor by the Commissioner of Patents. R. H. EDDY.

Boston, January 24, 1863. 1y

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*To Nervous Sufferers of Both Sexes.*

A Reverend Gentleman having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing all the usual routine and irregular expensive modes of treatment without success, considers it his sacred duty to communicate to his afflicted fellow creatures the means of cure. Hence, on the receipt of a post-paid, addressed envelope, he will send (free) a copy of the prescription used. Direct to Dr. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186 Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y. j24

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NEW LONDON NORTHERN RAILROAD.—On and after Monday, December 1, 1862, Trains leave Palmer 7 50 A. M. and 2.05 P. M., in connection with trains from Springfield.

Leave New London 7 30 A. M. and 1 40 P. M., connecting at Palmer with Western road for Springfield and Albany at 11 01, 11 30 A. M., and 6 05 P. M., and in time for trains to Amherst, Worcester and Boston.

Trains connect at Willimantic for Hartford, and at New London with Stonington, Providence, New Haven and N. York trains and boat for N. Y.

November 29, 1862. R. N. DOWD, Supt.

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WATCHES & JEWELRY.

THE Subscriber has taken the Jewelry Store lately occupied by S. P. Blair, in Nassowanno Block, and offers to the public an excellent assortment of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, which he will sell at small profits.

WATCHES & JEWELRY REPAIRED

At short notice and in a workmanlike manner

☞ Call and see W. W. HAGAR.

Palmer, Aug 18, 1860. 14tf.

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## Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL,

*FEED, SALT, LIME,*

COAL, WOOD, &c.

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

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GOVERNMENT

PENSION AGENCY!

GOVERNMENT BOUNTY OF $100

Collected for soldiers who have been discharged from service by reason of wounds or disability, without regard to length of time. Invalid soldiers discharged from service, and the widows and orphans of soldiers who died in the U. States service, or of wounds or disease contracted in line of duty are entitled to pensions. All pension claims against the government, and claims for arrears of pay and bounty, will be promptly attended to and collected at the lowest rates. No charge made to the soldier unless the claim is successful.

This Agency is only licensed, and the undersigned does his business direct with the authorities at Washington, and not through third parties.

JAS. G. ALLEN, Counsellor & Attorney.

Palmer, March 21, 1863.

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WOOD & ALLEN,

Druggists and Apothecaries,

Have a fresh supply of Drugs and the most popular Patent Medicines, Perfumes, Toilet Articles, &c.

☞ Dr. HIGGINS' justly celebrated medicines are prepared by us, and furnished wholesale and retail as formerly. THE ANTALGICA, the best PAIN RELIEVER of the age, has a large sale, and should be in every family. Those who have used it once never do without it. Our Scrofula Syrup is one of the best remedies to use for the cure of Humors, as hundreds can testify. A liberal discount to physicians and the trade. WOOD & ALLEN.

Palmer, July 11, 1863. 6m.

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TERRIBLE DISCLOSURES — SECRETS FOR THE MILLION!

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An original and popular treatise on Man and Woman, their Physiology, Functions, and Sexual disorders of every kind, with Never-Failing Remedies for their speedy cure. The practice of Dr. Hunter long has been, and still is unbounded, but at the earnest solicitation of numerous persons he has been induced to extend his medical usefulness through the medium of his "Vade Mecum." It is a volume that should be in the hands of every family in the land, as a preventive of secret vices, or as a guide for the alleviation of one of the most awful and destructive scourges ever visited mankind. One copy, securely enveloped, will be forwarded free of postage, to any part of the United States, for 50 cents in P. O. stamps, or 3 copies for $1. Address, post-paid, Dr. HUNTER, No. 3 Division st., New York. 1yjo6.

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